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2 **SMBIOS Specification**

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365

Foreword

366 The *SMBIOS Specification* (DSP0134) was prepared by the SMBIOS Working Group.

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409

Introduction

410 Continuing DMTF's mission of leading the development of management standards for distributed desktop,
411 network, enterprise, and Internet environments, the *SMBIOS Specification* addresses how motherboard
412 and system vendors present management information about their products in a standard format through
413 platform firmware. The information is intended to allow generic instrumentation to deliver this data to
414 management applications that use CIM (the WBEM data model) or direct access and eliminates the need
415 for error prone operations such as probing system hardware for presence detection.

416 This specification is intended to provide enough information for platform firmware developers to
417 implement the necessary extensions to allow their product's hardware and other system-related
418 information to be accurately determined by users of the defined interfaces.

419 This specification is also intended to provide enough information for developers of management
420 instrumentation to develop generic routines for translating from SMBIOS format to the format used by
421 their chosen management technology, whether it is a DMTF technology such as CIM, or another
422 technology, such as SNMP. To support this translation for DMTF technologies, sections of this
423 specification describe the CIM classes intended to convey the information retrieved from an SMBIOS-
424 compatible system through the interfaces described in this document.

425 This specification was originally named *Desktop Management BIOS Specification* (DMIBIOS), then
426 *System Management BIOS Reference Specification*, then *System Management BIOS (SMBIOS)*
427 *Reference Specification*, and it is now simply *SMBIOS Specification*. "SMBIOS" no longer stands for
428 anything.

429 NOTE DMTF's SMBIOS Working Group controls changes to this document; change requests should be submitted to
430 smbios@dmif.org. See <https://www.dmtf.org/standards/smbios> for the most recent version of this document.

431 Document conventions

432 Typographical conventions

433 The following typographical conventions are used in this document:

- 434 • All numbers specified in this document are in decimal format unless otherwise indicated. Numbers
435 with a suffix of the letter 'h' are in hexadecimal format. Numbers with a suffix of the letter 'b' are in
436 binary format.

437 EXAMPLE: The values 10, 0Ah, and 1010b are equivalent.

- 438 • Any value not listed in an enumerated list is reserved for future assignment by DMTF; see clause
439 5.2.2 for more information.

- 440 • Most of the enumerated values defined in this specification simply track the like values specified by
441 DMTF within CIM classes. Enumerated values that are controlled by DMTF are identified within their
442 respective subclause; additional values for these fields are assigned by DMTF; see 6.3 for more
443 information.

- 444 • Code samples use a `fixed font highlighted in gray`.

445 Document version number conventions

446 Version numbering follows the requirements described in subclause 6.13 of DSP4014, *DMTF Process for*
447 *Working Bodies*.

448

449 1 Scope

450 The *SMBIOS Specification* addresses how motherboard and system vendors present management
451 information about their products in a standard format through platform firmware. The information is
452 intended to allow generic instrumentation to deliver this data to management applications that use CIM
453 (the WBEM data model) or direct access and eliminates the need for error prone operations like probing
454 system hardware for presence detection.

455 1.1 Supported processor architectures

456 This specification was originally designed for Intel® processor architecture systems. The following
457 processor architectures are now supported:

- 458 • IA-32 (x86)
- 459 • x64 (x86-64, Intel64, AMD64, EM64T)
- 460 • Intel® Itanium® architecture
- 461 • 32-bit ARM (Aarch32)
- 462 • 64-bit ARM (Aarch64)
- 463 • RISC-V 32 (RV32)
- 464 • RISC-V 64 (RV64)
- 465 • RISC-V 128 (RV128)
- 466 • 32-bit LoongArch (LoongArch32)
- 467 • 64-bit LoongArch (LoongArch64)

468 This specification may be compatible with other processor architectures, but support has not been
469 explicitly targeted.

470 2 Normative references

471 The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated or
472 versioned references, only the edition cited (including any corrigenda or DMTF update versions) applies.
473 For references without a date or version, the latest published edition of the referenced document
474 (including any corrigenda or DMTF update versions) applies.

475 ACPI, *Advanced Configuration and Power Interface Specification*,
476 <https://uefi.org/acpi/specs>

477 Arm Limited, *ARMv7-A Reference Manual*,
<https://developer.arm.com/documentation/ddi0406/latest/>

479 Arm Limited, *Arm Architecture Reference Manual for A-profile architecture*,
<https://developer.arm.com/documentation/ddi0487/latest/>

481 Arm Limited, *Arm SMC Calling Convention Specification*,
<https://developer.arm.com/Architectures/Secure%20Monitor%20Calling%20Convention>

483 *Boot Integrity Services API*, Version 1.0+bis37, 31 August 1999,
<https://sourceforge.net/projects/bis>

485 DMTF DSP0004, *CIM Infrastructure Specification 2.6*,
https://www.dmtf.org/sites/default/files/standards/documents/DSP0004_2.6.0_0.pdf

- 487 DMTF DSP0200, *CIM Operations over HTTP 1.3*,
488 https://www.dmtf.org/sites/default/files/standards/documents/DSP0200_1.3.1.pdf
- 489 DMTF DSP0236, *Management Component Transport Protocol (MCTP) Base Specification 1.3.1*,
490 <https://www.dmtf.org/dsp/DSP0236>
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557 3 Terms and definitions

558 In this document, some terms have a specific meaning beyond the normal English meaning. Those terms
559 are defined in this clause.

560 The terms "shall" ("required"), "shall not," "should" ("recommended"), "should not" ("not recommended"),
561 "may," "need not" ("not required"), "can" and "cannot" in this document are to be interpreted as described
562 in [ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2](#), Clause 7. The terms in parenthesis are alternatives for the preceding term,
563 for use in exceptional cases when the preceding term cannot be used for linguistic reasons. Note that
564 [ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2](#), Clause 7 specifies additional alternatives. Occurrences of such additional
565 alternatives shall be interpreted in their normal English meaning.

566 The terms "clause," "subclause," "paragraph," and "annex" in this document are to be interpreted as
567 described in [ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2](#), Clause 6.

568 The terms "normative" and "informative" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [ISO/IEC](#)
569 [Directives, Part 2](#), Clause 3. In this document, clauses, subclauses, or annexes labeled "(informative)" do
570 not contain normative content. Notes and examples are always informative elements.

571 In tables, the meaning "unknown" is used to indicate that the SMBIOS producer is unable to determine
572 which value to use. The meaning "other" is used to indicate that the SMBIOS producer knows what the
573 property is, but there is no associated value in the table.

574 The terms defined in [DSP0004](#), [DSP0200](#), and [DSP1001](#) apply to this document. The following additional
575 terms are used in this document.

576 4 Symbols and abbreviated terms

577 The abbreviations defined in [DSP0004](#), [DSP0200](#), and [DSP1001](#) apply to this document. The following
578 additional abbreviations are used in this document.

579 **4.1**

580 **AC**

581 Alternating Current

582 **4.2**

583 **ACPI**

584 Advanced Configuration and Power Interface

585 **4.3**

586 **AGP**

587 Accelerated Graphics Port

588 **4.4**

589 **APM**

590 Advanced Power Management

591 **4.5**

592 **ASCII**

593 American Standard Code for Information Interchange

594 **4.6**

595 **ATA**

596 Advanced Technology Attachment

597 **4.7**

598 **ATAPI**

599 ATA Packet Interface

600 **4.8**

601 **BCD**

602 Binary-Coded Decimal

603 **4.9**

604 **BIOS**

605 Basic Input/Output System

- 606 **4.10**
607 **BMC**
608 Baseboard Management Controller
- 609 **4.11**
610 **CGA**
611 Color Graphics Array
- 612 **4.12**
613 **CIM**
614 Common Information Model
- 615 **4.13**
616 **CMOS**
617 Complementary Metal-Oxide Semiconductor. “CMOS” is commonly used as a shorthand for “CMOS RAM”, the non-volatile RAM used on industry-standard PCs.
- 619 **4.14**
620 **CPU**
621 Central Processing Unit
- 622 **4.15**
623 **CRC**
624 Cyclic Redundancy Check
- 625 **4.16**
626 **DDC**
627 Display Data Channel
- 628 **4.17**
629 **DDR**
630 Double Data Rate SDRAM
- 631 **4.18**
632 **DIMM**
633 Dual In-line Memory Module
- 634 **4.19**
635 **DMA**
636 Direct Memory Access
- 637 **4.20**
638 **DMI**
639 Desktop Management Interface
- 640 **4.21**
641 **DRAM**
642 Dynamic RAM
- 643 **4.22**
644 **DSP**
645 Digital Signal Processing

- 646 **4.23**
647 **ECC**
648 Error Checking and Correction
- 649 **4.24**
650 **EDD**
651 Enhanced Disk Drive
- 652 **4.25**
653 **EDO**
654 Extended Data Out
- 655 **4.26**
656 **EEPROM**
657 Electrically Erasable PROM
- 658 **4.27**
659 **EISA**
660 Extended Industry-Standard Architecture
- 661 **4.28**
662 **EPS**
663 Entry Point Structure
- 664 **4.29**
665 **ESCD**
666 Extended System Configuration Data
- 667 **4.30**
668 **FDC**
669 Floppy Drive Controller
- 670 **4.31**
671 **FIFO**
672 First In, First Out
- 673 **4.32**
674 **GPNV**
675 General-Purpose NVRAM
- 676 **4.33**
677 **I2O**
678 Intelligent Input/Output
- 679 **4.34**
680 **IEPS**
681 Intermediate Entry Point Structure
- 682 **4.35**
683 **IO**
684 Input/Output

685	4.36
686	IRQ
687	Interrupt Request
688	4.37
689	ISA
690	Industry Standard Architecture
691	4.38
692	LIF
693	Low Insertion Force
694	4.39
695	LSB
696	Least-Significant Bit
697	4.40
698	MCA
699	Micro Channel Architecture
700	4.41
701	MOF
702	Managed Object Format
703	4.42
704	MSB
705	Most Significant Bit
706	4.43
707	NMI
708	Non-Maskable Interrupt
709	4.44
710	NV
711	Non-Volatile
712	4.45
713	NVRAM
714	Non-Volatile RAM
715	4.46
716	OEM
717	Original Equipment Manufacturer
718	4.47
719	OS
720	Operating System
721	4.48
722	PATA
723	Parallel ATA

- 724 **4.49**
725 **PCI**
726 Peripheral Component Interconnect
727 **4.50**
728 **PCIe**
729 Peripheral Component Interconnect Express (PCI Express)
730 **4.51**
731 **PCMCIA**
732 Personal Computer Memory Card International Association
733 **4.52**
734 **PME**
735 Power Management Event
736 **4.53**
737 **PNP**
738 Plug-And-Play
739 **4.54**
740 **POST**
741 Power-On Self-Test
742 **4.55**
743 **PROM**
744 Programmable ROM
745 **4.56**
746 **PXE**
747 Pre-boot Execution Environment
748 **4.57**
749 **RAID**
750 Redundant Array of Inexpensive Disks
751 **4.58**
752 **RAM**
753 Random-Access Memory
754 **4.59**
755 **ROM**
756 Read-Only Memory
757 **4.60**
758 **RPM**
759 Revolutions per Minute
760 **4.61**
761 **RTC**
762 Real-Time Clock

763	4.62
764	SAS
765	Serial-Attached SCSI
766	4.63
767	SATA
768	Serial ATA
769	4.64
770	SCSI
771	Small Computer System Interface
772	4.65
773	SDRAM
774	Synchronous DRAM
775	4.66
776	SIMM
777	Single In-line Memory Module
778	4.67
779	SKU
780	Stock-Keeping Unit
781	4.68
782	SMBus
783	System Management Bus
784	4.69
785	SRAM
786	Static RAM
787	4.70
788	UEFI
789	Unified Extensible Firmware Interface
790	4.71
791	UPS
792	Uninterruptible Power Supply
793	4.72
794	USB
795	Universal Serial Bus
796	4.73
797	UUID
798	Universally Unique Identifier
799	4.74
800	VESA
801	Video Electronics Standards Association

802 **4.75**
803 **VL-VESA**
804 VESA Video Local Bus
805 **4.76**
806 **ZIF**
807 Zero Insertion Force

808 **5 Accessing SMBIOS information**

809 **5.1 General**

810 The only access method defined for the SMBIOS structures is a table-based method, defined in version
811 2.1 of this specification. It provides the SMBIOS structures as a packed list of data referenced by a table
812 entry point.
813 NOTE The Plug-and-Play function interface was deprecated in version 2.3.2 of this specification. It was completely
814 removed in version 2.7.
815 NOTE The Entry Point Structure and all SMBIOS structures assume a little-endian ordering convention unless
816 explicitly specified otherwise, such as multibyte numbers (WORD, DWORD, and so on). These structures are stored
817 with the low-order byte at the lowest address and the high-order byte at the highest address.

818 **5.2 Table convention**

819 The table convention allows the SMBIOS structures to be accessed under 32-bit and 64-bit protected-mode
820 operating systems, such as Microsoft® Windows®, Microsoft® Windows Server®, or Linux®. This
821 convention provides a searchable entry-point structure (which can be queried on EFI-based systems) that
822 contains a pointer to the packed SMBIOS structures.
823 The original SMBIOS 2.1 (32-bit) entry point, described in clause 5.2.1, allows the SMBIOS structure
824 table to reside anywhere in 32-bit physical address space (that is, fewer than 4 GiB).
825 The SMBIOS 3.0 (64-bit) entry point, described in clause 5.2.2, allows the SMBIOS structure table to
826 reside anywhere in 64-bit memory.
827 An implementation may provide either the 32-bit entry point or the 64-bit entry point, or both. For
828 compatibility with existing SMBIOS parsers, an implementation should provide the 32-bit entry point.
829 If an implementation provides both a 32-bit and a 64-bit entry point, they must both report the same
830 SMBIOS major.minor specification version, and if they point to distinct SMBIOS structure tables, the 32-
831 bit table must be a consistent subset of the 64-bit table: for any structure type (between 0 and 125) that
832 exists in the 32-bit table, there must be a corresponding structure in the 64-bit table. The 64-bit table may
833 contain structure types not found in the 32-bit table.
834 See ANNEX B for pseudo-code using this convention.
835 NOTE 1 The table convention is required for SMBIOS version 2.2 and later implementations.
836 NOTE 2 The information that is present in the table-based structures is boot-time static, and SMBIOS consumers
837 should not expect the information to be updated during normal system operations, except for the *Log
Change Token* if implemented (see 7.16).
839 **5.2.1 SMBIOS 2.1 (32-bit) Entry Point**
840 The 32-bit SMBIOS Entry Point Structure is described in Table 1.

- 841 On non-UEFI systems, the 32-bit SMBIOS Entry Point structure, can be located by application software
 842 by searching for the anchor-string on paragraph (16-byte) boundaries within the physical memory address
 843 range 000F0000h to 000FFFFFh. This entry point encapsulates an intermediate anchor string that is used
 844 by some existing DMI browsers.
- 845 On UEFI-based systems, the SMBIOS Entry Point structure can be located by looking in the EFI
 846 Configuration Table for the SMBIOS GUID (SMBIOS_TABLE_GUID, [{EB9D2D31-2D88-11D3-9A16-0090273FC14D}](#)) and using the associated pointer. See section 4.6 of the [UEFI Specification](#) for details.
 847 See section 2.3 of the [UEFI Specification](#) for how to report the containing memory type.
- 849 NOTE While the SMBIOS Major and Minor Versions (offsets 06h and 07h) currently duplicate the information that is
 850 present in the SMBIOS BCD Revision (offset 1Eh), they provide a path for future growth in this specification. The
 851 BCD Revision, for example, provides only a single digit for each of the major and minor version numbers.

852 **Table 1 – SMBIOS 2.1 (32-bit) Entry Point structure**

Offset	Name	Length	Description
00h	Anchor String	4 BYTES	_SM_, specified as four ASCII characters (5F 53 4D 5F).
04h	Entry Point Structure Checksum	BYTE	Checksum of the Entry Point Structure (EPS) This value, when added to all other bytes in the EPS, results in the value 00h (using 8-bit addition calculations). Values in the EPS are summed starting at offset 00h, for Entry Point Length bytes.
05h	Entry Point Length	BYTE	Length of the Entry Point Structure, starting with the Anchor String field, in bytes, currently 1Fh NOTE: This value was incorrectly stated in version 2.1 of this specification as 1Eh. Because of this, there might be version 2.1 implementations that use either the 1Eh or the 1Fh value, but version 2.2 or later implementations must use the 1Fh value.
06h	SMBIOS Major Version	BYTE	Major version of this specification implemented in the table structures (for example, the value is 0Ah for revision 10.22 and 02h for revision 2.1)
07h	SMBIOS Minor Version	BYTE	Minor version of this specification implemented in the table structures (for example, the value is 16h for revision 10.22 and 01h for revision 2.1)
08h	Maximum Structure Size	WORD	Size of the largest SMBIOS structure, in bytes, and encompasses the structure's formatted area and text strings
0Ah	Entry Point Revision	BYTE	EPS revision implemented in this structure and identifies the formatting of offsets 0Bh to 0Fh as follows: 00h Entry Point is based on SMBIOS 2.1 definition; formatted area is reserved and set to all 00h. 01h-FFh Reserved for assignment by this specification
0Bh - 0Fh	Formatted Area	5 BYTES	Value present in the Entry Point Revision field defines the interpretation to be placed upon these 5 bytes
10h	Intermediate Anchor String	5 BYTES	_DMI_, specified as five ASCII characters (5F 44 4D 49 5F). NOTE: This field is paragraph-aligned, to allow legacy DMI browsers to find this entry point within the SMBIOS Entry Point Structure.
15h	Intermediate Checksum	BYTE	Checksum of Intermediate Entry Point Structure (IEPS). This value, when added to all other bytes in the IEPS, results in the value 00h (using 8-bit addition calculations). Values in the IEPS are summed starting at offset 10h, for 0Fh bytes.
16h	Structure Table Length	WORD	Total length of SMBIOS Structure Table, pointed to by the Structure Table Address, in bytes

Offset	Name	Length	Description
18h	Structure Table Address	DWORD	32-bit physical starting address of the read-only SMBIOS Structure Table, which can start at any 32-bit address This area contains all of the SMBIOS structures fully packed together. These structures can then be parsed to produce exactly the same format as that returned from a Get SMBIOS Structure function call.
1Ch	Number of SMBIOS Structures	WORD	Total number of structures present in the SMBIOS Structure Table This is the value returned as NumStructures from the Get SMBIOS Information function.
1Eh	SMBIOS BCD Revision	BYTE	Indicates compliance with a revision of this specification It is a BCD value where the upper nibble indicates the major version and the lower nibble the minor version. For revision 2.1, the returned value is 21h. If the value is 00h, only the Major and Minor Versions in offsets 6 and 7 of the Entry Point Structure provide the version information.

853 **5.2.2 SMBIOS 3.0 (64-bit) Entry Point**

854 The 64-bit SMBIOS Entry Point Structure is described in Table 2.

855 On non-UEFI systems, the 64-bit SMBIOS Entry Point structure can be located by application software by
856 searching for the anchor-string on paragraph (16-byte) boundaries within the physical memory address
857 range 000F0000h to 000FFFFh.

858 On UEFI-based systems, the SMBIOS Entry Point structure can be located by looking in the EFI
859 Configuration Table for the SMBIOS 3.x GUID (SMBIOS3_TABLE_GUID, [{F2FD1544-9794-4A2C-992E-E5BBCF20E394}](#)) and using the associated pointer. See section 4.6 of the [UEFI Specification](#) for details.
860 See section 2.3 of the [UEFI Specification](#) for how to report the containing memory type.
861

862

Table 2 – SMBIOS 3.0 (64-bit) Entry Point structure

Offset	Name	Length	Description
00h	Anchor String	5 BYTES	_SM3_, specified as five ASCII characters (5F 53 4D 33 5F).
05h	Entry Point Structure Checksum	BYTE	Checksum of the Entry Point Structure (EPS) This value, when added to all other bytes in the EPS, results in the value 00h (using 8-bit addition calculations). Values in the EPS are summed starting at offset 00h, for Entry Point Length bytes.
06h	Entry Point Length	BYTE	Length of the Entry Point Structure, starting with the Anchor String field, in bytes, currently 18h
07h	SMBIOS Major Version	BYTE	Major version of this specification implemented in the table structures (for example, the value is 0Ah for revision 10.22 and 02h for revision 2.1)
08h	SMBIOS Minor Version	BYTE	Minor version of this specification implemented in the table structures (for example, the value is 16h for revision 10.22 and 01h for revision 2.1)
09h	SMBIOS Docrev	BYTE	Identifies the docrev of this specification implemented in the table structures (for example, the value is 00h for revision 10.22.0 and 01h for revision 2.7.1).
0Ah	Entry Point Revision	BYTE	EPS revision implemented in this structure and identifies the formatting of offsets 0Bh and beyond as follows: 00h Reserved for assignment by this specification 01h Entry Point is based on SMBIOS 3.0 definition. 02h-FFh Reserved for assignment by this specification; offsets 0Ch-17h are defined per revision 01h
0Bh	Reserved	BYTE	Reserved for assignment by this specification, set to 0
0Ch	Structure table maximum size	DWORD	Maximum size of SMBIOS Structure Table, pointed to by the Structure Table Address, in bytes. The actual size is guaranteed to be less or equal to the maximum size.
10h	Structure table address	QWORD	The 64-bit physical starting address of the read-only SMBIOS Structure Table, which can start at any 64-bit address. This area contains all of the SMBIOS structures fully packed together.

863

6 SMBIOS structures

864
865
866

The total number of structures can be obtained from the SMBIOS Entry Point Structure (see 5.2). The System Information is presented to an application as a set of structures that are obtained by traversing the SMBIOS structure table referenced by the SMBIOS Entry Point Structure (see 5.2).

867

6.1 Structure standards

868
869
870

Each SMBIOS structure has a formatted section and an optional unformed section. The formatted section of each structure begins with a 4-byte header. Remaining data in the formatted section is determined by the structure type, as is the overall length of the formatted section.

871

6.1.1 Structure evolution and usage guidelines

872
873

As the industry evolves, the structures defined in this specification will evolve. To ensure that the evolution occurs in a nondestructive fashion, the following guidelines must be followed:

- 874 • If a new field is added to an existing structure, that field is added at the end of the formatted
 875 area of that structure and the structure's *Length* field is increased by the new field's size.
- 876 • Any software that interprets a structure shall use the structure's *Length* field to determine the
 877 formatted area size for the structure rather than hard-coding or deriving the *Length* from a
 878 structure field.
- 879 • Each structure shall be terminated by a double-null (0000h), either directly following the
 880 formatted area (if no strings are present) or directly following the last string. This includes
 881 system- and OEM-specific structures and allows upper-level software to easily traverse the
 882 structure table. (See structure-termination examples later in this clause.)
- 883 • The unformed section of the structure is used for passing variable data such as text strings; see
 884 6.1.3 for more information.
- 885 • When an enumerated field's values are controlled by DMTF, new values can be used as soon
 886 as they are defined by DMTF without requiring an update to this specification.
- 887 • Starting with version 2.3, each SMBIOS structure type has a *minimum* length — enabling the
 888 addition of new, but optional, fields to SMBIOS structures. In no case shall a structure's length
 889 result in a field being less than fully populated. For example, a Voltage Probe structure with
 890 *Length* of 15h is invalid because the *Nominal Value* field would not be fully specified.
- 891 • Software that interprets a structure field must verify that the structure's length is sufficient to
 892 encompass the optional field; if the length is insufficient, the optional field's value is *Unknown*.
 893 For example, if a Voltage Probe structure has a *Length* field of 14h, the probe's *Nominal Value*
 894 is *Unknown*. A Voltage Probe structure with *Length* greater than 14h always includes a *Nominal*
 895 *Value* field.

896 EXAMPLE 1: platform firmware (BIOS) Information with strings:

```
897 BIOS_Info LABEL BYTE
898 db 0 ; Indicates Platform Firmware Structure Type
899 db 13h ; Length of information in bytes
900 dw ? ; Reserved for handle
901 db 01h ; String 1 is the Vendor Name
902 db 02h ; String 2 is the firmware version
903 dw 0E800h ; BIOS Starting Address
904 db 03h ; String 3 is the firmware Build Date
905 db 1 ; Size of firmware ROM is 128KiB (64KiB * (1 + 1))
906 dq BIOS_Char ; Firmware Characteristics
907 db 0 ; Firmware Characteristics Extension Byte 1
908 db 'System BIOS Vendor Name',0 ;
909 db '4.04',0 ;
910 db '00/00/0000',0 ;
911 db 0 ; End of strings
```

912 EXAMPLE 2: platform firmware (BIOS) Information without strings (example-only):

```
913 BIOS_Info LABEL BYTE
914 db 0 ; Indicates Platform Firmware Structure Type
915 db 13h ; Length of information in bytes
916 dw ? ; Reserved for handle
917 db 00h ; No Vendor Name provided
918 db 00h ; No Firmware version provided
919 dw 0E800h ; Firmware Starting Address
```

```

920 db 00h          ; No Firmware Build Date provided
921 db 1           ; Size of Firmware ROM is 128KiB (64KiB * (1 + 1))
922 dq BIOS_Char   ; Firmware Characteristics
923 db 0           ; Firmware Characteristics Extension Byte 1
924 dw 0000h       ; Structure terminator

```

925 6.1.2 Structure header format

926 Each SMBIOS structure begins with a four-byte header as Table 3 shows.

927 **Table 3 – Structure header format description**

Offset	Name	Length	Description
00h	Type	BYTE	Specifies the type of structure. Types 0 through 127 (7Fh) are reserved for and defined by this specification. Types 128 through 256 (80h to FFh) are available for system- and OEM-specific information.
01h	Length	BYTE	Specifies the length of the formatted area of the structure, starting at the Type field. The length of the structure's string-set is not included.
02h	Handle	WORD	<p>Specifies the structure's handle, a unique 16-bit number in the range 0 to 0FFEh (for version 2.0) or 0 to 0FEFFh (for version 2.1 and later). The handle numbers are not required to be contiguous. For version 2.1 and later, handle values in the range 0FF00h to 0FFFFh are reserved for use by this specification.^[1]</p> <p>If the system configuration changes, a previously assigned handle might no longer exist. However, after a handle has been assigned by the platform firmware, the firmware cannot re-assign that handle number to another structure.</p> <p>Unless otherwise specified, when referring to another structure's handle, the value 0FFFFh is used to indicate that the referenced handle is not applicable or does not exist.</p>

[1] The [UEFI Platform Initialization Specification](#) reserves handle number FFFEh for its EFI_SMBIOS_PROTOCOL.Add() function to mean "assign an unused handle number automatically." This number is not used for any other purpose by the SMBIOS specification.

928 6.1.3 Text strings

929 Text strings associated with a given SMBIOS structure are appended directly after the formatted portion
930 of the structure. This method of returning string information eliminates the need for application software to
931 deal with pointers embedded in the SMBIOS structure. Each string is terminated with a null (00h) BYTE
932 and the set of strings is terminated with an additional null (00h) BYTE. When the formatted portion of an
933 SMBIOS structure references a string, it does so by specifying a non-zero string number within the
934 structure's string-set. For example, if a string field contains 02h, it references the second string following
935 the formatted portion of the SMBIOS structure. If a string field references no string, a null (0) is placed in
936 that string field. If the formatted portion of the structure contains string-reference fields and all the string
937 fields are set to 0 (no string references), the formatted section of the structure is followed by two null
938 (00h) BYTES. See 6.1.1 for a string-containing example.

939 Strings must be encoded as UTF-8 with no byte order mark (BOM). For compatibility with older SMBIOS
940 parsers, US-ASCII characters should be used.

941 NOTE There is no limit on the length of each individual text string. However, the length of the entire structure table
942 (including all strings) must be reported in the *Structure Table Length* field of the 32-bit Structure Table Entry Point
943 (see 5.2.1) and/or the *Structure Table Maximum Size* field of the 64-bit Structure Table Entry Point (see 5.2.2).

944 6.2 Required structures and data

945 Beginning with SMBIOS version 2.3, compliant SMBIOS implementations include the base set of required
 946 structures and data within those structures that Table 4 shows. For a detailed list of conformance
 947 guidelines, see ANNEX A.

948 NOTE 1 DIG64-compliant systems are only required to provide a type 1 structure (which includes the UUID); see
 949 section 4.6.2 of DIG64 for details.

950 NOTE 2 As of version 2.5 of this specification, structure type 20 is optional.

951 **Table 4 – Required structures and data**

Structure Name and Type	Data Requirements
Firmware Information (Type 0)	One and only one structure is present in the structure-table. <i>Firmware Version</i> and <i>Firmware Release Date</i> strings are non-null; the date field uses a 4-digit year (for example, 1999). All other fields reflect full firmware support information.
System Information (Type 1)	<i>Manufacturer</i> and <i>Product Name</i> strings are non-null. <i>UUID</i> field identifies the system's non-zero UUID value. <i>Wake-up Type</i> field identifies the wake-up source and cannot be Unknown. One and only one structure is present in the structure-table.
System Enclosure (Type 3)	<i>Manufacturer</i> string is non-null; the <i>Type</i> field identifies the type of enclosure. (Unknown is disallowed.)
Processor Information (Type 4)	<p>One structure is required for each system processor. The presence of two structures with the <i>Processor Type</i> field set to <i>Central Processor</i>, for instance, identifies that the system is capable of dual-processor operations.</p> <p><i>Socket Designation</i> string is non-null. <i>Processor Type</i>, <i>Max Speed</i>, and <i>Processor Upgrade</i> fields are all set to "known" values (that is, the Unknown value is disallowed for each field).</p> <p>If the associated processor is present (that is, the <i>CPU Socket Populated</i> sub-field of the <i>Status</i> field indicates that the socket is populated), the <i>Processor Manufacturer</i> string is non-null and the <i>Processor Family</i>, <i>Current Speed</i>, and <i>CPU Status</i> sub-field of the <i>Status</i> field are all set to "known" values.</p> <p>Each of the <i>Lx Cache Handle</i> fields is either set to FFFFh (no further cache description) or references a valid <i>Cache Information</i> structure.</p>
Cache Information (Type 7)	<p>One structure is required for each cache that is external to the processor.</p> <p><i>Socket Designation</i> string is non-null if the cache is external to the processor.</p> <p>If the cache is present (that is, the <i>Installed Size</i> is non-zero), the <i>Cache Configuration</i> field is set to a "known" value (that is, the Unknown value is disallowed).</p>
System Slots (Type 9)	<p>One structure is required for each upgradeable system slot. A structure is not required if the slot must be populated for proper system operation (for example, the system contains a single memory-card slot).</p> <p><i>Slot Designation</i> string is non-null. <i>Slot Type</i>, <i>Slot Data Bus Width</i>, <i>Slot ID</i>, and <i>Slot Characteristics 1 & 2</i> are all set to "known" values.</p> <p>If device presence is detectable within the slot (for example, PCI), the <i>Current Usage</i> field must be set to either <i>Available</i> or <i>In-use</i>. Otherwise (for example, ISA), the Unknown value for the field is also allowed.</p>
Physical Memory Array (Type 16)	<p>One structure is required for the system memory.</p> <p><i>Location</i>, <i>Use</i>, and <i>Memory Error Correction</i> are all set to "known" values. Either <i>Maximum Capacity</i> or <i>Extended Maximum Capacity</i> must be set to a known, non-zero value. <i>Number of Memory Devices</i> is non-zero and identifies the number of <i>Memory Device</i> structures that are associated with this <i>Physical Memory Array</i>.</p>

Structure Name and Type	Data Requirements
Memory Device (Type 17)	<p>One structure is required for each socketed system-memory device, whether or not the socket is currently populated; if the system includes soldered system-memory, one additional structure is required to identify that memory device.</p> <p><i>Device Locator</i> string is set to a non-null value. <i>Memory Array Handle</i> contains the handle associated with the <i>Physical Memory Array</i> structure to which this device belongs. <i>Data Width</i>, <i>Size</i>, <i>Form Factor</i>, and <i>Device Set</i> are all set to “known” values. If the device is present (for instance, <i>Size</i> is non-zero), the <i>Total Width</i> field is not set to FFFFh (Unknown).</p>
Memory Array Mapped Address (Type 19)	<p>One structure is required for each contiguous block of memory addresses mapped to a <i>Physical Memory Array</i>.</p> <p>Either the pair of <i>Starting Address</i> and <i>Ending Address</i> is set to a valid address range or the pair of <i>Extended Starting Address</i> and <i>Extended Ending Address</i> is set to a valid address range. If the pair of <i>Starting Address</i> and <i>Ending Address</i> is used, <i>Ending Address</i> must be larger than <i>Starting Address</i>. If the pair of <i>Extended Starting Address</i> and <i>Extended Ending Address</i> is used, <i>Extended Ending Address</i> must be larger than <i>Extended Starting Address</i>. Each structure’s address range is unique and non-overlapping. <i>Memory Array Handle</i> references a <i>Physical Memory Array</i> structure. <i>Partition Width</i> is non-zero.</p>
System Boot Information (Type 32)	Structure’s length is at least 0Bh (for instance, at least one byte of <i>System Boot Status</i> is provided).

952 6.3 SMBIOS fields and CIM MOF properties

953 Many of the enumerated values are shared between SMBIOS fields and Common Information Model
 954 (CIM) MOF properties. Table 5 identifies the relationships; any additions to these enumerated lists should
 955 be reflected in both documents by submitting change requests to schema-sc@dmtf.org and
 956 smbios@dmtf.org for the CIM-related and SMBIOS-related updates, respectively. Any other enumerated
 957 value identified in this specification is controlled by this specification; change requests should be sent to
 958 smbios@dmtf.org.

959 **Table 5 – Relationship between SMBIOS fields and CIM MOF properties**

Name	Clause	MOF Class.Property
Baseboard	7.3.1	<p>Originally, the baseboard feature flags mapped to CIM properties CIM_PhysicalPackage.HotSwappable, CIM_PhysicalPackage.Replaceable, and CIM_PhysicalPackage.Removable. These properties are deprecated and replaced with CIM_PhysicalPackage.RemovalConditions.</p> <p>Cimcid. RequiresDaughterCard CIM_Card.HostingBoard</p>
Enclosure or Chassis Type	7.4.1	CIM_Chassis.ChassisPackageType
Processor Type	7.5.1	CIM_Processor.Role
Processor Family	7.5.2	<p>CIM_Processor.Family CIM_ArchitectureCheck.ArchitectureType</p>
Processor Upgrade	7.5.5	CIM_Processor.UpgradeMethod
Processor Characteristics	7.5.9	CIM_Processor.EnabledProcessorCharacteristics (values are different)

Name	Clause	MOF Class.Property
System Cache Type	7.8.4	CIM_AssociatedCacheMemory.CacheType
Cache Associativity	7.8.5	CIM_AssociatedCacheMemory.Associativity
Slot Data Bus Width	7.10.2	CIM_Slot.MaxDataWidth
Slot Current Usage	7.10.3	CIM handles slot population more explicitly than SMBIOS or DMI, by using a CIM_CardInSlot class to associate the card (CIM_Card) with the slot (CIM_Slot) into which it is inserted.
Memory Array Location	7.17.1	CIM handles memory location more specifically than SMBIOS or DMI, by using a CIM_AssociatedMemory class to associate the memory (CIM_Memory) with the device on which it is installed.
Memory Array Use	7.17.2	CIM handles memory array use more specifically than SMBIOS or DMI, by defining classes that inherit from CIM_Memory to define the specific use (for example, CIM_CacheMemory or CIM_NonVolatileStorage).
Memory Array Error Correction Types	7.17.3	CIM_Memory.ErrorMethodology CIM maps memory error correction types into string values rather than enumerations.
Memory Device Form Factor	7.18.1	CIM_PhysicalMemory.FormFactor is inherited from CIM_Chip.FormFactor and uses a different enumeration than SMBIOS.
Memory Device Type	7.18.2	CIM_PhysicalMemory.MemoryType uses a different enumeration than SMBIOS.
Memory Error Type	7.19.1	CIM_MemoryError.ErrorInfo values 0Ch-0Eh have no match in the CIM_MemoryError.ErrorInfo property; instead, they are reported through CIM_MemoryError.CorrectableError (Boolean).
Memory Error Operation	7.19.3	CIM_MemoryError.Access
Pointing Device Type	7.22.1	CIM_PointingDevice.PointingType
Portable Battery Device Chemistry	7.23.1	CIM_Battery.Chemistry
Power Supply Type	7.40.1	Linear/switching is reported through CIM_PowerSupply.IsSwitchingSupply (Boolean).
Power Supply Input Voltage Range Switching	7.40.1	CIM_PowerSupply.TypeOfRangeSwitching

960 7 Structure definitions

961 7.1 Platform Firmware Information (Type 0)

962 Table 6 shows the platform firmware information structure.

963 **Table 6 – Platform Firmware Information (Type 0) structure**

Offset	Spec. Version	Name	Length	Value	Description
00h	2.0+	Type	BYTE	0	Platform Firmware Information indicator

Offset	Spec. Version	Name	Length	Value	Description
01h	2.0+	Length	BYTE	Varies	12h + number of <i>Firmware Characteristics Extension Bytes</i> . If no Extension Bytes are used the Length is 12h. For version 2.1 and 2.2 implementations, the length is 13h because one extension byte is defined. For version 2.3 and later implementations, the length is at least 14h because two extension bytes are defined. For version 2.4 to 3.0, implementations, the length is at least 18h because bytes 14-17h are defined. For version 3.1 and later implementations, the length is at least 1Ah because bytes 14-19h are defined.
02h	2.0+	Handle	WORD	Varies	
04h	2.0+	Vendor	BYTE	STRING	String number of the Firmware Vendor's Name.
05h	2.0+	Firmware Version	BYTE	STRING	String number of the Firmware Version. This value is a free-form string that may contain Core and OEM version information.
06h	2.0+	BIOS Starting Address Segment	WORD	Varies	Segment location of BIOS starting address (for example, 0E800h). When not applicable, such as on UEFI-based systems, this value is set to 0000h. NOTE: The size of the runtime BIOS image can be computed by subtracting the Starting Address Segment from 10000h and multiplying the result by 16.
08h	2.0+	Firmware Release Date	BYTE	STRING	String number of the firmware release date. The date string, if supplied, is in either mm/dd/yy or mm/dd/yyyy format. If the year portion of the string is two digits, the year is assumed to be 19yy. NOTE: The mm/dd/yyyy format is required for SMBIOS version 2.3 and later.
09h	2.0+	Firmware ROM Size	BYTE	Varies (n)	Size (n) where 64KiB * (n+1) is the size of the physical device containing the platform firmware, in bytes. FFh - size is 16MiB or greater, see <i>Extended Firmware ROM Size</i> for actual size
0Ah	2.0+	Firmware Characteristics	QWORD	Bit Field	Defines which functions the firmware supports: PCI, PCMCIA, Flash, and so on. (see 7.1.1).
12h	2.4+	Firmware Characteristics Extension Bytes	Zero or more BYTES	Bit Field	Optional space reserved for future supported functions. The number of Extension Bytes that is present is indicated by the Length in offset 1 minus 12h. See 7.1.2 for extensions defined for version 2.1 and later implementations. For version 2.4 and later implementations, two Firmware Characteristics Extension Bytes are defined (12-13h) and bytes 14-17h are also defined.

