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Wireshark Lab #3

May 10, 2021

Part 1:

Part 2:

1. What is the IP address and TCP port number used by the client computer (source) that is transferring the file to gaia.cs.umass.edu?

The IP address: 10.193.51.56

The TCP port number: 64366

tcp						
No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	Info
8	1.046132	10.9.3.109	10.193.51.56	TCP	66	64366 → 445
11	1.316658	10.9.3.109	18.205.93.208	TLSv1.2	271	Application/javascript
12	1.410422	18.205.93.208	10.9.3.109	TLSv1.2	249	Application/javascript
13	1.456187	10.9.3.109	18.205.93.208	TCP	54	62560 → 445
14	1.488014	10.9.3.109	35.188.42.15	TLSv1.2	481	Application/javascript
15	1.544878	35.188.42.15	10.9.3.109	TLSv1.2	293	Application/javascript
16	1.545180	10.9.3.109	35.188.42.15	TLSv1.2	1474	Application/javascript
17	1.545180	10.9.3.109	35.188.42.15	TLSv1.2	1241	Application/javascript
19	1.597699	35.188.42.15	10.9.3.109	TCP	56	443 → 64366
21	2.057749	10.9.3.109	10.193.51.56	TCP	66	[TCP Retransmission]
22	2.150320	10.9.3.109	10.193.51.58	TCP	66	64367 → 80
23	2.150368	10.9.3.109	10.193.51.63	TCP	66	64368 → 80
24	2.150369	10.9.3.109	10.193.51.55	TCP	66	64369 → 80
59	3.162343	10.9.3.109	10.193.51.63	TCP	66	[TCP Retransmission]
60	3.162415	10.9.3.109	10.193.51.55	TCP	66	[TCP Retransmission]
61	3.162683	10.9.3.109	10.193.51.58	TCP	66	[TCP Retransmission]
68	4.060527	10.9.3.109	10.193.51.56	TCP	66	[TCP Retransmission]
75	5.167102	10.9.3.109	10.193.51.58	TCP	66	[TCP Retransmission]
76	5.167117	10.9.3.109	10.193.51.63	TCP	66	[TCP Retransmission]

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> Frame 8: 66 bytes on wire (528 bits), 66 bytes captured (528 bits) on interface \Device\NPF{...}

> Ethernet II, Src: IntelCor_a2:9b:b7 (94:e7:0b:a2:9b:b7), Dst: Routerbo_e9:80:24 (74:4f:3d:e9:80:24)

> Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 10.9.3.109, Dst: 10.193.51.56

✓ Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 64366, Dst Port: 445, Seq: 0, Len: 0

2. What is the IP address of gaia.cs.umass.edu? On what port number is it sending and receiving TCP segments for this connection?

The IP address of gaia.cs.umass.edu is 128.119.245.12

The port number that it is sending and receiving TCP segments for the connection is: 80

441	31.699412	10.9.3.109	128.119.245.12	HTTP	539 POST /wireshark-labs/lab3-1-re
459	31.792283	128.119.245.12	10.9.3.109	HTTP	831 HTTP/1.1 200 OK (text/html)

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- > Frame 459: 831 bytes on wire (6648 bits), 831 bytes captured (6648 bits) on interface \Device\NPF_{EE6053D}
- > Ethernet II, Src: Routerbo_e9:80:24 (74:4d:28:e9:80:24), Dst: IntelCor_a2:9b:b7 (94:e7:0b:a2:9b:b7)
- > Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 128.119.245.12, Dst: 10.9.3.109
- ▼ Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 80, Dst Port: 64372, Seq: 1, Ack: 153032, Len: 777
 - Source Port: 80
 - Destination Port: 64372
 - [Stream index: 22]
 - [TCP Segment Len: 777]
 - Sequence Number: 1 (relative sequence number)

3. What is the IP address and TCP port number used by your client computer (source) to transfer the file to gaia.cs.umass.edu?

