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## **C/C++: fftw Tutorial**

By totosugito on July 10, 2012



#### C/C++ : fftw Tutorial

FFTW is a C subroutine library for computing the discrete Fourier transform (DFT) in one or more dimensions, of arbitrary input size, and of both real and complex data. I use this library for compute FFT because the library is fast and simple to use. This is my **fftw tutorial**. So, from this **fftw tutorial**, you can know how to use **fftw library** to process

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your data.

I create four function in this **fftw tutorial**. The function is **how to compute fft and ifft** for your data with input/output in floating point and double data format. You can use this **fftw tutorial** function like at Matlab function. When using fft and ifft in Matlab, we can use this command:

You can use my **fftw tutorial** function like the Matlab parameter:

```
1 | B = fftwf_data(A, lenA, nfft);
2 | C = ifftwf_data(B, lenC, nfft);
```

The fftw accepted input data with **fftwf\_complex** (floating point data format) and **fftw\_complex** (double data format). This data format (**fftwf\_complex** and **fftw\_complex**) is an array 2D with length of colum = 2. The first column is real data and the second column is imaginer data.

This is the sample main program for this **fftw tutorial** for more explanation how to use **fftw library** in our program (**fftw sample code**).

```
1   /*
2    * main.c
3    *
4    * Created on: Jul 10, 2012
5    * Author: toto
6    */
```

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```
#include <stdio.h>
    #include <string.h>
    #include <math.h>
10
    #include <stdlib.h>
11
12
    #include <time.h>
    #include <fftw3.h>
13
14
15
    int main( int argc, char** argv )
16
17
         fftwf complex *data;
18
         fftwf complex *fdata;
19
         fftwf complex *idata;
         int ndata, nfft, i;
20
21
         unsigned int seed = 1234;
22
23
         if(argc<2)</pre>
24
             return(1);
         sscanf(arqv[1], "%i", &ndata);
25
26
         sscanf(argv[2], "%i", &nfft);
27
28
         //allocate memory for data
29
         data = ( fftwf complex* ) fftwf malloc( sizeof( ff
30
31
         // CREATE INPUT DATA
32
         srand ( seed );
33
         for( i=0; i<ndata; i++ ) {</pre>
             data[i][0] = (double) (rand()/12345678);
34
                                                           //
35
             data[i][1] = 0.0; //imaginer data
36
37
         //print input data
38
         printf("Input Data \n");
39
         for( i = 0 ; i < ndata ; i++ )</pre>
40
             printf( "%i. %2.5f %2.5f \n", i, data[i][0],
41
42
         // FFT PROCESS
         fdata = fftwf data(data, ndata, nfft);
43
44
         printf("\nFFT Result \n");
45
         for( i = 0 ; i < nfft ; i++ )</pre>
             printf( "%i. %2.5f %2.5f \n", i, fdata[i][0]
46
```

```
47
 48
           // INVERS FFT PROCESS
 49
          idata = ifftwf data(fdata, ndata, nfft);
 50
           printf("\nIFFT Result \n");
 51
           for( i = 0 ; i < ndata ; i++ )</pre>
 52
               printf( "%i. %2.5f %2.5f \n", i, idata[i][0]
 53
           printf("\n");
 54
 55
           fftwf free( data );
 56
           fftwf free (fdata);
 57
           fftwf free( idata );
 58
           return 0;
 59
 60
     }
This is the sample output from this fftw tutorial code:
      toto@toto-laptop:~/Desktop$ fftw demo 5 10
  2
      Input Data
  3
      0. 38.00000
                     0.00000
          37.00000
                     0.00000
  4
      2. 77.00000
                     0.00000
  6
      3. 85.00000
                     0.00000
  7
          99.00000
                     0.00000
  8
  9
      FFT Result
                      0.00000
  10
      0.
          336.00000
 11
      1.
          -14.63119
                     -234.00996
 12
      2.
          -51.03444
                      63.66779
 13
      3.
          63.63119
                     -34.12248
 14
          -21.96556 28.83423
      4.
 15
      5.
          92.00000
                     0.00000
          -21.96556 -28.83423
 16
      7.
          63.63119
                     34.12248
 17
 18
      8.
          -51.03444
                     -63.66779
 19
          -14.63119 234.00996
      9.
 20
 21
      IFFT Result
```

22	0.	38.00000	0.00000
23	1.	37.00000	0.00000
24	2.	77.00001	0.00000
25	3.	85.00000	0.00000
26	4.	99.00000	0.00000

If you compare the value from this **fftw tutorial**, you will get the same value from Matlab. You can donwload the complete code from this **fftw tutorial** at here.

Source:

http://www.fftw.org/



## totosugito

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## **One Response**



### rafael

May 16, 2013 at 5:02 pm | Permalink | Reply

Boa Tarde Toto.

o programa não funcionou. qual é a utilidade do arquivo Makefile?

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