Offset	Spec. Version	Name	Length	Value	Description												
14h	2.4+	Platform Firmware Major Release	BYTE	Varies	<p>Identifies the major release of the Platform Firmware; for example, the value is 0Ah for revision 10.22 and 02h for revision 2.1.</p> <p>This field or the Platform Firmware Minor Release field or both are updated each time a platform firmware update for a given system is released.</p> <p>If the system does not support the use of this field, the value is OFFh for both this field and the Platform Firmware Minor Release field.</p>												
15h	2.4+	Platform Firmware Minor Release	BYTE	Varies	<p>Identifies the minor release of the platform firmware; for example, the value is 16h for revision 10.22 and 01h for revision 2.1.</p>												
16h	2.4+	Embedded Controller Firmware Major Release	BYTE	Varies	<p>Identifies the major release of the embedded controller firmware; for example, the value would be 0Ah for revision 10.22 and 02h for revision 2.1.</p> <p>This field or the <i>Embedded Controller Firmware Minor Release</i> field or both are updated each time an embedded controller firmware update for a given system is released.</p> <p>If the system does not have field upgradeable embedded controller firmware, the value is OFFh.</p>												
17h	2.4+	Embedded Controller Firmware Minor Release	BYTE	Varies	<p>Identifies the minor release of the embedded controller firmware; for example, the value is 16h for revision 10.22 and 01h for revision 2.1.</p> <p>If the system does not have field upgradeable embedded controller firmware, the value is OFFh.</p>												
18h	3.1+	Extended Firmware ROM Size	WORD	Bit Field	<p>Extended size of the physical device(s) containing the firmware, rounded up if needed.</p> <table> <tr> <td>Bits 15:14</td> <td>Unit</td> </tr> <tr> <td>00b - mebibytes</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>01b - gibibytes</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>10b - reserved</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>11b - reserved</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Bits 13:0</td> <td>Size</td> </tr> </table> <p>Examples: a 16 MiB device would be represented as 0010h. A 48 GiB device set would be represented as 0100_0000_0011_0000b or 4030h.</p>	Bits 15:14	Unit	00b - mebibytes		01b - gibibytes		10b - reserved		11b - reserved		Bits 13:0	Size
Bits 15:14	Unit																
00b - mebibytes																	
01b - gibibytes																	
10b - reserved																	
11b - reserved																	
Bits 13:0	Size																

964 7.1.1 Firmware Characteristics

965 Table 7 shows the Firmware Characteristics layout.

966 **Table 7 – Firmware Characteristics**

QWORD Bit Position	Meaning If Set
Bit 0	Reserved.

QWORD Bit Position	Meaning If Set
Bit 1	Reserved.
Bit 2	Unknown.
Bit 3	Firmware Characteristics are not supported.
Bit 4	ISA is supported.
Bit 5	MCA is supported.
Bit 6	EISA is supported.
Bit 7	PCI is supported.
Bit 8	PC card (PCMCIA) is supported.
Bit 9	Plug and Play is supported.
Bit 10	APM is supported.
Bit 11	Firmware is upgradeable (Flash).
Bit 12	Firmware shadowing is allowed.
Bit 13	VL-VESA is supported.
Bit 14	ESCD support is available.
Bit 15	Boot from CD is supported.
Bit 16	Selectable boot is supported.
Bit 17	Firmware ROM is socketed (e.g., PLCC or SOP socket).
Bit 18	Boot from PC card (PCMCIA) is supported.
Bit 19	EDD specification is supported.
Bit 20	Int 13h — Japanese floppy for NEC 9800 1.2 MB (3.5", 1K bytes/sector, 360 RPM) is supported.
Bit 21	Int 13h — Japanese floppy for Toshiba 1.2 MB (3.5", 360 RPM) is supported.
Bit 22	Int 13h — 5.25" / 360 KB floppy services are supported.
Bit 23	Int 13h — 5.25" / 1.2 MB floppy services are supported.
Bit 24	Int 13h — 3.5" / 720 KB floppy services are supported.
Bit 25	Int 13h — 3.5" / 2.88 MB floppy services are supported.
Bit 26	Int 5h, print screen Service is supported.
Bit 27	Int 9h, 8042 keyboard services are supported.
Bit 28	Int 14h, serial services are supported.
Bit 29	Int 17h, printer services are supported.
Bit 30	Int 10h, CGA/Mono Video Services are supported.
Bit 31	NEC PC-98.
Bits32:47	Reserved for platform firmware vendor.
Bits 48:63	Reserved for system vendor.

967 **7.1.2 Firmware Characteristics Extension Bytes**

968 NOTE All Characteristics Extension Bytes are reserved for assignment through this specification.

969 **7.1.2.1 Firmware Characteristics Extension Byte 1**

970 Table 8 shows the Firmware Characteristics Extension Byte 1 layout. This information, available for
 971 SMBIOS version 2.1 and later, appears at offset 12h within the Platform Firmware Information structure.

972

Table 8 – Firmware Characteristics Extension Byte 1

Byte Bit Position	Meaning If Set
Bit 0	ACPI is supported.
Bit 1	USB Legacy is supported.
Bit 2	AGP is supported.
Bit 3	I2O boot is supported.
Bit 4	LS-120 SuperDisk boot is supported.
Bit 5	ATAPI ZIP drive boot is supported.
Bit 6	1394 boot is supported.
Bit 7	Smart battery is supported.

973 7.1.2.2 Firmware Characteristics Extension Byte 2

974 Table 9 shows the Firmware Characteristics for Extension Byte 2 layout. This information, available for
 975 SMBIOS version 2.3 and later, appears at offset 13h within the Platform Firmware Information structure.

Table 9 – Firmware Characteristics Extension Byte 2

Byte Bit Position	Meaning If Set
Bit 0	BIOS Boot Specification is supported.
Bit 1	Function key-initiated network service boot is supported. When function key-uninitiated network service boot is not supported, a network adapter option ROM may choose to offer this functionality on its own, thus offering this capability to legacy systems. When the function is supported, the network adapter option ROM shall not offer this capability.
Bit 2	Enable targeted content distribution. The manufacturer has ensured that the SMBIOS data is useful in identifying the computer for targeted delivery of model-specific software and firmware content through third-party content distribution services.
Bit 3	UEFI Specification is supported.
Bit 4	SMBIOS table describes a virtual machine. (If this bit is not set, no inference can be made about the virtuality of the system.)
Bit 5	Manufacturing mode is supported. (Manufacturing mode is a special boot mode, not normally available to end users, that modifies platform firmware features and settings for use while the computer is being manufactured and tested.)
Bit 6	Manufacturing mode is enabled.
Bit 7	Reserved for future assignment by this specification.

977 7.2 System Information (Type 1)

978 The information in this structure defines attributes of the overall system and is intended to be associated
 979 with the *Component ID* group of the system's MIF. An SMBIOS implementation is associated with a single
 980 system instance and contains one and only one System Information (Type 1) structure. Table 10 shows
 981 the contents of this structure.

982

Table 10 – System Information (Type 1) structure

Offset	Spec. Version	Name	Length	Value	Description
00h	2.0+	Type	BYTE	1	System Information indicator
01h	2.0+	Length	BYTE	08h or 19h	Length dependent on version supported: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• 08h for 2.0• 19h for 2.1 – 2.3.4• 1Bh for 2.4 and later
02h	2.0+	Handle	WORD	Varies	
04h	2.0+	Manufacturer	BYTE	STRING	Number of null-terminated string
05h	2.0+	Product Name	BYTE	STRING	Number of null-terminated string
06h	2.0+	Version	BYTE	STRING	Number of null-terminated string
07h	2.0+	Serial Number	BYTE	STRING	Number of null-terminated string
08h	2.1+	UUID	16 BYTES	Varies	Universal unique ID number; see 7.2.1.
18h	2.1+	Wake-up Type	BYTE	ENUM	Identifies the event that caused the system to power up. See 7.2.2.
19h	2.4+	SKU Number	BYTE	STRING	Number of null-terminated string This text string identifies a particular computer configuration for sale. It is sometimes also called a product ID or purchase order number. This number is frequently found in existing fields, but there is no standard format. Typically for a given system board from a given OEM, there are tens of unique processor, memory, hard drive, and optical drive configurations.
1Ah	2.4+	Family	BYTE	STRING	Number of null-terminated string This text string identifies the family to which a particular computer belongs. A family refers to a set of computers that are similar but not identical from a hardware or software point of view. Typically, a family is composed of different computer models, which have different configurations and pricing points. Computers in the same family often have similar branding and cosmetic features.

983 **7.2.1 System — UUID**

984 A UUID is an identifier that is designed to be unique across both time and space. It requires no central
 985 registration process. The UUID is 128 bits long. Its format is described in [RFC4122](#), but the actual field
 986 contents are opaque and not significant to the SMBIOS specification, which is only concerned with the
 987 byte order. Table 11 shows the field names; these field names, particularly for multiplexed fields, follow
 988 historical practice.

989

Table 11 – UUID byte order and RFC4122 field names

Offset	RFC 4122 Name	Length	Value	Description
00h	time_low	DWORD	Varies	Low field of the timestamp
04h	time_mid	WORD	Varies	Middle field of the timestamp
06h	time_hi_and_version	WORD	Varies	High field of the timestamp multiplexed with the version number
08h	clock_seq_hi_and_reserved	BYTE	Varies	High field of the clock sequence multiplexed with the variant
09h	clock_seq_low	BYTE	Varies	Low field of the clock sequence
0Ah	Node	6 BYTES	Varies	Spatially unique node identifier

990 Although [RFC4122](#) recommends network byte order for all fields, the PC industry (including the [ACPI](#),
 991 [UEFI](#), and Microsoft specifications) has consistently used little-endian byte encoding for the first three
 992 fields: *time_low*, *time_mid*, *time_hi_and_version*. The same encoding, also known as *wire format*, should
 993 also be used for the SMBIOS representation of the UUID.

994 The UUID {00112233-4455-6677-8899-AABBCCDDEEFF} would thus be represented as:

995 33 22 11 00 55 44 77 66 88 99 AA BB CC DD EE FF.

996 If the value is all FFh, the ID is not currently present in the system, but it can be set. If the value is all 00h,
 997 the ID is not present in the system.

998 7.2.2 System — Wake-up Type

999 Table 12 describes the byte values for the System — Wake-up Type field.

1000

Table 12 – System: Wake-up Type field

Byte Value	Meaning
00h	Reserved
01h	Other
02h	Unknown
03h	APM Timer
04h	Modem Ring
05h	LAN Remote
06h	Power Switch
07h	PCI PME#
08h	AC Power Restored

1001 7.3 Baseboard (or Module) Information (Type 2)

1002 As Table 13 shows, the information in this structure defines attributes of a system baseboard (for
 1003 example, a motherboard, planar, server blade, or other standard system module).

1004 NOTE If more than one Type 2 structure is provided by an SMBIOS implementation, each structure shall include the
 1005 *Number of Contained Object Handles* and *Contained Object Handles* fields to specify which system elements are
 1006 contained on which boards. If a single Type 2 structure is provided and the contained object information is not

1007 present¹, or if no Type 2 structure is provided, all system elements identified by the SMBIOS implementation are
 1008 associated with a single motherboard.

1009 **Table 13 – Baseboard (or Module) Information (Type 2) structure**

Offset	Name	Length	Value	Description
00h	Type	BYTE	2	Baseboard Information indicator
01h	Length	BYTE	Varies	Length of the structure, at least 08h
02h	Handle	WORD	Varies	
04h	Manufacturer	BYTE	STRING	Number of null-terminated string
05h	Product	BYTE	STRING	Number of null-terminated string
06h	Version	BYTE	STRING	Number of null-terminated string
07h	Serial Number	BYTE	STRING	Number of null-terminated string
08h	Asset Tag	BYTE	STRING	Number of a null-terminated string
09h	Feature Flags	BYTE	Bit Field	Collection of flags that identify features of this baseboard; see 7.3.1
0Ah	Location in Chassis	BYTE	STRING	Number of a null-terminated string that describes this board's location within the chassis referenced by the <i>Chassis Handle</i> (described below in this table) NOTE: This field supports a CIM_Container class mapping where: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• LocationWithinContainer is this field.• GroupComponent is the chassis referenced by Chassis Handle.• PartComponent is this baseboard.
0Bh	Chassis Handle	WORD	Varies	Handle, or instance number, associated with the chassis in which this board resides (see 7.4)
0Dh	Board Type	BYTE	ENUM	Type of board (see 7.3.2)
0Eh	Number of Contained Object Handles (n)	BYTE	Varies	Number (0 to 255) of <i>Contained Object Handles</i> that follow
0Fh	Contained Object Handles	n WORDs	Varies	List of handles of other structures (for example, Baseboard, Processor, Port, System Slots, Memory Device) that are contained by this baseboard

1010 **7.3.1 Baseboard — feature flags**

1011 Table 14 shows the baseboard feature flags.

1012 NOTE See 6.3 for the CIM properties associated with these bit fields.

¹ This information is "not present" if either the *Length* of the Type 2 structure is less than 14 (0Eh) or the *Number of Contained Object Handles* field at offset 0Dh is set to 0.

1013

Table 14 – Baseboard: feature flags

Bit Position(s)	Description
7:5	Reserved for future definition by this specification; set to 000b.
4	Set to 1 if the board is hot swappable; it is possible to replace the board with a physically different but equivalent board while power is applied to the board. The board is inherently replaceable and removable.
3	Set to 1 if the board is replaceable; it is possible to replace (either as a field repair or as an upgrade) the board with a physically different board. The board is inherently removable.
2	Set to 1 if the board is removable; it is designed to be taken in and out of the chassis without impairing the function of the chassis.
1	Set to 1 if the board requires at least one daughter board or auxiliary card to function properly.
0	Set to 1 if the board is a hosting board (for example, a motherboard).

1014 7.3.2 Baseboard — Board Type

1015 Table 15 shows the byte values for the Baseboard — Board Type field.

1016 NOTE These enumerations are also used within the System Enclosure or Chassis (Type 3) structure's *Contained Element* record (see 7.4).

1018

Table 15 – Baseboard: Board Type

Byte Value	Meaning
01h	Unknown
02h	Other
03h	Server Blade
04h	Connectivity Switch
05h	System Management Module
06h	Processor Module
07h	I/O Module
08h	Memory Module
09h	Daughter board
0Ah	Motherboard (includes processor, memory, and I/O)
0Bh	Processor/Memory Module
0Ch	Processor/I/O Module
0Dh	Interconnect board

1019 7.4 System Enclosure or Chassis (Type 3)

1020 The information in this structure (see Table 16) defines attributes of the system's mechanical
 1021 enclosure(s). For example, if a system included a separate enclosure for its peripheral devices, two
 1022 structures would be returned: one for the main system enclosure and the second for the peripheral device
 1023 enclosure. The additions to this structure in version 2.1 of this specification support the population of the
 1024 CIM_Chassis class.

Table 16 – System Enclosure or Chassis (Type 3) structure

Offset	Specification Version	Name	Length	Value	Description
00h	2.0+	Type	BYTE	3	System Enclosure indicator
01h	2.0+	Length	BYTE	Varies	09h for version 2.0 implementations or a minimum of 0Dh for version 2.1 and later implementations
02h	2.0+	Handle	WORD	Varies	
04h	2.0+	Manufacturer	BYTE	STRING	Number of null-terminated string
05h	2.0+	Type	BYTE	Varies	Bit 7 Chassis lock is present if 1. Otherwise, either a lock is not present, or it is unknown if the enclosure has a lock. Bits 6:0 Enumeration value; see below.
06h	2.0+	Version	BYTE	STRING	Number of null-terminated string
07h	2.0+	Serial Number	BYTE	STRING	Number of null-terminated string
08h	2.0+	Asset Tag Number	BYTE	STRING	Number of null-terminated string
09h	2.1+	Boot-up State	BYTE	ENUM	State of the enclosure when it was last booted; see 7.4.2 for definitions
0Ah	2.1+	Power Supply State	BYTE	ENUM	State of the enclosure's power supply (or supplies) when last booted; see 7.4.2 for definitions
0Bh	2.1+	Thermal State	BYTE	ENUM	Thermal state of the enclosure when last booted; see 7.4.2 for definitions
0Ch	2.1+	Security Status	BYTE	ENUM	Physical security status of the enclosure when last booted; see 7.4.3 for definitions
0Dh	2.3+	OEM-defined	DWORD	Varies	OEM- or firmware vendor-specific information
11h	2.3+	Height	BYTE	Varies	Height of the enclosure, in 'U's A U is a standard unit of measure for the height of a rack or rack-mountable component and is equal to 1.75 inches or 4.445 cm. A value of 00h indicates that the enclosure height is unspecified. A value of FFh indicates that the enclosure height is specified at offset 16h + n*m.
12h	2.3+	Number of Power Cords	BYTE	Varies	Number of power cords associated with the enclosure or chassis A value of 00h indicates that the number is unspecified.

Offset	Specification Version	Name	Length	Value	Description
13h	2.3+	Contained Element Count (n)	BYTE	Varies	Number of <i>Contained Element</i> records that follow, in the range 0 to 255 Each <i>Contained Element</i> group comprises m bytes, as specified by the <i>Contained Element Record Length</i> field that follows. If no <i>Contained Elements</i> are included, this field is set to 0.
14h	2.3+	Contained Element Record Length (m)	BYTE	Varies	Byte length of each <i>Contained Element</i> record that follows, in the range 0 to 255 If no <i>Contained Elements</i> are included, this field is set to 0. For version 2.3.2 and later of this specification, this field is set to at least 03h when <i>Contained Elements</i> are specified.
15h	2.3+	Contained Elements	$n * m$ BYTES	Varies	Elements, possibly defined by other SMBIOS structures, present in this chassis; see 7.4.4 for definitions
15h + $n * m$	2.7+	SKU Number	BYTE	STRING	Number of null-terminated string describing the chassis or enclosure SKU number
16h + $n * m$	3.9+	Rack Type	BYTE	Varies	0 - unspecified; 1 - OU
17h + $n * m$	3.9+	Rack Height	BYTE	Varies	Height of the enclosure based on the Rack Type

1026 7.4.1 System Enclosure or Chassis Types

1027 Table 17 shows the byte values for the System Enclosure or Chassis Types field.

1028 NOTE See 6.3 for the CIM properties associated with this enumerated value.

Table 17 – System Enclosure or Chassis Types

Byte Value	Meaning
01h	Other
02h	Unknown
03h	Desktop
04h	Low Profile Desktop
05h	Pizza Box
06h	Mini Tower
07h	Tower
08h	Portable
09h	Laptop

Byte Value	Meaning
0Ah	Notebook
0Bh	Hand Held
0Ch	Docking Station
0Dh	All in One
0Eh	Sub Notebook
0Fh	Space-saving
10h	Lunch Box
11h	Main Server Chassis
12h	Expansion Chassis
13h	SubChassis
14h	Bus Expansion Chassis
15h	Peripheral Chassis
16h	RAID Chassis
17h	Rack Mount Chassis
18h	Sealed-case PC
19h	<p>Multi-system chassis</p> <p>When this value is specified by an SMBIOS implementation, the physical chassis associated with this structure supports multiple, independently reporting physical systems—regardless of the chassis' current configuration. Systems in the same physical chassis are required to report the same value in this structure's Serial Number field.</p> <p>For a chassis that may also be configured as either a single system or multiple physical systems, the multi-system chassis value is reported even if the chassis is currently configured as a single system. This allows management applications to recognize the multi-system potential of the chassis.</p>
1Ah	Compact PCI
1Bh	Advanced TCA
1Ch	<p>Blade</p> <p>An SMBIOS implementation for a Blade would contain a Type 3 Chassis structure for the individual Blade system as well as one for the Blade Enclosure that completes the Blade system.</p>
1Dh	<p>Blade Enclosure</p> <p>A Blade Enclosure is a specialized chassis that contains a set of Blades. It provides much of the non-core computing infrastructure for a set of Blades (power, cooling, networking, and so on). A Blade Enclosure may itself reside inside a Rack or be a standalone chassis.</p>
1Eh	Tablet
1Fh	Convertible
20h	Detachable
21h	IoT Gateway
22h	Embedded PC
23h	Mini PC
24h	Stick PC

1030 7.4.2 System Enclosure or Chassis States

1031 Table 18 shows the byte values for the System Enclosure or Chassis States field.

1032 Table 18 – System Enclosure or Chassis States

Byte Value	Meaning
01h	Other
02h	Unknown
03h	Safe
04h	Warning
05h	Critical
06h	Non-recoverable

1033 7.4.3 System Enclosure or Chassis Security Status

1034 Table 19 shows the byte values for the System Enclosure or Chassis Security Status field.

1035 Table 19 – System Enclosure or Chassis Security Status field

Byte Value	Meaning
01h	Other
02h	Unknown
03h	None
04h	External interface locked out
05h	External interface enabled

1036 7.4.4 System Enclosure or Chassis — Contained Elements

1037 Each *Contained Element* record consists of sub-fields that further describe elements contained by the
1038 chassis, as Table 20 shows. Relative offset and size of fields within each record shall remain the same in
1039 future revisions to this specification, but new fields might be added to the end of the current definitions.

1040

Table 20 – System Enclosure or Chassis: Contained Elements

Offset	Spec. Version	Name	Length	Value	Description						
00h	2.3+	Contained Element Type	BYTE	Bit Field	<p>Specifies the type of element associated with this record:</p> <table> <thead> <tr> <th>Bit(s)</th> <th>Meaning</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>7</td> <td>Type Select. Identifies whether the Type contains an SMBIOS structure type enumeration (1) or an SMBIOS Baseboard Type enumeration (0).</td> </tr> <tr> <td>6:0</td> <td>Type. Specifies either an SMBIOS Board Type enumeration (see 7.3.2 for definitions) or an SMBIOS structure type, dependent on the setting of the Type Select.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>For example, a contained Power Supply is specified as A7h (1 0100111b) — the MSB is 1, so the remaining seven bits (27h = 39) represent an SMBIOS structure type; structure type 39 represents a System Power Supply. A contained Server Blade is specified as 03h — the MSB is 0, so the remaining seven bits represent an SMBIOS board type; board type 03h represents a Server Blade.</p>	Bit(s)	Meaning	7	Type Select. Identifies whether the Type contains an SMBIOS structure type enumeration (1) or an SMBIOS Baseboard Type enumeration (0).	6:0	Type. Specifies either an SMBIOS Board Type enumeration (see 7.3.2 for definitions) or an SMBIOS structure type, dependent on the setting of the Type Select.
Bit(s)	Meaning										
7	Type Select. Identifies whether the Type contains an SMBIOS structure type enumeration (1) or an SMBIOS Baseboard Type enumeration (0).										
6:0	Type. Specifies either an SMBIOS Board Type enumeration (see 7.3.2 for definitions) or an SMBIOS structure type, dependent on the setting of the Type Select.										
01h	2.3+	Contained Element Minimum	BYTE	Varies	Specifies the minimum number of the element type that can be installed in the chassis for the chassis to properly operate, in the range 0 to 254. The value 255 (0FFh) is reserved for future definition by this specification.						
02h	2.3+	Contained Element Maximum	BYTE	Varies	Specifies the maximum number of the element type that can be installed in the chassis, in the range 1 to 255. The value 0 is reserved for future definition by this specification.						

1041 7.5 Processor Information (Type 4)

1042 The information in this structure (see Table 21) defines the attributes of a single processor; a separate
 1043 structure instance is provided for each system processor socket/slot. For example, a system with an
 1044 IntelDX2™ processor would have a single structure instance while a system with an IntelSX2™ processor
 1045 would have a structure to describe the main CPU and a second structure to describe the 80487 co-
 1046 processor.

1047 NOTE One structure is provided for each processor instance in a system. For example, a system that supports up to
 1048 two processors includes two *Processor Information* structures — even if only one processor is currently installed.
 1049 Software that interprets the SMBIOS information can count the *Processor Information* structures to determine the
 1050 maximum possible configuration of the system.

1051

Table 21 – Processor Information (Type 4) structure

Offset	Spec. Version	Name	Length	Value	Description
00h	2.0+	Type	BYTE	4	Processor Information indicator
01h	2.0+	Length	BYTE	Varies	Length is 1Ah for version 2.0 implementations; 23h for 2.3; 28h for 2.5; 2Ah for 2.6; 30h for 3.0; 32h for version 3.6, and 33h for version 3.8 and later implementations.
02h	2.0+	Handle	WORD	Varies	

Offset	Spec. Version	Name	Length	Value	Description
04h	2.0+	Socket Designation	BYTE	STRING	String number for Reference Designation EXAMPLE: 'J202',0
05h	2.0+	Processor Type	BYTE	ENUM	See 7.5.1.
06h	2.0+	Processor Family	BYTE	ENUM	See 7.5.2.
07h	2.0+	Processor Manufacturer	BYTE	STRING	String number of Processor Manufacturer
08h	2.0+	Processor ID	QWORD	Varies	Raw processor identification data See 7.5.3 for details.
10h	2.0+	Processor Version	BYTE	STRING	String number describing the Processor See 7.5.11
11h	2.0+	Voltage	BYTE	Varies	See 7.5.4. (deprecated)
12h	2.0+	External Clock	WORD	Varies	External Clock Frequency, in MHz If the value is unknown, the field is set to 0.
14h	2.0+	Max Speed	WORD	Varies	Maximum processor speed (in MHz) supported by the system for this processor socket 0E9h is for a 233 MHz processor. If the value is unknown, the field is set to 0. NOTE: This field identifies a capability for the system, not the processor itself.
16h	2.0+	Current Speed	WORD	Varies	Same format as Max Speed NOTE: This field identifies the processor's speed at system boot; the processor may support more than one speed.
18h	2.0+	Status	BYTE	Varies	Bit 7 Reserved, must be zero Bit 6 CPU Socket Populated 1 – CPU Socket Populated 0 – CPU Socket Unpopulated Bits 5:3 Reserved, must be zero Bits 2:0 CPU Status 0h – Unknown 1h – CPU Enabled 2h – CPU Disabled by User through Firmware Setup 3h – CPU Disabled By firmware (POST Error) 4h – CPU is Idle, waiting to be enabled. 5-6h – Reserved 7h – Other
19h	2.0+	Processor Upgrade	BYTE	ENUM	See 7.5.5.

Offset	Spec. Version	Name	Length	Value	Description
1Ah	2.1+	L1 Cache Handle	WORD	Varies	Handle of a Cache Information structure that defines the attributes of the primary (Level 1) cache for this processor For version 2.1 and version 2.2 implementations, the value is 0FFFFh if the processor has no L1 cache. For version 2.3 and later implementations, the value is 0FFFFh if the Cache Information structure is not provided. [1]
1Ch	2.1+	L2 Cache Handle	WORD	Varies	Handle of a Cache Information structure that defines the attributes of the secondary (Level 2) cache for this processor For version 2.1 and version 2.2 implementations, the value is 0FFFFh if the processor has no L2 cache. For version 2.3 and later implementations, the value is 0FFFFh if the Cache Information structure is not provided. [1]
1Eh	2.1+	L3 Cache Handle	WORD	Varies	Handle of a Cache Information structure that defines the attributes of the tertiary (Level 3) cache for this processor For version 2.1 and version 2.2 implementations, the value is 0FFFFh if the processor has no L3 cache. For version 2.3 and later implementations, the value is 0FFFFh if the Cache Information structure is not provided. [1]
20h	2.3+	Serial Number	BYTE	STRING	String number for the serial number of this processor This value is set by the manufacturer and normally not changeable.
21h	2.3+	Asset Tag	BYTE	STRING	String number for the asset tag of this processor
22h	2.3+	Part Number	BYTE	STRING	String number for the part number of this processor This value is set by the manufacturer and normally not changeable.
23h	2.5+	Core Count	BYTE	Varies	Number of cores per processor socket See 7.5.6. If the value is unknown, the field is set to 0. For core counts of 256 or greater, the <i>Core Count</i> field is set to FFh and the <i>Core Count 2</i> field is set to the number of cores.
24h	2.5+	Core Enabled	BYTE	Varies	Number of enabled cores per processor socket See 7.5.7. If the value is unknown, the field is set to 0. For core counts of 256 or greater, the <i>Core Enabled</i> field is set to FFh and the <i>Core Enabled 2</i> field is set to the number of enabled cores.
25h	2.5+	Thread Count	BYTE	Varies	Number of threads per processor socket See 7.5.8. If the value is unknown, the field is set to 0. For thread counts of 256 or greater, the <i>Thread Count</i> field is set to FFh and the <i>Thread Count 2</i> field is set to the number of threads.
26h	2.5+	Processor Characteristics	WORD	Bit Field	Defines which functions the processor supports See 7.5.9.
28h	2.6+	Processor Family 2	WORD	Enum	See 7.5.2.

Offset	Spec. Version	Name	Length	Value	Description
2Ah	3.0+	Core Count 2	WORD	Varies	<p>Number of Cores per processor socket. Supports core counts >255. If this field is present, it holds the core count for the processor socket. <i>Core Count</i> will also hold the core count, except for core counts that are 256 or greater. In that case, <i>Core Count</i> shall be set to FFh and <i>Core Count 2</i> will hold the count. See 7.5.6.</p> <p>Legal values:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0000h = unknown 0001h-00FFh = core counts 1 to 255. Matches <i>Core Count</i> value. 0100h-FFFEh = Core counts 256 to 65534, respectively. FFFFh = reserved.
2Ch	3.0+	Core Enabled 2	WORD	Varies	<p>Number of enabled cores per processor socket. Supports core enabled counts >255. If this field is present, it holds the core enabled count for the processor socket. <i>Core Enabled</i> will also hold the core enabled count, except for core counts that are 256 or greater. In that case, <i>Core Enabled</i> shall be set to FFh and <i>Core Enabled 2</i> will hold the count. See 7.5.7.</p> <p>Legal values:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0000h = unknown 0001h-00FFh = core enabled counts 1 to 255. Matches <i>Core Enabled</i> value. 0100h-FFFEh = core enabled counts 256 to 65534, respectively. FFFFh = reserved.
2Eh	3.0+	Thread Count 2	WORD	Varies	<p>Number of threads per processor socket. Supports thread counts >255. If this field is present, it holds the thread count for the processor socket. <i>Thread Count</i> will also hold the thread count, except for thread counts that are 256 or greater. In that case, <i>Thread Count</i> shall be set to FFh and <i>Thread Count 2</i> will hold the count. See 7.5.8.</p> <p>Legal values:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0000h = unknown 0001h-00FFh = thread counts 1 to 255. Matches <i>Thread Count</i> value. 0100h-FFFEh = thread counts 256 to 65534, respectively. FFFFh = reserved.
30h	3.6+	Thread Enabled	WORD	Varies	<p>Number of enabled threads per processor socket. See 7.5.10.</p> <p>Legal values:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0000h = unknown 0001h-FFFEh = thread enabled counts 1 to 65534, respectively FFFFh = reserved

Offset	Spec. Version	Name	Length	Value	Description
32h	3.8+	Socket Type	BYTE	STRING	<p>String number of socket type.</p> <p>This value is the type of processor socket in use, such as "Socket BGA1190" or "Socket LGA4710".</p> <p>NOTE: Must be non-null if <i>Processor Upgrade</i> at offset 19h is FFh.</p> <p>[^[1] Beginning with version 2.3 implementations, if the <i>Cache Handle</i> is 0FFFh, management software must make no assumptions about the cache's attributes and should report all cache-related attributes as unknown. The definitive absence of a specific cache is identified by referencing a <i>Cache Information</i> structure and setting that structure's <i>Installed Size</i> field to 0.]</p>

1052 7.5.1 Processor Information — Processor Type

1053 Table 22 describes the byte values for the Processor Information — Processor Type field.

1054 NOTE See 6.3 for the CIM properties associated with this enumerated value.

1055 **Table 22 – Processor Information: Processor Type field**

Byte Value	Meaning
01h	Other
02h	Unknown
03h	Central Processor
04h	Math Processor
05h	DSP Processor
06h	Video Processor

1056 7.5.2 Processor Information — Processor Family

1057 Table 23 details the values for the Processor Information — Processor Family field.

1058 NOTE See 6.3 for the CIM properties associated with this enumerated value. ® and ™ in this table are equivalent to
1059 (R) and (TM) in the MOF file.

1060 **Table 23 – Processor Information: Processor Family field**

Hex Value	Decimal Value	Meaning
01h	1	Other
02h	2	Unknown
03h	3	8086
04h	4	80286
05h	5	Intel386™ processor
06h	6	Intel486™ processor
07h	7	8087
08h	8	80287
09h	9	80387

Hex Value	Decimal Value	Meaning
0Ah	10	80487
0Bh	11	Intel® Pentium® processor
0Ch	12	Pentium® Pro processor
0Dh	13	Pentium® II processor
0Eh	14	Pentium® processor with MMX™ technology
0Fh	15	Intel® Celeron® processor
10h	16	Pentium® II Xeon® processor
11h	17	Pentium® III processor
12h	18	M1 Family
13h	19	M2 Family
14h	20	Intel® Celeron® M processor
15h	21	Intel® Pentium® 4 HT processor
16h	22	Intel® Processor
17h	23	Available for assignment
18h	24	AMD Duron™ Processor Family [1]
19h	25	K5 Family [1]
1Ah	26	K6 Family [1]
1Bh	27	K6-2 [1]
1Ch	28	K6-3 [1]
1Dh	29	AMD Athlon™ Processor Family [1]
1Eh	30	AMD29000 Family
1Fh	31	K6-2+
20h	32	Power PC Family
21h	33	Power PC 601
22h	34	Power PC 603
23h	35	Power PC 603+
24h	36	Power PC 604
25h	37	Power PC 620
26h	38	Power PC x704
27h	39	Power PC 750
28h	40	Intel® Core™ Duo processor
29h	41	Intel® Core™ Duo mobile processor
2Ah	42	Intel® Core™ Solo mobile processor
2Bh	43	Intel® Atom™ processor
2Ch	44	Intel® Core™ M processor
2Dh	45	Intel® Core™ m3 processor
2Eh	46	Intel® Core™ m5 processor
2Fh	47	Intel® Core™ m7 processor
30h	48	Alpha Family [2]
31h	49	Alpha 21064
32h	50	Alpha 21066

Hex Value	Decimal Value	Meaning
33h	51	Alpha 21164
34h	52	Alpha 21164PC
35h	53	Alpha 21164a
36h	54	Alpha 21264
37h	55	Alpha 21364
38h	56	AMD Turion™ II Ultra Dual-Core Mobile M Processor Family
39h	57	AMD Turion™ II Dual-Core Mobile M Processor Family
3Ah	58	AMD Athlon™ II Dual-Core M Processor Family
3Bh	59	AMD Opteron™ 6100 Series Processor
3Ch	60	AMD Opteron™ 4100 Series Processor
3Dh	61	AMD Opteron™ 6200 Series Processor
3Eh	62	AMD Opteron™ 4200 Series Processor
3Fh	63	AMD FX™ Series Processor
40h	64	MIPS Family
41h	65	MIPS R4000
42h	66	MIPS R4200
43h	67	MIPS R4400
44h	68	MIPS R4600
45h	69	MIPS R10000
46h	70	AMD C-Series Processor
47h	71	AMD E-Series Processor
48h	72	AMD A-Series Processor
49h	73	AMD G-Series Processor
4Ah	74	AMD Z-Series Processor
4Bh	75	AMD R-Series Processor
4Ch	76	AMD Opteron™ 4300 Series Processor
4Dh	77	AMD Opteron™ 6300 Series Processor
4Eh	78	AMD Opteron™ 3300 Series Processor
4Fh	79	AMD FirePro™ Series Processor
50h	80	SPARC Family
51h	81	SuperSPARC
52h	82	microSPARC II
53h	83	microSPARC IIfp
54h	84	UltraSPARC
55h	85	UltraSPARC II
56h	86	UltraSPARC III
57h	87	UltraSPARC III
58h	88	UltraSPARC IIIi
59h-5Fh	89-95	Available for assignment
60h	96	68040 Family

Hex Value	Decimal Value	Meaning
61h	97	68xxx
62h	98	68000
63h	99	68010
64h	100	68020
65h	101	68030
66h	102	AMD Athlon(TM) X4 Quad-Core Processor Family
67h	103	AMD Opteron(TM) X1000 Series Processor
68h	104	AMD Opteron(TM) X2000 Series APU
69h	105	AMD Opteron(TM) A-Series Processor
6Ah	106	AMD Opteron(TM) X3000 Series APU
6Bh	107	AMD Zen Processor Family
6Ch-6Fh	108-111	Available for assignment
70h	112	Hobbit Family
71h-77h	113-119	Available for assignment
78h	120	Crusoe™ TM5000 Family
79h	121	Crusoe™ TM3000 Family
7Ah	122	Efficeon™ TM8000 Family
7Bh-7Fh	123-127	Available for assignment
80h	128	Weitek
81h	129	Available for assignment
82h	130	Itanium™ processor
83h	131	AMD Athlon™ 64 Processor Family
84h	132	AMD Opteron™ Processor Family
85h	133	AMD Sempron™ Processor Family
86h	134	AMD Turion™ 64 Mobile Technology
87h	135	Dual-Core AMD Opteron™ Processor Family
88h	136	AMD Athlon™ 64 X2 Dual-Core Processor Family
89h	137	AMD Turion™ 64 X2 Mobile Technology
8Ah	138	Quad-Core AMD Opteron™ Processor Family
8Bh	139	Third-Generation AMD Opteron™ Processor Family
8Ch	140	AMD Phenom™ FX Quad-Core Processor Family
8Dh	141	AMD Phenom™ X4 Quad-Core Processor Family
8Eh	142	AMD Phenom™ X2 Dual-Core Processor Family
8Fh	143	AMD Athlon™ X2 Dual-Core Processor Family
90h	144	PA-RISC Family
91h	145	PA-RISC 8500
92h	146	PA-RISC 8000

Hex Value	Decimal Value	Meaning
93h	147	PA-RISC 7300LC
94h	148	PA-RISC 7200
95h	149	PA-RISC 7100LC
96h	150	PA-RISC 7100
97h-9Fh	151-159	Available for assignment
A0h	160	V30 Family
A1h	161	Quad-Core Intel® Xeon® processor 3200 Series
A2h	162	Dual-Core Intel® Xeon® processor 3000 Series
A3h	163	Quad-Core Intel® Xeon® processor 5300 Series
A4h	164	Dual-Core Intel® Xeon® processor 5100 Series
A5h	165	Dual-Core Intel® Xeon® processor 5000 Series
A6h	166	Dual-Core Intel® Xeon® processor LV
A7h	167	Dual-Core Intel® Xeon® processor ULV
A8h	168	Dual-Core Intel® Xeon® processor 7100 Series
A9h	169	Quad-Core Intel® Xeon® processor 5400 Series
AAh	170	Quad-Core Intel® Xeon® processor
ABh	171	Dual-Core Intel® Xeon® processor 5200 Series
ACh	172	Dual-Core Intel® Xeon® processor 7200 Series
ADh	173	Quad-Core Intel® Xeon® processor 7300 Series
AEh	174	Quad-Core Intel® Xeon® processor 7400 Series
AFh	175	Multi-Core Intel® Xeon® processor 7400 Series
B0h	176	Pentium® III Xeon® processor
B1h	177	Pentium® III Processor with Intel® SpeedStep™ Technology
B2h	178	Pentium® 4 Processor
B3h	179	Intel® Xeon® processor
B4h	180	AS400 Family
B5h	181	Intel® Xeon® processor MP
B6h	182	AMD Athlon™ XP Processor Family
B7h	183	AMD Athlon™ MP Processor Family
B8h	184	Intel® Itanium® 2 processor
B9h	185	Intel® Pentium® M processor
BAh	186	Intel® Celeron® D processor
BBh	187	Intel® Pentium® D processor
BCh	188	Intel® Pentium® Processor Extreme Edition
BDh	189	Intel® Core™ Solo Processor
BEh	190	Reserved [3]
BFh	191	Intel® Core™ 2 Duo Processor
C0h	192	Intel® Core™ 2 Solo processor
C1h	193	Intel® Core™ 2 Extreme processor
C2h	194	Intel® Core™ 2 Quad processor
C3h	195	Intel® Core™ 2 Extreme mobile processor

Hex Value	Decimal Value	Meaning
C4h	196	Intel® Core™ 2 Duo mobile processor
C5h	197	Intel® Core™ 2 Solo mobile processor
C6h	198	Intel® Core™ i7 processor
C7h	199	Dual-Core Intel® Celeron® processor
C8h	200	IBM390 Family
C9h	201	G4
CAh	202	G5
CBh	203	ESA/390 G6
CCh	204	z/Architecture base
CDh	205	Intel® Core™ i5 processor
CEh	206	Intel® Core™ i3 processor
CFh	207	Intel® Core™ i9 processor
D0h	208	Intel® Xeon® D Processor family
D1h	209	Available for assignment
D2h	210	VIA C7™-M Processor Family
D3h	211	VIA C7™-D Processor Family
D4h	212	VIA C7™ Processor Family
D5h	213	VIA Eden™ Processor Family
D6h	214	Multi-Core Intel® Xeon® processor
D7h	215	Dual-Core Intel® Xeon® processor 3xxx Series
D8h	216	Quad-Core Intel® Xeon® processor 3xxx Series
D9h	217	VIA Nano™ Processor Family
DAh	218	Dual-Core Intel® Xeon® processor 5xxx Series
DBh	219	Quad-Core Intel® Xeon® processor 5xxx Series
DCh	220	Available for assignment
DDh	221	Dual-Core Intel® Xeon® processor 7xxx Series
DEh	222	Quad-Core Intel® Xeon® processor 7xxx Series
DFh	223	Multi-Core Intel® Xeon® processor 7xxx Series
E0h	224	Multi-Core Intel® Xeon® processor 3400 Series
E1h-E3h	225-227	Available for assignment
E4h	228	AMD Opteron™ 3000 Series Processor
E5h	229	AMD Sempron™ II Processor
E6h	230	Embedded AMD Opteron™ Quad-Core Processor Family
E7h	231	AMD Phenom™ Triple-Core Processor Family
E8h	232	AMD Turion™ Ultra Dual-Core Mobile Processor Family
E9h	233	AMD Turion™ Dual-Core Mobile Processor Family
EAh	234	AMD Athlon™ Dual-Core Processor Family
EBh	235	AMD Sempron™ SI Processor Family
ECh	236	AMD Phenom™ II Processor Family

Hex Value	Decimal Value	Meaning
EDh	237	AMD Athlon™ II Processor Family
EEh	238	Six-Core AMD Opteron™ Processor Family
EFh	239	AMD Sempron™ M Processor Family
F0h-F9h	240-249	Available for assignment
FAh	250	i860
FBh	251	i960
FCh-FDh	252-253	Available for assignment
FEh	254	Indicator to obtain the processor family from the Processor Family 2 field
FFh	255	Reserved
100h-1FFh	256-511	These values are available for assignment, except for the following:
100h	256	ARMv7
101h	257	ARMv8
102h	258	ARMv9
103h	259	Reserved for future use by ARM
104h	260	SH-3
105h	261	SH-4
118h	280	ARM
119h	281	StrongARM
12Ch	300	6x86
12Dh	301	MediaGX
12Eh	302	MII
140h	320	WinChip
15Eh	350	DSP
1F4h	500	Video Processor
200h-2FFh	512-767	These values are available for assignment, except for the following:
200h	512	RISC-V RV32
201h	513	RISC-V RV64
202h	514	RISC-V RV128
258h	600	LoongArch
259h	601	Loongson™ 1 Processor Family
25Ah	602	Loongson™ 2 Processor Family
25Bh	603	Loongson™ 3 Processor Family
25Ch	604	Loongson™ 2K Processor Family
25Dh	605	Loongson™ 3A Processor Family
25Eh	606	Loongson™ 3B Processor Family
25Fh	607	Loongson™ 3C Processor Family
260h	608	Loongson™ 3D Processor Family
261h	609	Loongson™ 3E Processor Family
262h	610	Dual-Core Loongson™ 2K Processor 2xxx Series

Hex Value	Decimal Value	Meaning
26Ch	620	Quad-Core Loongson™ 3A Processor 5xxx Series
26Dh	621	Multi-Core Loongson™ 3A Processor 5xxx Series
26Eh	622	Quad-Core Loongson™ 3B Processor 5xxx Series
26Fh	623	Multi-Core Loongson™ 3B Processor 5xxx Series
270h	624	Multi-Core Loongson™ 3C Processor 5xxx Series
271h	625	Multi-Core Loongson™ 3D Processor 5xxx Series
300h-3FFh	768-1023	These values are available for assignment, except for the following:
300h	768	Intel® Core™ 3
301h	769	Intel® Core™ 5
302h	770	Intel® Core™ 7
303h	771	Intel® Core™ 9
304h	772	Intel® Core™ Ultra 3
305h	773	Intel® Core™ Ultra 5
306h	774	Intel® Core™ Ultra 7
307h	775	Intel® Core™ Ultra 9
400h-FFFh	1024- 65533	Available for assignment
FFFFh-FFFFh	65534-65535	Reserved

[¹] Note that the meaning associated with this value is different from the meaning defined in CIM_Processor.Family for the same value.