IP address used by your client computer to transfer the file: 10.9.3.109

TCP port number used by your client computer to transfer the file: 64372

441	31.699412	10.9.3.109	128.119.245.12	HTTP	539 POST /wireshark-labs/lab3-1-re
459	31.792283	128.119.245.12	10.9.3.109	HTTP	831 HTTP/1.1 200 OK (text/html)

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- > Frame 441: 539 bytes on wire (4312 bits), 539 bytes captured (4312 bits) on interface \Device\NPF_{EE6053D}
- > Ethernet II, Src: IntelCor_a2:9b:b7 (94:e7:0b:a2:9b:b7), Dst: Routerbo_e9:80:24 (74:4d:28:e9:80:24)
- > Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 10.9.3.109, Dst: 128.119.245.12
- ▼ Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 64372, Dst Port: 80, Seq: 152547, Ack: 1, Len: 485
 - Source Port: 64372
 - Destination Port: 80

Part 3:

4. What is the sequence number of the TCP SYN segment that is used to initiate the TCP connection between the client computer and gaia.cs.umass.edu? What is it in the segment that identifies the segment as a SYN segment?

The TCP SYN segment sequence number is set to 0 and it is used to initiate the TCP connection.

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	Info
1	0.000000	2607:f8b0:4009:817:...	2604:2800:fff9:903:...	UDP	88	443 → 5
2	0.056834	10.9.3.92	224.0.0.251	MDNS	91	Standard
3	0.057073	fe80::45f:d6b0:ea3c...	ff02::fb	MDNS	111	Standard
4	0.204072	2604:2800:fff9:903:...	2607:f8b0:4009:817:...	UDP	96	58319 →
5	0.282765	2607:f8b0:4009:817:...	2604:2800:fff9:903:...	UDP	88	443 → 5
6	0.696780	2604:2800:fff9:903:...	2607:f8b0:4009:817:...	UDP	96	58319 →
7	0.775101	2607:f8b0:4009:817:...	2604:2800:fff9:903:...	UDP	88	443 → 5
8	1.046132	10.9.3.109	10.193.51.56	TCP	66	64366 →
9	1.061189	10.9.3.92	224.0.0.251	MDNS	91	Standard

> Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 10.9.3.109, Dst: 10.193.51.56

▼ Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 64366, Dst Port: 445, Seq: 0, Len: 0

Source Port: 64366
Destination Port: 445
[Stream index: 0]
[TCP Segment Len: 0]
Sequence Number: 0 (relative sequence number)
Sequence Number (raw): 1129702690
[Next Sequence Number: 1 (relative sequence number)]
Acknowledgment Number: 0
Acknowledgment number (raw): 0
1000 = Header Length: 32 bytes (8)

▼ Flags: 0x002 (SYN)

5. What is the sequence number of the SYNACK segment sent by gaia.cs.umass.edu to the client computer in reply to the SYN? What is the value of the Acknowledgement field in the SYNACK segment? How did gaia.cs.umass.edu determine that value? What is it in the segment that identifies the segment as a SYNACK segment?

The SYNACK segment sequence number sent by gaia.cs.umass.edu to the client computer in reply to the SYN has a value of 1 and it is set, the acknowledgment field is 0 and not set.

8	1.046132	10.9.3.109	10.193.51.56	TCP	66	64366 → 445 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0
9	1.061189	10.9.3.92	224.0.0.251	MDNS	91	Standard query 0x0000 PTR _raop._tcp.]

> Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 10.9.3.109, Dst: 10.193.51.56

▼ Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 64366, Dst Port: 445, Seq: 0, Len: 0

Source Port: 64366
Destination Port: 445
[Stream index: 0]
[TCP Segment Len: 0]
Sequence Number: 0 (relative sequence number)
Sequence Number (raw): 1129702690
[Next Sequence Number: 1 (relative sequence number)]
Acknowledgment Number: 0
Acknowledgment number (raw): 0
1000 = Header Length: 32 bytes (8)

▼ Flags: 0x002 (SYN)

000. = Reserved: Not set
...0 = Nonce: Not set
.... 0... = Congestion Window Reduced (CWR): Not set
.... .0.. = ECN-Echo: Not set
.... ..0. = Urgent: Not set
.... ...0 = Acknowledgment: Not set
....0... = Push: Not set
....0.. = Reset: Not set
>1. = Syn: Set

6. What is the sequence number of the TCP segment containing the HTTP POST command? Note that in order to find the POST command, you'll need to dig into the packet content field at the bottom of the Wireshark window, looking for a segment with a "POST" within its DATA field. The TCP segment containing the HTTP POST command has a sequence number of 152547

441	31.699412	10.9.3.109	128.119.245.12	HTTP	539 POST /wireshark-
459	31.792283	128.119.245.12	10.9.3.109	HTTP	831 HTTP/1.1 200 OK