[²] Some version 2.0 specification implementations used Processor Family type value 30h to represent a Pentium® Pro processor.

[³] Version 2.5 of this specification listed this value as “available for assignment.” CIM_Processor.mof files assigned this value to AMD K7 processors in the CIM_Processor.Family property, and an SMBIOS change request assigned it to Intel Core 2 processors. Some implementations of the SMBIOS version 2.5 specification are known to use BEh to indicate Intel Core 2 processors. Some implementations of SMBIOS and some implementations of CIM-based software may also have used BEh to indicate AMD K7 processors.

- 1061 For processor family enumerations from 0 to FDh, Processor Family is identical to Processor Family 2.
- 1062 For processor family enumerations from 100h to FFFDh, Processor Family has a value of FEh and
- 1063 Processor Family 2 has the enumerated value.
- 1064 The following values are reserved:
- 1065 • FFh Not used. FFh is the un-initialized value of Flash memory.
 - 1066 • FFFFh Not used. FFFFh is the un-initialized value of Flash memory.
 - 1067 • FFFEh For special use in the future, such as FEh as the extension indicator.
- 1068 **7.5.3 Processor ID field format**
- 1069 The Processor ID field contains processor-specific information that describes the processor’s features.

1070 **7.5.3.1 x86-class CPUs**

1071 For x86 class CPUs, the field's format depends on the processor's support of the CPUID instruction. If the
1072 instruction is supported, the *Processor ID* field contains two DWORD-formatted values. The first (offsets
1073 08h-0Bh) is the EAX value returned by a CPUID instruction with input EAX set to 1; the second (offsets
1074 0Ch-0Fh) is the EDX value returned by that instruction.

1075 Otherwise, only the first two bytes of the *Processor ID* field are significant (all others are set to 0) and
1076 contain (in WORD-format) the contents of the DX register at CPU reset.

1077 **7.5.3.2 ARM32-class CPUs**

1078 For ARM32-class CPUs, the *Processor ID* field contains two DWORD-formatted values. The first (offsets
1079 08h-0Bh) is the contents of the Main ID Register (MIDR); the second (offsets 0Ch-0Fh) is zero.

1080 **7.5.3.3 ARM64-class CPUs**

1081 For ARM64-class CPUs, the *Processor ID* field contains two DWORD-formatted values. The field's format
1082 depends on the processor's support of the "Arm64 SoC ID" characteristic, listed in Table 27 – Processor
1083 Characteristics.

1084

1085 If "Arm64 SoC ID" is supported, the first WORD (offsets 08h-09h) contains a SiP defined SoC ID. The
1086 next BYTE (offset 0Ah) holds the JEP-106 identification code of the SiP. The next BYTE (offset 0Bh)
1087 contains the JEP-106 bank index of the SiP. The following DWORD (offsets 0Ch-0Fh) contains the SiP
1088 defined SoC revision value.

1089

1090 These definitions of SoC revision, SoC ID and JEP-106 encoding are consistent with the definition of the
1091 SMCCC_ARCH_SOC_ID SMC call from the *Arm SMC Calling Convention Specification v1.2* available at
1092 <https://developer.arm.com/documentation/den0028/latest/>.

1093 If "Arm64 SoC ID" is not supported, the first DWORD (offsets 08h-0Bh) is the contents of the MIDR_EL1
1094 register; the second DWORD (offsets 0Ch-0Fh) is zero.

1095 **7.5.3.4 RISC-V-class CPUs**

1096 For RISC-V class CPUs, the *Processor ID* contains a QWORD Machine Vendor ID CSR (mvendorid) of
1097 RISC-V processor hart 0. More information of RISC-V class CPU feature is described in RISC-V
1098 processor additional information (SMBIOS structure Type 44, 7.45).

1099 **7.5.3.5 LoongArch-class CPUs**

1100 For LoongArch class CPUs, the *Processor ID* field represents the Processor Core ID, which is defined on
1101 the CPUCFG instruction, and the format used is: *cpucfg rd, rj*. The Processor ID contents are a DWORD-
1102 formatted value, which is the *rd* register value returned by CPUCFG instruction when the operand register
1103 *rj* is set to 0. For other values written into *rj*, *rd* will return the features supported by the CPU. For the
1104 value range refer to https://loongson.github.io/LoongArch-Documentation/LoongArch-Vol1-EN.html#_cpucfg.

1106 More details on LoongArch-class CPU features are described in subclause 7.45, *Processor Additional
1107 Information (Type 44)*.

1108

7.5.4 Processor Information — Voltage

NOTE This field is deprecated from version 3.8.0. Any implementation of this field conforming to version 3.7.0 or prior, may continue to exist without any impact. A Value of 0 indicates the *Voltage* field is unused.

Two forms of information can be specified by the SMBIOS in this field, dependent on the value present in bit 7 (the most-significant bit). If bit 7 is 0 (legacy mode), the remaining bits of the field represent the specific voltages that the processor socket can accept, as Table 24 shows.

Table 24 – Processor Information: Voltage field

Byte Bit Range	Meaning
Bit 7	Set to 0, indicating 'legacy' mode for processor voltage
Bits 6:4	Reserved, must be zero
Bits 3:0	Voltage Capability A set bit indicates that the voltage is supported. Bit 0 – 5V Bit 1 – 3.3V Bit 2 – 2.9V Bit 3 – Reserved, must be zero. <small>NOTE: Setting of multiple bits indicates the socket is configurable.</small>

If bit 7 is set to 1, the remaining seven bits of the field are set to contain the processor's current voltage times 10.

EXAMPLE: The field value for a processor voltage of 1.8 volts would be:

$$92h = 80h + (1.8 * 10) = 80h + 18 = 80h + 12h$$

7.5.5 Processor Information — Processor Upgrade

Table 25 describes the byte values for the Processor Information — Processor Upgrade field.

NOTE See 6.3 for the CIM properties associated with this enumerated value.

Table 25 – Processor Information: Processor Upgrade field

Byte Value	Meaning
01h	Other
02h	Unknown
03h	Daughter Board
04h	ZIF Socket
05h	Replaceable Piggy Back
06h	None
07h	LIF Socket
08h	Slot 1
09h	Slot 2
0Ah	370-pin socket
0Bh	Slot A

Byte Value	Meaning
0Ch	Slot M
0Dh	Socket 423
0Eh	Socket A (Socket 462)
0Fh	Socket 478
10h	Socket 754
11h	Socket 940
12h	Socket 939
13h	Socket mPGA604
14h	Socket LGA771
15h	Socket LGA775
16h	Socket S1
17h	Socket AM2
18h	Socket F (1207)
19h	Socket LGA1366
1Ah	Socket G34
1Bh	Socket AM3
1Ch	Socket C32
1Dh	Socket LGA1156
1Eh	Socket LGA1567
1Fh	Socket PGA988A
20h	Socket BGA1288
21h	Socket rPGA988B
22h	Socket BGA1023
23h	Socket BGA1224
24h	Socket LGA1155
25h	Socket LGA1356
26h	Socket LGA2011
27h	Socket FS1
28h	Socket FS2
29h	Socket FM1
2Ah	Socket FM2
2Bh	Socket LGA2011-3
2Ch	Socket LGA1356-3
2Dh	Socket LGA1150
2Eh	Socket BGA1168
2Fh	Socket BGA1234

Byte Value	Meaning
30h	Socket BGA1364
31h	Socket AM4
32h	Socket LGA1151
33h	Socket BGA1356
34h	Socket BGA1440
35h	Socket BGA1515
36h	Socket LGA3647-1
37h	Socket SP3
38h	Socket SP3r2
39h	Socket LGA2066
3Ah	Socket BGA1392
3Bh	Socket BGA1510
3Ch	Socket BGA1528
3Dh	Socket LGA4189
3Eh	Socket LGA1200
3Fh	Socket LGA4677
40h	Socket LGA1700
41h	Socket BGA1744
42h	Socket BGA1781
43h	Socket BGA1211
44h	Socket BGA2422
45h	Socket LGA1211
46h	Socket LGA2422
47h	Socket LGA5773
48h	Socket BGA5773
49h	Socket AM5
4Ah	Socket SP5
4Bh	Socket SP6
4Ch	Socket BGA883
4Dh	Socket BGA1190
4Eh	Socket BGA4129
4Fh	Socket LGA4710
50h	Socket LGA7529
51h	Socket BGA1964
52h	Socket BGA1792
53h	Socket BGA2049

Byte Value	Meaning
54h	Socket BGA2551
55h	Socket LGA1851
56h	Socket BGA2114
57h	Socket BGA2833
FFh	Use this when no other valid enumeration is available. NOTE: When this enumeration is used, <i>Socket Type</i> at offset 32h must be non-null.

1124 7.5.6 Processor Information — Core Count

1125 *Core Count* is the number of cores detected by the platform firmware for this processor socket. It does not
 1126 necessarily indicate the full capability of the processor. For example, platform hardware may have the
 1127 capability to limit the number of cores reported by the processor without firmware intervention or
 1128 knowledge. For a dual-core processor installed in a platform where the hardware is set to limit it to one
 1129 core, the firmware reports a value of 1 in *Core Count*. For a dual-core processor with multi-core support
 1130 disabled by firmware, the firmware reports a value of 2 in *Core Count*.

1131 The *Core Count 2* field supports core counts > 255. For core counts of 256 or greater, the *Core Count*
 1132 field is set to FFh and the *Core Count 2* field is set to the number of cores. For core counts of 255 or
 1133 fewer, if *Core Count 2* is present it shall be set the same value as *Core Count*. Table 26 presents
 1134 examples of the use and interpretation of the *Core Count* and *Core Count 2* fields.

1135 **Table 26 – Examples of Core Count and Core Count 2 use**

Core Count Field	Core Count 2 Field	Core Count
00h	Absent	Unknown
20h	Absent	32
FFh	Absent	255
00h	0000h	Unknown
20h	0020h	32
FFh	00FFh	255
FFh	0100h	256
FFh	0200h	512
FFh	FFFFh	Reserved

1136 7.5.7 Processor Information — Core Enabled

1137 *Core Enabled* is the number of cores that the platform firmware enabled and are available for operating
 1138 system use. For example, if the firmware detects a dual-core processor:

- 1139 • And it leaves both cores enabled, it reports a value of 2.
 1140 • And it disables multi-core support, it reports a value of 1.

1141 The *Core Enabled 2* field supports core enabled counts > 255. For core enabled counts of 256 or greater,
 1142 the *Core Enabled* field is set to FFh and the *Core Enabled 2* field is set to the number of enabled cores.
 1143 For core enabled counts of 255 or fewer, if *Core Enabled 2* is present it shall be set to the same value as

1144 Core Enabled. This follows the approach used for the Core Count and Core Count 2 fields. See Table 26
 1145 for examples.

1146 **7.5.8 Processor Information — Thread Count**

1147 *Thread Count* is the total number of threads detected by the platform firmware for this processor socket. It
 1148 is a processor-wide count, not a thread-per-core count. It does not necessarily indicate the full capability
 1149 of the processor. For example, platform hardware may have the capability to limit the number of threads
 1150 reported by the processor without firmware intervention or knowledge. For a dual-thread processor
 1151 installed in a platform where the hardware is set to limit it to one thread, the firmware reports a value of 1
 1152 in *Thread Count*. For a dual-thread processor with multi-threading disabled by firmware, the firmware
 1153 reports a value of 2 in *Thread Count*. For a dual-core, dual-thread-per-core processor, the firmware
 1154 reports a value of 4 in *Thread Count*.

1155 The *Thread Count 2* field supports thread counts > 255. For thread counts of 256 or greater, the *Thread*
 1156 *Count* field is set to FFh and the *Thread Count 2* field is set to the number of threads. For thread counts
 1157 of 255 or fewer, if *Thread Count 2* is present it shall be set to the same value as *Thread Count*. This
 1158 follows the approach used for the Core Count and Core Count 2 fields. See Table 26 for examples.

1159 **7.5.9 Processor Characteristics**

1160 Table 27 describes the Processor Characteristics field.

1161 *64-bit Capable* indicates the maximum data width capability of the processor. For example, this bit is set
 1162 for Intel Itanium, AMD Opteron, and Intel Xeon (with EM64T) processors; this bit is cleared for Intel Xeon
 1163 processors that do not have EM64T. This bit indicates the maximum capability of the processor and does
 1164 not indicate the current enabled state.

1165 *Multi-Core* indicates the processor has more than one core. This bit does not indicate the number of
 1166 cores (*Core Count*) enabled by hardware or the number of cores (*Core Enabled*) enabled by firmware.

1167 *Hardware Thread* indicates that the processor supports multiple hardware threads per core. This bit does
 1168 not indicate the state or number of threads.

1169 *Execute Protection* indicates that the processor supports marking specific memory regions as non-
 1170 executable. For example, this is the NX (No eXecute) feature of AMD processors and the XD (eXecute
 1171 Disable) feature of Intel processors. This bit does not indicate the present state of this feature.

1172 *Enhanced Virtualization* indicates that the processor can execute enhanced virtualization instructions.
 1173 This bit does not indicate the present state of this feature.

1174 *Power/Performance Control* indicates that the processor is capable of load-based power savings. This bit
 1175 does not indicate the present state of this feature.

1176 *Arm64 SoC ID* indicates that the processor supports returning a SoC ID value using the
 1177 SMCCC_ARCH_SOC_ID architectural call, as defined in the *Arm SMC Calling Convention Specification*
 1178 v1.2 at <https://developer.arm.com/architectures/system-architectures/software-standards/smccc>.

1179 NOTE See 6.3 for the CIM properties associated with this enumerated value.

1180 **Table 27 – Processor Characteristics**

WORD Bit Position	Meaning if Set
Bit 0	Reserved
Bit 1	Unknown
Bit 2	64-bit Capable

WORD Bit Position	Meaning if Set
Bit 3	Multi-Core
Bit 4	Hardware Thread
Bit 5	Execute Protection
Bit 6	Enhanced Virtualization
Bit 7	Power/Performance Control
Bit 8	128-bit Capable
Bit 9	Arm64 SoC ID
Bits 10:15	Reserved

7.5.10 Processor Information — Thread Enabled

Thread Enabled is the number of threads that the firmware has enabled and are available for operating system use. For example, if the firmware detects a dual-core processor with two threads supported in each core:

- And it leaves both threads enabled, it reports a value of 4.
- And it disables multi-threading support, it reports a value of 2.

7.5.11 Processor Information — Processor Version

The Processor Version field contains processor-specific version information.

7.5.11.1 ARM64-class CPUs

For ARM64-class CPUs, this field contains the SiP defined SoC name represented as a null-terminated sequence of UTF-8 characters. This may be populated through SMCCC_ARCH_SOC_ID SMC call with "SoC_ID_type" of value 2, as described in the Arm SMC Calling Convention Specification v1.6 available at <https://developer.arm.com/documentation/den0028/latest/>

7.6 Memory Controller Information (Type 5, Obsolete)

The information in this structure defines the attributes of the system's memory controller(s) and the supported attributes of any memory-modules present in the sockets controlled by this controller. See Table 28 for the details of this structure.

NOTE This structure, and its companion, Memory Module Information (Type 6, Obsolete), are **obsolete** starting with version 2.1 of this specification; the Physical Memory Array (Type 16) and Memory Device (Type 17) structures should be used instead. BIOS providers might choose to implement both memory description types to allow existing DMI browsers to properly display the system's memory attributes.

Table 28 – Memory Controller Information (Type 5, Obsolete) structure

Offset	Spec. Version	Name	Length	Value	Description
00h	2.0+	Type	BYTE	5	Memory Controller indicator
01h	2.0+	Length	BYTE	Varies	Computed by the BIOS as either 15 + (2 * x) for version 2.0 implementations or 16 + (2 * x) for version 2.1 and later implementations, where x is the value present in offset 0Eh.
02h	2.0+	Handle	WORD	Varies	

Offset	Spec. Version	Name	Length	Value	Description
04h	2.0+	Error Detecting Method	BYTE	ENUM	See 7.6.1.
05h	2.0+	Error Correcting Capability	BYTE	Bit Field	See 7.6.2.
06h	2.0+	Supported Interleave	BYTE	ENUM	See 7.6.3.
07h	2.0+	Current Interleave	BYTE	ENUM	See 7.6.3.
08h	2.0+	Maximum Memory Module Size	BYTE	Varies (n)	Size of the largest memory module supported (per slot), specified as n, where 2^{**n} is the maximum size in MiB The maximum amount of memory supported by this controller is that value times the number of slots, as specified in offset 0Eh of this structure.
09h	2.0+	Supported Speeds	WORD	Bit Field	See 7.6.4 for bit-wise descriptions.
0Bh	2.0+	Supported Memory Types	WORD	Bit Field	See 7.7.1 for bit-wise descriptions.
0Dh	2.0+	Memory Module Voltage	BYTE	Bit Field	Describes the required voltages for each of the memory module sockets controlled by this controller: Bits 7:3 Reserved, must be zero Bit 2 2.9V Bit 1 3.3V Bit 0 5V NOTE: Setting of multiple bits indicates that the sockets are configurable.
0Eh	2.0+	Number of Associated Memory Slots (x)	BYTE	Varies	Defines how many of the Memory Module Information blocks are controlled by this controller
0Fh to 0Fh + (2*x) - 1	2.0+	Memory Module Configuration Handles	x WORDs	Varies	Lists memory information structure handles controlled by this controller Value in offset 0Eh (x) defines the count.
0Fh + (2*x)	2.1+	Enabled Error Correcting Capabilities	BYTE	Bit Field	Identifies the error-correcting capabilities that were enabled when the structure was built See 7.6.2 for bit-wise definitions.

1203 **7.6.1 Memory Controller Error Detecting Method**

1204 Table 29 shows the byte values for the Memory Controller Error Detecting Method field.

1205

Table 29 – Memory Controller Error Detecting Method field

Byte Value	Meaning
01h	Other
02h	Unknown
03h	None
04h	8-bit Parity
05h	32-bit ECC
06h	64-bit ECC
07h	128-bit ECC
08h	CRC

7.6.2 Memory Controller Error Correcting Capability

1207 Table 30 shows the values for the Memory Controller Error Correcting Capability field.

Table 30 – Memory Controller Error Correcting Capability field

Byte Bit Position	Meaning
Bit 0	Other
Bit 1	Unknown
Bit 2	None
Bit 3	Single-Bit Error Correcting
Bit 4	Double-Bit Error Correcting
Bit 5	Error Scrubbing

7.6.3 Memory Controller Information — Interleave Support

1210 Table 31 shows the byte values for the Memory Controller Information — Interleave Support field.

Table 31 – Memory Controller Information: Interleave Support field

Byte Value	Meaning
01h	Other
02h	Unknown
03h	One-Way Interleave
04h	Two-Way Interleave
05h	Four-Way Interleave
06h	Eight-Way Interleave
07h	Sixteen-Way Interleave

7.6.4 Memory Controller Information — Memory Speeds

1213 The bit-field that Table 32 shows describes the speed of the memory modules supported by the system.

Table 32 – Memory Controller Information: Memory Speeds Bit field

Word Bit Position	Meaning
Bit 0	Other

Bit 1	Unknown
Bit 2	70ns
Bit 3	60ns
Bit 4	50ns
Bits 5:15	Reserved, must be zero

1215 7.7 Memory Module Information (Type 6, Obsolete)

1216 One *Memory Module Information* structure is included for each memory-module socket in the system. As
 1217 Table 33 shows, the structure describes the speed, type, size, and error status of each system memory
 1218 module. The supported attributes of each module are described by the “owning” *Memory Controller*
 1219 *Information* structure.

1220 NOTE This structure and its companion Memory Controller Information (Type 5) are **obsolete** starting with version
 1221 2.1 of this specification; the Physical Memory Array (Type 16) and Memory Device (Type 17) structures should be
 1222 used instead. BIOS providers might choose to implement both memory description types to allow existing DMI
 1223 browsers to properly display the system’s memory attributes.

1224 **Table 33 – Memory Module Information (Type 6, Obsolete) structure**

Offset	Name	Length	Value	Description
00h	Type	BYTE	6	Memory Module Configuration indicator
01h	Length	BYTE	0Ch	
02h	Handle	WORD	Varies	
04h	Socket Designation	BYTE	STRING	String number for reference designation EXAMPLE: ‘J202’,0
05h	Bank Connections	BYTE	Varies	Each nibble indicates a bank (RAS#) connection; Fh means no connection. EXAMPLE: If banks 1 & 3 (RAS# 1 & 3) were connected to a SIMM socket the byte for that socket would be 13h. If only bank 2 (RAS 2) were connected, the byte for that socket would be 2Fh.
06h	Current Speed	BYTE	Varies	Speed of the memory module, in ns (for example, 70d for a 70ns module) If the speed is unknown, the field is set to 0.
07h	Current Memory Type	WORD	Bit Field	See 7.7.1.
09h	Installed Size	BYTE	Varies	See 7.7.2.
0Ah	Enabled Size	BYTE	Varies	See 7.7.2.
0Bh	Error Status	BYTE	Varies	Bits 7:3 Reserved, set to 0s Bit 2 If set, the Error Status information should be obtained from the event log; bits 1and 0 are reserved. Bit 1 Correctable errors received for the module, if set. This bit is reset only during a system reset. Bit 0 Uncorrectable errors received for the module, if set. All or a portion of the module has been disabled. This bit is only reset on power-on.

7.7.1 Memory Module Information — Memory Types

Table 34 shows the bit-field that describes the physical characteristics of the memory modules that are supported by (and currently installed in) the system.

Table 34 – Memory Module Information: Memory Types

Word Bit Position	Meaning
Bit 0	Other
Bit 1	Unknown
Bit 2	Standard
Bit 3	Fast Page Mode
Bit 4	EDO
Bit 5	Parity
Bit 6	ECC
Bit 7	SIMM
Bit 8	DIMM
Bit 9	Burst EDO
Bit 10	SDRAM
Bits 11:15	Reserved, must be zero

7.7.2 Memory Module Information — Memory Size

The Size fields of the Memory Module Configuration Information structure define the amount of memory currently installed (and enabled) in a memory-module connector. Table 35 shows the meaning of the bytes and bits in the Memory Size field.

The *Installed Size* fields identify the size of the memory module that is installed in the socket, as determined by reading and correlating the module's presence-detect information. If the system does not support presence-detect mechanisms, the *Installed Size* field is set to 7Dh to indicate that the installed size is not determinable. The *Enabled Size* field identifies the amount of memory currently enabled for the system's use from the module. If a module is known to be installed in a connector, but all memory in the module has been disabled due to error, the *Enabled Size* field is set to 7Eh.

Table 35 – Memory Module Information: Memory Size field

Byte Bit Range	Meaning
Bits 0:6	Indicates size (n), where 2^{**n} is the size in MiB, with the following special-case values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 7Dh Not determinable (Installed Size only) • 7Eh Module is installed, but no memory has been enabled • 7Fh Not installed
Bit 7	Defines whether the memory module has a single- (0) or double-bank (1) connection

1240 7.7.3 Memory subsystem example

1241 A system utilizes a memory controller that supports up to four 32 MiB 5 V 70 ns parity SIMMs. The
1242 memory module sockets are used in pairs A1/A2 and B1/B2 to provide a 64-bit data path to the CPU. No
1243 mechanism is provided by the system to read the SIMM IDs. RAS-0 and -1 are connected to the front-
1244 and back-size banks of the SIMMs in the A1/A2 sockets and RAS-2 and -3 are similarly connected to the
1245 B1/B2 sockets. The current installation is an 8 MiB SIMM in sockets A1 and A2, 16 MiB total.

```
db 5          ; Memory Controller Information
db 23         ; Length = 15 + 2*4
dw 14         ; Memory Controller Handle
db 4          ; 8-bit parity error detection
db 00000100b ; No error correction provided
db 03h        ; 1-way interleave supported
db 03h        ; 1-way interleave currently used
db 5          ; Maximum memory-module size supported is 32 MiB (2**5)
dw 00000100b ; Only 70ns SIMMs supported
dw 00A4h      ; Standard, parity SIMMs supported
db 00000001b ; 5V provided to each socket
db 4          ; 4 memory-module sockets supported
dw 15         ; 1st Memory Module Handle
dw 16
dw 17
dw 18         ; 4th ...
dw 0000h      ; End-of-structure termination

db 6          ; Memory Module Information
db 0Ch
dw 15         ; Handle
db 1          ; Reference Designation string #1
db 01h        ; Socket connected to RAS-0 and RAS-1
db 00000010b ; Current speed is Unknown, since can't read SIMM IDs
db 00000100b ; Upgrade speed is 70ns, since that's all that's
               ; supported
dw 00A4h      ; Current SIMM must be standard parity
db 7Dh        ; Installed size indeterminable (no SIMM IDs)
db 83h        ; Enabled size is double-bank 8MB (2**3)
db 0          ; No errors
db "A1",0     ; String#1: Reference Designator
db 0          ; End-of-strings
```

```

db 6      ; Memory Module Information
db 0Ch
dw 16     ; Handle
db 1      ; Reference Designation string #1
db 01h    ; Socket connected to RAS-0 and RAS-1
db 0      ; Current speed is Unknown, since can't read SIMM IDs
dw 00A4h  ; Current SIMM must be standard parity
db 7Dh    ; Installed size indeterminable (no SIMM IDs)
db 83h    ; Enabled size is double-bank 8MB (2**3)
db 0      ; No errors
db "A2",0  ; String#1: Reference Designator
db 0      ; End-of-strings

```

```

db 6      ; Memory Module Information
db 0Ch
dw 17     ; Handle
db 1      ; Reference Designation string #1
db 23h    ; Socket connected to RAS-2 and RAS-3
db 0      ; Current speed is Unknown, since can't read SIMM IDs
dw 0001h  ; Nothing appears to be installed (Other)
db 7Dh    ; Installed size indeterminable (no SIMM IDs)
db 7Fh    ; Enabled size is 0 (nothing installed)
db 0      ; No errors
db "B1",0  ; String#1: Reference Designator
db 0      ; End-of-strings

```

```

db 6      ; Memory Module Information
db 0Ch
dw 18     ; Handle
db 1      ; Reference Designation string #1
db 23h    ; Socket connected to RAS-2 and RAS-3
db 0      ; Current speed is Unknown, since can't read SIMM IDs
dw 0001h  ; Nothing appears to be installed (Other)
db 7Dh    ; Installed size indeterminable (no SIMM IDs)
db 7Fh    ; Enabled size is 0 (nothing installed)
db 0      ; No errors
db "B2",0  ; String#1: Reference Designator
db 0      ; End-of-strings

```

1246 7.8 Cache Information (Type 7)

1247 As Table 36 shows, the information in this structure defines the attributes of CPU cache device in the
 1248 system. One structure is specified for each such device, whether the device is internal to or external to
 1249 the CPU module. Cache modules can be associated with a processor structure in one or two ways
 1250 depending on the SMBIOS version; see 7.5 and 7.15 for more information.

Table 36 – Cache Information (Type 7) structure

Offset	Spec. Version	Name	Length	Value	Description
00h	2.0+	Type	BYTE	7	Cache Information indicator
01h	2.0+	Length	BYTE	Varies	Value is 0Fh for version 2.0 implementations, 13h for version 2.1, or 1Bh for version 3.1.
02h	2.0+	Handle	WORD	Varies	
04h	2.0+	Socket Designation	BYTE	STRING	String number for reference designation EXAMPLE: "CACHE1", 0
05h	2.0+	Cache Configuration	WORD	Varies	<p>Bits 15:10 Reserved, must be zero</p> <p>Bits 9:8 Operational Mode</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 00b – Write Through 01b – Write Back 10b – Varies with Memory Address 11b – Unknown <p>Bit 7 Enabled/Disabled (at boot time)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1b – Enabled 0b – Disabled <p>Bits 6:5 Location, relative to the CPU module:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 00b – Internal 01b – External 10b – Reserved 11b – Unknown <p>Bit 4 Reserved, must be zero</p> <p>Bit 3 Cache Socketed (e.g., Cache on a Stick)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1b – Socketed 0b – Not Socketed <p>Bits 2:0 Cache Level – 1 through 8 (For example, an L1 cache would use value 000b and an L3 cache would use 010b.)</p>
07h	2.0+	Maximum Cache Size	WORD	Varies	<p>Maximum size that can be installed</p> <p>Bit 15 Granularity</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 – 1K granularity 1 – 64K granularity <p>Bits 14:0 Max size in given granularity</p> <p>See 7.8.1.</p>
09h	2.0+	Installed Size	WORD	Varies	Same format as Max Cache Size field; set to 0 if no cache is installed See 7.8.1.
0Bh	2.0+	Supported SRAM Type	WORD	Bit Field	See 7.8.2.
0Dh	2.0+	Current SRAM Type	WORD	Bit Field	See 7.8.2.

Offset	Spec. Version	Name	Length	Value	Description
0Fh	2.1+	Cache Speed	BYTE	Varies	Cache module speed, in nanoseconds The value is 0 if the speed is unknown.
10h	2.1+	Error Correction Type	BYTE	ENUM	Error-correction scheme supported by this cache component; see 7.8.3
11h	2.1+	System Cache Type	BYTE	ENUM	Logical type of cache; see 7.8.4
12h	2.1+	Associativity	BYTE	ENUM	Associativity of the cache; see 7.8.5
13h	3.1+	Maximum Cache Size 2	DWORD	Bit Field	If this field is present, for cache sizes of 2047 MiB or smaller the value in the <i>Max size in given granularity</i> portion of the field equals the size given in the corresponding portion of the <i>Maximum Cache Size</i> field, and the <i>Granularity</i> bit matches the value of the <i>Granularity</i> bit in the <i>Maximum Cache Size</i> field. For Cache sizes greater than 2047 MiB, the <i>Maximum Cache Size</i> field is set to FFFFh and the <i>Maximum Cache Size 2</i> field is present, the <i>Granularity</i> bit is set to 1b, and the size set as required; see 7.8.1. Bit 31 Granularity 0 – 1K granularity 1 – 64K granularity (always 1b for cache sizes >2047 MiB) Bits 30:0 Max size in given granularity
17h	3.1+	Installed Cache Size 2	DWORD	Bit Field	Same format as <i>Maximum Cache Size 2</i> field; Absent or set to 0 if no cache is installed. See 7.8.1.

1252 7.8.1 Cache Information — Maximum Cache Size and Installed Size

1253 For multi-core processors, the cache size for the different levels of the cache (L1, L2, L3) is the total
 1254 amount of cache per level per processor socket. The cache size is independent of the core count. For
 1255 example, the cache size is 2 MiB for both a dual core processor with a 2 MiB L3 cache shared between
 1256 the cores and a dual core processor with 1 MiB L3 cache (non-shared) per core.

1257 See the descriptions of the *Maximum Cache Size 2* and *Installed Cache 2* fields for information on
 1258 representing cache sizes >2047MB.

1259 7.8.2 Cache Information — SRAM Type

1260 Table 37 shows the values for the Cache Information — SRAM Type field.

1261 **Table 37 – Cache Information: SRAM Type field**

Word Bit Position	Meaning
Bit 0	Other
Bit 1	Unknown
Bit 2	Non-Burst
Bit 3	Burst

Bit 4	Pipeline Burst
Bit 5	Synchronous
Bit 6	Asynchronous
Bits 7:15	Reserved, must be zero

1262 7.8.3 Cache Information — Error Correction Type

1263 Table 38 shows the values for the Cache Information — Error Correction Type field.

1264 **Table 38 – Cache Information: Error Correction Type field**

Byte Value	Meaning
01h	Other
02h	Unknown
03h	None
04h	Parity
05h	Single-bit ECC
06h	Multi-bit ECC

1265 7.8.4 Cache Information — System Cache Type

1266 Table 39 shows the values for the Cache Information — System Cache Type field.

1267 The cache type for a cache level (L1, L2, L3, ...) is type 03h (Instruction) when all the caches at that level
 1268 are Instruction caches. The cache type for a specific cache level (L1, L2, L3, ...) is type 04h (Data) when
 1269 all the caches at that level are Data caches. The cache type for a cache level (L1, L2, L3, ...) is type 05h
 1270 (Unified) when the caches at that level are a mix of Instruction and Data caches.

1271 NOTE See 6.3 for the CIM properties associated with this enumerated value.

1272 **Table 39 – Cache Information: System Cache Type Field**

Byte Value	Meaning
01h	Other
02h	Unknown
03h	Instruction
04h	Data
05h	Unified

1273 7.8.5 Cache Information — Associativity

1274 Table 40 shows the values for the Cache Information — Associativity field.

1275 NOTE See 6.3 for the CIM properties associated with this enumerated value.

1276

Table 40 – Cache Information: Associativity field

Byte Value	Meaning
01h	Other
02h	Unknown
03h	Direct Mapped
04h	2-way Set-Associative
05h	4-way Set-Associative
06h	Fully Associative
07h	8-way Set-Associative
08h	16-way Set-Associative
09h	12-way Set-Associative
0Ah	24-way Set-Associative
0Bh	32-way Set-Associative
0Ch	48-way Set-Associative
0Dh	64-way Set-Associative
0Eh	20-way Set-Associative

1277 7.9 Port Connector Information (Type 8)

1278 As Table 41 shows, the information in this structure defines the attributes of a system port connector (for
 1279 example, parallel, serial, keyboard, or mouse ports). The port's type and connector information are
 1280 provided. One structure is present for each port provided by the system.

1281

Table 41 – Port Connector Information (Type 8) structure

Offset	Name	Length	Value	Description
00h	Type	BYTE	8	Connector Information indicator
01h	Length	BYTE	9h	
02h	Handle	WORD	Varies	
04h	Internal Reference Designator	BYTE	STRING	String number for Internal Reference Designator, that is, internal to the system enclosure EXAMPLE: 'J101', 0
05h	Internal Connector Type	BYTE	ENUM	Internal Connector type See 7.9.2.
06h	External Reference Designator	BYTE	STRING	String number for the External Reference Designation external to the system enclosure EXAMPLE: 'COM A', 0
07h	External Connector Type	BYTE	ENUM	External Connector type See 7.9.2.
08h	Port Type	BYTE	ENUM	Describes the function of the port See 7.9.3.

1282 7.9.1 Port Information example

1283 The following structure shows an example where a DB-9 Pin Male connector on the System Back panel
 1284 (COM A) is connected to the System Board through a 9-Pin Dual Inline connector (J101).

```

 1285 db 8      ; Indicates Connector Type
 1286 db 9h     ; Length
 1287 dw ?      ; Reserved for handle
 1288 db 01h    ; String 1 - Internal Reference Designation
 1289 db 18h    ; 9 Pin Dual Inline
 1290 db 02h    ; String 2 - External Reference Designation
 1291 db 08h    ; DB-9 Pin Male
 1292 db 09h    ; 16550A Compatible
 1293 db 'J101',0 ; Internal reference
 1294 db 'COM A',0 ; External reference
 1295 db 0
  
```

1296 If an External Connector is not used (as in the case of a CD-ROM Sound connector), the *External*
 1297 *Reference Designator* and the *External Connector Type* should be set to zero. If an Internal Connector is
 1298 not used (as in the case of a soldered-on Parallel Port connector that extends outside of the chassis), the
 1299 *Internal Reference Designation* and *Connector Type* should be set to zero.

1300 7.9.2 Port Information — Connector Types

1301 Table 42 shows the values of the bytes in the Port Information — Connector Types field.

1302 **Table 42 – Port Information: Connector Types Field**

Byte Value	Meaning
00h	None
01h	Centronics
02h	Mini Centronics
03h	Proprietary
04h	DB-25 pin male
05h	DB-25 pin female
06h	DB-15 pin male
07h	DB-15 pin female
08h	DB-9 pin male
09h	DB-9 pin female
0Ah	RJ-11
0Bh	RJ-45
0Ch	50-pin MiniSCSI
0Dh	Mini-DIN
0Eh	Micro-DIN
0Fh	PS/2
10h	Infrared
11h	HP-HIL
12h	Access Bus (USB)
13h	SSA SCSI

Byte Value	Meaning
14h	Circular DIN-8 male
15h	Circular DIN-8 female
16h	On Board IDE
17h	On Board Floppy
18h	9-pin Dual Inline (pin 10 cut)
19h	25-pin Dual Inline (pin 26 cut)
1Ah	50-pin Dual Inline
1Bh	68-pin Dual Inline
1Ch	On Board Sound Input from CD-ROM
1Dh	Mini-Centronics Type-14
1Eh	Mini-Centronics Type-26
1Fh	Mini-jack (headphones)
20h	BNC
21h	1394
22h	SAS/SATA Plug Receptacle
23h	USB Type-C Receptacle
A0h	PC-98
A1h	PC-98Hireso
A2h	PC-H98
A3h	PC-98Note
A4h	PC-98Full
FFh	Other – Use Reference Designator Strings to supply information.

1303 7.9.3 Port Types

1304 Table 43 shows the values for the Port Types field.

1305

Table 43 – Port Types field

Byte Value	Meaning
00h	None
01h	Parallel Port XT/AT Compatible
02h	Parallel Port PS/2
03h	Parallel Port ECP
04h	Parallel Port EPP
05h	Parallel Port ECP/EPP
06h	Serial Port XT/AT Compatible
07h	Serial Port 16450 Compatible
08h	Serial Port 16550 Compatible
09h	Serial Port 16550A Compatible
0Ah	SCSI Port
0Bh	MIDI Port
0Ch	Joy Stick Port
0Dh	Keyboard Port

Byte Value	Meaning
0Eh	Mouse Port
0Fh	SSA SCSI
10h	USB
11h	FireWire (IEEE P1394)
12h	PCMCIA Type I ²
13h	PCMCIA Type II
14h	PCMCIA Type III
15h	Card bus
16h	Access Bus Port
17h	SCSI II
18h	SCSI Wide
19h	PC-98
1Ah	PC-98-Hireso
1Bh	PC-H98
1Ch	Video Port
1Dh	Audio Port
1Eh	Modem Port
1Fh	Network Port
20h	SATA
21h	SAS
22h	MFDP (Multi-Function Display Port)
23h	Thunderbolt
A0h	8251 Compatible
A1h	8251 FIFO Compatible
0FFh	Other

1306 **7.10 System Slots (Type 9)**

1307 As Table 44 shows, the information in this structure defines the attributes of a system slot. One structure
 1308 is provided for each slot in the system.

1309 **Table 44 – System Slots (Type 9) structure**

Offset	Spec. Version	Name	Length	Value	Description
00h	2.0+	Type	BYTE	9	System Slot Structure indicator
01h	2.0+	Length	BYTE	Varies	0Ch for version 2.0 implementations 0Dh for versions 2.1 to 2.5 11h for versions 2.6 to 3.1.1 Minimum of 11h for version 3.2 and later.

² Prior to version 2.7.1, this specification incorrectly described this value as “PCMCIA Type II”.

Offset	Spec. Version	Name	Length	Value	Description
02h	2.0+	Handle	WORD	Varies	
04h	2.0+	Slot Designation	BYTE	STRING	String number for reference designation EXAMPLE: 'PCI-1',0
05h	2.0+	Slot Type	BYTE	ENUM	See 7.10.1.
06h	2.0+	Slot Data Bus Width	BYTE	ENUM	See 7.10.2.
07h	2.0+	Current Usage	BYTE	ENUM	See 7.10.3.
08h	2.0+	Slot Length	BYTE	ENUM	See 7.10.4.
09h	2.0+	Slot ID	WORD	Varies	See 7.10.5.
0Bh	2.0+	Slot Characteristics 1	BYTE	Bit Field	See 7.10.6.
0Ch	2.1+	Slot Characteristics 2	BYTE	Bit Field	See 7.10.7.
0Dh	2.6+	Segment Group Number (Base)	WORD	Varies	See 7.10.8.
0Fh	2.6+	Bus Number (Base)	BYTE	Varies	See 7.10.9.
10h	2.6+	Device/Function Number (Base)	BYTE	Bit field	Bits 7:3 – device number Bits 2:0 – function number See 7.10.8.
11h	3.2	Data Bus Width (Base)	BYTE	Varies	Indicate electrical bus width of base Segment/Bus/Device/Function/Width
12h	3.2	Peer (S/B/D/F/Width) grouping count (n)	BYTE	Varies	Number of peer Segment/Bus/Device/Function/Width groups that follow. Zero if no peer groups.
13h	3.2	Peer (S/B/D/F/Width) groups	5*n BYTES	Varies	Peer Segment/Bus/Device/Function/Width present in the slot; see 7.10.9. This field is absent (not empty) if there are no peer groups (n=0).
13h + 5*n	3.4	Slot Information	BYTE	Varies	See 7.10.10.
14h + 5*n	3.4	Slot Physical Width	BYTE	Varies	See 7.10.11.
15h + 5*n	3.4	Slot Pitch	WORD	Varies	See 7.10.12.
17h + 5*n	3.5	Slot Height	BYTE	Varies	See 7.10.13

1310 7.10.1 System Slots — Slot Type

1311 Table 45 shows the values of the System Slots — Slot Type field.

Table 45 – System Slots: Slot Type field

Byte Value	Meaning
01h	Other
02h	Unknown
03h	ISA
04h	MCA
05h	EISA
06h	PCI
07h	PC Card (PCMCIA)
08h	VL-VESA
09h	Proprietary
0Ah	Processor Card Slot
0Bh	Proprietary Memory Card Slot
0Ch	I/O Riser Card Slot
0Dh	NuBus
0Eh	PCI – 66MHz Capable
0Fh	AGP
10h	AGP 2X
11h	AGP 4X
12h	PCI-X
13h	AGP 8X
14h	M.2 Socket 1-DP (Mechanical Key A)
15h	M.2 Socket 1-SD (Mechanical Key E)
16h	M.2 Socket 2 (Mechanical Key B)
17h	M.2 Socket 3 (Mechanical Key M)
18h	MXM Type I
19h	MXM Type II
1Ah	MXM Type III (standard connector)
1Bh	MXM Type III (HE connector)
1Ch	MXM Type IV
1Dh	MXM 3.0 Type A
1Eh	MXM 3.0 Type B
1Fh	PCI Express Gen 2 SFF-8639 (U.2)
20h	PCI Express Gen 3 SFF-8639 (U.2)
21h	PCI Express Mini 52-pin (CEM spec. 2.0) with bottom-side keep-outs. Use <i>Slot Length</i> field value 03h (short length) for "half-Mini card"-only support, 04h (long length) for "full-Mini card" or dual support.
22h	PCI Express Mini 52-pin (CEM spec. 2.0) without bottom-side keep-outs. Use <i>Slot Length</i> field value 03h (short length) for "half-Mini card"-only support, 04h (long length) for "full-Mini card" or dual support.
23h	PCI Express Mini 76-pin (CEM spec. 2.0) Corresponds to Display-Mini card.
24h	PCI Express Gen 4 SFF-8639 (U.2)

Byte Value	Meaning
25h	PCI Express Gen 5 SFF-8639 (U.2)
26h	OCP NIC 3.0 Small Form Factor (SFF)
27h	OCP NIC 3.0 Large Form Factor (LFF)
28h	OCP NIC Prior to 3.0
30h	CXL Flexbus 1.0 (deprecated, see note below)
A0h	PC-98/C20
A1h	PC-98/C24
A2h	PC-98/E
A3h	PC-98/Local Bus
A4h	PC-98/Card
A5h	PCI Express (see note below)
A6h	PCI Express x1
A7h	PCI Express x2
A8h	PCI Express x4
A9h	PCI Express x8
AAh	PCI Express x16
ABh	PCI Express Gen 2 (see note below)
ACh	PCI Express Gen 2 x1
ADh	PCI Express Gen 2 x2
AEh	PCI Express Gen 2 x4
AFh	PCI Express Gen 2 x8
B0h	PCI Express Gen 2 x16
B1h	PCI Express Gen 3 (see note below)
B2h	PCI Express Gen 3 x1
B3h	PCI Express Gen 3 x2
B4h	PCI Express Gen 3 x4
B5h	PCI Express Gen 3 x8
B6h	PCI Express Gen 3 x16
B8h	PCI Express Gen 4 (see note below)
B9h	PCI Express Gen 4 x1
BAh	PCI Express Gen 4 x2
BBh	PCI Express Gen 4 x4
BCh	PCI Express Gen 4 x8
BDh	PCI Express Gen 4 x16
BEh	PCI Express Gen 5 (see note below)
BFh	PCI Express Gen 5 x1
C0h	PCI Express Gen 5 x2
C1h	PCI Express Gen 5 x4
C2h	PCI Express Gen 5 x8
C3h	PCI Express Gen 5 x16

Byte Value	Meaning
C4h	PCI Express Gen 6 and Beyond (see <i>Slot Information</i> and <i>Slot Physical Width</i> fields for more details)
C5h	Enterprise and Datacenter 1U E1 Form Factor Slot (EDSFF E1.S, E1.L) E1 slot length is reported in <i>Slot Length</i> field (see subclause 7.10.4). E1 slot pitch is reported in <i>Slot Pitch</i> field (see subclause 7.10.12). See specifications SFF-TA-1006 and SFF-TA-1007 for more details on values for slot length and pitch.
C6h	Enterprise and Datacenter 3" E3 Form Factor Slot (EDSFF E3.S, E3.L) E3 slot length is reported in <i>Slot Length</i> field (see subclause 7.10.4). E3 slot pitch is reported in <i>Slot Pitch</i> field (see subclause 7.10.12). See specification SFF-TA-1008 for details on values for slot length and pitch.

1313 NOTES Slot types A5h, ABh, B1h, B8h, and BEh should be used only for PCI Express slots where the physical
 1314 width is identical to the electrical width; in that case the *System Slots – Slot Data Bus Width* field specifies the width.
 1315 Other PCI Express slot types (A6h-AAh, ACh-B0h, B2h-B6h, B9h-BDh, BFh-C3h) should be used to describe slots
 1316 where the physical width is different from the maximum electrical width; in these cases the width indicated in this field
 1317 refers to the physical width of the slot, while electrical width is described in the *System Slots – Slot Data Bus Width*
 1318 field.
 1319 Although not expressly defined in the table above, slot types A5h through AAh are PCI Express Generation 1 values.
 1320 CXL Flexbus-capable slots can be described in Table 51 – Slot Characteristics 2 (subclause 7.10.7), Bits[6:5] for any
 1321 PCIe Gen 5 or above (all lengths) slot types. For example, if *Slot Type* is PCIe Gen 5 x4 and bit 5 of *Slot*
 1322 *Characteristics 2* is set, this indicates a CXL 1.0-capable x4 slot that can operate at PCIe Gen 5 data rate.

1323 7.10.2 System Slots — Slot Data Bus Width

1324 NOTE See 6.3 for the CIM properties associated with this enumerated value.

1325 Table 46 shows the values for the *System Slots – Slot Data Bus Width* field. Slot Data Bus Width
 1326 meanings of type "n bit" are for parallel buses such as PCI. Slot Data Bus Width meanings of type "nx or
 1327 xn" are for serial buses such as PCI Express.

1328 NOTE For PCI Express, width refers to the maximum supported electrical width of the "data bus"; physical slot width
 1329 is described in *System Slots – Slot Type*, and the actual link width resulting from PCI Express link training can be
 1330 read from configuration space.

1331

Table 46 – System Slots: Slot Width field

Byte Value	Meaning
01h	Other
02h	Unknown
03h	8 bit
04h	16 bit
05h	32 bit
06h	64 bit
07h	128 bit
08h	1x or x1
09h	2x or x2
0Ah	4x or x4
0Bh	8x or x8
0Ch	12x or x12

Byte Value	Meaning
0Dh	16x or x16
0Eh	32x or x32

1332 7.10.3 System Slots — Current Usage

1333 Table 47 shows the values of the System Slots — Current Usage field.

1334 NOTE See 6.3 for the CIM properties associated with this enumerated value.

1335 **Table 47 – System Slots: Current Usage field**

Byte Value	Meaning
01h	Other
02h	Unknown
03h	Available
04h	In use
05h	Unavailable For example, connected to a processor that is not installed.

1336 7.10.4 System Slots — Slot Length

1337 Table 48 shows the values of the System Slots — Slot Length field.

1338 **Table 48 – System Slots: Slot Length field**

Byte Value	Meaning
01h	Other
02h	Unknown
03h	Short Length
04h	Long Length
05h	2.5" drive form factor
06h	3.5" drive form factor

1339 For EDSFF E1.S slots, use “short length.” For EDSFF E1.L slots, use “long length.”

1340 For EDSFF E3.S slots, use “short length.” For EDSFF E3.L slots, use “long length.”

1341 7.10.5 System Slots — Slot ID

1342 The *Slot ID* field of the System Slot structure provides a mechanism to correlate the physical attributes of
 1343 the slot to its logical access method (which varies based on the *Slot Type* field). The *Slot ID* field has
 1344 meaning only for the slot types that Table 49 describes.

1345

Table 49 – System Slots: Slot ID

Slot Type	Slot ID Field Meaning
MCA	Identifies the logical Micro Channel slot number, in the range 1 to 15, in offset 09h. Offset 0Ah is set to 0.
EISA	Identifies the logical EISA slot number, in the range 1 to 15, in offset 09h. Offset 0Ah is set to 0.
PCI, AGP, PCI-X, PCI Express, OCP, M.2, U.2, EDSFF E1/E3	<p>On a system that supports ACPI, identifies the value returned in the _SUN object for this slot</p> <p>On a system that supports the PCI IRQ Routing Table Specification, identifies the value present in the Slot Number field of the PCI Interrupt Routing table entry that is associated with this slot, in offset 09h—offset 0Ah is set to 0. The table is returned by the “Get PCI Interrupt Routing Options” PCI BIOS function call and provided directly in the PCI IRQ Routing Table Specification (\$PIRQ). Software can determine the PCI bus number and device associated with the slot by matching the “Slot ID” to an entry in the routing-table and ultimately determine what device is present in that slot.</p> <p>NOTE: This definition also applies to the 66 MHz-capable PCI slots.</p>
PCMCIA	Identifies the Adapter Number (offset 09h) and Socket Number (offset 0Ah) to be passed to PCMCIA Socket Services to identify this slot.

1346 7.10.6 Slot Characteristics 1

1347 Table 50 shows the values for the Slot Characteristics 1 field.

1348

Table 50 – Slot Characteristics 1 field

BYTE Bit Position	Meaning if Set
Bit 0	Characteristics unknown.
Bit 1	Provides 5.0 volts.
Bit 2	Provides 3.3 volts.
Bit 3	Slot's opening is shared with another slot (for example, PCI/EISA shared slot).
Bit 4	PC Card slot supports PC Card-16.
Bit 5	PC Card slot supports CardBus.
Bit 6	PC Card slot supports Zoom Video.
Bit 7	PC Card slot supports Modem Ring Resume.

1349 7.10.7 Slot Characteristics 2

1350 Table 51 shows the values for the Slot Characteristics 2 field.

1351

Table 51 – Slot Characteristics 2

BYTE Bit Position	Meaning if Set
Bit 0	PCI slot supports Power Management Event (PME#) signal.
Bit 1	Slot supports hot-plug devices.
Bit 2	PCI slot supports SMBus signal.

BYTE Bit Position	Meaning if Set
Bit 3	PCIe slot supports bifurcation. This slot can partition its lanes into two or more PCIe devices plugged into the slot. NOTE: This field does not indicate complete details on what levels of bifurcation are supported by the slot, but only that the slot supports some level of bifurcation.
Bit 4	Slot supports async/surprise removal, such as removal without prior notification to the operating system, device driver, or applications.
Bit 5	Flexbus slot, CXL 1.0 capable
Bit 6	Flexbus slot, CXL 2.0 capable
Bit 7	Flexbus slot, CXL 3.0 capable

1352 7.10.8 Segment Group Number, Bus Number, Device/Function Number

1353 For slots that are not of the PCI, AGP, PCI-X, or PCI-Express type that do not have bus/device/function information, 0FFh should be populated in the fields of *Segment Group Number*, *Bus Number*, *Device/Function Number*.

1356 *Segment Group Number* is defined in the [PCI Firmware Specification](#). The value is 0 for a single-segment topology.

1358 For PCI Express slots, *Bus Number* and *Device/Function Number* See the endpoint in the slot, not the upstream switch.

1360 7.10.9 Peer Devices

1361 Because some slots can be partitioned into smaller electrical widths, additional peer device Segment/Bus/Device/Function are defined. These peer groups are defined in Table 52. The base device is the lowest ordered Segment/Bus/Device/Function and is listed first (offsets 0Dh-11h). Peer devices are listed in the peer grouping section.

1365 This definition does not cover child devices, such as devices behind a PCIe bridge in the slot.

1366 **Table 52 – System Slots: Peer Segment/Bus/Device/Function/Width Groups**

Offset	Name	Length	Value	Description
00h	Segment Group Number (Peer)	WORD	Varies	See 7.10.8.
02h	Bus Number (Peer)	BYTE	Varies	See 7.10.8.
03h	Device/Function Number (Peer)	BYTE	Bit field	Bits 7:3 – Device Number Bits 2:0 – Function Number See 7.10.8.
04h	Data bus width (Peer)	BYTE	Varies	Indicates electrical bus width of peer Segment/Bus/Device/Function.

1367 7.10.10 System Slots — Slot Information

1368 The contents of this field depend on what is contained in the *Slot Type* field.

1369 For *Slot Type* of C4h this field must contain the numeric value of the PCI Express Generation, such as Gen6 would be 06h.

1371 For other PCI Express *Slot Types*, this field may be used but it is not required. If not used, it should be set
1372 to 00h.

1373 For all other *Slot Types*, this field should be set to 00h.

1374 **7.10.11 System Slots — Slot Physical Width**

1375 This field indicates the physical width of the slot whereas *Slot Data Bus Width* (offset 06h) indicates the
1376 electrical width of the slot.

1377 The possible values of both fields are listed in Table 46 – System Slots: Slot Width field.

1378 **7.10.12 System Slots — Slot Pitch**

1379 The *Slot Pitch* field contains a numeric value that indicates the pitch of the slot in 1/100 millimeter units.
1380 The pitch is defined by each slot/card specification, but typically describes add-in card to add-in card
1381 pitch.

1382 For EDSFF slots, the pitch is defined in SFF-TA-1006 table 7.1, SFF-TA-1007 table 7.1 (add-in card to
1383 add-in card pitch), and SFF-TA-1008 table 6-1 (SSD to SSD pitch).

1384 For example, if the pitch for the slot is 12.5 mm, the value 1250 would be used.

1385 A value of 0 implies that the slot pitch is not given or is unknown.

1386 **7.10.13 System Slots — Slot Height**

1387 This field indicates the maximum supported card height for the slot.

1388 **Table 53 – System Slots — Slot Height**

Byte Value	Meaning
00h	Not applicable
01h	Other
02h	Unknown
03h	Full height
04h	Low-profile

1389 **7.11 On Board Devices Information (Type 10, Obsolete)**

1390 NOTE This structure is obsolete starting with version 2.6 of this specification; the *Onboard Devices Extended*
1391 *Information* (Type 41) structure should be used instead (see 7.42). Firmware providers can choose to implement both
1392 types to allow existing SMBIOS browsers to properly display the system's onboard devices information.

1393 Table 54 shows this structure. The information in this structure defines the attributes of devices that are
1394 onboard (soldered onto) a system element, usually the baseboard. In general, an entry in this table
1395 implies that the firmware has some level of control over the enabling of the associated device for use by
1396 the system.

1397 NOTE Because this structure was originally defined with the Length implicitly defining the number of devices present,
1398 no further fields can be added to this structure without adversely affecting existing software's ability to properly parse
1399 the data. Thus, if additional fields are required for this structure type, a brand-new structure must be defined to add a
1400 device count field, carry over the existing fields, and add the new information.

1401

Table 54 – On Board Devices Information (Type 10, Obsolete) structure

Offset	Name	Length	Value	Description
00h	Type	BYTE	10	On Board Devices Information indicator
01h	Length	BYTE	Varies	Computed by the firmware as $4 + 2 * (\text{Number of Devices})$. The user of this structure determines the number of devices as $(\text{Length} - 4) / 2$.
02h	Handle	WORD	Varies	
$4+2*(n-1)$	Device _n Type, n ranges from 1 to Number of Devices	BYTE	Varies	Bit 7 Device Status 1 – Device Enabled 0 – Device Disabled Bits 6:0 Type of Device (see 7.11.1)
$5+2*(n-1)$	Description String	BYTE	STRING	String number of device description

1402 NOTE There may be a single structure instance containing the information for all onboard devices, or there may be a unique structure instance for each onboard device.

1404 **7.11.1 Onboard Device Types**

1405 Table 55 shows what the bytes mean for the Onboard Device Types field.

1406

Table 55 – Onboard Device Types

Byte Value	Meaning
01h	Other
02h	Unknown
03h	Video
04h	SCSI Controller
05h	Ethernet
06h	Token Ring
07h	Sound
08h	PATA Controller
09h	SATA Controller
0Ah	SAS Controller

1407 **7.12 OEM Strings (Type 11)**

1408 Table 56 describes this structure. It contains free-form strings defined by the OEM. Examples are part numbers for system reference documents, contact information for the manufacturer, and so on.

1410

Table 56 – OEM Strings (Type 11) structure

Offset	Name	Length	Value	Description
00h	Type	BYTE	11	OEM Strings indicator
01h	Length	BYTE	5h	
02h	Handle	WORD	Varies	
04h	Count	BYTE	Varies	Number of strings

1411 7.13 System Configuration Options (Type 12)

1412 Table 57 describes this structure. It contains information required to configure the baseboard's jumpers
 1413 and switches.

1414 EXAMPLES:

1415 "JP2: 1-2 Cache Size is 256K, 2-3 Cache Size is 512K"
 1416 "SW1-1: Close to Disable On Board Video"

1417 **Table 57 – System Configuration Options (Type 12) structure**

Offset	Name	Length	Value	Description
00h	Type	BYTE	12	Configuration Information indicator
01h	Length	BYTE	5h	
02h	Handle	WORD	Varies	
04h	Count	BYTE	Varies	Number of strings

1418 7.14 Firmware Language Information (Type 13)

1419 The information in this structure, which Table 58 shows, defines the installable language attributes of the
 1420 platform firmware.

1421 **Table 58 – Firmware Language Information (Type 13) structure**

Offset	Spec. Version	Name	Length	Value	Description
00h	2.0+	Type	BYTE	13	Language Information indicator
01h	2.0+	Length	BYTE	16h	
02h	2.0+	Handle	WORD	Varies	
04h	2.0+	Installable Languages	BYTE	Varies	Number of languages available Each available language has a description string. This field contains the number of strings that follow the formatted area of the structure.
05h	2.1+	Flags	BYTE	Bit Field	Bits 7:1 Reserved Bit 0 If set to 1, the Current Language strings use the abbreviated format. Otherwise, the strings use the long format. See below for details.
06h	2.0+	Reserved	15 BYTES	0	Reserved for future use
015h	2.0+	Current Language	BYTE	STRING	String number (one-based) of the currently installed language

1422 The strings describing the languages follow the *Current Language* byte. The format of the strings
 1423 depends on the value present in bit 0 of the byte at offset 05h in the structure.

- 1424 • If the bit is 0, each language string is in the form "ISO 639-1 Language Name | ISO 3166-1-alpha-
 1425 2 Territory Name | Encoding Method." See Example 1.

- 1426 • If the bit is 1, each language string consists of the two-character “ISO 639-1 Language Name”
 1427 directly followed by the two-character “ISO 3166-1-alpha-2 Territory Name.” See Example 2.

1428 NOTE See [ISO 639-1](#) and [ISO 3166-1](#) for additional information.

1429 EXAMPLE 1: Firmware Language Information (Long Format)

```
1430 db 13          ; language information
1431 db 16h         ; length
1432 dw ??          ; handle
1433 db 3           ; three languages available
1434 db 0           ; use long-format for language strings
1435 db 15 dup (0)    ; reserved
1436 db 2           ; current language is French Canadian
1437 db 'en|US|iso8859-1',0   ; language 1 is US English
1438 db 'fr|CA|iso8859-1',0   ; language 2 is French Canadian
1439 db 'ja|JP|unicode',0     ; language 3 is Japanese
1440 db 0           ; Structure termination
```

1441 EXAMPLE 2: Firmware Language Information (Abbreviated Format)

```
1442 db 13          ; language information
1443 db 16h         ; length
1444 dw ??          ; handle
1445 db 3           ; three languages available
1446 db 01h         ; use abbreviated format for language strings
1447 db 15 dup (0)    ; reserved
1448 db 2           ; current language is French Canadian
1449 db 'enUS',0      ; language 1 is US English
1450 db 'frCA',0      ; language 2 is French Canadian
1451 db 'jaJP',0      ; language 3 is Japanese
1452 db 0           ; Structure termination
```

1453 **7.15 Group Associations (Type 14)**

1454 Table 59 shows the values for the Group Associations (Type 14) structure.

1455 NOTE Because this structure was originally defined with the Length implicitly defining the number of items present,
 1456 no further fields can be added to this structure without adversely affecting existing software’s ability to properly parse
 1457 the data. Thus, if additional fields are required for this structure type, a brand new structure must be defined to add an
 1458 item count field, carry over the existing fields, and add the new information.

1459 **Table 59 – Group Associations (Type 14) structure**

Offset	Name	Length	Value	Description
00h	Type	BYTE	14	Group Associations indicator
01h	Length	BYTE	Varies	Computed by the firmware as $5 + (3 \text{ bytes for each item in the group})$ The user of this structure determines the number of items as $(\text{Length} - 5) / 3$.
02h	Handle	WORD	Varies	
04h	Group Name	BYTE	STRING	String number of string describing the group

Offset	Name	Length	Value	Description
05h	Item Type	BYTE	Varies	Item (Structure) Type of this member
06h	Item Handle	WORD	Varies	Handle corresponding to this structure

1460 The Group Associations structure is provided for OEMs who want to specify the arrangement or hierarchy
 1461 of certain components (including other Group Associations) within the system. For example, you can use
 1462 the Group Associations structure to indicate that two CPUs share a common external cache system.
 1463 These structures might look like the examples that Example 1 and Example 2 show.

1464 EXAMPLE 1: First Group Association Structure

```
1465 db 14 ; Group Association structure
1466 db 11 ; Length
1467 dw 28h ; Handle
1468 db 01h ; String Number (First String)
1469 db 04 ; CPU Structure
1470 dw 08h ; CPU Structure's Handle
1471 db 07 ; Cache Structure
1472 dw 09h ; Cache Structure's Handle
1473 db 'Primary CPU Module', 0
1474 db 0
```

1475 EXAMPLE 2: Second Group Association Structure

```
1476 db 14 ; Group Association structure
1477 db 11 ; Length
1478 dw 29h ; Handle
1479 db 01h ; String Number (First String)
1480 db 04 ; CPU Structure
1481 dw 0Ah ; CPU Structure's Handle
1482 db 07 ; Cache Structure
1483 dw 09h ; Cache Structure's Handle
1484 db 'Secondary CPU Module', 0
1485 db 0
```

1486 In the previous examples, CPU structures 08h and 0Ah are associated with the same cache, 09h. This
 1487 relationship could also be specified as a single group, as Example 3 shows.

1488 EXAMPLE 3:

```
1489 db 14 ; Group Association structure
1490 db 14 ; Length (5 + 3 * 3)
1491 dw 28h ; Structure handle for Group Association
1492 db 1 ; String Number (First string)
1493 db 4 ; 1st CPU
1494 dw 08h ; CPU Structure's Handle
1495 db 4 ; 2nd CPU
1496 dw 0Ah ; CPU Structure's Handle
1497 db 7 ; Shared cache
1498 dw 09h ; Cache Structure's Handle
1499 db 'Dual-Processor CPU Complex', 0
1500 db 0
```

1501 7.16 System Event Log (Type 15)

1502 The presence of this structure within the SMBIOS data returned for a system indicates that the system
 1503 supports an event log. See Table 60 for details. An event log is a fixed-length area within a non-volatile
 1504 storage element, starting with a fixed-length (and vendor-specific) header record, followed by one or more
 1505 variable-length log records. See 7.16.4 for more information.

1506 An application can implement event-log change notification by periodically reading the System Event Log
 1507 structure (by its assigned handle) and looking for a change in the *Log Change Token*. This token uniquely
 1508 identifies the last time the event log was updated. When it sees the token changed, the application can
 1509 retrieve the entire event log and determine the changes since the last time it read the event log.

1510 **Table 60 – System Event Log (Type 15) structure**

Offset	Spec. Version	Name	Length	Value	Description
00h	2.0+	Type	BYTE	15	Event Log Type indicator
01h	2.0+	Length	BYTE	Varies	Length of the structure, including the Type and Length fields The Length is 14h for version 2.0 implementations. For version 2.1 and higher implementations the length is computed by the BIOS as 17h+(x*y), where x is the value present at offset 15h and y is the value present at offset 16h.
02h	2.0+	Handle	WORD	Varies	Handle, or instance number, associated with the structure
04h	2.0+	Log Area Length	WORD	Varies	Length, in bytes, of the overall event log area, from the first byte of header to the last byte of data
06h	2.0+	Log Header Start Offset	WORD	Varies	Defines the starting offset (or index) within the nonvolatile storage of the event-log's header, from the Access Method Address For single-byte indexed I/O accesses, the most-significant byte of the start offset is set to 00h.
08h	2.0+	Log Data Start Offset	WORD	Varies	Defines the starting offset (or index) within the nonvolatile storage of the event-log's first data byte, from the Access Method Address For single-byte indexed I/O accesses, the most-significant byte of the start offset is set to 00h. NOTE: The data directly follows any header information. Therefore, the header length can be determined by subtracting the Header Start Offset from the Data Start Offset.
0Ah	2.0+	Access Method	BYTE	Varies	Defines the Location and Method used by higher-level software to access the log area, one of: 00h Indexed I/O: 1 8-bit index port, 1 8-bit data port. The Access Method Address field contains the 16-bit I/O addresses for the index and data ports. See 7.16.2.1 for usage details. 01h Indexed I/O: 2 8-bit index ports, 1 8-bit data port. The Access Method Address field contains the 16-bit I/O address for the index and data ports. See 7.16.2.2 for usage details.

Offset	Spec. Version	Name	Length	Value	Description
					<p>02h Indexed I/O: 1 16-bit index port, 1 8-bit data port. The Access Method Address field contains the 16-bit I/O address for the index and data ports. See 7.16.2.3 for usage details.</p> <p>03h Memory-mapped physical 32-bit address. The Access Method Address field contains the 4-byte (Intel DWORD format) starting physical address.</p> <p>04h Available through General-Purpose NonVolatile Data functions. The Access Method Address field contains the 2-byte (Intel WORD format) GPNV handle.</p> <p>05h-7Fh Available for future assignment by this specification</p> <p>80h-FFh Firmware Vendor/OEM-specific</p>
0Bh	2.0+	Log Status [1]	BYTE	Varies	<p>Status of the system event-log:</p> <p>Bits 7:2 Reserved, set to 0s</p> <p>Bit 1 Log area full, if 1</p> <p>Bit 0 Log area valid, if 1</p>
0Ch	2.0+	Log Change Token	DWORD	Varies	<p>Unique token that is reassigned every time the event log changes</p> <p>Can be used to determine if additional events have occurred since the last time the log was read.</p> <p>Set to 00000000h if a Log Change Token is not implemented.</p>
10h	2.0+	Access Method Address	DWORD	Varies	<p>Address associated with the access method; the data present depends on the Access Method field value</p> <p>The area's format can be described by the following 1-byte-packed 'C' union:</p> <pre> union { struct { short IndexAddr; short DataAddr; } IO; long PhysicalAddr32; short GPNVHandle; } AccessMethodAddress;</pre>
14h	2.1+	Log Header Format	BYTE	ENUM	Format of the log header area; see 7.16.5 for details
15h	2.1+	Number of Supported Log Type Descriptors (x)	BYTE	Varies	Number of supported event log type descriptors that follow
					If the value is 0, the list that starts at offset 17h is not present.

Offset	Spec. Version	Name	Length	Value	Description
16h	2.1+	Length of each Log Type Descriptor (y)	BYTE	2	Number of bytes associated with each type entry in the list below The value is currently “hard-coded” as 2, because each entry consists of two bytes. This field’s presence enables future additions to the type list. Software that interprets the following list should not assume a list entry’s length.
17h to 17h+(x*y))-1	2.1+	List of Supported Event Log Type Descriptors	Varies	Varies	List of Event Log Type Descriptors (see 7.16.1), if the value specified in offset 15h is non-zero.

[1] The *Log Status* and *Log Change Token* fields might not be up to date (dynamic) when the structure is accessed using the table interface.

1511 7.16.1 Supported Event Log Type descriptors

1512 Each entry consists of a 1-byte type field and a 1-byte data-format descriptor, as Table 61 shows. The
 1513 presence of an entry identifies that the Log Type is supported by the system and the format of any
 1514 variable data that accompanies the first bytes of the log’s variable data — a specific log record might
 1515 have more variable data than specified by its Variable Data Format Type.

1516 **Table 61 – Supported Event Log Type Descriptors**

Offset	Name	Length	Value	Description
00h	Log Type	BYTE	ENUM	See 7.16.6.1 for list.
01h	Variable Data Format Type	BYTE	ENUM	See 7.16.6.2 for list.

1517 **7.16.2 Indexed I/O Access method**

1518 This clause contains examples (in x86 assembly language) that detail the code that is required to access
 1519 the “indexed I/O” event-log information.

1520 **7.16.2.1 One 8-bit Index, One 8-bit Data (00h)**

1521 To access the event-log, the caller selects 1 of 256 unique data bytes by

- 1522 1) Writing the byte data-selection value (index) to the *IndexAddr* I/O address
 1523 2) Reading or writing the byte data value to (or from) the *DataAddr* I/O address

```
1524 mov dx, IndexAddr ;Value from event-log structure
1525 mov al, WhichLoc ;Identify offset to be accessed
1526 out dx, al
1527 mov dx, DataAddr ;Value from event-log structure
1528 in al, dx ;Read current value
```

1529 **7.16.2.2 Two 8-bit Index, One 8-bit Data (01h)**

1530 To access the event-log, the caller selects 1 of 65536 unique data bytes by

- 1531 3) Writing the least-significant byte data-selection value (index) to the *IndexAddr* I/O address

- 1532 4) Writing the most-significant byte data-selection value (index) to the (*IndexAddr+1*) I/O address
 1533 5) Reading or writing the byte data value to (or from) the *DataAddr* I/O address

```

1534     mov    dx, IndexAddr      ;Value from event-log structure
1535     mov    ax, WhichLoc      ;Identify offset to be accessed
1536     out    dx, al            ;Select LSB offset
1537     inc    dx
1538     xchg   ah, al
1539     out    dx, al            ;Select MSB offset
1540     mov    dx, DataAddr      ;Value from event-log structure
1541     in     al, dx            ;Read current value
  
```

1542 7.16.2.3 One 16-bit Index, One 8-bit Data (02h)

- 1543 To access the event-log, the caller selects 1 of 65536 unique data bytes by
 1544 1) Writing the word data-selection value (index) to the *IndexAddr* I/O address
 1545 2) Reading or writing the byte data value to (or from) the *DataAddr* I/O address

```

1546     mov    dx, IndexAddr      ;Value from event-log structure
1547     mov    ax, WhichLoc      ;Identify offset to be accessed
1548     out    dx, ax            ;Select LSB offset
1549     mov    dx, DataAddr      ;Value from event-log structure
1550     in     al, dx            ;Read current value
  
```

1551 7.16.3 Access Method Address — DWORD layout

1552 Table 62 shows the DWORD layout of the Access Method Address.

1553 **Table 62 – Access Method Address: DWORD layout**

Access Type	BYTE 3	BYTE 2	BYTE 1	BYTE 0
00:02 – Indexed I/O	Data MSB	Data LSB	Index MSB	Index LSB
03 – Absolute Address	Byte 3	Byte 2	Byte 1	Byte 0
04 – Use GPNV	0	0	Handle MSB	Handle LSB

1554 7.16.4 Event Log organization

1555 The event log is organized as an optional (and implementation-specific) fixed-length header, followed by
 1556 one or more variable-length event records, as illustrated in Table 63. From one implementation to the
 1557 next, the format of the log header and the size of the overall log area might change; all other required
 1558 fields of the event log area are consistent across all systems.

1559 **Table 63 – Event Log organization**

Log Header (Optional)								
Type	Length	Year	Month	Day	Hour	Minute	Second	Log Variable Data
Required	Required	Required	Required	Required	Required	Required	Required	Optional

1560 **7.16.5 Log Header format**

1561 Table 64 contains the byte enumeration values (available for SMBIOS 2.1 and later) that identify the
 1562 standard formats of the event log headers.

1563

Table 64 – Log Header format

Byte Value	Meaning
00h	No header (for example, the header is 0 bytes in length)
01h	Type 1 log header; see 7.16.5.1
02h-7Fh	Available for future assignment by this specification
80h-FFh	Firmware vendor or OEM-specific format

1564 **7.16.5.1 Log Header Type 1 format**

1565 The type 1 event log header consists of the fields that Table 65 shows.

1566

Table 65 – Log Header Type 1 format

Offset	Name	Length	Value	Description
00h	OEM Reserved	5 BYTES	Varies	Reserved area for OEM customization, not assignable by this specification
05h	Multiple Event Time Window	BYTE	Varies	Number of minutes that must pass between duplicate log entries that utilize a multiple-event counter, specified in BCD The value ranges from 00h to 99h to represent 0 to 99 minutes. See 7.16.6.3 for usage details.
06h	Multiple Event Count Increment	BYTE	Varies	Number of occurrences of a duplicate event that must pass before the multiple-event counter associated with the log entry is updated, specified as a numeric value in the range 1 to 255 (The value 0 is reserved.) See 7.16.6.3 for usage details.
07h	Pre-boot Event Log Reset — CMOS Address	BYTE	Varies	CMOS RAM address (in the range 10h - FFh) associated with the Pre-boot Event Log Reset; the value is 00h if the feature is not supported See below for usage details.
08h	Pre-boot Event Log Reset — CMOS Bit Index	BYTE	Varies	Bit within the CMOS RAM location that is set to indicate that the log should be cleared The value is specified in the range 0 to 7, where 0 specifies the LSB and 7 specifies the MSB. See below for usage details.
09h	CMOS Checksum — Starting Offset	BYTE	Varies	CMOS RAM address associated with the start of the area that is to be checked summed, if the value is non-zero. If the value is 0, the CMOS Address field lies outside of a check summed region in CMOS RAM. See below for usage details.

Offset	Name	Length	Value	Description
0Ah	CMOS Checksum — Byte Count	BYTE	Varies	Number of consecutive CMOS RAM addresses, starting at the Starting Offset, that participate in the CMOS Checksum region associated with the pre-boot event log reset. See below for usage details.
0Bh	CMOS Checksum — Checksum Offset	BYTE	Varies	CMOS RAM address associated with the start of two consecutive bytes into which the calculated checksum value is stored. See below for usage details.
0Ch - 0Eh	Reserved	3 BYTES	000000h	Available for future assignment by this specification
0Fh	Header Revision	BYTE	01h	Version of Type 1 header implemented

1567 The Type 1 Log Header also provides pre-boot event log reset support. Application software can set a
 1568 system-specific location of CMOS RAM memory (accessible through I/O ports 70h and 71h) to cause the
 1569 event log to be cleared by the platform firmware on the next reboot of the system.

1570 To perform the field setting, application software follows these steps, if the *Pre-boot Event Log Reset – CMOS Address* field of the header is non-zero:

- Read the address specified by *Pre-boot Event Log Reset – CMOS Address* from CMOS RAM. Set the bit specified by the *CMOS Bit Index* field to 1. Rewrite the CMOS RAM address with the updated data.
- If the *CMOS Checksum – Starting Offset* field is non-zero, recalculate the CMOS RAM checksum value for the range starting at the *Starting Offset* field for *Byte Count* bytes into a 2-byte value. Subtract that value from 0 to create the checksum value for the range and store that 2-byte value into the CMOS RAM; the least-significant byte of the value is stored at the CMOS RAM *Checksum Offset* and the most-significant byte of the value is stored at (*Checksum Offset*) + 1.

1581 7.16.6 Log Record format

1582 Each log record consists of a *required* fixed-length record header, followed by (optional) additional data
 1583 that is defined by the event type. The fixed-length log record header is present as the first eight bytes of
 1584 each log record, regardless of event type. Table 66 shows details.

1585 **Table 66 – Log Record format**

Offset	Name	Format	Description
00h	Event Type	BYTE	Specifies the “Type” of event noted in an event-log entry as defined in 7.16.6.1
01h	Length	BYTE	Specifies the byte length of the event record, including the record’s Type and Length fields. The most-significant bit of the field specifies whether (0) or not (1) the record has been read. The implication of the record having been read is that the information in the log record has been processed by a higher software layer.