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> Frame 441: 539 bytes on wire (4312 bits), 539 bytes captured (4312 bits) on interface \Device
> Ethernet II, Src: IntelCor_a2:9b:b7 (94:e7:0b:a2:9b:b7), Dst: Routerbo_e9:80:24 (74:4d:28:e9:
> Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 10.9.3.109, Dst: 128.119.245.12
v Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 64372, Dst Port: 80, Seq: 152547, Ack: 1, Len: 485
    Source Port: 64372
    Destination Port: 80
    [Stream index: 22]
    [TCP Segment Len: 485]
    Sequence Number: 152547 (relative sequence number)
    Sequence Number (raw): 1789517052
    [Next Sequence Number: 153032 (relative sequence number)]
    Acknowledgment Number: 1 (relative ack number)
    Acknowledgment number (raw): 922556548
    0101 .... = Header Length: 20 bytes (5)
v Flags: 0x018 (PSH, ACK)
    000. .... = Reserved: Not set
    ...0 .... = Nonce: Not set
    .... 0... = Congestion Window Reduced (CWR): Not set
    .... .0.. = ECN-Echo: Not set
    .... ..0. = Urgent: Not set
    .... ...1 = Acknowledgment: Set
    .... .... 1... = Push: Set
    .... .... .0.. = Reset: Not set
    .... .... ..0. = Syn: Not set
    .... .... ...0 = Fin: Not set
    [TCP Flags: .....AP...]
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7. Consider the TCP segment containing the HTTP POST as the first segment in the TCP connection. What are the sequence numbers of the first six segments in the TCP connection (including the segment containing the HTTP POST)? At what time was each segment sent? When was the ACK for each segment received? Given the difference between when each TCP segment was sent, and when its acknowledgement was received, what is the RTT value for each of the six segments? What is the EstimatedRTTvalue (see Section 3.5.3, page 242 in text) after the receipt of each ACK?

The sequence numbers are: 1, 711, 2171, 3631, 5091, 6551

Time each segment was sent: 3.571842, 3.572200, 3.572200, 3.572200, 3.572200, 3.572200

Time each segment was received: 3.659489, 3.659594, 3.659594, 3.659594, 3.659594, 3.659594

RTT of each segment: 0.087647, 0.087394, 0.087394, 0.087394, 0.087394, 0.087394

Estimated RTT: $\text{EstimatedRTT} = 0.875 * \text{EstimatedRTT} + 0.125 * \text{SampleRTT}$