Offset	Name	Format	Description
02h-07h	Date/Time Fields	BYTE	<p>Contains the BCD representation of the date and time (as read from CMOS RAM) of the occurrence of the event</p> <p>The information is present in year, month, day, hour, minute, and second order.</p> <p>NOTE: The century portion of the two-digit year is implied as '19' for year values in the range 80h to 99h and '20' for year values in the range 00h to 79h.</p>
08h+	Log Variable Data	Var	Contains the (optional) event-specific additional status information.

1586 7.16.6.1 Event Log types

1587 Table 67 shows the values for Event Log types.

1588 **Table 67 – Event Log types**

Value	Description
00h	Reserved
01h	Single-bit ECC memory error
02h	Multi-bit ECC memory error
03h	Parity memory error
04h	Bus time-out
05h	I/O Channel Check
06h	Software NMI
07h	POST Memory Resize
08h	POST Error
09h	PCI Parity Error
0Ah	PCI System Error
0Bh	CPU Failure
0Ch	EISA Failsafe Timer time-out
0Dh	Correctable memory log disabled
0Eh	Logging disabled for a specific Event Type — too many errors of the same type received in a short amount of time
0Fh	Reserved
10h	System Limit Exceeded (for example, voltage or temperature threshold exceeded)
11h	Asynchronous hardware timer expired and issued a system reset
12h	System configuration information
13h	Hard-disk information
14h	System reconfigured
15h	Uncorrectable CPU-complex error
16h	Log Area Reset/Cleared
17h	System boot. If implemented, this log entry is guaranteed to be the first one written on any system boot.
18h-7Fh	Unused, available for assignment by this specification

Value	Description
80h-FEh	Available for system- and OEM-specific assignments
FFh	End of log When an application searches through the event-log records, the end of the log is identified when a log record with this type is found.

1589 7.16.6.2 Event Log Variable Data Format Type

1590 The Variable Data Format Type, specified in the Event Log structure's Supported Event Type fields,
 1591 identifies the standard format that application software can apply to the first n bytes of the associated Log
 1592 Type's variable data. Additional OEM-specific data might follow in the log's variable data field. Table 68
 1593 shows the values for this field.

1594 **Table 68 – Event Log Variable Data Format Type**

Value	Name	Description
00h	None	No standard format data is available; the first byte of the variable data (if present) contains OEM-specific unformatted information.
01h	Handle	The first WORD of the variable data contains the handle of the SMBIOS structure associated with the hardware element that failed.
02h	Multiple-Event	The first DWORD of the variable data contains a multiple-event counter (see 7.16.6.3 for details).
03h	Multiple-Event Handle	The first WORD of the variable data contains the handle of the SMBIOS structure associated with the hardware element that failed; it is followed by a DWORD containing a multiple-event counter (see 7.16.6.3 for details).
04h	POST Results Bitmap	The first two DWORDs of the variable data contain the POST Results Bitmap, as described in 7.16.6.4.
05h	System Management Type	The first DWORD of the variable data contains a value that identifies a system-management condition. See 7.16.6.5 for the enumerated values.
06h	Multiple-Event System Management Type	The first DWORD of the variable data contains a value that identifies a system-management condition. (See 7.16.6.5 for the enumerated values.) This DWORD is directly followed by a DWORD that contains a multiple-event counter (see 7.16.6.3 for details).
07h-7Fh	Unused	Unused, available for assignment by this specification.
80h-FFh	OEM assigned	Available for system- and OEM-specific assignments.

1595 7.16.6.3 Multiple-Event Counter

1596 Some system events can be persistent; after they occur, it is possible to quickly fill the log with redundant
 1597 multiple logs. The Multiple Event Count Increment (*MECI*) and Multiple Event Time Window (*METW*)
 1598 values can be used to reduce the occurrence of these multiple logs while providing multiple event counts.

1599 NOTE These values are normally specified within the event log header; see 7.16.5.1 for an example. If the values
 1600 are not specified in the header, the application software can assume that the *MECI* value is 1 and the *METW* value is
 1601 60 (minutes).

1602 The multiple-event counter is a DWORD (32-bit) value that tracks the number of logs of the same type
 1603 that have occurred within *METW* minutes. The counter value is initialized (in the log entry) to FFFFFFFFh,
 1604 implying that only a single event of that type has been detected, and the internal firmware counter³
 1605 specific to that log type is reset to 0. The counter is incremented by setting its next non-zero bit to zero;
 1606 this allows counting up to 33 events. When the counter reaches 00000000h, it is full.

1607 EXAMPLE: If the current counter value is FFFFFFFFCh (meaning a count of 3 events), it is incremented to
 1608 FFFFFFFF8h (meaning a count of 4).

1609 When the firmware receives the next event of that type, it increments its internal counter and checks to
 1610 see what recording of the error is to be performed:

- 1611 – If the date/time of the original log entry is outside of *METW* minutes: a new log entry is written,
 1612 and the internal firmware counter is reset to 0;
- 1613 – If the log's current multiple-event counter is 00000000h or if the internal firmware counter is less
 1614 than the *MECI* value: no recording happens (other than the internal counter increment);
- 1615 – Otherwise: The next non-zero bit of the multiple-event counter is set to 0.

1616 7.16.6.4 POST Results Bitmap

1617 This variable data type, when present, is expected to be associated with the POST Error (08h) event log
 1618 type and identifies that one or more error types have occurred. The bitmap consists of two DWORD
 1619 values, described in Table 69. Any bit within the DWORD pair that is specified as Reserved is set to 0
 1620 within the log data and is available for assignment by this specification. A set bit ('1'b) at a DWORD bit
 1621 position implies that the error associated with that position has occurred.

1622 **Table 69 – POST Results Bitmap**

Bit Position	First DWORD	Second DWORD
0	Channel 2 Timer error	Normally 0; available for OEM assignment
1	Primary PIC (8259 #1) error	Normally 0; available for OEM assignment
2	Secondary PIC (8259 #2) error	Normally 0; available for OEM assignment
3	CMOS RAM Battery Failure	Normally 0; available for OEM assignment
4	CMOS RAM System Options Not Set	Normally 0; available for OEM assignment
5	CMOS RAM Checksum Error	Normally 0; available for OEM assignment
6	CMOS RAM Configuration Error	Normally 0; available for OEM assignment
7	Mouse and Keyboard Swapped	PCI Memory Conflict
8	Keyboard Locked	PCI I/O Conflict
9	Keyboard Not Functional	PCI IRQ Conflict
10	Keyboard Controller Not Functional	PNP Memory Conflict
11	CMOS Memory Size Different	PNP 32 bit Memory Conflict
12	Memory Decreased in Size	PNP I/O Conflict
13	Cache Memory Error	PNP IRQ Conflict
14	Floppy Drive 0 Error	PNP DMA Conflict

³ All firmware counters that support the Multiple-Event Counters are reset to zero each time the system boots.

Bit Position	First DWORD	Second DWORD
15	Floppy Drive 1 Error	Bad PNP Serial ID Checksum
16	Floppy Controller Failure	Bad PNP Resource Data Checksum
17	Number of ATA Drives Reduced Error	Static Resource Conflict
18	RTC Time Not Set	NVRAM Checksum Error, NVRAM Cleared
19	DDC Monitor Configuration Change	System Board Device Resource Conflict
20	Reserved, set to 0	Primary Output Device Not Found
21	Reserved, set to 0	Primary Input Device Not Found
22	Reserved, set to 0	Primary Boot Device Not Found
23	Reserved, set to 0	NVRAM Cleared By Jumper
24	Second DWORD has valid data	NVRAM Data Invalid, NVRAM Cleared
25	Reserved, set to 0	FDC Resource Conflict
26	Reserved, set to 0	Primary ATA Controller Resource Conflict
27	Reserved, set to 0	Secondary ATA Controller Resource Conflict
28	Normally 0; available for OEM assignment	Parallel Port Resource Conflict
29	Normally 0; available for OEM assignment	Serial Port 1 Resource Conflict
30	Normally 0; available for OEM assignment	Serial Port 2 Resource Conflict
31	Normally 0; available for OEM assignment	Audio Resource Conflict

1623 **7.16.6.5 System management types**

1624 Table 70 defines the system management types present in an event log record's variable data. In
 1625 general, each type is associated with a management event that occurred within the system.

1626 **Table 70 – System management types**

Value	Name
00000000h	+2.5V Out of range, #1
00000001h	+2.5V Out of range, #2
00000002h	+3.3V Out of range
00000003h	+5V Out of range
00000004h	-5V Out of range
00000005h	+12V Out of range
00000006h	-12V Out of range
00000007h - 000000Fh	Reserved for future out-of-range voltage levels, assigned by this specification
00000010h	System board temperature out of range
00000011h	Processor #1 temperature out of range
00000012h	Processor #2 temperature out of range
00000013h	Processor #3 temperature out of range

Value	Name
00000014h	Processor #4 temperature out of range
00000015h - 0000001Fh	Reserved for future out-of-range temperatures, assigned by this specification
00000020h - 00000027h	Fan n (n = 0 to 7) Out of range
00000028h - 0000002Fh	Reserved for future assignment by this specification
00000030h	Chassis secure switch activated
00000031h - 0000FFFFh	Reserved for future assignment by this specification
0001xxxxh	A system-management probe or cooling device is out of range. The xxxx portion of the value contains the handle of the SMBIOS structure associated with the errant device.
00020000h - 7FFFFFFFh	Reserved for future assignment by this specification
80000000h - FFFFFFFFh	OEM assigned

1627 7.17 Physical Memory Array (Type 16)

1628 This structure describes a collection of memory devices that operate together to form a memory address
1629 space.

1630 Table 71 provides the details.

1631 **Table 71 – Physical Memory Array (Type 16) structure**

Offset	Spec. Version	Name	Length	Value	Description
00h	2.1+	Type	BYTE	16	Physical Memory Array type
01h	2.1+	Length	BYTE	Varies	Length of the structure, 0Fh for version 2.1, 17h for version 2.7 and later
02h	2.1+	Handle	WORD	Varies	Handle, or instance number, associated with the structure
04h	2.1+	Location	BYTE	ENUM	Physical location of the Memory Array, whether on the system board or an add-in board See 7.17.1 for definitions.
05h	2.1+	Use	BYTE	ENUM	Function for which the array is used See 7.17.2 for definitions.
06h	2.1+	Memory Error Correction	BYTE	ENUM	Primary hardware error correction or detection method supported by this memory array See 7.17.3 for definitions.
07h	2.1+	Maximum Capacity	DWORD	Varies	Maximum memory capacity, in kibibytes, for this array If the capacity is not represented in this field, then this field contains 8000 0000h and the Extended Maximum Capacity field should be used. Values 2 TB (8000 0000h) or greater must be represented in the Extended Maximum Capacity field.

Offset	Spec. Version	Name	Length	Value	Description
0Bh	2.1+	Memory Error Information Handle	WORD	Varies	Handle, or instance number, associated with any error that was previously detected for the array If the system does not provide the error information structure, the field contains FFFEh; otherwise, the field contains either FFFFh (if no error was detected) or the handle of the error-information structure. See 7.18.4 and 7.34.
0Dh	2.1+	Number of Memory Devices	WORD	Varies	Number of slots or sockets available for Memory Devices in this array This value represents the number of Memory Device structures that compose this Memory Array. Each Memory Device has a reference to the "owning" Memory Array.
0Fh	2.7+	Extended Maximum Capacity	QWORD	Varies	Maximum memory capacity, in bytes, for this array This field is only valid when the Maximum Capacity field contains 8000 0000h. When Maximum Capacity contains a value that is not 8000 0000h, Extended Maximum Capacity must contain zeros.

1632 **7.17.1 Memory Array — Location**

1633 Table 72 describes the byte values for the Memory Array — Location field.

1634 NOTE See 6.3 for the CIM properties associated with this enumerated value.

1635

Table 72 – Memory Array: Location field

Byte Value	Meaning
01h	Other
02h	Unknown
03h	System board or motherboard
04h	ISA add-on card
05h	EISA add-on card
06h	PCI add-on card
07h	MCA add-on card
08h	PCMCIA add-on card
09h	Proprietary add-on card
0Ah	NuBus
A0h	PC-98/C20 add-on card
A1h	PC-98/C24 add-on card
A2h	PC-98/E add-on card
A3h	PC-98/Local bus add-on card
A4h	CXL add-on card

1636 **7.17.2 Memory Array — Use**

1637 Table 73 describes the byte values for the Memory Array — Use field.

1638 NOTE See 6.3 for the CIM properties associated with this enumerated value.

1639

Table 73 – Memory Array: Use field

Byte Value	Meaning
01h	Other
02h	Unknown
03h	System memory
04h	Video memory
05h	Flash memory
06h	Non-volatile RAM
07h	Cache memory

1640 **7.17.3 Memory Array — Error Correction Types**

1641 Table 74 describes the byte values for the Memory Array — Error Correction Types field.

1642 NOTE See 6.3 for the CIM properties associated with this enumerated value.

1643

Table 74 – Memory Array: Error Correction Types field

Byte Value	Meaning
01h	Other
02h	Unknown
03h	None
04h	Parity
05h	Single-bit ECC
06h	Multi-bit ECC
07h	CRC

1644 **7.18 Memory Device (Type 17)**

1645 This structure describes a single memory device that is part of a larger Physical Memory Array (Type 16) structure. See 7.17 for more details.

1647 Table 75 provides information about the Memory Device (Type 17) structure.

1648 NOTE If a system includes memory-device sockets, the SMBIOS implementation includes a *Memory Device* structure instance for each slot, whether the socket is currently populated.

Table 75 – Memory Device (Type 17) structure

Offset	Spec. Version	Name	Length	Value	Description
00h	2.1+	Type	BYTE	17	Memory Device type
01h	2.1+	Length	BYTE	Varies	Length of the structure, 15h for version 2.1, 1Bh for version 2.3, 1Ch for version 2.6, 22h for version 2.7, 28h for version 2.8, 54h for version 3.2, 5Ch for version 3.3, 64h for version 3.7 and later
02h	2.1+	Handle	WORD	Varies	Handle, or instance number, associated with the structure
04h	2.1+	Physical Memory Array Handle	WORD	Varies	Handle, or instance number, associated with the Physical Memory Array to which this device belongs
06h	2.1+	Memory Error Information Handle	WORD	Varies	Handle, or instance number, associated with any error that was previously detected for the device. If the system does not provide the error information structure, the field contains FFFEh; otherwise, the field contains either FFFFh (if no error was detected) or the handle of the error-information structure. See 7.18.4 and 7.34.
08h	2.1+	Total Width	WORD	Varies	Total width, in bits, of this memory device, including any check or error-correction bits. If there are no error-correction bits, this value should be equal to <i>Data Width</i> . If the width is unknown, the field is set to FFFFh.
0Ah	2.1+	Data Width	WORD	Varies	Data width, in bits, of this memory device. A <i>Data Width</i> of 0 and a <i>Total Width</i> of 8 indicates that the device is being used solely to provide 8 error-correction bits. If the width is unknown, the field is set to FFFFh.
0Ch	2.1+	Size	WORD	Varies	Size of the memory device. If the value is 0, no memory device is installed in the socket; if the size is unknown, the field value is FFFFh. If the size is 32 GiB-1 MiB or greater, the field value is 7FFFh and the actual size is stored in the <i>Extended Size</i> field. The granularity in which the value is specified depends on the setting of the most-significant bit (bit 15). If the bit is 0, the value is specified in megabyte units; if the bit is 1, the value is specified in kilobyte units. For example, the value 8100h identifies a 256 KiB memory device and 0100h identifies a 256 MiB memory device.
0Eh	2.1+	Form Factor	BYTE	ENUM	Implementation form factor for this memory device. See 7.18.1 for definitions.

Offset	Spec. Version	Name	Length	Value	Description
0Fh	2.1+	Device Set	BYTE	Varies	<p>Identifies when the Memory Device is one of a set of Memory Devices that must be populated with all devices of the same type and size, and the set to which this device belongs</p> <p>A value of 0 indicates that the device is not part of a set; a value of FFh indicates that the attribute is unknown.</p> <p>NOTE: A Device Set number must be unique within the context of the Memory Array containing this Memory Device.</p>
10h	2.1+	Device Locator	BYTE	STRING	<p>String number of the string that identifies the physically-labeled socket or board position where the memory device is located</p> <p>EXAMPLE: "SIMM 3"</p>
11h	2.1+	Bank Locator	BYTE	STRING	<p>String number of the string that identifies the physically labeled bank where the memory device is located</p> <p>EXAMPLE: "Bank 0" or "A"</p>
12h	2.1+	Memory Type	BYTE	ENUM	Type of memory used in this device; see 7.18.2 for definitions
13h	2.1+	Type Detail	WORD	Bit Field	Additional detail on the memory device type; see 7.18.3 for definitions
15h	2.3+	Speed	WORD	Varies	<p>Identifies the maximum capable speed of the device, in megatransfers per second (MT/s). See 7.18.4 for details.</p> <p>0000h = the speed is unknown</p> <p>FFFFh = the speed is 65,535 MT/s or greater, and the actual speed is stored in the <i>Extended Speed</i> field</p>
17h	2.3+	Manufacturer	BYTE	STRING	String number for the manufacturer of this memory device
18h	2.3+	Serial Number	BYTE	STRING	<p>String number for the serial number of this memory device.</p> <p>This value is set by the manufacturer and normally is not changeable.</p>
19h	2.3+	Asset Tag	BYTE	STRING	String number for the asset tag of this memory device
1Ah	2.3+	Part Number	BYTE	STRING	<p>String number for the part number of this memory device.</p> <p>This value is set by the manufacturer and normally is not changeable.</p>
1Bh	2.6+	Attributes	BYTE	Varies	<p>Bits 7-4: reserved</p> <p>Bits 3-0: rank</p> <p>Value=0 for unknown rank information</p>

Offset	Spec. Version	Name	Length	Value	Description
1Ch	2.7+	Extended Size	DWORD	Varies	Extended size of the memory device (complements the Size field at offset 0Ch) See 7.18.5 for details.
20h	2.7+	Configured Memory Speed	WORD	Varies	Identifies the configured speed of the memory device, in megatransfers per second (MT/s). See 7.18.4 for details. 0000h = the speed is unknown FFFFh = the speed is 65,535 MT/s or greater, and the actual speed is stored in the <i>Extended Configured Memory Speed</i> field
22h	2.8+	Minimum voltage	WORD	Varies	Minimum operating voltage for this device, in millivolts If the value is 0, the voltage is unknown.
24h	2.8+	Maximum voltage	WORD	Varies	Maximum operating voltage for this device, in millivolts If the value is 0, the voltage is unknown.
26h	2.8+	Configured voltage	WORD	Varies	Configured voltage for this device, in millivolts If the value is 0, the voltage is unknown.
28h	3.2+	Memory Technology	BYTE	Varies	Memory technology type for this memory device. See 7.18.6 for definitions.
29h	3.2+	Memory Operating Mode Capability	WORD	Bit Field	The operating modes supported by this memory device. See 7.18.7 for definitions.
2Bh	3.2+	Firmware Version	BYTE	STRING	String number for the firmware version of this memory device.
2Ch	3.2+	Module Manufacturer ID	WORD	Varies	The two-byte module manufacturer ID found in the SPD of this memory device; LSB first. See 7.18.8 for definitions.
2Eh	3.2+	Module Product ID	WORD	Varies	The two-byte module product ID found in the SPD of this memory device; LSB first. See 7.18.9 for definitions.
30h	3.2+	Memory Subsystem Controller Manufacturer ID	WORD	Varies	The two-byte memory subsystem controller manufacturer ID found in the SPD of this memory device; LSB first. See 7.18.10 for definitions.
32h	3.2+	Memory Subsystem Controller Product ID	WORD	Varies	The two-byte memory subsystem controller product ID found in the SPD of this memory device; LSB first. See 7.18.11 for definitions.
34h	3.2+	Non-volatile Size	QWORD	Varies	Size of the Non-volatile portion of the memory device in Bytes, if any. If the value is 0, there is no non-volatile portion. If the Non-volatile Size is unknown, the field is set to FFFFFFFFFFFFFFh. See 7.18.12.

Offset	Spec. Version	Name	Length	Value	Description
3Ch	3.2+	Volatile Size	QWORD	Varies	Size of the Volatile portion of the memory device in Bytes, if any. If the value is 0, there is no Volatile portion. If the Volatile Size is unknown, the field is set to FFFFFFFFFFFFFFh. See 7.18.12.
44h	3.2+	Cache Size	QWORD	Varies	Size of the Cache portion of the memory device in Bytes, if any. If the value is 0, there is no Cache portion. If the Cache Size is unknown, the field is set to FFFFFFFFFFFFFFh. See 7.18.12.
4Ch	3.2+	Logical Size	QWORD	Varies	Size of the Logical memory device in Bytes. If the size is unknown, the field is set to FFFFFFFFFFFFFFh. See 7.18.13.
54h	3.3+	Extended Speed	DWORD	Varies	Extended speed of the memory device (complements the <i>Speed</i> field at offset 15h). Identifies the maximum capable speed of the device, in megatransfers per second (MT/s). See 7.18.14 for details.
58h	3.3+	Extended Configured Memory Speed	DWORD	Varies	Extended configured memory speed of the memory device (complements the <i>Configured Memory Speed</i> field at offset 20h). Identifies the configured speed of the memory device, in megatransfers per second (MT/s). See 7.18.14 for details.
5Ch	3.7+	PMIC0 Manufacturer ID	WORD	Varies	The two-byte PMIC0 manufacturer ID found in the SPD of this memory device; LSB first. See 7.18.15 for definitions.
5Eh	3.7+	PMIC0 Revision Number	WORD	Varies	The PMIC 0 Revision Number found in the SPD of this memory device. See 7.18.16 for definitions.
60h	3.7+	RCD Manufacturer ID	WORD	Varies	The two-byte RCD manufacturer ID found in the SPD of this memory device; LSB first. See 7.18.17 for definitions.
62h	3.7+	RCD Revision Number	WORD	Varies	The RCD 0 Revision Number found in the SPD of this memory device. See 7.18.18 for definitions.

1651 **7.18.1 Memory Device — Form Factor**

1652 Table 76 describes the byte values for the Memory Device — Form Factor field.

1653 NOTE See 6.3 for the CIM properties associated with this enumerated value.

1654

Table 76 – Memory Device: Form Factor field

Byte Value	Meaning
01h	Other
02h	Unknown
03h	SIMM
04h	SIP
05h	Chip
06h	DIP
07h	ZIP
08h	Proprietary Card
09h	DIMM
0Ah	TSOP
0Bh	Row of chips
0Ch	RIMM
0Dh	SODIMM
0Eh	SRIMM
0Fh	FB-DIMM
10h	Die
11h	CAMM
12h	CUDIMM
13h	CSODIMM

1655 **7.18.2 Memory Device — Type**

1656 Table 77 describes the byte values for the Memory Device — Type field.

1657 NOTE See 6.3 for the CIM properties associated with this enumerated value.

1658

Table 77 – Memory Device: Type

Byte Value	Meaning
01h	Other
02h	Unknown
03h	DRAM
04h	EDRAM
05h	VRAM
06h	SRAM
07h	RAM
08h	ROM
09h	FLASH
0Ah	EEPROM
0Bh	FEPROM

Byte Value	Meaning
0Ch	EPROM
0Dh	CDRAM
0Eh	3DRAM
0Fh	SDRAM
10h	SGRAM
11h	RDRAM
12h	DDR
13h	DDR2
14h	DDR2 FB-DIMM
15h-17h	Reserved
18h	DDR3
19h	FBD2
1Ah	DDR4
1Bh	LPDDR
1Ch	LPDDR2
1Dh	LPDDR3
1Eh	LPDDR4
1Fh	Logical non-volatile device
20h	HBM (High Bandwidth Memory)
21h	HBM2 (High Bandwidth Memory Generation 2)
22h	DDR5
23h	LPDDR5
24h	HBM3 (High Bandwidth Memory Generation 3)
25h	MRDIMM

1659 7.18.3 Memory Device — Type Detail

1660 Table 78 shows what the word bit positions mean for the Memory Device — Type Detail field.

1661 NOTE Multiple bits are set if more than one attribute applies.

1662

Table 78 – Memory Device: Type Detail field

Word Bit Position	Meaning
Bit 0	Reserved, set to 0
Bit 1	Other
Bit 2	Unknown
Bit 3	Fast-paged
Bit 4	Static column
Bit 5	Pseudo-static
Bit 6	RAMBUS
Bit 7	Synchronous

Word Bit Position	Meaning
Bit 8	CMOS
Bit 9	EDO
Bit 10	Window DRAM
Bit 11	Cache DRAM
Bit 12	Non-volatile
Bit 13	Registered (Buffered)
Bit 14	Unbuffered (Unregistered)
Bit 15	LRDIMM

1663 7.18.4 Memory Device — Memory Speed

1664 Memory speed is expressed in mega transfers per second (MT/s). Previous revisions (3.0.0 and earlier)
 1665 of this specification used MHz to indicate clock speed. With double data rate memory, clock speed is
 1666 distinct from transfer rate because data is transferred on both the rising and the falling edges of the clock
 1667 signal. This maintains backward compatibility with observed DDR implementations prior to this revision,
 1668 which already reported transfer rate instead of clock speed, such as DDR4-2133 (PC4-17000) memory
 1669 was reported as 2133 instead of 1066.

1670 7.18.5 Memory Device — Extended Size

1671 The *Extended Size* field is intended to represent memory devices larger than 32,767 MiB (32 GiB - 1
 1672 MiB), which cannot be described using the *Size* field. This field is only meaningful if the value in the *Size*
 1673 field is 7FFFh. For compatibility with older SMBIOS parsers, memory devices smaller than (32 GiB - 1
 1674 MiB) should be represented using their size in the *Size* field, leaving the *Extended Size* field set to 0.

1675 Bit 31 is reserved for future use and must be set to 0.

1676 Bits 30:0 represent the size of the memory device in megabytes.

1677 EXAMPLE: 0000_8000h indicates a 32 GiB memory device (32,768 MiB), 0002_0000h represents a 128 GiB
 1678 memory device (131,072 MiB), and 0000_7FFFh represents a 32,767 MB (32 GiB – 1 MiB) device.

1679 7.18.6 Memory Device — Memory Technology

1680 Table 79 describes the byte values for the *Memory Device - Memory Technology* field.

1681 **Table 79 – Memory Device: Memory Technology field**

Byte Value	Meaning
01h	Other
02h	Unknown
03h	DRAM
04h	NVDIMM-N
05h	NVDIMM-F
06h	NVDIMM-P
07h	Intel® Optane™ persistent memory

Byte Value	Meaning
08h	MRDIMM (Deprecated). This value has been deprecated from this table and moved to Memory Device – Type, subclause 7.18.2

1682 7.18.7 Memory Device — Memory Operating Mode Capability

1683 Table 80 shows what the word bit positions mean for the *Memory Device - Memory Operating Mode*
 1684 *Capability* field. This field indicates the supported operating mode(s); it does not indicate the current
 1685 configured operating mode(s).

1686 **Table 80 – Memory Device: Memory Operating Mode Capability**

WORD Bit Position	Meaning If Set
Bit 0	Reserved, set to 0
Bit 1	Other
Bit 2	Unknown
Bit 3	Volatile memory
Bit 4	Byte-accessible persistent memory
Bit 5	Block-accessible persistent memory
Bit 6:15	Reserved, set to 0

1687 7.18.8 Memory Device — Module Manufacturer ID

1688 The *Module Manufacturer ID* indicates the manufacturer of the memory device. This field shall be set to
 1689 the value of the SPD Module Manufacturer ID Code. See JEDEC Standard JEP106AV for the list of
 1690 manufacturer IDs. A value of 0000h indicates the Module Manufacture ID is unknown.

1691 NOTE The location (byte addresses) of the SPD Module Manufacturer ID Code may vary and is defined by the
 1692 memory type/technology SPD Standard. For example, for NVDIMM-N DDR4, this field will have the first byte
 1693 correspond to the value in byte 320 and the second byte corresponds to the value in byte 321.

1694 7.18.9 Memory Device — Module Product ID

1695 The *Module Product ID* is the identifier of the memory device, which is assigned by the manufacturer of
 1696 the memory device. This field shall be set to the value of the SPD Module Product Identifier. A value of
 1697 0000h indicates the Module Product ID is unknown.

1698 NOTE The location (byte addresses) of the SPD Module Product Identifier may vary and is defined by the memory
 1699 type/technology SPD Standard. For example, for NVDIMM-N DDR4, this field will have the first byte correspond to
 1700 the value in byte 192 and the second byte corresponds to the value in byte 193.

1701 7.18.10 Memory Device — Memory Subsystem Controller Manufacturer ID

1702 The *Memory Subsystem Controller Manufacturer ID* indicates the vendor of the memory subsystem
 1703 controller. This field shall be set to the value of the SPD Memory Subsystem Controller Manufacturer ID
 1704 Code. See JEDEC Standard JEP106AV for the list of manufacturer IDs. A value of 0000h indicates the
 1705 Memory Subsystem Controller Manufacturer ID is unknown.

1706 NOTE The location (byte addresses) of the SPD Memory Subsystem Controller Manufacturer ID Code may vary and
 1707 is defined by the memory type/technology SPD Standard. For example, for NVDIMM-N DDR4, this field will have the
 1708 first byte correspond to the value in byte 194 and the second byte corresponds to the value in byte 195.

1709 **7.18.11 Memory Device — Memory Subsystem Controller Product ID**

1710 The *Memory Subsystem Controller Product ID* is the identifier of the memory subsystem controller, which
1711 is assigned by the vendor of the memory subsystem controller. This field shall be set to the value of the
1712 SPD Memory Subsystem Controller Product Identifier. A value of 0000h indicates the Memory Subsystem
1713 Controller Product ID is unknown.

1714 NOTE The location (byte addresses) of the SPD Memory Subsystem Controller Product Identifier may vary and is
1715 defined by the memory type/technology SPD Standard. For example, for NVDIMM-N DDR4, this field will have the
1716 first byte correspond to the value in byte 196 and the second byte corresponds to the value in byte 197.

1717 **7.18.12 Memory Device — Volatile Size, Non-volatile Size, Cache Size**

1718 These fields are intended to represent the size of the portions of the memory device used for volatile,
1719 non-volatile and cache respectively. The existing *Size* and *ExtendedSize* fields shall continue to report
1720 the total physical capacity of the device, except when the *Memory Device – Type* is set to 1Fh (Logical).
1721 See clause 7.18.13. It is not required that the *Volatile Size*, *Non-volatile Size* and *Cache Size* add up to
1722 the total physical capacity of the device.

1723 If the memory device has any non-volatile capacity, the *Non-volatile size* field shall be set to a non-zero
1724 value or all Fs and Bit 12 (Non-volatile) in the *Memory Device – Type Detail* field shall be set to 1.

1725 If the memory device has no non-volatile capacity, the *Non-volatile size* field shall be set to 0 or all Fh's
1726 and Bit 12 (Non-volatile) in the *Memory Device – Type Detail* field shall be set to 0.

1727 Sample implementations:

- 1728 • For volatile memory device (such as Memory Type = DDR4 and Memory Technology = DRAM),
1729 *Volatile Size* would equal the total physical size of the memory device, with *Non-volatile Size* = 0
1730 and *Cache Size* = 0.
- 1731 • For volatile memory device (such as Memory Type = DDR4 and Memory Technology = DRAM),
1732 configured for cache, *Cache Size* would equal the total physical size of the memory device, with
1733 *Non-volatile Size* = 0 and *Volatile Size* = 0.
- 1734 • For single use non-volatile memory device (such as Memory Type = DDR4 and Memory
1735 Technology = NVDIMM-N), *Non-volatile Size* is less than or equal to the total physical size of the
1736 memory device, with *Volatile Size* = 0 and *Cache Size* = 0.
- 1737 • For multiple use non-volatile memory device (such as Memory Type = DDR4 and Memory
1738 Technology = NVDIMM-P), that is configured for non-volatile and volatile usage, *Cache Size* = 0,
1739 with the value of *Non-Volatile Size* plus *Volatile Size* less than or equal to the total physical size
1740 of the memory device.

1741 The total amount of available volatile memory shall be calculated by adding the total of *Volatile Size* not
1742 set to unknown for all memory devices.

1743 The total amount of available non-volatile memory shall be calculated by adding the total of *Non-volatile*
1744 Size not set to unknown for all memory devices.

1745 **7.18.13 Memory Device — Type Logical and Logical Size**

1746 Logical non-volatile memory devices are not physically installed in the system. Logical memory devices
1747 are created using memory capacity from the installed physical volatile memory devices. Logical memory
1748 devices are not created from installed physical non-volatile memory devices.

1749 The size of the Logical memory device is described in the *Logical Size* field. *Logical Size* is valid when
1750 *Memory Type* is Logical. When *Memory Type* is not Logical, *Logical Size* shall be 0. The total amount of
1751 Logical memory from all *Logical Size* fields shall never be larger than the total amount of physical
1752 volatile memory.

1753 Non-volatile Logical devices using *Memory Device Type* enumeration value 1Fh (Logical) shall set the
1754 existing *Size* field to FFFFh indicating the size is unknown. The new *Non-volatile Size* field shall report
1755 the size of the Non-volatile Logical device.

1756 Logical memory device properties:

1757 • Created using memory capacity from installed physical memory devices.

1758 • Logical memory device is identified by:

1759 – Memory Type = Logical

1760 – Type Detail bit 12 = Non-volatile

1761 – Size = Unknown (FFFFh)

1762 – Extended Size = 0

1763 – Logical Size = the size of the Logical memory device

1764 • Logical memory device only has non-volatile memory capacity. That is:

1765 – Non-volatile Size is less than or equal to Logical Size

1766 – Volatile Size = 0

1767 – Cache Size = 0

1768 The total amount of available volatile memory shall be calculated by using the algorithm described in
1769 clause 7.18.12 and then subtracting the total *Logical Size* of all Logical memory devices.

1770 The SMBIOS Memory Device (Type 17) structure for a Logical memory device shall set the *Physical*
1771 *Memory Array Handle* to the same value as the physical volatile memory devices used to create the
1772 Logical memory device. In cases where the physical volatile memory used to create the Logical memory
1773 device, spans Physical Memory Array devices, the first *Physical Memory Array Handle* shall be used.

1774 Other fields in the SMBIOS Memory Device (Type 17) structure for a Logical memory device shall be set,
1775 as appropriate, based on the values in the physical volatile memory devices SMBIOS Memory Device
1776 (Type 17) structures used for the Logical memory device.

1777 7.18.14 Memory Device — Extended Speed

1778 The *Extended Speed* and *Extended Configured Memory Speed* fields are intended to represent memory
1779 devices that operate faster than 65,535 MT/s, which cannot be described using the *Speed* or *Configured*
1780 *Memory Speed* fields. These fields are only meaningful if the value in the *Speed* or *Configured Memory*
1781 *Speed* fields are FFFFh. For compatibility with older SMBIOS parsers, memory devices slower than
1782 65,535 MT/s should represent their speed using the *Speed* and *Configured Memory Speed* fields, leaving
1783 the *Extended Speed* and *Extended Configured Memory Speed* fields set to 0.

1784 Bit 31 is reserved for future use and must be set to 0

1785 Bits 30:0 represent the speed or configured memory speed of the device in MT/s. See 7.18.4 for details.

1786 7.18.15 Memory Device — PMIC0 Manufacturer ID

1787 The *PMIC0 Manufacturer ID* indicates the manufacturer of the PMIC0 on memory device. This field shall
1788 be set to the value of the SPD PMIC 0 Manufacturer ID Code. A value of 0000h indicates the PMIC0
1789 Manufacturer ID is unknown.

1790 NOTE The location (byte addresses) of the SPD PMIC 0 Manufacturer ID Code may vary and is defined
1791 by the memory type/technology SPD Standard. For example, for RDIMM DDR5, this field will have the

1792 first byte correspond to the value in byte 198 and the second byte corresponds to the value in byte 199. If
 1793 SPD doesn't contain PMIC 0 Manufacturer ID Code, this field shall be set to 0000h.

1794 **7.18.16 Memory Device — PMIC0 Revision Number**

1795 The *PMIC0 Revision Number* indicates the revision of the PMIC0 on memory device. This field shall be
 1796 set to the value of the SPD PMIC 0 Revision Number. A value of FF00h indicates the PMIC0 Revision
 1797 Number is unknown.

1798 NOTE The location (byte addresses) of the SPD PMIC 0 Revision Number may vary and is defined by the
 1799 memory type/technology SPD Standard. For example, for RDIMM DDR5, this field will have the first byte
 1800 correspond to the value in byte 201 and the second byte shall be set to 00h. If SPD doesn't contain PMIC
 1801 0 Revision Number, this field shall be set to FF00h.

1802 **7.18.17 Memory Device — RCD Manufacturer ID**

1803 The *RCD Manufacturer ID* indicates the manufacturer of the RCD on memory device. This field shall be
 1804 set to the value of the SPD Registering Clock Driver Manufacturer ID Code. A value of 0000h indicates
 1805 the RCD Manufacturer ID is unknown.

1806 NOTE The location (byte addresses) of the SPD Registering Clock Driver Manufacturer ID Code may
 1807 vary and is defined by the memory type/technology SPD Standard. For example, for RDIMM DDR5, this
 1808 field will have the first byte correspond to the value in byte 240 and the second byte corresponds to the
 1809 value in byte 241. If SPD doesn't contain Registering Clock Driver Manufacturer ID Code, this field shall
 1810 be set to 0000h.

1811 **7.18.18 Memory Device — RCD Revision Number**

1812 The *RCD Revision Number* indicates the revision of the RCD on memory device. This field shall be set to
 1813 the value of the SPD Register Revision Number. A value of FF00h indicates the RCD Revision Number is
 1814 unknown.

1815 NOTE The location (byte addresses) of the SPD Register Revision Number may vary and is defined by
 1816 the memory type/technology SPD Standard. For example, for RDIMM DDR5, this field will have the first
 1817 byte correspond to the value in byte 243 and the second byte shall be set to 00h. If SPD doesn't contain
 1818 Register Revision Number, this field shall be set to FF00h.

1819

1820 **7.19 32-Bit Memory Error Information (Type 18)**

1821 This structure identifies the specifics of an error that might be detected within a Physical Memory Array.
 1822 Table 81 shows the details for this structure.

1823 **Table 81 – 32-Bit Memory Error Information (Type 18) structure**

Offset	Spec. Version	Name	Length	Value	Description
00h	2.1+	Type	BYTE	18	32-bit Memory Error Information type
01h	2.1+	Length	BYTE	17h	Length of the structure
02h	2.1+	Handle	WORD	Varies	Handle, or instance number, associated with the structure

Offset	Spec. Version	Name	Length	Value	Description
04h	2.1+	Error Type	BYTE	ENUM	Type of error that is associated with the current status reported for the memory array or device See 7.19.1 for definitions.
05h	2.1+	Error Granularity	BYTE	ENUM	Granularity (for example, device versus Partition) to which the error can be resolved See 7.19.2 for definitions.
06h	2.1+	Error Operation	BYTE	ENUM	Memory access operation that caused the error See 7.19.3 for definitions.
07h	2.1+	Vendor Syndrome	DWORD	Varies	Vendor-specific ECC syndrome or CRC data associated with the erroneous access If the value is unknown, this field contains 0000 0000h.
0Bh	2.1+	Memory Array Error Address	DWORD	Varies	32-bit physical address of the error based on the addressing of the bus to which the memory array is connected If the address is unknown, this field contains 8000 0000h.
0Fh	2.1+	Device Error Address	DWORD	Varies	32-bit physical address of the error relative to the start of the failing memory device, in bytes If the address is unknown, this field contains 8000 0000h.
13h	2.1+	Error Resolution	DWORD	Varies	Range, in bytes, within which the error can be determined, when an error address is given If the range is unknown, this field contains 8000 0000h.

1824 **7.19.1 Memory Error — Error Type**

1825 Table 82 describes the byte values for the Memory Error — Error Type field.

1826 NOTE See 6.3 for the CIM properties associated with this enumerated value.

1827 **Table 82 – Memory Error: Error Type field**

Byte Value	Meaning
01h	Other
02h	Unknown
03h	OK
04h	Bad read
05h	Parity error
06h	Single-bit error
07h	Double-bit error
08h	Multi-bit error
09h	Nibble error
0Ah	Checksum error
0Bh	CRC error
0Ch	Corrected single-bit error

Byte Value	Meaning
0Dh	Corrected error
0Eh	Uncorrectable error

1828 7.19.2 Memory Error — Error Granularity

1829 Table 83 describes the byte values for the Memory Error — Error Granularity field.

1830 **Table 83 – Memory Error: Error Granularity field**

Byte Value	Meaning
01h	Other
02h	Unknown
03h	Device level
04h	Memory partition level

1831 7.19.3 Memory Error — Error Operation

1832 Table 84 describes the byte values for the Memory Error — Error Operation field.

1833 NOTE See 6.3 for the CIM properties associated with this enumerated value.

1834 **Table 84 – Memory Error: Error Operation field**

Byte Value	Meaning
01h	Other
02h	Unknown
03h	Read
04h	Write
05h	Partial write

1835 7.20 Memory Array Mapped Address (Type 19)

1836 This structure provides the address mapping for a Physical Memory Array. Details are provided in Table
1837 85.

1838 One structure is present for each contiguous address range described.

1839 See 7.17, 7.18, and 7.21 for more information.

1840 **Table 85 – Memory Array Mapped Address (Type 19) structure**

Offset	Spec. Version	Name	Length	Value	Description
00h	2.1+	Type	BYTE	19	Memory Array Mapped Address indicator
01h	2.1+	Length	BYTE	Varies	Length of the structure, 0Fh for version 2.1, 1Fh for version 2.7 and later.
02h	2.1+	Handle	WORD	Varies	Handle, or instance number, associated with the structure

Offset	Spec. Version	Name	Length	Value	Description
04h	2.1+	Starting Address	DWORD	Varies	Physical address, in kibibytes, of a range of memory mapped to the specified Physical Memory Array When the field value is FFFF FFFFh, the actual address is stored in the <i>Extended Starting Address</i> field. When this field contains a valid address, <i>Ending Address</i> must also contain a valid address. When this field contains FFFF FFFFh, <i>Ending Address</i> must also contain FFFF FFFFh.
08h	2.1+	Ending Address	DWORD	Varies	Physical ending address of the last kibibyte of a range of addresses mapped to the specified Physical Memory Array When the field value is FFFF FFFFh and the <i>Starting Address</i> field also contains FFFF FFFFh, the actual address is stored in the <i>Extended Ending Address</i> field. When this field contains a valid address, <i>Starting Address</i> must also contain a valid address.
0Ch	2.1+	Memory Array Handle	WORD	Varies	Handle, or instance number, associated with the Physical Memory Array to which this address range is mapped Multiple address ranges can be mapped to a single Physical Memory Array.
0Eh	2.1+	Partition Width	BYTE	Varies	Number of Memory Devices that form a single row of memory for the address partition defined by this structure
0Fh	2.7+	Extended Starting Address	QWORD	Varies	Physical address, in bytes, of a range of memory mapped to the specified Physical Memory Array This field is valid when <i>Starting Address</i> contains the value FFFF FFFFh. If <i>Starting Address</i> contains a value other than FFFF FFFFh, this field contains zeros. When this field contains a valid address, <i>Extended Ending Address</i> must also contain a valid address.
17h	2.7+	Extended Ending Address	QWORD	Varies	Physical ending address, in bytes, of the last of a range of addresses mapped to the specified Physical Memory Array This field is valid when both <i>Starting Address</i> and <i>Ending Address</i> contain the value FFFF FFFFh. If <i>Ending Address</i> contains a value other than FFFF FFFFh, this field contains zeros. When this field contains a valid address, <i>Extended Starting Address</i> must also contain a valid address.

1841 7.21 Memory Device Mapped Address (Type 20)

- 1842 This structure maps memory address space usually to a device-level granularity. Details are provided in
1843 Table 86.
- 1844 One structure is present for each contiguous address range described.
- 1845 NOTE A Memory Device Mapped Address structure is provided only if a Memory Device has a mapped address;
1846 there is no provision within this structure to map a zero-length address space.
- 1847 See 7.17, 7.18, and 7.21 for more information.

Table 86 – Memory Device Mapped Address (Type 20) structure

Offset	Spec. Version	Name	Length	Value	Description
00h	2.1+	Type	BYTE	20	Memory Device Mapped Address indicator
01h	2.1+	Length	BYTE	Varies	Length of the structure, 13h for version 2.1, 23h for version 2.7 and later.
02h	2.1+	Handle	WORD	Varies	Handle, or instance number, associated with the structure
04h	2.1+	Starting Address	DWORD	Varies	Physical address, in kibibytes, of a range of memory mapped to the referenced Memory Device When the field value is FFFF FFFFh the actual address is stored in the <i>Extended Starting Address</i> field. When this field contains a valid address, <i>Ending Address</i> must also contain a valid address. When this field contains FFFF FFFFh, <i>Ending Address</i> must also contain FFFF FFFFh.
08h	2.1+	Ending Address	DWORD	Varies	Physical ending address of the last kibibyte of a range of addresses mapped to the referenced Memory Device When the field value is FFFF FFFFh the actual address is stored in the <i>Extended Ending Address</i> field. When this field contains a valid address, <i>Starting Address</i> must also contain a valid address.
0Ch	2.1+	Memory Device Handle	WORD	Varies	Handle, or instance number, associated with the Memory Device structure to which this address range is mapped Multiple address ranges can be mapped to a single Memory Device.
0Eh	2.1+	Memory Array Mapped Address Handle	WORD	Varies	Handle, or instance number, associated with the Memory Array Mapped Address structure to which this device address range is mapped Multiple address ranges can be mapped to a single Memory Array Mapped Address.
10h	2.1+	Partition Row Position	BYTE	Varies	Position of the referenced Memory Device in a row of the address partition For example, if two 8-bit devices form a 16-bit row, this field's value is either 1 or 2. The value 0 is reserved. If the position is unknown, the field contains FFh.
11h	2.1+	Interleave Position	BYTE	Varies	Position of the referenced Memory Device in an interleave The value 0 indicates non-interleaved, 1 indicates first interleave position, 2 the second interleave position, and so on. If the position is unknown, the field contains FFh. EXAMPLES: In a 2:1 interleave, the value 1 indicates the device in the "even" position. In a 4:1 interleave, the value 1 indicates the first of four possible positions.

Offset	Spec. Version	Name	Length	Value	Description
12h	2.1+	Interleaved Data Depth	BYTE	Varies	<p>Maximum number of consecutive rows from the referenced Memory Device that are accessed in a single interleaved transfer.</p> <p>If the device is not part of an interleave, the field contains 0; if the interleave configuration is unknown, the value is FFh.</p> <p>EXAMPLES: If a device transfers two rows each time it is read, its Interleaved Data Depth is set to 2. If that device is 2:1 interleaved and in Interleave Position 1, the rows mapped to that device are 1, 2, 5, 6, 9, 10, and so on.</p>
13h	2.7+	Extended Starting Address	QWORD	Varies	<p>Physical address, in bytes, of a range of memory mapped to the referenced Memory Device.</p> <p>This field is valid when <i>Starting Address</i> contains the value FFFF FFFFh. If <i>Starting Address</i> contains a value other than FFFF FFFFh, this field contains zeros. When this field contains a valid address, <i>Extended Ending Address</i> must also contain a valid address.</p>
1Bh	2.7+	Extended Ending Address	QWORD	Varies	<p>Physical ending address, in bytes, of the last of a range of addresses mapped to the referenced Memory Device.</p> <p>This field is valid when both <i>Starting Address</i> and <i>Ending Address</i> contain the value FFFF FFFFh. If <i>Ending Address</i> contains a value other than FFFF FFFFh, this field contains zeros. When this field contains a valid address, <i>Extended Starting Address</i> must also contain a valid address.</p>

1849 7.22 Built-in Pointing Device (Type 21)

1850 This structure describes the attributes of the built-in pointing device for the system. Table 87 provides
 1851 details.

1852 The presence of this structure does not imply that the built-in pointing device is active for the system's
 1853 use.

1854 **Table 87 – Built-in Pointing Device (Type 21) structure**

Offset	Spec. Version	Name	Length	Value	Description
00h	2.1+	Type	BYTE	21	Built-in Pointing Device indicator
01h	2.1+	Length	BYTE	07h	Length of the structure
02h	2.1+	Handle	WORD	Varies	Handle, or instance number, associated with the structure
04h	2.1+	Type	BYTE	ENUM	Type of pointing device; see 7.22.1
05h	2.1+	Interface	BYTE	ENUM	Interface type for the pointing device; see 7.22.2
06h	2.1+	Number of Buttons	BYTE	Varies	Number of buttons on the pointing device. If the device has three buttons, the field value is 03h.

1855 **7.22.1 Pointing Device — Type**

1856 Table 88 describes the byte values for the Pointing Device — Type field.

1857 NOTE See 6.3 for the CIM properties associated with this enumerated value.

1858

Table 88 – Pointing Device: Type field

Byte Value	Meaning
01h	Other
02h	Unknown
03h	Mouse
04h	Track Ball
05h	Track Point
06h	Glide Point
07h	Touch Pad
08h	Touch Screen
09h	Optical Sensor

1859 **7.22.2 Pointing Device — Interface**

1860 Table 89 describes the byte values for the Pointing Device — Interface field.

1861

Table 89 – Pointing Device: Interface field

Byte Value	Meaning
01h	Other
02h	Unknown
03h	Serial
04h	PS/2
05h	Infrared
06h	HP-HIL
07h	Bus mouse
08h	ADB (Apple Desktop Bus)
A0h	Bus mouse DB-9
A1h	Bus mouse micro-DIN
A2h	USB
A3h	I ² C
A4h	SPI

1862 **7.23 Portable Battery (Type 22)**

1863 This structure describes the attributes of the portable battery or batteries for the system. The structure
 1864 contains the static attributes for the group. Each structure describes attributes for a single battery pack.
 1865 Table 90 provides details:

Table 90 – Portable Battery (Type 22) structure

Offset	Spec. Version	Name	Length	Value	Description
00h	2.1+	Type	BYTE	22	Portable Battery indicator
01h	2.1+	Length	BYTE	1Ah	Length of the structure
02h	2.1+	Handle	WORD	Varies	Handle, or instance number, associated with the structure
04h	2.1+	Location	BYTE	STRING	Number of the string that identifies the location of the battery EXAMPLE: "in the back, on the left-hand side"
05h	2.1+	Manufacturer	BYTE	STRING	Number of the string that names the company that manufactured the battery
06h	2.1+	Manufacture Date	BYTE	STRING	Number of the string that identifies the date on which the battery was manufactured Version 2.2+ implementations that use a Smart Battery set this field to 0 (no string) to indicate that the <i>SBDS Manufacture Date</i> field contains the information.
07h	2.1+	Serial Number	BYTE	STRING	Number of the string that contains the serial number for the battery Version 2.2+ implementations that use a Smart Battery set this field to 0 (no string) to indicate that the <i>SBDS Serial Number</i> field contains the information.
08h	2.1+	Device Name	BYTE	STRING	Number of the string that names the battery device EXAMPLE: "DR-36"
09h	2.1+	Device Chemistry	BYTE	ENUM	Identifies the battery chemistry; see 7.23.1 Version 2.2+ implementations that use a Smart Battery set this field to 02h (Unknown) to indicate that the <i>SBDS Device Chemistry</i> field contains the information.
0Ah	2.1+	Design Capacity	WORD	Varies	Design capacity of the battery in mWatt-hours If the value is unknown, the field contains 0. For version 2.2+ implementations, this value is multiplied by the <i>Design Capacity Multiplier</i> to produce the actual value.
0Ch	2.1+	Design Voltage	WORD	Varies	Design voltage of the battery in mVolts If the value is unknown, the field contains 0.
0Eh	2.1+	SBDS Version Number	BYTE	STRING	Number of the string that contains the Smart Battery Data Specification version number supported by this battery If the battery does not support the function, no string is supplied.
0Fh	2.1+	Maximum Error in Battery Data	BYTE	Varies	Maximum error (as a percentage in the range 0 to 100) in the Watt-hour data reported by the battery, indicating an upper bound on how much additional energy the battery might have above the energy it reports having If the value is unknown, the field contains FFh.

Offset	Spec. Version	Name	Length	Value	Description
10h	2.2+	SBDS Serial Number	WORD	Varies	16-bit value that identifies the battery's serial number This value, when combined with the <i>Manufacturer</i> , <i>Device Name</i> , and <i>Manufacture Date</i> , uniquely identifies the battery. The <i>Serial Number</i> field must be set to 0 (no string) for this field to be valid.
12h	2.2+	SBDS Manufacture Date	WORD	Varies	Date the cell pack was manufactured, in packed format: Bits 15:9 Year, biased by 1980, in the range 0 to 127 Bits 8:5 Month, in the range 1 to 12 Bits 4:0 Date, in the range 1 to 31 EXAMPLE: 01 February 2000 would be identified as 0010 1000 0100 0001b (2841h) The Manufacture Date field must be set to 0 (no string) for this field to be valid.
14h	2.2+	SBDS Device Chemistry	BYTE	STRING	Number of the string that identifies the battery chemistry (for example, "PbAc") The <i>Device Chemistry</i> field must be set to 02h (Unknown) for this field to be valid.
15h	2.2+	Design Capacity Multiplier	BYTE	Varies	Multiplication factor of the Design Capacity value, which assures that the mWatt hours value does not overflow for SBDS implementations. The multiplier default is 1, SBDS implementations use the value 10 to correspond to the data as returned from the SBDS Function 18h.
16h	2.2+	OEM-specific	DWORD	Varies	Contains OEM- or firmware vendor-specific information

1867 **7.23.1 Portable Battery — Device Chemistry**

1868 Table 91 describes the byte values for the Portable Battery — Device Chemistry field.

1869 NOTE See 6.3 for the CIM properties associated with this enumerated value.

1870 **Table 91 – Portable Battery: Device Chemistry field**

Byte Value	Meaning
01h	Other
02h	Unknown
03h	Lead Acid
04h	Nickel Cadmium
05h	Nickel metal hydride
06h	Lithium-ion
07h	Zinc air
08h	Lithium Polymer

7.24 System Reset (Type 23)

This structure describes whether Automatic System Reset functions are enabled (*Status*). Details are provided in Table 92.

If the system has a watchdog timer and the timer is not reset (*Timer Reset*) before the *Interval* elapses, an automatic system reset occurs. The system re-boots according to the *Boot Option*. This function may repeat until the *Limit* is reached, at which time the system re-boots according to the *Boot Option at Limit*.

NOTE This structure type was added for version 2.2 of this specification.

Table 92 – System Reset (Type 23) structure

Offset	Name	Length	Value	Description
00h	Type	BYTE	23	System Reset indicator
01h	Length	BYTE	0Dh	Length of the structure
02h	Handle	WORD	Varies	Handle, or instance number, associated with the structure
04h	Capabilities	BYTE	Bit-field	<p>Identifies the system-reset capabilities for the system</p> <p>Bits 7:6 Reserved for future assignment by this specification; set to 00b</p> <p>Bit 5 System contains a watchdog timer: either True (1) or False (0)</p> <p>Bits 4:3 Boot Option on Limit. Identifies one of the following system actions to be taken when the Reset Limit is reached:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 00b Reserved, do not use. 01b Operating system 10b System utilities 11b Do not reboot <p>Bits 2:1 Boot Option. Indicates one of the following actions to be taken after a watchdog reset:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 00b Reserved, do not use. 01b Operating system 10b System utilities 11b Do not reboot <p>Bit 0 Status. Identifies whether (1) or not (0) the system reset is enabled by the user.</p>
05h	Reset Count	WORD	Varies	Number of automatic system resets since the last intentional reset A value of 0FFFFh indicates unknown.
07h	Reset Limit	WORD	Varies	Number of consecutive times the system reset is attempted A value of 0FFFFh indicates unknown.
09h	Timer Interval	WORD	Varies	Number of minutes to use for the watchdog timer If the timer is not reset within this interval, the system reset timeout begins. A value of 0FFFFh indicates unknown.
0Bh	Timeout	WORD	Varies	Number of minutes before the reboot is initiated It is used after a system power cycle, system reset (local or remote), and automatic system reset. A value of 0FFFFh indicates unknown.

1879 7.25 Hardware Security (Type 24)

1880 This structure describes the system-wide hardware security settings. Table 93 provides details.

1881 NOTE This structure type was added in version 2.2 of this specification.

1882 **Table 93 – Hardware Security (Type 24) structure**

Offset	Name	Length	Value	Description																																
00h	Type	BYTE	24	Hardware Security indicator																																
01h	Length	BYTE	05h	Length of the structure																																
02h	Handle	WORD	Varies	Handle, or instance number, associated with the structure																																
04h	Hardware Security Settings	BYTE	Bit-field	<p>Identifies the password and reset status for the system:</p> <p>Bits 7:6 Power-on Password Status value:</p> <table> <tr><td>00b</td><td>Disabled</td></tr> <tr><td>01b</td><td>Enabled</td></tr> <tr><td>10b</td><td>Not Implemented</td></tr> <tr><td>11b</td><td>Unknown</td></tr> </table> <p>Bits 5:4 Keyboard Password Status value:</p> <table> <tr><td>00b</td><td>Disabled</td></tr> <tr><td>01b</td><td>Enabled</td></tr> <tr><td>10b</td><td>Not Implemented</td></tr> <tr><td>11b</td><td>Unknown</td></tr> </table> <p>Bits 3:2 Administrator Password Status value:</p> <table> <tr><td>00b</td><td>Disabled</td></tr> <tr><td>01b</td><td>Enabled</td></tr> <tr><td>10b</td><td>Not Implemented</td></tr> <tr><td>11b</td><td>Unknown</td></tr> </table> <p>Bits 1:0 Front Panel Reset Status value:</p> <table> <tr><td>00b</td><td>Disabled</td></tr> <tr><td>01b</td><td>Enabled</td></tr> <tr><td>10b</td><td>Not Implemented</td></tr> <tr><td>11b</td><td>Unknown</td></tr> </table>	00b	Disabled	01b	Enabled	10b	Not Implemented	11b	Unknown	00b	Disabled	01b	Enabled	10b	Not Implemented	11b	Unknown	00b	Disabled	01b	Enabled	10b	Not Implemented	11b	Unknown	00b	Disabled	01b	Enabled	10b	Not Implemented	11b	Unknown
00b	Disabled																																			
01b	Enabled																																			
10b	Not Implemented																																			
11b	Unknown																																			
00b	Disabled																																			
01b	Enabled																																			
10b	Not Implemented																																			
11b	Unknown																																			
00b	Disabled																																			
01b	Enabled																																			
10b	Not Implemented																																			
11b	Unknown																																			
00b	Disabled																																			
01b	Enabled																																			
10b	Not Implemented																																			
11b	Unknown																																			

1883 7.26 System Power Controls (Type 25)

1884 This structure describes the attributes for controlling the main power supply to the system. Table 94
1885 shows details.

1886 Software that interprets this structure uses the month, day, hour, minute, and second values to determine
1887 the number of seconds until the next power-on of the system. The presence of this structure implies that a
1888 timed power-on facility is available for the system.

1889 NOTE This structure type was added in version 2.2 of the specification.

1890

Table 94 – System Power Controls (Type 25) structure

Offset	Name	Length	Value	Description
00h	Type	BYTE	25	System Power Controls indicator
01h	Length	BYTE	09h	Length of the structure
02h	Handle	WORD	Varies	Handle, or instance number, associated with the structure
04h	Next Scheduled Power-on Month	BYTE	Varies	BCD value of the month on which the next scheduled power-on is to occur, in the range 01h to 12h; see 7.26.1
05h	Next Scheduled Power-on Day-of-month	BYTE	Varies	BCD value of the day-of-month on which the next scheduled power-on is to occur, in the range 01h to 31h; see 7.26.1
06h	Next Scheduled Power-on Hour	BYTE	Varies	BCD value of the hour on which the next scheduled power-on is to occur, in the range 00h to 23h; see 7.26.1
07h	Next Scheduled Power-on Minute	BYTE	Varies	BCD value of the minute on which the next scheduled power-on is to occur, in the range 00h to 59h; see 7.26.1
08h	Next Scheduled Power-on Second	BYTE	Varies	BCD value of the second on which the next scheduled power-on is to occur, in the range 00h to 59h; see 7.26.1

1891

7.26.1 System Power Controls — Calculating the Next Scheduled Power-on Time

1892
1893
1894
1895

The DMTF *System Power Controls* group contains a *Next Scheduled Power-on Time*, specified as the number of seconds until the next scheduled power-on of the system. Management software uses the date and time information specified in the associated SMBIOS structure to calculate the total number of seconds.

1896
1897
1898

Any date or time field in the structure whose value is outside of the field's specified range does not contribute to the total-seconds count. For example, if the Month field contains the value FFh the next power-on is scheduled to fall within the next month, perhaps on a specific day-of-month and time.

1899

7.27 Voltage Probe (Type 26)

1900
1901

This describes the attributes for a voltage probe in the system. Each structure describes a single voltage probe. Table 95 shows details.

1902

NOTE This structure type was added in version 2.2 of this specification.

1903

Table 95 – Voltage Probe (Type 26) structure

Offset	Name	Length	Value	Description
00h	Type	BYTE	26	Voltage Probe indicator
01h	Length	BYTE	Varies	Length of the structure, at least 14h
02h	Handle	WORD	Varies	Handle, or instance number, associated with the structure
04h	Description	BYTE	STRING	Number of the string that contains additional descriptive information about the probe or its location
05h	Location and Status	BYTE	Bit-field	Probe's physical location and status of the voltage monitored by this voltage probe; see 7.27.1
06h	Maximum Value	WORD	Varies	Maximum voltage level readable by this probe, in millivolts. If the value is unknown, the field is set to 8000h.

Offset	Name	Length	Value	Description
08h	Minimum Value	WORD	Varies	Minimum voltage level readable by this probe, in millivolts If the value is unknown, the field is set to 8000h.
0Ah	Resolution	WORD	Varies	Resolution for the probe's reading, in tenths of millivolts If the value is unknown, the field is set to 8000h.
0Ch	Tolerance	WORD	Varies	Tolerance for reading from this probe, in plus/minus millivolts If the value is unknown, the field is set to 8000h.
0Eh	Accuracy	WORD	Varies	Accuracy for reading from this probe, in plus/minus 1/100 th of a percent If the value is unknown, the field is set to 8000h.
10h	OEM-defined	DWORD	Varies	OEM- or firmware vendor-specific information.
14h	Nominal Value	WORD	Varies	Nominal value for the probe's reading in millivolts If the value is unknown, the field is set to 8000h. This field is present in the structure only if the structure's length is larger than 14h.

1904 **7.27.1 Voltage Probe — Location and Status**

1905 Table 96 provides details about the Location and Status fields.

1906

Table 96 – Voltage Probe: Location and Status fields

Bit Range	Field Name	Value	Meaning
7:5	Status	001.....	Other
		010.....	Unknown
		011.....	OK
		100.....	Non-critical
		101.....	Critical
		110.....	Non-recoverable
4:0	Location	...00001	Other
		...00010	Unknown
		...00011	Processor
		...00100	Disk
		...00101	Peripheral Bay
		...00110	System Management Module
		...00111	Motherboard
		...01000	Memory Module
		...01001	Processor Module
		...01010	Power Unit
		...01011	Add-in Card

1907 **7.28 Cooling Device (Type 27)**

1908 This structure describes the attributes for a cooling device in the system. Each structure describes a
 1909 single cooling device. Table 97 shows details.

1910 NOTE This structure type was added in version 2.2 of this specification.

1911 **Table 97 – Cooling Device (Type 27) structure**

Offset	Spec. Version	Name	Length	Value	Description
00h	2.2+	Type	BYTE	27	Cooling Device indicator
01h	2.2+	Length	BYTE	Varies	Length of the structure, at least 0Ch
02h	2.2+	Handle	WORD	Varies	Handle, or instance number, associated with the structure
04h	2.2+	Temperature Probe Handle	WORD	Varies	Handle, or instance number, of the temperature probe (see 7.29) monitoring this cooling device.
06h	2.2+	Device Type and Status	BYTE	Bit-field	Cooling device type and status; see 7.28.1
07h	2.2+	Cooling Unit Group	BYTE	Varies	Cooling unit group to which this cooling device is associated Having multiple cooling devices in the same cooling unit implies a redundant configuration. The value is 00h if the cooling device is not a member of a redundant cooling unit. Non-zero values imply redundancy and that at least one other cooling device will be enumerated with the same value.
08h	2.2+	OEM-defined	DWORD	Varies	OEM- or firmware vendor-specific information
0Ch	2.2+	Nominal Speed	WORD	Varies	Nominal value for the cooling device's rotational speed, in revolutions-per-minute (rpm) If the value is unknown or the cooling device is non-rotating, the field is set to 8000h. This field is present in the structure only if the structure's length is larger than 0Ch.
0Eh	2.7+	Description	BYTE	STRING	Number of the string that contains additional descriptive information about the cooling device or its location This field is present in the structure only if the structure's length is 0Fh or larger.

1912 **7.28.1 Cooling Device — Device Type and Status**

1913 Table 98 shows details about the Device Type and Status fields.

1914

Table 98 – Cooling Device: Device Type and Status fields

Bit Range	Field Name	Value	Meaning
7:5	Status	001.....	Other
		010.....	Unknown
		011.....	OK
		100.....	Non-critical
		101.....	Critical
		110.....	Non-recoverable
4:0	Device Type	...00001	Other
		...00010	Unknown
		...00011	Fan
		...00100	Centrifugal Blower
		...00101	Chip Fan
		...00110	Cabinet Fan
		...00111	Power Supply Fan
		...01000	Heat Pipe
		...01001	Integrated Refrigeration
		...10000	Active Cooling
		...10001	Passive Cooling

1915 7.29 Temperature Probe (Type 28)

1916 This structure describes the attributes for a temperature probe in the system. Each structure describes a
1917 single temperature probe. Table 99 provides details.

1918 NOTE This structure type was added in version 2.2 of this specification.

Table 99 – Temperature Probe (Type 28) structure

Offset	Name	Length	Value	Description
00h	Type	BYTE	28	Temperature Probe indicator
01h	Length	BYTE	Varies	Length of the structure, at least 14h
02h	Handle	WORD	Varies	Handle, or instance number, associated with the structure
04h	Description	BYTE	STRING	Number of the string that contains additional descriptive information about the probe or its location
05h	Location and Status	BYTE	Bit-field	Probe's physical location and the status of the temperature monitored by this temperature probe; see 7.29.1
06h	Maximum Value	WORD	Varies	Maximum temperature readable by this probe, in 1/10 th degrees C If the value is unknown, the field is set to 8000h.
08h	Minimum Value	WORD	Varies	Minimum temperature readable by this probe, in 1/10 th degrees C If the value is unknown, the field is set to 8000h.

Offset	Name	Length	Value	Description
0Ah	Resolution	WORD	Varies	Resolution for the probe's reading, in 1/1000 th degrees C If the value is unknown, the field is set to 8000h.
0Ch	Tolerance	WORD	Varies	Tolerance for reading from this probe, in plus/minus 1/10 th degrees C If the value is unknown, the field is set to 8000h.
0Eh	Accuracy	WORD	Varies	Accuracy for reading from this probe, in plus/minus 1/100 th of a percent If the value is unknown, the field is set to 8000h.
10h	OEM-defined	DWORD	Varies	OEM- or firmware vendor-specific information
14h	Nominal Value	WORD	Varies	Nominal value for the probe's reading in 1/10 th degrees C If the value is unknown, the field is set to 8000h. This field is present in the structure only if the structure's Length is larger than 14h.

1920 **7.29.1 Temperature Probe — Location and Status**

1921 Table 100 provides details about the Location and Status fields.

1922 NOTE See 6.3 for the CIM properties associated with these enumerated values.

1923 **Table 100 – Temperature Probe: Location and Status field**

Bit Range	Field Name	Value	Meaning
7:5	Status	001.....	Other
		010.....	Unknown
		011.....	OK
		100.....	Non-critical
		101.....	Critical
		110.....	Non-recoverable
4:0	Location	...00001	Other
		...00010	Unknown
		...00011	Processor
		...00100	Disk
		...00101	Peripheral Bay
		...00110	System Management Module
		...00111	Motherboard
		...01000	Memory Module
		...01001	Processor Module
		...01010	Power Unit
		...01011	Add-in Card
		...01100	Front Panel Board
		...01101	Back Panel Board
		...01110	Power System Board
		...01111	Drive Back Plane

1924 **7.30 Electrical Current Probe (Type 29)**

1925 This structure describes the attributes for an electrical current probe in the system. Each structure
 1926 describes a single electrical current probe. Table 101 provides details.

1927 NOTE This structure type was added in version 2.2 of this specification.

1928 **Table 101 – Electrical Current Probe (Type 29) structure**

Offset	Name	Length	Value	Description
00h	Type	BYTE	29	Electrical Current Probe indicator
01h	Length	BYTE	Varies	Length of the structure, at least 14h
02h	Handle	WORD	Varies	Handle, or instance number, associated with the structure
04h	Description	BYTE	STRING	Number of the string that contains additional descriptive information about the probe or its location
05h	Location and Status	BYTE	ENUM	Defines the probe's physical location and the status of the current monitored by this current probe; see 7.30.1
06h	Maximum Value	WORD	Varies	Maximum current readable by this probe, in millamps If the value is unknown, the field is set to 8000h.
08h	Minimum Value	WORD	Varies	Minimum current readable by this probe, in millamps If the value is unknown, the field is set to 8000h.
0Ah	Resolution	WORD	Varies	Resolution for the probe's reading, in tenths of millamps If the value is unknown, the field is set to 8000h.
0Ch	Tolerance	WORD	Varies	Tolerance for reading from this probe, in plus/minus millamps If the value is unknown, the field is set to 8000h.
0Eh	Accuracy	WORD	Varies	Accuracy for reading from this probe, in plus/minus 1/100 th of a percent If the value is unknown, the field is set to 8000h.
10h	OEM-defined	DWORD	Varies	OEM- or firmware vendor-specific information
14h	Nominal Value	WORD	Varies	Nominal value for the probe's reading in millamps If the value is unknown, the field is set to 8000h. This field is present in the structure only if the structure's length is larger than 14h.

1929 **7.30.1 Current Probe — Location and Status**

1930 Table 102 provides details about the Location and Status fields.

1931 NOTE See 6.3 for the CIM properties associated with these enumerated values.

1932

Table 102 – Current Probe: Location and Status field

Bit Range	Field Name	Value	Meaning
7:5	Status	001.....	Other
		010.....	Unknown
		011.....	OK
		100.....	Non-critical
		101.....	Critical
		110.....	Non-recoverable
4:0	Location	...00001	Other
		...00010	Unknown
		...00011	Processor
		...00100	Disk
		...00101	Peripheral Bay
		...00110	System Management Module
		...00111	Motherboard
		...01000	Memory Module
		...01001	Processor Module
		...01010	Power Unit
		...01011	Add-in Card

1933 7.31 Out-of-Band Remote Access (Type 30)

1934 This structure describes the attributes and policy settings of a hardware facility that may be used to gain
 1935 remote access to a hardware system when the operating system is not available due to power-down
 1936 status, hardware failures, or boot failures. Table 103 provides details.

1937 NOTE This structure type was added in version 2.2 of this specification.

Table 103 – Out-of-Band Remote Access (Type 30) structure

Offset	Name	Length	Value	Description
00h	Type	BYTE	30	Out-of-Band Remote Access indicator
01h	Length	BYTE	06h	Length of the structure
02h	Handle	WORD	Varies	Handle, or instance number, associated with the structure
04h	Manufacturer Name	BYTE	STRING	Number of the string that contains the manufacturer of the out-of-band access facility

Offset	Name	Length	Value	Description
05h	Connections	BYTE	Bit-field	<p>Current remote-access connections:</p> <p>Bits 7:2 Reserved for future definition by this specification; set to all zeros</p> <p>Bit 1 Outbound Connection Enabled. Identifies whether (1) or not (0) the facility is allowed to initiate outbound connections to contact an alert management facility when critical conditions occur</p> <p>Bit 0 Inbound Connection Enabled. Identifies whether (1) or not (0) the facility is allowed to initiate outbound connections to receive incoming connections for the purpose of remote operations or problem management</p>

1939 7.32 Boot Integrity Services (BIS) Entry Point (Type 31)

1940 Structure type 31 (decimal) is reserved for use by the Boot Integrity Services (BIS). See the [Boot Integrity Services API Specification](#) for details.

1942 NOTE This structure type was added in version 2.3 of this specification.

1943 7.33 System Boot Information (Type 32)

1944 The client system firmware (for example, BIOS) communicates the *System Boot Status* to the client's Pre-boot Execution Environment (PXE) boot image or OS-present management application through this structure. Table 104 provides details on this structure.

1947 When used in the PXE environment, for example, this code identifies the reason the PXE was initiated and can be used by boot-image software to further automate an enterprise's PXE sessions. For example, an enterprise could choose to automatically download a hardware-diagnostic image to a client whose reason code indicated either a firmware- or an operating system-detected hardware failure.

1951 NOTE This structure type was added in version 2.3 of this specification.

1952 **Table 104 – System Boot Information (Type 32) structure**

Offset	Name	Length	Value	Description
00h	Type	BYTE	32	System Boot Information structure identifier
01h	Length	BYTE	Varies	Length of the structure, in bytes; at least 0Bh
02h	Handle	WORD	Varies	
04h	Reserved	6 BYTES	00h	Reserved for future assignment by this specification; all bytes are set to 00h
0Ah	Boot Status	Length-10 Bytes	Varies	Status and Additional Data fields that identify the boot status See 7.33.1 for additional information.

1953 7.33.1 System boot status

1954 Table 105 provides information about system boot status.

1955

Table 105 – System boot status

Description	Status	Additional Data
No errors detected	0	None
No bootable media	1	None
“normal” operating system failed to load	2	None
Firmware-detected hardware failure, including “unknown” failure types	3	None
Operating system-detected hardware failure For ACPI operating systems, the system firmware might set this reason code when the OS reports a boot failure through interfaces defined in the Simple Boot Flag Specification .	4	None
User-requested boot, usually through a keystroke	5	None
System security violation	6	None
Previously requested image This reason code allows coordination between OS-present software and the OS-absent environment. For example, an OS-present application might enable (through a platform-specific interface) the system to boot to the PXE and request a specific boot-image.	7	Varies
System watchdog timer expired, causing the system to reboot	8	None
Reserved for future assignment by this specification	9-127	Varies
Vendor/OEM-specific implementations The Vendor/OEM identifier is the “Manufacturer” string found in the System Information structure.	128-191	Varies
Product-specific implementations The product identifier is formed by the concatenation of the “Manufacturer” and “Product Name” strings found in the System Information structure.	192-255	Varies

1956 7.34 64-Bit Memory Error Information (Type 33)

1957 This structure describes an error within a Physical Memory Array when the error address is above 4GiB (FFFFFFFFFFh). Table 106 provides details.

1959 NOTE This structure type was added in version 2.3 of this specification.

1960 Table 106 – 64-Bit Memory Error Information (Type 33) structure

Offset	Name	Length	Value	Description
00h	Type	BYTE	33	64-bit Memory Error Information type
01h	Length	BYTE	1Fh	Length of the structure
02h	Handle	WORD	Varies	Handle, or instance number, associated with the structure
04h	Error Type	BYTE	ENUM	Type of error that is associated with the status reported for the memory array or device See 7.19.1 for definitions.
05h	Error Granularity	BYTE	ENUM	Granularity (for example, device versus Partition) to which the error can be resolved See 7.19.2 for definitions.
06h	Error Operation	BYTE	ENUM	Memory access operation that caused the error See 7.19.3 for definitions.

Offset	Name	Length	Value	Description
07h	Vendor Syndrome	DWORD	Varies	Vendor-specific ECC syndrome or CRC data associated with the erroneous access If the value is unknown, this field contains 0000 0000h.
0Bh	Memory Array Error Address	QWORD	Varies	64-bit physical address of the error based on the addressing of the bus to which the memory array is connected If the address is unknown, this field contains 8000 0000 0000 0000h.
13h	Device Error Address	QWORD	Varies	64-bit physical address of the error relative to the start of the failing memory device, in bytes If the address is unknown, this field contains 8000 0000 0000 0000h.
1Bh	Error Resolution	DWORD	Varies	Range, in bytes, within which the error can be determined, when an error address is given If the range is unknown, this field contains 8000 0000h.

1961 7.35 Management Device (Type 34)

1962 The information in this structure defines the attributes of a *Management Device*. Table 107 provides
1963 details.

1964 A *Management Device* might control one or more fans or voltage, current, or temperature probes as
1965 defined by one or more *Management Device Component* structures. See 7.36 for more information.

1966 NOTE This structure type was added in version 2.3 of this specification.

1967 **Table 107 – Management Device (Type 34) structure**

Offset	Name	Length	Value	Description
00h	Type	BYTE	34	Management Device indicator
01h	Length	BYTE	0Bh	Length of the structure
02h	Handle	WORD	Varies	Handle, or instance number, associated with the structure
04h	Description	BYTE	STRING	Number of the string that contains additional descriptive information about the device or its location
05h	Type	BYTE	Varies	Device's type; see 7.35.1
06h	Address	DWORD	Varies	Device's address
0Ah	Address Type	BYTE	Varies	Type of addressing used to access the device; see 7.35.2

1968 **7.35.1 Management Device — Type**

1969 Table 108 describes the byte values for the Management Device — Type field.

1970 **Table 108 – Management Device: Type field**

Byte Value	Meaning
01h	Other
02h	Unknown
03h	National Semiconductor LM75

Byte Value	Meaning
04h	National Semiconductor LM78
05h	National Semiconductor LM79
06h	National Semiconductor LM80
07h	National Semiconductor LM81
08h	Analog Devices ADM9240
09h	Dallas Semiconductor DS1780
0Ah	Maxim 1617
0Bh	Genesys GL518SM
0Ch	Winbond W83781D
0Dh	Holtek HT82H791

1971 7.35.2 Management Device — Address Type

1972 Table 109 describes the byte values for the Management Device — Address Type field.

1973 **Table 109 – Management Device: Address Type field**

Byte Value	Meaning
01h	Other
02h	Unknown
03h	I/O Port
04h	Memory
05h	SM Bus

1974 7.36 Management Device Component (Type 35)

1975 This structure associates a cooling device or environmental probe with structures that define the
1976 controlling hardware device and (optionally) the component's thresholds. Table 110 provides details.

1977 NOTE This structure type was added in version 2.3 of this specification.

1978 **Table 110 – Management Device Component (Type 35) structure**

Offset	Name	Length	Value	Description
00h	Type	BYTE	35	Management Device Component indicator
01h	Length	BYTE	0Bh	Length of the structure
02h	Handle	WORD	Varies	Handle, or instance number, associated with the structure
04h	Description	BYTE	STRING	Number of the string that contains additional descriptive information about the component
05h	Management Device Handle	WORD	Varies	Handle, or instance number, of the Management Device (see 7.35) that contains this component

Offset	Name	Length	Value	Description
07h	Component Handle	WORD	Varies	Handle, or instance number, of the probe or cooling device that defines this component See 7.27, 7.28, 7.29, and 7.30.
09h	Threshold Handle	WORD	Varies	Handle, or instance number, associated with the device thresholds; see 7.37.

1979 7.37 Management Device Threshold Data (Type 36)

1980 The information in this structure defines threshold information for a component (probe or cooling-unit)
 1981 contained within a *Management Device*. Table 111 provides details.

1982 For each threshold field present in the structure:

- 1983 • The threshold units (millivolts, millamps, 1/10th degrees C, or RPMs) are as defined by the
 1984 associated probe or cooling-unit component structure.
- 1985 • If the value is unavailable, the field is set to 8000h.

1986 NOTE This structure type was added in version 2.3 of this specification.

1987 **Table 111 – Management Device Threshold Data (Type 36) structure**

Offset	Name	Length	Value	Description
00h	Type	BYTE	36	Management Device Threshold Data structure indicator
01h	Length	BYTE	10h	Length of the structure
02h	Handle	WORD	Varies	Handle, or instance number, associated with the structure
04h	Lower Threshold – Non-critical	WORD	Varies	Lower non-critical threshold for this component
06h	Upper Threshold – Non-critical	WORD	Varies	Upper non-critical threshold for this component
08h	Lower Threshold – Critical	WORD	Varies	Lower critical threshold for this component
0Ah	Upper Threshold – Critical	WORD	Varies	Upper critical threshold for this component
0ch	Lower Threshold – Non-recoverable	WORD	Varies	Lower non-recoverable threshold for this component
0eh	Upper Threshold – Non-recoverable	WORD	Varies	Upper non-recoverable threshold for this component

1988 7.38 Memory Channel (Type 37)

1989 The information in this structure provides the correlation between a Memory Channel and its associated
 1990 Memory Devices. Table 112 provides details.