Estimated RTT for Segment 1: 0.087647

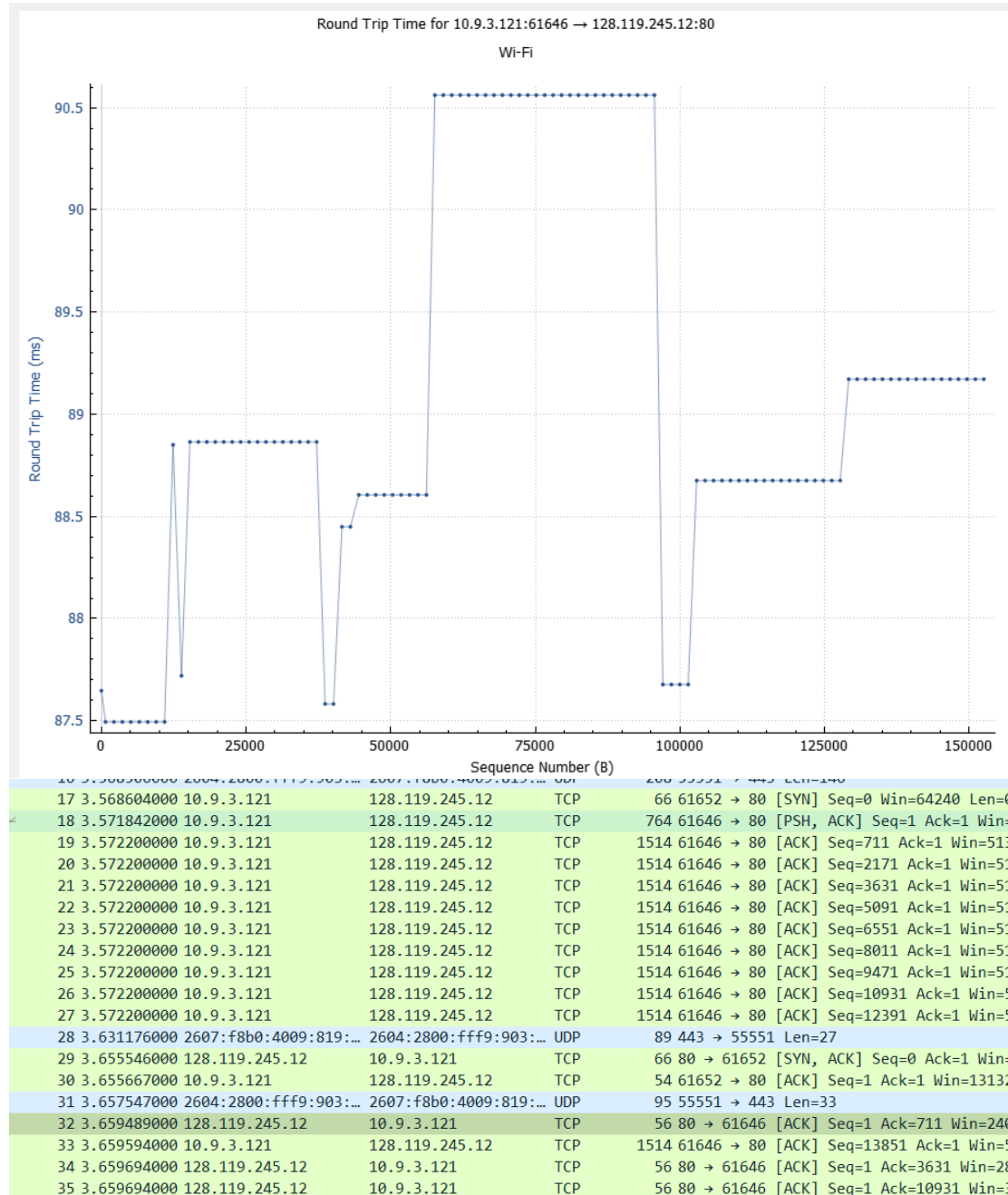
Estimated RTT for Segment 2: 0.087615375

Estimated RTT for Segment 3: 0.087615375

Estimated RTT for Segment 4: 0.087615375

Estimated RTT for Segment 5: 0.087615375

Estimated RTT for Segment 6: 0.087615375



8. What is the length of each of the first six TCP segments?

Segment 1 Length: 710

Segment 2 Length: 1460

Segment 3 Length: 1460

Segment 4 Length: 1460

Segment 5 Length: 1460

Segment 6 Length: 1460

208 55551 → 443 Len=0 MSS=1460 WS=256

66 61652 → 80 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 WS=256 SACK_PERM=1

764 61646 → 80 [PSH, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=513 Len=710 [TCP segment of a reassembled

Win=513 Len=1460 [TCP s

Win=513 Len=1460 [TCP

Win=513 Len=1460 [TCP

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Win=513 Len=1460 [TCP

Win=513 Len=1460 [TCP

Win=513 Len=1460 [TCP

Win=513 Len=1460 [TCP

9. What is the minimum amount of available buffer space advertised at the receiver for the entire trace? Does the lack of receiver buffer space ever throttle the sender?

The minimum amount of available buffer space is 64240 bytes, the lack of receiver buffer space will not throttle the sender.

208 55551 → 443 Len=146

66 61652 → 80 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len=0 MSS=1460 WS=256 SACK_PERM=1

764 61646 → 80 [PSH, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=513 Len=710 [TCP segment of a reassembled

10. Are there any retransmitted segments in the trace file? What did you check for (in the trace) in order to answer this question?

There are no retransmitted segments in the trace file, I checked this by referring to the sequence numbers for the TCP segments within the trace file.

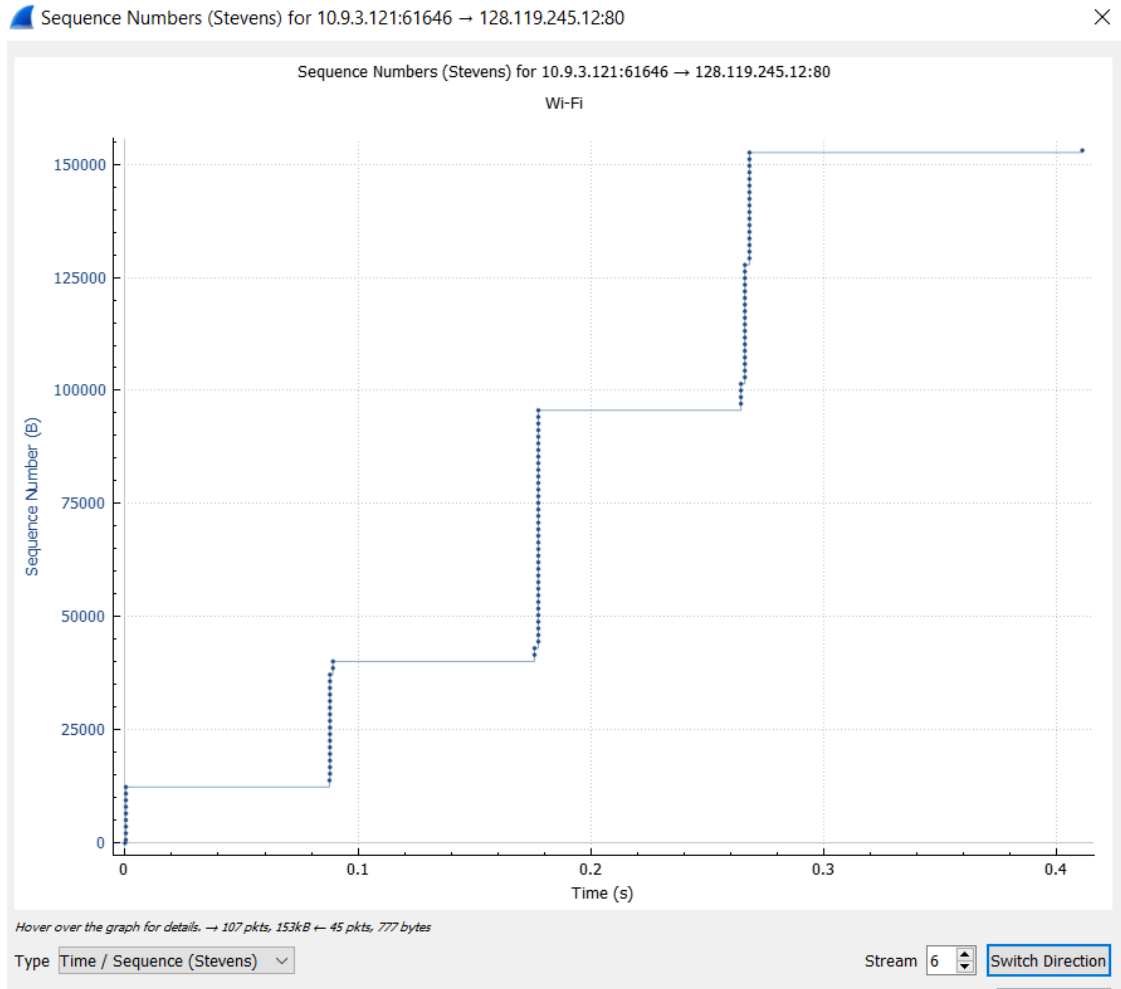
11. How much data does the receiver typically acknowledge in an ACK? Can you identify cases where the receiver is ACKing every other received segment (see Table 3.2 on page 250 in the text).

The receiver typically acknowledges 1460 bytes of data in an ACK, I found this in the segment lengths posted in question 8 of this document.

12. What is the throughput (bytes transferred per unit time) for the TCP connection? Explain how you calculated this value.

The throughput for the TCP connection is 3774.039669 bytes transferred per second.

The acknowledged sequence number of the last ACK divided by the download time in seconds which is: 15032 bytes / 3.983 seconds



Part 4:

13. Use the Time-Sequence-Graph (Stevens) plotting tool to view the sequence number versus time plot of segments being sent from the client to the gaia.cs.umass.edu server. Can you identify where TCP's slow start phase begins and ends, and where congestion avoidance takes over? According to the graph above, the slow start begins at 0 and ends at approximately 0.09. The congestion avoidance takes over around approximately 0.19 and ends at approximately 0.28.
14. Answer Question13 for the trace that you captured when you transferred a file from your own computer to gaia.cs.umass.edu

I did answer it for the trace that I captured in question 13.