1991 Each device presents one or more loads to the channel; the sum of all device loads cannot exceed the
 1992 channel's defined maximum.

1993 NOTE This structure type was added in version 2.3 of this specification.

1994

Table 112 – Memory Channel (Type 37) structure

Offset	Name	Length	Value	Description
00h	Type	BYTE	37	Management Device Threshold Data structure indicator
01h	Length	BYTE		Length of the structure, computed by the firmware as $7 + 3 * (\text{Memory Device Count})$ NOTE: To allow future structure growth by appending information after the Load/Handle list, this field must not be used to determine the number of memory devices specified within the structure.
02h	Handle	WORD	Varies	Handle, or instance number, associated with the structure
04h	Channel Type	BYTE	Varies	Type of memory associated with the channel; see 7.38.1
05h	Maximum Channel Load	BYTE	Varies	Maximum load supported by the channel; the sum of all device loads cannot exceed this value
06h	Memory Device Count (n)	BYTE	Varies	Number of Memory Devices (Type 11h) that are associated with this channel This value also defines the number of Load/Handle pairs that follow.
07h	Memory1 Device Load	BYTE	Varies	Channel load provided by the first Memory Device associated with this channel
08h	Memory Device1 Handle	WORD	Varies	Structure handle that identifies the first Memory Device associated with this channel
$7 + 3 * (n - 1)$	Memory Device _n Load	BYTE	Varies	Channel load provided by the nth Memory Device associated with this channel
$8 + 3 * (n - 1)$	Memory Device _n Handle	WORD	Varies	Structure handle that identifies the nth Memory Device associated with this channel

1995

7.38.1 Memory Channel — Channel Type

1996

Table 113 describes the byte values for the Memory Channel — Channel Type field.

1997

NOTE: Enumerated values are controlled by DMTF, not by this specification.

1998

Table 113 – Memory Channel: Channel Type field

Byte Value	Meaning
01h	Other
02h	Unknown
03h	Rambus
04h	SyncLink

1999

7.39 IPMI Device Information (Type 38)

2000

The information in this structure defines the attributes of an Intelligent Platform Management Interface (IPMI) Baseboard Management Controller (BMC). Table 114 provides the details about this structure. See the [Intelligent Platform Management Interface \(IPMI\) Interface Specification](#) for full documentation of IPMI and additional information on the use of this structure.

2004 The Type 42 structure can also be used to describe a physical management controller host interface and one or more protocols that share that interface. If IPMI is not shared with other protocols, either the Type 38 or the Type 42 structures can be used. Providing Type 38 is recommended for backward compatibility.
 2005
 2006
 2007 See 7.43 for additional information on Type 42.

2008

Table 114 – IPMI Device Information (Type 38) Structure

Offset	Name	Length	Value	Description
00h	Type	BYTE	38	IPMI Device Information structure indicator
01h	Length	BYTE	Varies	Length of the structure, a minimum of 10h
02h	Handle	WORD	Varies	
04h	Interface Type	BYTE	ENUM	Baseboard Management Controller (BMC) interface type; see 7.39.1
05h	IPMI Specification Revision	BYTE	Varies	<p>IPMI specification revision, in BCD format, to which the BMC was designed</p> <p>Bits 7:4 hold the most significant digit of the revision, while bits 3:0 hold the least significant bits.</p> <p>EXAMPLE: A value of 10h indicates revision 1.0.</p>
06h	I2C Target Address	BYTE	Varies	Target address on the I2C bus of this BMC
07h	NV Storage Device Address	BYTE	Varies	Bus ID of the NV storage device If no storage device exists for this BMC, the field is set to OFFh.
08h	Base Address	QWORD	Varies	Base address (either memory-mapped or I/O) of the BMC If the least-significant bit of the field is a 1, the address is in I/O space; otherwise, the address is memory-mapped. See the IPMI Interface Specification for usage details.

Offset	Name	Length	Value	Description
10h	Base Address Modifier / Interrupt Info	BYTE	Varies	<p>Base Address Modifier (This field is unused and set to 00h for SSIF.)</p> <p>bit 7:6 – Register spacing 00b = Interface registers are on successive byte boundaries. 01b = Interface registers are on 32-bit boundaries. 10b = Interface registers are on 16-byte boundaries. 11b = Reserved.</p> <p>bit 5 – Reserved. Return as 0b.</p> <p>bit 4 – LS-bit for addresses: 0b = Address bit 0 = 0b 1b = Address bit 0 = 1b</p> <p>Interrupt Info Identifies the type and polarity of the interrupt associated with the IPMI system interface, if any:</p> <p>bit 3 – Interrupt Info 1b = Interrupt information specified 0b = Interrupt information not specified</p> <p>bit 2 – Reserved. Return as 0b</p> <p>bit 1 – Interrupt Polarity 1b = active high 0b = active low</p> <p>bit 0 – Interrupt Trigger Mode 1b = level 0b = edge</p>
11h	Interrupt Number	BYTE	Varies	Interrupt number for IPMI System Interface 00h = unspecified/unsupported

2009 7.39.1 IPMI Device Information — BMC Interface Type

2010 Table 115 describes the byte values for the IPMI Device Information — BMC Interface Type field.

2011 **Table 115 – IPMI Device Information: BMC Interface Type field**

Byte Value	Meaning
00h	Unknown
01h	KCS: Keyboard Controller Style
02h	SMIC: Server Management Interface Chip
03h	BT: Block Transfer
04h	SSIF: SMBus System Interface
05h to 0FFh	Reserved for future assignment by this specification

2012 7.40 System Power Supply (Type 39)

2013 This structure identifies attributes of a system power supply. Table 116 provides details. One instance of this structure is present for each possible power supply in a system.

2015 NOTE This structure type was added in version 2.3.1 of this specification.

2016

Table 116 – System Power Supply (Type 39) structure

Offset	Name	Length	Value	Description
00h	Type	BYTE	39	Power Supply Structure indicator
01h	Length	BYTE	Varies	Length of the structure, a minimum of 10h
02h	Handle	WORD	Varies	Handle, or instance number, associated with the power supply structure
04h	Power Unit Group	BYTE	Varies	Power unit group to which this power supply is associated Specifying the same Power Unit Group value for more than one System Power Supply structure indicates a redundant power supply configuration. The field's value is 00h if the power supply is not a member of a redundant power unit. Non-zero values imply redundancy and that at least one other power supply will be enumerated with the same value.
05h	Location	BYTE	STRING	Number of the string that identifies the location of the power supply EXAMPLES: "in the back, on the left-hand side" or "Left Supply Bay"
06h	Device Name	BYTE	STRING	Number of the string that names the power supply device EXAMPLE: "DR-36"
07h	Manufacturer	BYTE	STRING	Number of the string that names the company that manufactured the supply
08h	Serial Number	BYTE	STRING	Number of the string that contains the serial number for the power supply
09h	Asset Tag Number	BYTE	STRING	Number of the string that contains the Asset Tag Number
0Ah	Model Part Number	BYTE	STRING	Number of the string that contains the OEM Part Order Number
0Bh	Revision Level	BYTE	STRING	Power supply Revision String EXAMPLE: "2.30"
0Ch	Max Power Capacity	WORD	Varies	Maximum sustained power output in Watts Set to 8000h if unknown. Note that the units specified by DMTF for this field are milliwatts.
0Eh	Power Supply Characteristics	WORD	Varies	See 7.40.1.
10h	Input Voltage Probe Handle	WORD	Varies	Handle, or instance number, of a voltage probe (Type 26) monitoring this power supply's input voltage.
12h	Cooling Device Handle	WORD	Varies	Handle, or instance number, of a cooling device (Type 27) associated with this power supply.
14h	Input Current Probe Handle	WORD	Varies	Handle, or instance number, of the electrical current probe (Type 29) monitoring this power supply's input current.

2017 **7.40.1 Power supply characteristics**

2018 Table 117 provides information about power supply characteristics.

2019 NOTE See 6.3 for the CIM properties associated with these enumerated values.

2020

Table 117 – Power supply characteristics

Bit Range	Meaning
15 to 14	Reserved; set to 00b
13 to 10	DMTF Power Supply Type 0001b Other 0010b Unknown 0011b Linear 0100b Switching 0101b Battery 0110b UPS 0111b Converter 1000b Regulator 1001b to 1111b — Reserved for future assignment
9 to 7	Status 001b Other 010b Unknown 011b OK 100b Non-critical 101b Critical; power supply has failed and has been taken off-line.
6 to 3	DMTF Input Voltage Range Switching 0001b Other 0010b Unknown 0011b Manual 0100b Auto-switch 0101b Wide range 0110b Not applicable 0111b to 1111b — Reserved for future assignment
2	1b power supply is unplugged from the wall
1	1b power supply is present
0	1b power supply is hot-replaceable

2021

7.41 Additional Information (Type 40)

2022

This structure is intended to provide additional information for handling unspecified enumerated values and interim field updates in another structure. Table 118 provides details.

2023

NOTE This structure type was added in version 2.6 of this specification.

2025

Table 118 – Additional Information (Type 40) structure

Offset	Name	Length	Value	Description
00h	Type	BYTE	40	Additional Information type

01h	Length	BYTE	Varies	Length of the structure, a minimum of 0Bh
02h	Handle	WORD	Varies	Handle, or instance number, associated with the structure
04h	Number of Additional Information entries (n)	BYTE	Varies	Number of Additional Information Entries that follow
05h	Additional Information entries	Varies	Varies	Additional Information entries; see 7.41.1

7.41.1 Additional Information Entry format

2027 Table 119 describes an Additional Information Entry format.

Table 119 – Additional Information Entry format

Offset	Name	Length	Value	Description
00h	Entry Length	BYTE	Varies	Length of this Additional Information Entry instance; a minimum of 6
01h	Referenced Handle	WORD	Varies	Handle, or instance number, associated with the structure for which additional information is provided
03h	Referenced Offset	BYTE	Varies	Offset of the field within the structure referenced by the <i>Referenced Handle</i> for which additional information is provided
04h	String	BYTE	STRING	Number of the optional string to be associated with the field referenced by the <i>Referenced Offset</i>
05h	Value	Varies	Varies	Enumerated value or updated field content that has not yet been approved for publication in this specification and therefore could not be used in the field referenced by <i>Referenced Offset</i> NOTE: This field is the same type and size as the field being referenced by this Additional Information Entry.

The following guidance applies to using this structure to provide additional information for an enumerated value field, such as processor type:

- 2031 • If a value has been proposed:

2032 – Set the field in the original structure to “Other.”

2033 – Use the proposed value in the value field of the Additional Information Entry that references the
2034 enumerated field in the original structure.

2035 – The Additional Information Entry String field may also be used to uniquely describe this new
2036 item (for example the CPU ID string).

2037 • If a value has not been proposed:

2038 – The field in the original structure and the *Additional Information Entry Value* field that references
2039 it should both be set to “Other.”

2040 – The *Additional Information Entry String* field should be filled to uniquely describe this new item
2041 (for example the CPU ID string).

2042 The following guidance is given for using this structure to provide additional information for a field update:

2043 • If a change has been proposed:

2044 – Set the field in the original structure as best as possible using only fully approved settings.

- 2045 – Place the modified value in the value field of the Additional Information Entry that references the
 2046 field in the original structure.
- 2047 – The *Additional Information Entry String* field may also be used to uniquely describe this
 2048 modification.
- 2049 • If a change has not been proposed:
- 2050 – The field in the original structure and *Additional Information Entry Value* field that references it
 2051 should both be set to the same value (the best possible value using only fully approved
 2052 settings).
- 2053 – The *Additional Information Entry String* field should be filled to uniquely describe what needs to
 2054 be modified (for example, “XYZ capability needs to be defined”).

2055 **7.42 Onboard Devices Extended Information (Type 41)**

2056 The information in this structure defines the attributes of devices that are onboard (soldered onto) a
 2057 system element, usually the baseboard. Table 120 provides details.

2058 In general, an entry in this table implies that the firmware has some level of control over the enablement
 2059 of the associated device for use by the system.

2060 To describe multi-function devices, use one type 41 structure per function, and one type 14 (Group
 2061 Association) structure referencing all the function handles.

2062 NOTE This structure replaces Onboard Device Information (Type 10) starting with version 2.6 of this specification.
 2063 Firmware providers can choose to implement both types to allow existing SMBIOS browsers to properly display the
 2064 system’s onboard devices information.

2065 **Table 120 – Onboard Devices Extended Information (Type 41) structure**

Offset	Name	Length	Value	Description
00h	Type	BYTE	41	Onboard Devices Extended Information
01h	Length	BYTE	0Bh	Length of the structure
02h	Handle	WORD	Varies	
04h	Reference Designation	BYTE	String	String number of the onboard device reference designation See 7.42.1.
05h	Device Type	BYTE	ENUM	Bit 7 – Device Status: 1 – Device Enabled 0 – Device Disabled Bits 6:0 – Type of Device (see 7.42.2)
06h	Device Type Instance	BYTE	Varies	See 7.42.3
07h	Segment Group Number	WORD	Varies	See 7.42.4
09h	Bus Number	BYTE	Varies	See 7.42.4
0Ah	Device/Function Number	BYTE	Bit Field	Bits 7:3 – Device number Bits 2:0 – Function number See 7.42.4

2066 **7.42.1 Reference Designation**

2067 The *Reference Designation* string is typically the silkscreen label.

2068 **7.42.2 Onboard Device Types**

2069 Table 121 describes the byte values for the Onboard Device Types field.

2070 **Table 121 – Onboard Device Types field**

Byte Value	Meaning
01h	Other
02h	Unknown
03h	Video
04h	SCSI Controller
05h	Ethernet
06h	Token Ring
07h	Sound
08h	PATA Controller
09h	SATA Controller
0Ah	SAS Controller
0Bh	Wireless LAN
0Ch	Bluetooth
0Dh	WWAN
0Eh	eMMC (embedded Multi-Media Controller)
0Fh	NVMe Controller
10h	UFS Controller

2071 **7.42.3 Device Type Instance**

2072 *Device Type Instance* is a unique value (within a given *onboard device type*) used to indicate the order
 2073 the device is designated by the system. For example, a system with two identical Ethernet NICs may
 2074 designate one NIC (with higher Bus/Device/Function=15/0/0) as the first onboard NIC (instance 1) and
 2075 the other NIC (with lower Bus/Device/Function =3/0/0) as the second onboard NIC (instance 2).

2076 **7.42.4 Segment Group Number, Bus Number, Device/Function Number**

2077 For devices that are not of types PCI, AGP, PCI-X, or PCI-Express and that do not have
 2078 bus/device/function information, 0FFh should be populated in the fields of *Segment Group Number*, *Bus*
 2079 *Number*, *Device/Function Number*.

2080 *Segment Group Number* is defined in the [PCI Firmware Specification](#). The value is 0 for a single-segment
 2081 topology.

2082 7.43 Management Controller Host Interface (Type 42)

2083 The information in this structure defines the attributes of a Management Controller Host Interface that is
 2084 not discoverable by "Plug and Play" mechanisms. Table 122 provides details. The Type 42 structure can
 2085 be used to describe a physical management controller host interface and one or more protocols that
 2086 share that interface.

2087 Type 42 should be used for management controller host interfaces that use protocols other than IPMI or
 2088 that use multiple protocols on a single host interface type.

2089 This structure should also be provided if IPMI is shared with other protocols over the same interface
 2090 hardware. If IPMI is not shared with other protocols, either the Type 38 or the Type 42 structures can be
 2091 used. Providing Type 38 is recommended for backward compatibility. The structures are not required to
 2092 be mutually exclusive. Type 38 and Type 42 structures may be implemented simultaneously to provide
 2093 backward compatibility with IPMI applications or drivers that do not yet recognize the Type 42 structure.
 2094 See the [Intelligent Platform Management Interface \(IPMI\) Interface Specification](#) for full documentation of
 2095 IPMI and additional information on the use of this structure with IPMI.

2096 **Table 122 – Management Controller Host Interface (Type 42) structure**

Offset	Name	Length	Value	Description
00h	Type	BYTE	42	Management Controller Host Interface structure indicator
01h	Length	BYTE	Varies	Length of the structure, a minimum of 0Bh
02h	Handle	WORD	Varies	
04h	Interface Type	BYTE	ENUM	Management Controller Interface Type (see 7.43.1)
05h	Interface Type Specific Data Length	BYTE	N	
06h	Interface Type Specific Data	N BYTES	Varies	<p>Management Controller Host Interface Data, as specified by the Interface Type</p> <p>This field has a minimum of four bytes. If interface type = OEM, the first four bytes are the vendor ID (MSB first), as assigned by the Internet Assigned Numbers Authority (IANA). This format uses the "Enterprise Number" that is assigned and maintained by IANA (www.iana.org) as the means of identifying a particular vendor, company, or organization.</p> <p>For MCTP Host Interfaces, this field is defined in the <i>MCTP Host Interface specification</i> (DSP0256), <i>Locating MCTP Host Interfaces via SMBIOS tables</i> subclause.</p>
06h + N	Number of Protocol Records	BYTE	X	X number of Protocol Records for this Host Interface Type
07h + N	Protocol Records	M BYTES	Varies	Protocol Records (see Table 123)

2097 In SMBIOS 3.2, a Change Request is applied to this structure to add the information that is required to
 2098 completely parse the structure.

2099 The addition of the Interface Type Specific Data Length field may cause parser compatibility issue in
 2100 versions earlier than SMBIOS 3.2 when Interface Type = OEM.

2101 Before SMBIOS 3.2 when Interface Type = OEM, the first four bytes following the Interface Type field is
 2102 the IANA-assigned vendor ID.

2103 **Table 123 – Protocol Record Data Format**

Offset	Name	Length	Value	Description
00h	Protocol Type	BYTE	ENUM	Protocol Type. See 7.43.2 for protocol type definitions.
01h	Protocol Type Specific Data Length	BYTE	N	
02h	Protocol Type Specific Data	N BYTES	Varies	For the MCTP Protocol Type, this field is defined in the <i>MCTP Host Interface specification</i> (DSP0256), <i>Locating MCTP Host Interfaces via SMBIOS tables</i> subclause.

2104 **7.43.1 Management Controller Host Interface — Interface Types**

2105 Table 124 describes the possible values for the *Interface Type* field.

2106 **Table 124 – Management Controller Host Interface Types**

Value	Description
00h – 3Fh	MCTP Host Interfaces – See DSP0239 for the definition and assignment of MCTP host interface type values
40h	Network Host Interface – See DSP0270 for the definition and details of the Network Host Interface type
F0h	OEM-defined
All others	Reserved

2107 **7.43.2 Management Controller Host Interface — Protocol Types**

2108 Table 125 describes the possible values for the *Protocol 1...n Type* fields.

2109 **Table 125 – Management Controller Host Interface Protocol Types**

Value	Description
00h	Reserved
01h	Reserved
02h	IPMI: Intelligent Platform Management Interface: See IPMI Appendix C1
03h	MCTP: Management Component Transport Protocol: See DSP0236 for the definition and details of the MCTP protocol type
04h	Redfish over IP: See DSP0270 for the definition and details of the Redfish over IP protocol type
F0h	OEM-defined
All others	Reserved

2110

2111 **7.44 TPM Device (Type 43)**2112 **Table 126 – TPM Device (Type 43) structure**

Offset	Name	Length	Value	Description
00h	Type	BYTE	43	TPM Device
01h	Length	BYTE	1Fh	Length of the structure
02h	Handle	WORD	Varies	Handle, or instance number, associated with the structure
04h	Vendor ID	4 BYTES	Varies	Specified as four ASCII characters, as defined by TCG Vendor ID (see CAP_VID in TCG Vendor ID Registry). For example: Vendor ID string of “ABC” = (41h 42h 43h 00h) Vendor ID string of “ABCD” = (41h 42h 43h 44h)
08h	Major Spec Version	BYTE	Varies	Major TPM version supported by the TPM device. For example, the value is 01h for TPM v1.2 and is 02h for TPM v2.0.
09h	Minor Spec Version	BYTE	Varies	Minor TPM version supported by the TPM device. For example, the value is 02h for TPM v1.2 and is 00h for TPM v2.0.
0Ah	Firmware Version 1	DWORD	Varies	For <i>Major Spec Version</i> 01h, this field contains the TPM_VERSION structure defined in the TPM Main Specification, Part 2, Section 5.3. For <i>Major Spec Version</i> 02h, this field contains the most significant 32 bits of a TPM vendor-specific value for firmware version (see TPM_PT_FIRMWARE_VERSION_1 in TPM Structures specification).
0Eh	Firmware Version 2	DWORD	Varies	For <i>Major Spec Version</i> 01h, this field contains 00h. For <i>Major Spec Version</i> 02h, this field contains the least significant 32 bits of a TPM vendor-specific value for firmware version (see TPM_PT_FIRMWARE_VERSION_2 in TPM Structures specification).
12h	Description	BYTE	STRING	String number of descriptive information of the TPM device.
13h	Characteristics	QWORD	Varies	TPM device characteristics information (see 7.44.1)
1Bh	OEM-defined	DWORD	Varies	OEM- or firmware vendor-specific information

2113 **7.44.1 TPM Device Characteristics**2114 **Table 127 – TPM Device Characteristics**

DWORD Bit Position	Meaning if Set
Bit 0	Reserved.
Bit 1	Reserved.
Bit 2	TPM Device Characteristics are not supported.
Bit 3	Family configurable via firmware update; for example, switching between TPM 1.2 and TPM 2.0.
Bit 4	Family configurable via platform software support, such as Firmware Setup; for example, switching between TPM 1.2 and TPM 2.0.

DWORD Bit Position	Meaning if Set
Bit 5	Family configurable via OEM proprietary mechanism; for example, switching between TPM 1.2 and TPM 2.0.
Bits 6:63	Reserved.

2115 7.45 Processor Additional Information (Type 44)

2116 The information in this structure defines the processor additional information in case SMBIOS type 4 is
 2117 not sufficient to describe processor characteristics. The SMBIOS type 44 structure has a reference
 2118 handle field to link back to the related SMBIOS type 4 structure. There may be multiple SMBIOS type 44
 2119 structures linked to the same SMBIOS type 4 structure. For example, when cores are not identical in a
 2120 processor, SMBIOS type 44 structures describe different core-specific information.

2121 SMBIOS type 44 defines the standard header for the processor-specific block (see 7.45.1), while the
 2122 contents of processor-specific data are maintained by processor architecture workgroups or vendors in
 2123 separate documents (see 7.45.2).

2124 **Table 128 – Processor Additional Information (Type 44) structure**

Offset	Name	Length	Value	Description
00h	Type	BYTE	44	Processor Additional Information
01h	Length	BYTE	6 + Y	Length of the structure. Y is the length of <i>Processor-specific Block</i> specified at offset 06h.
02h	Handle	WORD	Varies	Handle, or instance number, associated with the structure
04h	Referenced Handle	WORD	Varies	Handle, or instance number, associated with the <i>Processor</i> structure (SMBIOS type 4) which the <i>Processor Additional Information</i> structure describes.
06h	Processor-Specific Block	Varies (Y)	Varies	Processor-specific block (see Table 129)

2125 7.45.1 Processor-specific Block

2126 The *Processor-specific Block* is the standard container of processor-specific data.

2127 **Table 129 – Processor-Specific Block Format**

Offset	Name	Length	Value	Description
00h	Block Length	BYTE	Varies (N)	Length of Processor-specific Data
01h	Processor Type	BYTE	Varies	The processor architecture delineated by this Processor-specific Block. (See Table 130)
02h	Processor-Specific Data	N BYTES	Varies	Processor-specific data. (See subclause 7.45.2)

2128 **Table 130 – Processor Architecture Types**

Byte value	Meaning	Reference
00h	Reserved	None

Byte value	Meaning	Reference
01h	IA32 (x86)	None
02h	x64 (x86-64, Intel64, AMD64, EM64T)	None
03h	Intel® Itanium® architecture	None
04h	32-bit ARM (Aarch32)	None
05h	64-bit ARM (Aarch64)	See 7.45.2.3 for Arm64 Processor Processor-specific Data
06h	32-bit RISC-V (RV32)	See 7.45.2.1 for RISC-V Processor Processor-specific Data
07h	64-bit RISC-V (RV64)	
08h	128-bit RISC-V (RV128)	
09h	32-bit LoongArch (LoongArch32)	See 7.45.2.2 for LoongArch Processor Processor-specific Data
0Ah	64-bit LoongArch (LoongArch64)	

2129 7.45.2 Processor-Specific Data

2130 The format of processor-specific data varies between different processor architecture and is maintained in
2131 a separate document according to each processor architecture. See the following subclauses.

2132 7.45.2.1 RISC-V Processor Processor-Specific Data

2133 See <https://github.com/riscv-non-isa/riscv-brs/blob/main/smbios.adoc> for the RISC-V processor-specific
2134 data block.

2135 7.45.2.2 LoongArch Processor Processor-specific Data

2136 For LoongArch processor-specific data blocks and more additional information, please refer to
2137 <https://github.com/loongson/loongarch-smbios>.

2138 7.45.2.3 64-bit ARM (Aarch64) Processor Processor-specific Data

2139 The 64-bit ARM (Aarch64) processor-specific data are defined below:

2140

2141 **Table 131 – 64-bit ARM (AArch64) Processor Processor-specific Data**

Offset	Name	ByteLength	Value	Description
00h	Revision	2	0100h	Revision of the 64-bit Arm (Aarch64) Processor Specific Data Bits 15:8 Major revision Bits 7:0 Minor revision
02h	Length	1	8+N	Length of Processor-specific Data
03h	Reserved	1	0	Reserved for future use. Must be zero.

04h	Vendor ID	2	Varies	JEP-106 code for the processor vendor or Silicon Provider (SiP) Bit[15] must be zero Bits [14:8] JEP-106 bank index for the SiP (see JEDEC-JEP106) Bits [7:0] JEP-106 identification code with parity bit for the SiP (see JEDEC-JEP106) As an example, the value of JEP-106 manufacturer code for Arm is: Bits[30:24] = 04h (the bank index is equal to the continuation code bank number -1), and Bits [7:0] = 3Bh
06h	Sub-type	1	ENUM	0 - AArch64 Architecture data (see Table 132 – AArch64 Architecture Data) 1 - Vendor specific data (refer to vendor specific documentation) All other values are reserved. NOTE: A type 44 structure contains a particular AArch64 Processor Specific Data Sub-type. The system can have at most one Type 44 structure for each Sub-type. It is legal for a system to contain multiple Type 44 structures with different Sub-type values.
07h	Reserved	1	0	Reserved for future use. Must be zero.
08h	Sub-type Specific Data	N	Varies	For Vendor Specific Data (sub-type=1), please refer to processor vendor (SiP) documentation.

2142

2143

Table 132 – AArch64 Architecture Data

Offset	Name	ByteLength	Value	Description
00h	Version	2	1	Version of the AArch64 Architecture Data.
02h	Length	1	A8h	Length, in bytes, of the AArch64 Architecture Data.
03h	Reserved	1	0	Reserved for future use. Must be zero.
04h	Reserved	4	0	Reserved for future use. Must be zero.
08h	ID_AA64AFR0_EL1	8	Bit field	Auxiliary Feature Register 0, see <i>Arm A-profile Architecture</i> for the bit-field definitions.
10h	ID_AA64AFR1_EL1	8	Bit field	Auxiliary Feature Register 1, see <i>Arm A-profile Architecture</i> for the bit-field definitions.
18h	ID_AA64DFR0_EL1	8	Bit field	Debug Feature Register 0, see <i>Arm A-profile Architecture</i> for the bit-field definitions.
20h	ID_AA64DFR1_EL1	8	Bit field	Debug Feature Register 1, see <i>Arm A-profile Architecture</i> for the bit-field definitions.
28h	ID_AA64DFR2_EL1	8	Bit field	Debug Feature Register 2, see <i>Arm A-profile Architecture</i> for the bit-field definitions.
30h	ID_AA64FPFR0_EL1	8	Bit field	Floating-point Feature Register 0, see <i>Arm A-profile Architecture</i> for the bit-field definitions.

38h	ID_AA64ISAR0_EL1	8	Bit field	Instruction Set Attribute Register 0, see <i>Arm A-profile Architecture</i> for the bit-field definitions.
40h	ID_AA64ISAR1_EL1	8	Bit field	Instruction Set Attribute Register 1, see <i>Arm A-profile Architecture</i> for the bit-field definitions.
48h	ID_AA64ISAR2_EL1	8	Bit field	Instruction Set Attribute Register 2, see <i>Arm A-profile Architecture</i> for the bit-field definitions.
50h	ID_AA64ISAR3_EL1	8	Bit field	Instruction Set Attribute Register 3, see <i>Arm A-profile Architecture</i> for the bit-field definitions.
58h	ID_AA64MMFR0_EL1	8	Bit field	Memory Model Feature Register 0, see <i>Arm A-profile Architecture</i> for the bit-field definitions. The ID_AA64MMFR0_EL1 register contains the field PARange, which is allowed to differ between CPUs in a given system. On such systems, the smallest PARange value, out of all CPUs in the system, must be used in this table.
60h	ID_AA64MMFR1_EL1	8	Bit field	Memory Model Feature Register 1, see <i>Arm A-profile Architecture</i> for the bit-field definitions.
68h	ID_AA64MMFR2_EL1	8	Bit field	Memory Model Feature Register 2, see <i>Arm A-profile Architecture</i> for the bit-field definitions.
70h	ID_AA64MMFR3_EL1	8	Bit field	Memory Model Feature Register 3, see <i>Arm A-profile Architecture</i> for the bit-field definitions.
78h	ID_AA64MMFR4_EL1	8	Bit field	Memory Model Feature Register 4, see <i>Arm A-profile Architecture</i> for the bit-field definitions.
80h	ID_AA64PFR0_EL1	8	Bit field	Processor Feature Register 0, see <i>Arm A-profile Architecture</i> for the bit-field definitions.
88h	ID_AA64PFR1_EL1	8	Bit field	Processor Feature Register 1, see <i>Arm A-profile Architecture</i> for the bit-field definitions.
90h	ID_AA64PFR2_EL1	8	Bit field	Processor Feature Register 2, see <i>Arm A-profile Architecture</i> for the bit-field definitions.
98h	ID_AA64SMFR0_EL1	8	Bit field	SME Feature ID Register 0, see <i>Arm A-profile Architecture</i> for the bit-field definitions.
A0h	ID_AA64ZFR0_EL1	8	Bit field	SVE Feature ID Register 0, see <i>Arm A-profile Architecture</i> for the bit-field definitions.

2144

2145 **7.45.2.4 x64 (x86-64, Intel64, AMD64, EM64T) Processor Specific Data**2146 For x86 (x86-64, Intel64, AMD64, EM64T) processor specific data blocks and additional information,
2147 please refer to <https://github.com/intel/smbios>.2148 **7.46 Firmware Inventory Information (Type 45)**2149 The information in this structure defines an inventory of firmware components in the system. This can
2150 include firmware components such as platform firmware, BMC, as well as firmware for other devices in
2151 the system. The information can be used by software to display the firmware inventory in a uniform
2152 manner. It can also be used by a management controller, such as a BMC, for remote system
2153 management. This structure is not intended to replace other standard programmatic interfaces for
2154 firmware updates.

2155 One Type 45 structure is provided for each firmware component.

2156 NOTE: This structure type was added in version 3.5 of this specification.

2157 **Table 133 – Firmware Inventory Information (Type 45) structure**

Offset	Name	Length	Value	Description
00h	Type	BYTE	45	Firmware Inventory Information
01h	Length	BYTE	Varies	<p>Length of this structure, computed by the platform firmware as $24 + (2 * n)$, where n is the Number of Associated Components.</p> <p>NOTE: To allow future structure growth by appending information after the <i>Associated Components Handles</i> list, this field must not be used to determine the number of <i>Associated Components Handles</i> specified within the structure.</p>
02h	Handle	WORD	Varies	Handle, or instance number, associated with the structure
04h	Firmware Component Name	BYTE	STRING	<p>String number of the Firmware Component Name.</p> <p>EXAMPLE: 'BMC Firmware',0</p>
05h	Firmware Version	BYTE	STRING	<p>String number of the Firmware Version of this firmware. The format of this value is defined by the <i>Version Format</i>.</p>
06h	Version Format	BYTE	Varies	See 7.46.1
07h	Firmware ID	BYTE	STRING	<p>String number of the Firmware ID of this firmware. The format of this value is defined by the <i>Firmware ID Format</i>.</p>
08h	Firmware ID Format	BYTE	Varies	See 7.46.2
09h	Release Date	BYTE	STRING	<p>String number of the firmware release date.</p> <p>The date string, if supplied, follows the Date-Time values format, as defined in DSP0266.</p> <p>EXAMPLE: '2021-05-15T04:14:33+06:00',0</p> <p>EXAMPLE: When the time is unknown or not specified: '2021-05-15T00:00:00Z',0</p>
0Ah	Manufacturer	BYTE	STRING	<p>String number of the manufacturer or producer of this firmware.</p>
0Bh	Lowest Supported Firmware Version	BYTE	STRING	<p>String number of the lowest version to which this firmware can be rolled back to. The format of this value is defined by the <i>Version Format</i>.</p>
0Ch	Image Size	QWORD	Varies	<p>Size of the firmware image that is currently programmed in the device, in bytes. If the Firmware Image Size is unknown, the field is set to FFFFFFFFFFFFFFh.</p>
14h	Characteristics	WORD	Bit Field	Firmware characteristics information. See 7.46.3.
16h	State	BYTE	Varies	Firmware state information. See 7.46.4.
17h	Number of Associated Components (n)	BYTE	Varies	Defines how many <i>Associated Component Handles</i> are associated with this firmware.

18h	Associated Component Handles	n WORDs	Varies	<p>Lists the SMBIOS structure handles that are associated with this firmware, if any. Value of <i>Number of Associated Components</i> field (n) defines the count.</p> <p>NOTE: This list may contain zero or more handles to any SMBIOS structure that represents a device with a firmware component. For example, this may include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Type 9 handle (for describing the firmware of a device in a slot) • Type 17 handle (for describing the firmware of a memory device) • Type 41 handle (for describing the firmware of an onboard device) • Type 43 handle (for describing the firmware of a TPM device)
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2158 7.46.1 Version Format

2159 Table 134 describes the format of the *Firmware Version* and the *Lowest Supported Firmware Version* fields.

2161

Table 134 – Version Formats

Value	Description
00h	The format is a free-form string that is implementation specific. EXAMPLE: '1.45.455b66-rev4',0
01h	The format is "MAJOR.MINOR", where MAJOR and MINOR are decimal string representations of the numeric values of the major/minor version numbers. EXAMPLE: '1.45',0
02h	The format is a C-style hexadecimal string representation of the 32-bit numeric value of the version, in the format of "0xhhhhhhhh." Each h represents a hexadecimal digit (0-f). EXAMPLE: '0x0001002d',0
03h	The format is a C-style hexadecimal string representation of the 64-bit numeric value of the version, in the format of "0xhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhh." Each h represents a hexadecimal digit (0-f). EXAMPLE: '0x000000010000002d',0
04h – 7Fh	Available for future assignment by this specification
80h-FFh	Firmware Vendor/OEM-specific

2162 7.46.2 Firmware ID Format

2163 Table 135 describes the format of the *Firmware ID* field.

2164

Table 135 – Firmware ID Formats

Value	Description
00h	The format is a free-form string that is implementation specific. EXAMPLE: '35EQP72B',0

Value	Description
01h	The format is a string representation of the UEFI ESRT FwClass GUID or the UEFI Firmware Management Protocol ImageTypeIId, as defined by the UEFI Specification. To represent the GUID, the string is formatted using the 36-character UUID string format specified in RFC4122: "xxxxxxxx-xxxx-xxxx-xxxx-xxxxxxxxxxxx." Each x represents a hexadecimal digit (0-F). EXAMPLE: '1624a9df-5e13-47fc-874a-df3aff143089',0
02h – 7Fh	Available for future assignment by this specification
80h-FFh	Firmware Vendor/OEM-specific

2165 7.46.3 Firmware Inventory Characteristics Information

2166 Table 136 shows some characteristics defined for this firmware.

2167 **Table 136 – Firmware Inventory Characteristics**

WORD Bit Position	Meaning if Set
0	Updatable: This firmware can be updated by software.
1	Write-Protect: This firmware is in a write-protected state.
2-15	Reserved.

2168 7.46.4 Firmware Inventory State Information

2169 Table 137 defines the state information for this firmware. These values correspond to Redfish
2170 Status.State property enumeration values, which DSP2046 defines.

2171 **Table 137 – Firmware Inventory State Information**

Value	Meaning
01h	Other
02h	Unknown
03h	Disabled: This firmware component is disabled.
04h	Enabled: This firmware component is enabled.
05h	Absent: This firmware component is either not present or not detected
06h	StandbyOffline: This firmware is enabled but awaits an external action to activate it.
07h	StandbySpare: This firmware is part of a redundancy set and awaits a failover or other external action to activate it.
08h	UnavailableOffline: This firmware component is present but cannot be used.

2172 7.47 String Property (Type 46)

2173 This structure defines a string property for another structure. This allows adding string properties that are
2174 common to several structures without having to modify the definitions of these structures. Multiple type 46
2175 structures can add string properties to the same parent structure.

2176 NOTE: This structure type was added in version 3.5 of this specification.

2177

Table 138 – String Property (Type 46) structure

Offset	Name	Length	Value	Description
00h	Type	BYTE	46	String Property
01h	Length	BYTE	9	Length of this structure
02h	Handle	WORD	Varies	Handle, or instance number, associated with the structure
04h	String Property ID	WORD	Varies	See 7.47.1
06h	String Property Value	BYTE	STRING	String number
07h	Parent handle	WORD	Varies	Handle corresponding to the structure this string property applies to

2178 7.47.1 String property ID

2179 This field identifies the string property described in the structure.

2180

Table 139 – String Property IDs

Value	Meaning
0	Reserved – do not use
1	UEFI device path – string representation of a UEFI device path, as converted by <code>EFI_DEVICE_PATH_TO_TEXT_PROTOCOL</code> . <code>ConvertDevicePathToText()</code> and then converted to UTF-8
2-32767	Reserved for future DMTF use
32768-49151	Reserved for Firmware vendor use
49152-65535	Reserved for OEM use

2181 7.48 Inactive (Type 126)

2182 This structure definition supports a system implementation where the SMBIOS structure-table is a
 2183 superset of all supported system attributes and provides a standard mechanism for the platform firmware
 2184 to signal that a structure is currently inactive and should not be interpreted by the upper-level software.
 2185 Table 140 provides details.

2186 For example, a portable system might include *System Slot* structures that are reported only when the
 2187 portable is docked. An undocked system would report those structures as *Inactive*. When the system is
 2188 docked, the system-specific software would change the Type structure from *Inactive* to the *System Slot*
 2189 equivalent.

2190 Upper-level software that interprets the SMBIOS structure-table should bypass an *Inactive* structure just
 2191 as it would for a structure type that the software does not recognize.

2192 NOTE This structure type was added in version 2.2 of this specification.

2193

Table 140 – Inactive (Type 126) structure

Offset	Name	Length	Value	Description
00h	Type	BYTE	126	Inactive structure indicator

Offset	Name	Length	Value	Description
01h	Length	BYTE	Varies	Length of the structure
02h	Handle	WORD	Varies	Handle, or instance number, associated with the structure

2194 7.49 End-of-Table (Type 127)

2195 This structure type identifies the end of the structure table that might be earlier than the last byte within
2196 the buffer specified by the structure. Table 141 provides details.

To ensure backward compatibility with management software written to previous versions of this specification, a system implementation should use the end-of-table indicator in a manner similar to the *Inactive* (Type 126) structure type; the structure table is still reported as a fixed-length, and the entire length of the table is still indexable. If the end-of-table indicator is used in the last physical structure in a table, the field's length is encoded as 4.

2202 NOTE This structure type was added in version 2.2 of this specification.

Table 141 – End-of-Table (Type 127) structure

Offset	Name	Length	Value	Description
00h	Type	BYTE	127	End-of-table indicator
01h	Length	BYTE	Varies	Length of the structure
02h	Handle	WORD	Varies	Handle, or instance number, associated with the structure

2204

ANNEX A (informative)

Conformance guidelines

The following conformance requirements apply for SMBIOS 3.7 or later implementations.

1. Anchor string verification:

1.1 On a platform with non-UEFI firmware, the table anchor string "_SM_" or "_SM3_" is present in the address range F0000h to FFFFh on a 16-byte boundary.

1.2 On a platform with UEFI firmware, the EFI Configuration Table contains an entry for the SMBIOS GUID (SMBIOS_TABLE_GUID) or SMBIOS 3.x GUID (SMBIOS3_TABLE_GUID) with a valid pointer.

2. Table entry-point verification:

2.1 32-bit entry point:

2.1.1 The Entry Point Length field value is at least 1Fh.

2.1.2 The entry-point checksum evaluates to 0.

2.1.3 The SMBIOS version (Major.Minor) is at least 3.7.

2.1.4 The Intermediate Anchor String is "_DMI_".

2.1.5 The intermediate checksum evaluates to 0.

2.2 64-bit entry point:

2.2.1 The Entry Point Length field value is at least 18h.

2.2.2 The entry-point checksum evaluates to 0.

2.2.3 The SMBIOS version (Major.Minor) is at least 3.7.

2.2.4 The Entry Point Revision is 01h.

2.2.5 The Structure Table Address is a valid 64-bit physical address.

3. The structure-table is traversable and conforms to the entry-point specifications:

3.1 The structure-table's linked-list is traversable within the length and structure-count bounds specified by the entry-point structure.

3.2 The overall size of the structure table is less than or equal to the Structure Table Length specified by the entry-point structure.

3.3 Each structure's length must be at least 4 (the size of a structure header).

3.4 No structure handle number is repeated.

3.5 The last structure is the end-of-table (7Fh).

3.6 The number of structures found within the table equals the Number of SMBIOS Structures field present in the entry-point.

3.7 The maximum structure size (formatted area plus its string-pool) is less than or equal to the Maximum Structure Size specified by the entry-point.

4. Required structures and corresponding data are present (see 6.2):

4.1 Platform Firmware Information (Type 0)

4.1.1 One and only one structure of this type is present.

4.1.2 The structure Length field is at least 18h.

- 2245 4.1.3 Firmware Version string is present and non-null.
2246 4.1.4 Firmware Release Date string is present, non-null, and includes a 4-digit year.
2247 4.1.5 Firmware Characteristics: bits 3:0 are all 0, and at least one of bits 31:4 is set to 1.
2248 4.2 System Information (Type 1)
2249 4.2.1 One and only one structure of this type is present.
2250 4.2.2 The structure Length field is at least 1Bh.
2251 4.2.3 Manufacturer string is present and non-null.
2252 4.2.4 Product Name string is present and non-null.
2253 4.2.5 UUID field is neither 00000000 00000000 nor FFFFFFFF.
2254 4.2.6 Wake-up Type field is neither 00h (Reserved) nor 02h (Unknown).
2255 4.3 System Enclosure (Type 3)
2256 4.3.1 One or more structures of this type is present.
2257 4.3.2 The structure length is at least 0Dh.
2258 4.3.3 The Manufacturer string is present and non-null in each structure.
2259 4.3.4 Type field is neither 00h (Reserved) nor 02h (Unknown).
2260 4.4 Processor Information (Type 4)
2261 4.4.1 The number of structures defines the maximum number of processors supported by the system; at least one structure with a Processor Type field of "Central Processor" must be present.
2262
2263 4.4.2 Each structure's length is at least 20h.
2264 4.4.3 Socket Designation string is present and non-null.
2265 4.4.4 Processor Type field is neither 00h (Reserved) nor 02h (Unknown).
2266 4.4.5 (*)Processor Family field is neither 00h (Reserved) nor 02h (Unknown).
2267 4.4.6 (*)Processor Manufacturer string is present and non-null.
2268 4.4.7 Max Speed field is non-0.
2269 4.4.8 (*)CPU Status sub-field of the Status field is not 0 (Unknown).
2270 4.4.9 Processor Upgrade field is neither 00h (Reserved) nor 02h (Unknown).
2271 4.4.10 Lx (x=1,2,3) Cache Handle fields, if not set to 0xFFFF, reference Cache Information (Type 7) structures.
2272
2273 NOTE Fields preceded by (*) are checked only if the CPU Socket Populated sub-field of the Status field is set to "CPU Populated."
2274
2275 4.5 Cache Information (Type 7)
2276 4.5.1 One structure is present for each external-to-the-processor cache.
2277 4.5.2 Each structure's Length is at least 13h.
2278 4.5.3 Socket Designation string is present and non-null if the cache is external to the processor (Location sub-field of Cache Configuration field is 01b).
2279
2280 4.5.4 Operational Mode and Location sub-fields of the Cache Configuration field are not 11b (Unknown).
2281
2282 4.6 System Slots (Type 9)
2283 4.6.1 One structure is present for each upgradeable system slot.
2284 4.6.2 Each structure's Length is at least 0Dh.
2285 4.6.3 Slot Designation string is present and non-null.

- 2286 4.6.4 Slot Type is neither 00h (Reserved) nor 02h (Unknown).
2287 4.6.5 Slot Data Bus Width is neither 00h (Reserved) or 02h (Unknown).
2288 4.6.6 Current Usage is not set to 00h (Reserved). If the "Slot Type" provides device presence-detect capabilities (for example, PCI or AGP), Current Usage is not set to 02h (Unknown).
2289
2290 4.6.7 Slot ID is set to a meaningful value.
2291 4.6.8 Slot Characteristics 1, bit 0, is not set to 1.
2292 4.7 Physical Memory Array (Type 16)
2293 4.7.1 At least one structure is present with "Use" set to 03h (System memory).
2294 4.7.2 Each structure's length is at least 0Fh.
2295 4.7.3 Location is neither 00h (Reserved) nor 02h (Unknown).
2296 4.7.4 Use is neither 00h (Reserved) nor 02h (Unknown).
2297 4.7.5 Memory Error Correction is neither 00h (Reserved) nor 02h (Unknown).
2298 4.7.6 Either Maximum Capacity or Extended Maximum Capacity must be set to a known, non-zero value.
2299
2300 4.7.7 Number of Memory Devices is not 0 and equals the number of Memory Device (Type 17) structures that reference the handle of the Physical Memory Array structure.
2301
2302 4.8 Memory Device (Type 17)
2303 4.8.1 For each Physical Memory Array, there must be "Number of Memory Devices" Memory Device structures that map back (through the Handle) to the referencing memory array. One structure is required for each socketed system-memory device, whether or not the socket is currently populated. If the system includes soldered-on system memory, one additional structure is required to identify that memory device.
2304
2305
2306
2307
2308 4.8.2 Each structure's length is at least 15h.
2309 4.8.3 Memory Array Handle references a Physical Memory Array (Type 16) structure.
2310 4.8.4 Total Width is not 0FFFFh (Unknown) if the memory device is installed. (Size is not 0.)
2311 4.8.5 Data Width is not 0FFFFh (Unknown).
2312 4.8.6 For Memory Type not equal to 1Fh (Logical), Size is not 0FFFFh (Unknown). For Memory Type equal to 1Fh (Logical), Size is 0FFFFh (Unknown) and Extended Size is 0.
2313
2314 4.8.7 Form Factor is not 00h (Reserved) or 02h (Unknown).
2315 4.8.8 Device Set is not 0FFh (Unknown).
2316 4.8.9 Device Locator string is present and non-null.
2317 4.8.10 Non-volatile Size is not 0xFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFh (Unknown).
2318 4.8.11 Volatile Size is not 0xFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFh (Unknown).
2319 4.8.12 Cache Size is not 0xFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFh (Unknown).
2320 4.8.13 Logical Size is not 0xFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFh (Unknown).
2321 4.9 Memory Array Mapped Address (Type 19)
2322 4.9.1 One structure is provided for each contiguous block of memory addresses mapped to a Physical Memory Array.
2323
2324 4.9.2 Each structure's length is at least 0Fh.
2325 4.9.3 Ending Address value is higher in magnitude than the Starting Address value, or Extended Ending Address value is higher in magnitude than the Extended Starting Address value.
2326
2327 4.9.4 Memory Array Handle references a Physical Memory Array (Type 16).
2328 4.9.5 Each structure's address range (Starting Address to Ending Address or Extended Starting Address to Extended Ending Address) is unique and non-overlapping.

- 2330 4.9.6 Partition Width is not 0.
- 2331 4.10 Boot Integrity Services (BIS) Entry Point (Type 31). This structure is optional, but if it is present the
2332 following checks are performed:
- 2333 4.10.1 The structure's length is at least 1Ch.
- 2334 4.10.2 The structure-level checksum evaluates to 00h.
- 2335 4.10.3 16-bit Entry Point is not 0.
- 2336 4.10.4 32-bit Entry Point is not 0.
- 2337 4.11 System Boot Information (Type 32)
- 2338 4.11.1 One and only one structure of this type is present.
- 2339 4.11.2 The structure's length is at least 0Bh.
- 2340

2341
2342
2343
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ANNEX B (informative)

Using the table convention

2345 For source code used to parse the entry point and SMBIOS table, refer to the *Open Source Projects*
2346 *using DMTF SMBIOS Technologies* section at <https://www.dmtf.org/standards/smbios>.

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2348
2349
2350

ANNEX C (informative)

Change log

Version	Release Date	Description
2.0D	1995-09-14	Initial Release of DRAFT COPY
2.0M	1995-12-12	<p>Final draft released, with the following changes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Specified that dmiStorageBase (Function 50h) and NVStorageBase (Function 55h) must be paragraph-aligned. • Added Command value to change a string to function 52h; Command enumeration values modified. • Removed redundant enumerations from Processor Family list • Corrected Memory Subsystem Example • Corrected/clarified Indexed I/O access-methods for event-log; Access Method enumeration values and Access Method Address union modified • Added clarifications to some of the event log types
2.00	1996-03-06	<p>Final release, with the following changes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Specified that all structures end with a terminating NULL, even if the formatted portion of the structure contains string-reference fields and all the string fields are set to 0. • Corrected the Memory Subsystem Example, handles are now correctly created with a 'dw'. • Fixed formatting of some bit definition fields and function examples.
2.00.1	1996-07-18	<p>Minor updates for new technology and clarifications.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Added definitions for Pentium® Pro, Burst EDO, and SDRAM. • Added clarifications to the Memory Controller Error Status.
2.1.0	1997-06-16	<p>Added definition for static table interface, to allow the information to be accessed from new operating systems (see 5.2). In addition:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Changed references to DMI BIOS to SMBIOS throughout; these changes are unmarked. • Added SubFunction DMI_CLEAR_EVENT_LOG2 to Function 54h - SMBIOS Control. • For those structure entries that are string numbers, changed the Value field definition of the field from Varies to STRING throughout; these changes are unmarked. • BIOS Information structure: Added support for 4-digit year and additional BIOS Characteristics through Characteristics Extension Byte 1. • System Information structure: Added Wakeup Type and UUID fields. • System Enclosure and Chassis structure: Added Bootup State, Power Supply State, Thermal State, and Security Status to allow the DMTF Physical Container Global Table to be populated. • Processor Information structure: Voltage value can now be specified, rather than using bit-flags, and added enumeration values for Pentium® Pro, Pentium® II, and Slot 1. Also added notes to this section, indicating that the enumerated values for the structure are assigned by DMTF. This structure was also updated to include the Cache Information handles identifying the L1, L2, and L3 caches associated with the processor.

Version	Release Date	Description
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Memory Controller Information structure: Added Enabled Error Correcting field. Also added note that this structure can never be updated to add string values, to preserve backwards compatibility. • Cache Information structure: Added Speed, Error Correction Type, Type, and Associativity fields. • Port Connector Information structure: Added enumerated values to Connector Types and Port Types. • System Slots structure: Added AGP enumeration values to Slot Type field. • BIOS Language Information structure: Added abbreviated format for language strings and corrected example. • System Event Log structure: OEM-specific Access Methods can now be defined, added standard log header definitions, and a mechanism to allow the log entry's variable data formats to be described. Added note that this structure can never be updated to include string values, to preserve backwards compatibility. • Added Physical Memory Array, Memory Device, Memory Error Information, Memory Array Mapped Address, and Memory Device Mapped Address structures to support the population of the DMTF Enhanced Physical Memory groups. • Added Built-in Pointing Device structure to support the population of the DMTF Pointing Device group. • Added Portable Battery structure to support the population of the DMTF Portable Battery group. • Added appendices that contain a structure checklist and table-convention parsing pseudo-code.
2.2.0	1998-03-16	<p>The following changes were made to version 2.1 of the document to produce this version:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Accepted all changes introduced at Version 2.1 • Added ACPI statement-of-direction for dynamic state and event notification • Table-convention is required for version 2.2 and later compliance • Corrected Structure Table entry point length value. • Added Command type 06h to the Plug-and-Play Set SMBIOS Structure function (52h). • Added new processor enumerations from the updated DMTF MASTER.MIF • System Enclosure: Added enumeration value for "Sealed-case PC", to support Net PC-type chassis'. • Memory Controller Information: Corrected description of how the BIOS computes the structure Length. • System Event Log: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Added definition for end-of-log data, Event Log Type 0FFh. – Added generic system-management event type; the handle of an associated probe or cooling device identifies the specific failing device. • Memory Error Information: Corrected structure size and offsets. • Portable Battery: Corrected the structure length and some of the offsets, added Smart Battery-formatted fields • Memory Device: Added RIMM form factor • Added the following new structures <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – System Reset structure to support the population of the DMTF Automatic System Reset group.

Version	Release Date	Description
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Hardware Security structure to support the population of the DMTF System Hardware Security group. – System Power Control structure to support the population of the DMTF System Power Control group. – Added Voltage Probe structure to support the population of the DMTF Voltage Probe group. – Cooling Device structure to support the population of the DMTF Cooling Device group. – Temperature Probe structure to support the population of the DMTF Temperature Probe group. – Electrical Current Probe structure to support the population of the DMTF Electrical Current Probe group. – Out-of-Band Remote Access structure to support the population of the DMTF Out-of-Band Remote Access group. – Inactive structure type to support standard structure superset definitions. – End-of-Table structure type to facilitate easier traversing of the structure data.
2.3.0	1998-08-12	<p>The following changes were made to version 2.2 of the document to produce this version:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Accepted all changes introduced at Version 2.2 • Clarified and corrected referenced documents • A minimum set of structures (and their data) is now required for SMBIOS compliance. • Documented an additional structure usage guideline, to optional structure growth. • BIOS Information: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – 4-digit year format for BIOS Release Date required for SMBIOS 2.3 and later – Added BIOS Characteristic Extension Byte 2 to include status that the BIOS supports the BIOS Boot Specification. • System Information: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Added enumeration for Wake-up Type • System Enclosure or Chassis: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Added OEM-defined field. • Processor Information: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Added enumerated values for new processors from the updated MASTER.MIF and identified that one structure is present for each processor instance. – Modified interpretation of Lx Cache Handle fields for version 2.3 and later implementations • Memory Module Information: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Corrected example, adding double-null to terminate the structure. • System Slots: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Added hot-plug characteristic definition and clarified usage of the PCI “Slot ID” field. • Memory Device: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Added enumerations for Form Factor and Device Type – Added new field for memory Speed • System Event Log:

Version	Release Date	Description
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Added note describing how century portion of the 2-digit year within a log record is to be interpreted. • Voltage Probe, Temperature Probe, Electrical Current Probe, Cooling Device: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Added Nominal Value field – Added the following new structures • Boot Integrity Services (BIS) Entry Point • System Boot Information • 64-bit Memory Error Information • Management Device • Management Device Component • Management Device Threshold Data
2.3.1	1999-03-16	<p>The following changes were made to version 2.3 of the document to produce this version:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Accepted all changes introduced at Version 2.3 • Adopted a three-tier document numbering procedure, see Document Version Number Conventions for more information. • BIOS Information: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Added BIOS Characteristic Extension Byte 2, bit 1, to identify that the BIOS supports F12=Network Boot functionality • Processor Information: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Added Processor Family enumeration for new Pentium processors, defined reserved values for future Pentium processors. – Added fields: Asset Tag, Serial Number, and Part Number. • System Slots: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Added slot type enumeration for PCI-X – Added slot characteristic to identify support for (to-be) standard SMBus interface for PCI slots • Memory Device: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Added enumerated values for Memory Type and Form Factor, required for Rambus implementations – Added fields: Manufacturer, Asset Tag, Serial Number, and Part Number. • Added the following new structures: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Memory Channel (to support Rambus and SyncLink memory implementations) – IPMI Device, to abstract the IPMI hardware dependencies to management software – System Power Supply
2.3.1	2000-12-14	Released as DMTF Preliminary Specification DSP0119.
2.3.2	2001-10-12	<p>The following changes were made to version 2.3.1 of the document to produce this version:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Accepted all changes introduced at version 2.3.1 • Released as DMTF Specification DSP0130 (Preliminary) • Updated the Abstract and Overview sections to be more DMTF-general than DMI-specific. Change bars are present in the Overview section only.

Version	Release Date	Description
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Deleted section 1.1 (future direction for ACPI interface specification). Any ACPI interface to provide these structures should be provided by a future version of the ACPI specification itself. • Removed "References" that had broken links. • Modified sections 2 and 2.2 to indicate that the PnP calling interface is being deprecated at this specification version. • Noted in section 2.1 that the structure table data is boot-time static. • For each enumerated list that indicated that the enumeration is controlled by the "DMTF, not this specification", identified which CIM class.property and DMI group.attribute are mapped to the enumerated value. Also added a note in the Overview section to indicate where change requests should be sent. • Baseboard Information (Type 2) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Added fields: Asset Tag, Feature Flags, Location in Chassis, Chassis Handle, Baseboard Type, and Contained Objects to support multi-system chassis like server blades. • System Enclosure or Chassis (Type 3) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Added fields: Height, Number of Power Cords, Contained Element Count, and Contained Elements to support multi-system chassis like server blades. • Processor Information (Type 4) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Added new enumerations to Processor Family and Processor Upgrade – Removed (SMBIOS-only) reserved ranges. These ranges are controlled by DMTF, not the SMBIOS group. The DMTF Device MOF (starting with version 2.3) has commentary around the Processor Family enumeration that suggests that enumerations below 256 be used only for those processor types that are going to be reported by SMBIOS (because this specification's Processor Family field is a 1-byte entity). • Cache (Type 7) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Added new enumerations to Associativity • Memory Device (Type 17) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Added new enumerations to Memory Type • Built-in Pointing Device (Type 21) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Added new enumerations to Pointing Device Type – Removed out-of-date section Correlation to DMTF Groups, in favor of updated section 3.3.
2.3.3	2002-05-10	<p>The following changes were made to version 2.3.2 of the document to produce this version:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Accepted all changes introduced at version 2.3.2 • Updated the Abstract to contain the updated DMTF copyright statement. • Processor Information (Type 4) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Added new enumerations to Processor Family and Processor Upgrade
2.3.4	2002-12-06	<p>The following changes were made to version 2.3.3 of the document to produce this version:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • System Enclosure Information (Type 3) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Provided clarification regarding contained element types • Processor Information (Type 4) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Added and corrected enumerations to Processor Family (CR00002) – Provided clarification for Max Speed and Current Speed.

Version	Release Date	Description
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Additions to Processor Upgrade (CR00002) • System Slots (Type 9) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Added AGP8X enumeration to Slot Type
2.4.0	2004-07-21	<p>The following changes were made to version 2.3.4 of the document to produce this version:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Processor Information (Type 4) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Added new enumerations to Processor Family (CR00951, CR01152) • System Slots (Type 9) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Added PCI Express enumeration to Slot Type (CR01259) – Added new enumerations to Slot Data Bus Width (CR01324) • Memory Device (Type 17) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Added DDR2 enumeration to Type (CR01263) • BIOS Information (Type 0) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Added fields: System BIOS Major Release, System BIOS Minor Release, Embedded Controller Firmware Major Release, and Embedded Controller Firmware Minor Release (CR01270) – Added BIOS Characteristic Extension Byte 2, bit 2, to identify that the BIOS supports Targeted Content Distribution (CR01270) • System Information (Type 1) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Added fields: SKU Number and Family (CR01270) – Updated Conformance Guidelines and added corrections
2.5.0	2006-09-05	<p>The following changes were made to version 2.4 of the document to produce this version:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Shortened abstract • Removed obsolete references to DMI, which is no longer maintained by DMTF. Added references to the Pre-OS and CIM Core Working Groups. (PreOSCR00017.001) • References: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Updated specification revisions and URLs (PreOSCR00019.001) • Table Convention: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Added EFI-specific information (PreOSCR00011.005) • SMBIOS Structure Table Entry Point: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Corrected typo, the SMBIOS BCD Revision is at offset 1Eh, not 1Dh (PreOSCR00020.000) • Required Structures and Data: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Added DIG64 information (PreOSCR00013.000) • System Enclosure or Chassis (Type 3) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Added new types for CompactPCI and AdvancedTCA (PreOSCR00012.001) • Processor Information (Type 4) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Added AMD Sempron to Processor Family (DMTFCR01473) – Added AMD Turion to Processor Family (SysdevCR00708) – Added multi-core, multi-thread and 64-bit extension processor characteristics (PreOSCR00002) – Added new processor values (Celeron D, Pentium D, Pentium Extreme Edition) (PreOSCR00005)

Version	Release Date	Description
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Added new processor upgrade (socket 939) (DMI CR00005) – Added AMD dual-core Opteron and Athlon 64 X2 (PreOSCR00015.003) – Added new Processor Upgrade values (PreOSCR00016.001) • Cache Information (Type 7) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Added note on cache size for multi-core processors (PreOSCR00002) • Port connector Information (Type 8) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Added SATA and SAS (PreOSCR00021.002) • System Slots (Type 9) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Updated Slot ID description with ACPI and PCI Express (PreOSCR00018.000) • Onboard Devices Information (Type 10) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Added SATA and SAS (PreOSCR00021.002) • Memory Device (Type 17) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Added values for FB-DIMM (PreOSCR00010.004) • Memory Device Mapped Address (Type 20) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Moved structure from ‘required’ to ‘optional’ (PreOSCR00009.002) – Moved ‘Plug-and-Play Calling Convention’ to Appendix C (PreOSCR00022.001)
2.6.0	2008-06-30	<p>The following changes were made to version 2.5 of the document to produce this version:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • References: added PCI Firmware Specification (SMBIOSCR00042) • System Information (Type 1): clarification of UUID format (SMBIOSCR00037, SMBIOSCR00061) • System Enclosure or Chassis (Type 3): added new values to System Enclosure or Chassis Types (Blade, Blade Enclosure) (SMBIOSCR00034) • Processor Information (Type 4): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Added Processor Family 2 field (SMBIOSCR00043) – Added new values to Processor Information – Processor Family (PreOSCR00025, SMBIOSCR00035, SMBIOSCR00040, SMBIOSCR00041, SMBIOSCR00044) – Added footnote to Processor Information – Processor Family (SMBIOSCR00039) – Added new values to Processor Information – Processor Upgrade (PreOSCR00028, SMBIOSCR00029) – Corrected values for BDh and BFh in Processor Information – Processor Family (SMBIOSCR00057) – Added “decimal values” column in Processor Information – Processor Family to simplify cross-referencing with CIM_Processor.mof data – Corrected typos for “AMD29000” (was “AMD2900”) and “UltraSPARC II” (was “UltraSPARC lii”) (SMBIOSCR00054) • System Slots (Type 9): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Added new fields for Segment Group Number, Bus Number, Device/Function Number (SMBIOSCR00042) – Added new values to System Slots – Slot Type for PCI Express (SMBIOSCR00038) • On Board Devices Information (Type 10): marked structure type as Obsolete, replaced with type 41 (SMBIOSCR00042)

Version	Release Date	Description
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Memory Device (Type 17): added new field for rank information (PreOSCR00023) • Additional Information (Type 40): new structure type to handle unknown enumerations and other interim field updates (SMBIOSCR00031) • Onboard Devices Extended Information (Type 41): new structure type to replace type 10 (SMBIOSCR00042)
2.6.1	2009-03-17	<p>The following changes were made to version 2.6 of the document to produce this version:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • System Information (Type 1): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Fixed typo in section 3.3.2 (Type 1 structure): at offset 18h (Wake-up type), the cross-reference should be to 3.3.2.2, not 3.3.2.1. • Processor Information (Type 4): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00046: Added Processor Family values: AMD Quad Core and Third Generation Opteron Processors – SMBIOSCR00047: Added Processor Family values: AMD Phenom and Athlon Processors – SMBIOSCR00049: Added Processor Family value: Embedded AMD Opteron Processor – SMBIOSCR00051: Added processor family value: AMD Phenom Triple-Core Processor Family – SMBIOSCR00055: Added processor values for Intel processors – SMBIOSCR00058: Added processor family values for AMD processors – SMBIOSCR00059: Added value for Intel(R) Atom(TM) processors – SMBIOSCR00060: Added number for "Quad-Core Intel(R) Xeon(R) processor 5400 Series" and a general number for "Quad-Core Intel(R) Xeon(R) processor" – SMBIOSCR00065: Added LGA1366 to Processor Upgrade enum – SMBIOSCR00068: Added numbers for new Intel processors • Cache Information (Type 7): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00062: Added values to cache associativity enum to cover new processors • System Slots (Type 9): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00064: Added PCIe Gen 2 slot types to Type 9 • Memory Device (Type 17): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00052: Added memory device types: DDR3 and FBD2
2.7.0	2010-07-21	<p>The following changes were made to version 2.6.1 of the document to produce this version:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Document layout: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00073: Moved SMBIOS structure definitions to a new top-level section – SMBIOSCR00074: Removed Appendix C, "Plug-and-Play Calling Convention" • Various sections: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00096: Miscellaneous clerical changes • Section 1.1, Document Version Number Conventions: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00085: Added more description to the document version number convention

Version	Release Date	Description
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Section 3.1.2, Structure Header Format: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00048: Reserve handle number for consistency with UEFI PI specification • Section 3.1.3, Text Strings: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00086: Removed maximum string size limitation • Section 3.2, Required Structures and Data: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00095: Increased the capacity to represent system memory of 4 terabytes or greater. • Bios Information (Type 0): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00056: Added UEFI support to BIOS characteristics – SMBIOSCR00071: Added support to describe virtualized platforms (bit 4) • System Enclosure or Chassis (Type 3): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00076: Added SKU Number field to type 3 structure (System Enclosure or Chassis) – SMBIOSCR00096: Fixed offset for SKU Number entry (to 15h+n*m instead of 16h+n*m) • Processor Information (Type 4): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00063: Added processor characteristics to Type 4 – SMBIOSCR00070: Added processor family values for AMD processors – SMBIOSCR00072: Added processor family values for AMD processors – SMBIOSCR00077: Added processor family values for VIA processors – SMBIOSCR00080: Added numbers for new Intel processors – SMBIOSCR00082: Added number for new AMD processor family – SMBIOSCR00083: Added processor upgrade type (Socket G34) – SMBIOSCR00087: Added processor upgrade type (Socket AM3) – SMBIOSCR00088: Added number for new Intel processor family: "Intel(R) Core(TM) i3 processor" – SMBIOSCR00090: Added number for new AMD processor family – SMBIOSCR00091: Added processor upgrade type (Socket C32) – SMBIOSCR00092: Added processor upgrade type (Socket LGA1156, Socket LGA1567) – SMBIOSCR00093: Added processor upgrade type (Socket PGA988A, Socket BGA1288) – SMBIOSCR00094: Added footnote in processor family table for types 24-29 – SMBIOSCR00097: Updated processor trademarks for Intel processors • Physical Memory Array (Type 16): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00095: Increased the capacity to represent system memory of 4 terabytes or greater. • Memory Device (Type 17): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00050: Added support for memory >= 32GB in type 17 – SMBIOSCR00053: Added memory type details of Registered and Unbuffered – SMBIOSCR00081: Added configured memory clock speed • Memory Array Mapped Address (Type 19) and Memory Device Mapped Address (Type 20):

Version	Release Date	Description
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00095: Increased the capacity to represent system memory of 4 terabytes or greater. • Cooling Device (Type 27): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00075: Added “description” field in structure type 27 • IPMI Device Information (Type 38): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00078: Updated Type 38 to match IPMI specification – SMBIOSCR00079: Added Type 42 Management Controller Host Interface – SMBIOSCR00096: Replaced “record” with “structure” • Management Controller Host Interface (Type 42): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00079: Added Type 42 Management Controller Host Interface – SMBIOSCR00096: Replaced “record” with “structure” • Appendix A, Conformance Guidelines: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00095: Increased the capacity to represent system memory of 4 terabytes or greater.
2.7.1	2011-01-26	<p>The following changes were made to version 2.7 of the document to produce this version:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Processor Information (Type 4): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00099: Added new processor upgrade types – SMBIOSCR00100: Added new processor family types – SMBIOSCR00101: Added new processor family type – SMBIOSCR00103: Added new processor upgrade types • Cache Information (Type 7): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00102: Added new cache associativity value • Port Connector Information (Type 8): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00104: Fixed typo in Port Types (table 41) • System Slots (Type 9): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00105: Added PCIe Gen 3 slot types
2.8.0	2012-12-14	<p>The following changes were made to version 2.7 of the document to produce this version:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Processor Information (Type 4): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00106: processor family name correction (48h) – SMBIOSCR00107: new processor family types – SMBIOSCR00108: new processor family type – SMBIOSCR00110: correct typo in table 24 (processor upgrade) – SMBIOSCR00118: new processor family types – SMBIOSCR00121: new processor family type – SMBIOSCR00122: new processor upgrade type – SMBIOSCR00125: Added Intel socket type • Memory Device (Type 17): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00109: add minimum, maximum and configured voltages – SMBIOSCR00114: add LRDIMM to memory device list • Other: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00116: correct/clarify structure length fields – SMBIOSCR00120: Added supported processor architectures

Version	Release Date	Description
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00123: update referenced specifications – Wording updates for clarity and consistency
3.0.0	2015-02-12	<p>The following changes were made to version 2.8.0 of the document to produce this version:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Accessing SMBIOS Information: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00115: Added entry point – SMBIOSCR00139: add GUID values for discovering SMBIOS tables in UEFI • System Enclosure or Chassis (Type 3): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00130: Added chassis types: Tablet, Convertible, and Detachable • Processor Information (Type 4): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00124: extend core, core enabled and thread count ranges – SMBIOSCR00126: Added socket type Intel LGA1150 – SMBIOSCR00127: Added socket type Intel BGA1168 – SMBIOSCR00128: add processor family names – SMBIOSCR00136: Added Intel socket types BGA1234 and BGA1364 – SMBIOSCR00137: Added Intel processor family type— SMBIOSCR00138: update SMBIOSCR00124. Extend core, core enabled, and thread count ranges. • Cache Information (Type 7): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00134: add additional description for Unified cache type • System Slots (Type 9): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00132: add M.2 family of form factors – SMBIOSCR00133: add MXM family of slots – SMBIOSCR00135: add SFF-8639 slot types • Memory Device (Type 17): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00129: Added memory device type: DDR4 – SMBIOSCR00131: Added memory device types: LPDDR, LPDDR2, LPDDR3, LPDDR4
3.1.0	2016-11-16	<p>The following changes were made to version 3.0.0 of the document to produce this version:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Structure Standards: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00151: Clarify limitation on string lengths • BIOS Information (Type 0): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00156: Added entry for extended BIOS ROM size • System Enclosure or Chassis (Type 3): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00148: Added chassis types: IoT Gateway and Embedded PC – SMBIOSCR00155: Added chassis types: Mini PC and Stick PC • Processor Information (Type 4): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00142: Add Intel Core m3 m5 m7 processors – SMBIOSCR00143: Add processor socket AM4 – SMBIOSCR00144: Add processor socket LGA1151 – SMBIOSCR00145: Add processor socket BGA1356, BGA1440, BGA1515

Version	Release Date	Description
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00146: Add AMD Opteron A-Series processor – SMBIOSCR00149: Add processor socket LGA3647-1 – SMBIOSCR00150: Add processor socket SP3 – SMBIOSCR00153: Clarify the Processor ID field for ARM32 and ARM64 Processors – SMBIOSCR00154: Add families for ARMv7 and ARMv8 – SMBIOSCR00157: Add family for AMD Opteron(TM) X3000 Series APU • Cache Information (Type 7): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00140: Extend to support Cache sizes >2047 MB • System Slots (Type 9): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00141: Add Mini PCIe support • Memory Device (Type 17): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00147: Clarify Speed • TPM (Type 43): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00152: Added structure type for TPM
3.1.1	2016-12-15	<p>The following changes were made to version 3.0.0 of the document to produce this version:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Processor Information (Type 4): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00158: add socket SP3r2 – SMBIOSCR00160: add AMD Zen Processor Family • Management Controller Host Interface (Type 42): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00159: include Host Interface Type and Protocol Identifier enumerations
3.2.0	2018-04-26	<p>The following changes were made to version 3.1.1 of the document to produce this version:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Table convention (section 5.2): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00177: Erratum: clarify that 32-bit and 64-bit tables must be the same version • Processor Information (Type 4): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00163: add socket LGA2066 – SMBIOSCR00173: add Intel Core i9 – SMBIOSCR00176: Added processor sockets • Port Connector Information (Type 8): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00168: add USB Type-C • System Slots (Type 9): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00164: add “unavailable” to current usage field – SMBIOSCR00167: add support for PCIe bifurcation • Memory Device (Type 17): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00162: add support for NVDIMMs – SMBIOSCR00166: extend support for NVDIMMs and add support for logical memory type – SMBIOSCR00172: rename “Configured Memory Clock Speed” to “Configured Memory Speed” – SMBIOSCR00174: Added memory technology value (Intel Persistent Memory, 3D XPoint)

Version	Release Date	Description
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • IPMI Device Information (Type 38): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00171: add SSIF • Management Controller Host Interface (Type 42) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00175: fix structure data parsing issue • Annex A: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00169: updated conformance for logical memory – SMBIOSCR00170: updated conformance for memory size fields
3.3.0	2019-08-22	<p>The following changes were made to version 3.2.0 of the document to produce this version:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • System Slots (Type 9): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00184: add PCI Express Gen 4 values – SMBIOSCR00185: clarify bus number usage for PCI Express • Memory Device (Type 17): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00178: Added memory device type value (HBM) and new form factor value (Die) – SMBIOSCR00179: update the string for Intel persistent memory • Various: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00181: Added support for RISC-V processors, add structure type 44 (processor-additional information) – SMBIOSCR00183: Added support for CXL Flexbus
3.4.0	2020-07-17	<p>The following changes were made to version 3.3.0 of the document to produce this version:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Processor Information (Type 4): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00189: update the definition of Type 4 Processor Id for ARM64 CPUs – SMBIOSCR00190: add Socket LGA4189 – SMBIOSCR00191: add Socket LGA1200 – SMBIOSCR00192: erratum: link processor characteristics with CIM MOF properties • System Slots (Type 9): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00186: add PCI Express Gen 5 and U.2 values – SMBIOSCR00188: add OCP NIC 3.0 values – SMBIOSCR00193: add OCP NIC Prior to 3.0 – SMBIOSCR00196: Slot Type extensions for PCIe Gen6 and beyond – SMBIOSCR00197: Add support for CXL 2.0 devices – SMBIOSCR00199: Add support for EDSFF slot types • Memory Device (Type 17): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00187: Added memory device types (DDR5, LPDDR5) – SMBIOSCR00195: update description for Intel persistent memory device – SMBIOSCR00197: Add support for CXL 2.0 devices
3.5.0	2021-09-15	<p>The following changes were made to version 3.4.0 of the document to produce this version:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Normative references (section 2): various updates • Terms and Definitions (section 3):

Version	Release Date	Description
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00206: Clarification on unknown/other • Table Convention (section 5.2): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00207: Log Change Token is volatile • Structure Header Format (section 6.1.2): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00213: Clarified invalid reference handle value • Text Strings (section 6.1.3): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00212: Specified that string encoding is UTF-8 • BIOS Information (Type 0): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00209: Added support for manufacturing mode – SMBIOSCR00210: Updated the definition of BIOS Starting Address Segment for UEFI systems • Processor Information (Type 4): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00205: Added processor socket (LGA4677) • System Slots (Type 9): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00202: Added support for slot height – SMBIOSCR00203: Errata: correct offsets • Built-in Pointing Device (Type 21): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00200: Added support for new Pointing Device interfaces • Onboard Devices Extended Information (Type 41): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00201: Added support for new Onboard Device Types – SMBIOSCR00204: Added note on how to describe multi-function devices • Firmware Inventory Information (Type 45, new): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00208: Added structure type for Firmware Inventory Information • String Property (Type 46, new): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00211: Added structure for string properties
3.6.0	2022-06-17	<p>The following changes were made to version 3.5.0 of the document to produce this version:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Processor Information (Type 4): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00214: Added new processor sockets – SMBIOSCR00215: Added processor family ID for ARMv9 – SMBIOSCR00218: Added new processor socket types – SMBIOSCR00219: Added “thread enabled” field • Memory Device (Type 17): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00220: Added HBM3 • Various: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00217: Added LoongArch processor architecture
3.7.0	2023-07-21	<p>The following changes were made to version 3.6.0 of the document to produce this version:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Processor Information (Type 4): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00222: Added new processor sockets – SMBIOSCR00224: Added new processor family – SMBIOSCR00225: Added new processor socket

Version	Release Date	Description
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00226: Added new processor sockets and updated link for LoongArch processor-specific data – SMBIOSCR00228: Added new processor sockets • System Slots (Type 9): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00221: Modified CXL description and added CXL 3.0 support • Memory Device (Type 17): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – SMBIOSCR00227: Added PMIC/RCD Manufacturer ID and Revision information
3.7.1	2024-05-24	<p>The following changes were made to version 3.6.0 of the document to produce this version. Unless otherwise specified, changes were introduced in CR236.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Introduction: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Removed text from document version number conventions and added a reference to DSP4014 • Memory Device (Type 17): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – CR231: errata to PMIC0/RCD fields • Annex A (conformance guidelines): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – updated to include the 64-bit entry point • Annex B (Using the table convention): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – replaced pseudo-code with a link to modern open-source code projects • Various: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – replaced C-style “0xnnnn” numbers with MASM-style “nnnnh”, for consistency – used kibibytes, mebibytes, gibibytes and KiB, MiB, GiB for sizes in accordance with IEC 60027
3.8.0	2024-08-05	<p>The following changes were made to version 3.7.1 of the document to produce this version:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Various: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – CR237: Renamed document to “SMBIOS Specification” – CR237: Renamed “BIOS” to “platform firmware” or “firmware” • Processor Information (Type 4): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – CR229: new processor family names – CR230: new processor socket types – CR232: deprecate <i>Voltage</i> field – CR235: clarify text related to Arm SoC_ID – CR239: new processor family name – CR240: new socket string – CR241: use ™ and ® in Intel® processor strings • Memory Device (Type 17): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – CR238: add CAMM form factor – CR242: add MRDIMM memory technology • Management Controller Host Interface (Type 42): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – CR233: reference MCTP host interface • Processor Additional Information (Type 44): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Updated URL for RISC-V processor information

Version	Release Date	Description
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – CR234: Introduce Arm Processor-specific data – CR243: Additional Arm Processor-specific data
3.9.0	2025-07-07	<p>The following changes were made to version 3.8.0 of the document to produce this version:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Various: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CR249: Update the references to DSP0256 specifications from "v2.0.0WIP" to "v2.0.0" version • System Enclosure or Chassis (Type 3): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CR251: Changes to Type 3 to include additional Rack types • Processor Information (Type 4): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CR245: Correct erroneous length information in Processor Information - CR246: Use Arm SMCCC_ARCH_SOC_ID to populate "Processor Version" • System Slots (Type 9): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CR247: Add PCIe slot type in different form factors to "Table 49 – System Slots: Slot ID" • Memory Device (Type 17): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CR244: Add CUDIMM and CSODIMM form factors - CR248: Move MRDIMM to Memory Device – Type section • Processor Additional Information (Type 44): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - CR250: Changes to Type 44 to include additional processor characteristics for x86 processors

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Bibliography

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2354 <https://www.dmtf.org/sites/default/files/standards/documents/DSP4014.pdf>