# **Experiment No 11**

Aim: Implementation and demonstration of Transaction and Concurrency control

techniques using locks

Class: SE Comp Year: 2020-21

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### **Transactions:**

- A transaction is a sequential group of database manipulation operations, which is performed as if it were one single work unit.
- A transaction will never be complete unless each individual operation within the group is successful.
- If any operation within the transaction fails, the entire transaction will fail.
- ACID Properties:
  - Atomicity This ensures that all operations within the work unit are completed successfully; otherwise, the transaction is aborted at the point of failure and previous operations are rolled back to their former state.
  - Consistency This ensures that the database properly changes states upon a successfully committed transaction.
  - Isolation This enables transactions to operate independently and transparently.
  - Durability This ensures that the result or effect of a committed transaction persists in case of a system failure.
- A transaction begins with the BEGIN WORK statement and ends with either a COMMIT or ROLLBACK clause.
- The SQL commands between these beginning and ending statements form the bulk of the transaction
- When a successful transaction is completed, the COMMIT clause should be fired so that changes made in the table(s) take effect.
- If a failure or an inaccuracy occurs, the ROLLBACK clause is fired to return every table referenced in the transaction to its previous state.
- The behaviour of a transaction can be controlled using the AUTOCOMMIT clause
  - When AUTOCOMMIT is set to 1 (default), each SQL statement is considered a complete transaction by default when it gets executed.
  - When AUTOCOMMIT is set to 0, each SQL statement following subsequently is an incomplete transaction, until an explicit COMMIT is fired.

# **Concurrency Control:**

- Table Locking is used in MySQL for concurrency control, during running a transaction.
- A locking protocol is a set of rules followed by all transactions while requesting and releasing locks.
- This helps control concurrent access to data.
- MySQL provides two types of table locks:
  - o READ Lock:
    - This lock only allows the user to read the table.
    - Other users can read the table as well, but can not perform any other operations, until the table is unlocked.
    - Hence, the READ lock locks data in Shared (S) Mode.
  - O WRITE Lock:
    - This lock allows the user to both read and write.
    - Other users can not read nor write the locked table, until it is unlocked.
    - Hence, the WRITE lock locks data in Exclusive (X) Mode.

## **Transactions:**

```
Command Prompt - mysql -u root -p
mysql> create table emp (eid int primary key, ename varchar(20) not null, unique(ename), age int) engine = INNOD
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.34 sec)
mysql> set autocommit = 0;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
mysql> start transaction;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
mysql> insert into emp values (101, 'Walter White', 52), (102, 'Jesse Pinkman', 28), (103, 'Saul Goodman', 35),
Query OK, 4 rows affected (0.00 sec)
Records: 4 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
mysql> commit;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.03 sec)
mysql> select * from emp;
 eid | ename
                      age
 101 | Walter White
                            52
 102 | Jesse Pinkman |
103 | Saul Goodman |
                            28
  104 | Hank Schrader |
                            40
 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> insert into emp values (105, 'Skyler White', 48), (106, 'Kim Wexler', 32);
Query OK, 2 rows affected (0.00 sec)
Records: 2 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
mysql> select * from emp;
 eid | ename
                        age
 101 | Walter White |
102 | Jesse Pinkman |
103 | Saul Goodman |
                            52
                             28
 104 | Hank Schrader |
105 | Skyler White |
                            40
                             48
  106 | Kim Wexler
                            32 İ
 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> commit;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.03 sec)
mysql> delete from emp where eid = 104;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.11 sec)
```

```
mysql> select * from emp;
 eid | ename
                 age
 101 | Walter White |
102 | Jesse Pinkman |
                          52
  103 | Saul Goodman
  105 | Skyler White
  106 | Kim Wexler
                          32
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> rollback;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.06 sec)
mysql> select * from emp;
 eid | ename
                      age
  101 | Walter White
       Jesse Pinkman
  102
       Saul Goodman
  103
       Hank Schrader
  104
  105
      | Skyler White
                          48
                          32
  106 | Kim Wexler
 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

# **Concurrency Control:**

### Write Lock:

```
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.03 sec)
mysql> lock table emp write;
mysql> select * from emp;
| 101 | Walter White | 52 |
| 102 | Jesse Pinkman | 28 |
| 103 | Saul Goodman | 35 |
| 104 | Hank Schrader | 40 |
| 105 | Skyler White | 48 |
| 106 | Kim Wexler | 32 |
6 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> insert into emp values
-> (107, 'Mike E.', 60);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
| Id | User | Host | db | Comman
| d | Time | State | Info
                       | Info
| 1340 | root | localhost:58159 | test | Query
| 10 | Waiting for table metadata lock | sele
ct * from emp |
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> _
```

#### Write Unlock:

```
Command Prompt - mysql -u root -p —
                                                           X Command Prompt - mysql -u ganm0r -p
mysql> lock table emp write;
                                                              ^ mysql> select * from emp;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.03 sec)
                                                                  eid ename
mysql> select * from emp;
                                                                  | 101 | Walter White | 52 |
                                                                 | 102 | Jesse Pinkman
| 103 | Saul Goodman
| 104 | Hank Schrader
| 105 | Skyler White
| 106 | Kim Wexler
| 107 | Mike E.
 eid | ename | age |
                                                                                                  28
 101 | Walter White | 52 |
102 | Jesse Pinkman | 28 |
103 | Saul Goodman | 35 |
104 | Hank Schrader | 40 |
105 | Skyler White | 48 |
106 | Kim Wexler | 32 |
                                                                                                  40
                                                                                                 48
                                                                                                32
                                                                                                60
                                                                 7 rows in set (1 min 16.03 sec)
6 rows in set (0.00 sec)
                                                                 mysql>
mysql> insert into emp values
-> (107, 'Mike E.', 60);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
mysql> show processlist;
| Id | User | Host | db | Comman
d | Time | State
| 1340 | root | localhost:58159 | test | Query
  0 starting
 processlist |
| 1343 | ganm0r | localhost:56250 | test | Query
| 10 | Waiting for table metadata lock | select * from emp |
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> unlock table;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.04 sec)
mysql>
```

#### Write Lock:

```
mysql> lock table emp write;

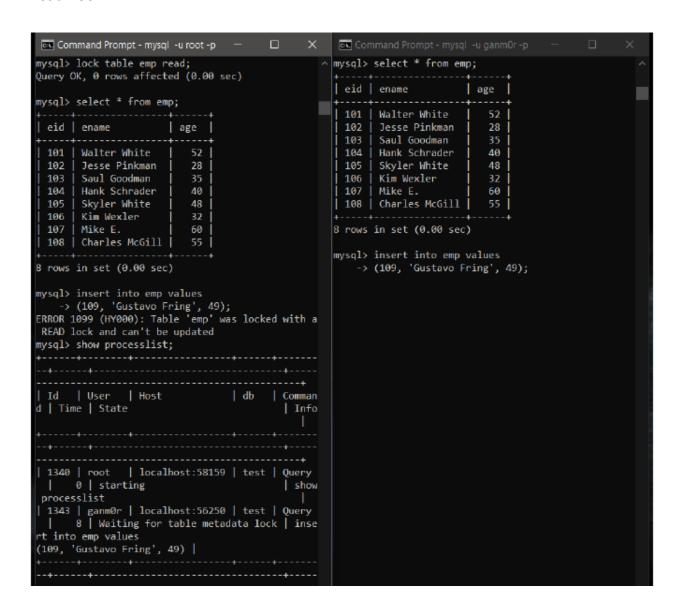
∧ mysql> insert into emp values
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
                                          -> (108, 'Charles McGill', 55);
mysql> show processlist;
| Id | User | Host | db | Comman
d | Time | State | Info
|
| 1340 | root | localhost:58159 | test | Query
| 0 | starting
processlist
| 1343 | ganm0r | localhost:56250 | test | Query
| 8 | Waiting for table metadata lock | inse
rt into emp values
(108, 'Charles McGill', 55)
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> _
```

### Write Unlock:

```
Command Prompt - mysql -u root -p 

Command Prompt - mysql -u ganm0r -p
Query OK, 1 row affected (24.41 sec)
mysql> show processlist;
                                    mysql>
| Id | User | Host | db | Comman
d | Time | State
| 1340 | root | localhost:58159 | test | Query
| 0 | starting | show
processlist
| 1343 | ganm@r | localhost:56250 | test | Query
| 8 | Waiting for table metadata lock | inse
rt into emp values
(108, 'Charles McGill', 55) |
+-----
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> unlock table;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
mysq1>
```

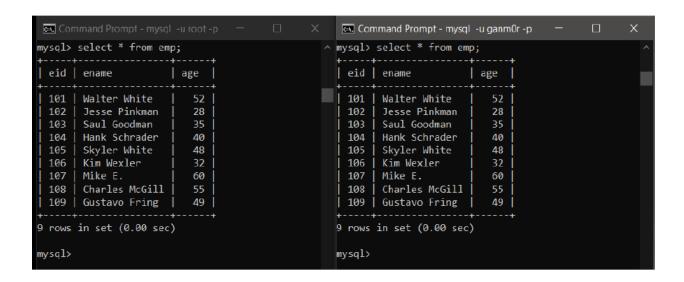
#### Read Lock:



#### Read Unlock:

```
mysql> lock table emp read;
                                                   mysql> select * from emp;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
                                                    | eid | ename | age |
mysql> select * from emp;
                                                    | 101 | Walter White | 52 |
| 102 | Jesse Pinkman | 28 |
| 103 | Saul Goodman | 35 |
| 104 | Hank Schrader | 40 |
| eid | ename | age |
8 rows in set (0.00 sec)
                                                   mysql> insert into emp values
8 rows in set (0.00 sec)
                                                     -> (109, 'Gustavo Fring', 49);
                                                   Query OK, 1 row affected (20.14 sec)
mysql> insert into emp values
-> (109, 'Gustavo Fring', 49);
ERROR 1099 (HY000): Table 'emp' was locked with a
READ lock and can't be updated
                                                   mysql>
mysql> show processlist;
| Id | User | Host | db | Comman
d | Time | State | Info
                                 Info
| 1340 | root | localhost:58159 | test | Query
| 0 | starting | show
 processlist
| 1343 | ganm@r | localhost:56250 | test | Query
| 8 | Waiting for table metadata lock | inse
 rt into emp values
(109, 'Gustavo Fring', 49)
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> unlock table;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
mysql> 🕳
```

## Final Result in the Table:



## **Conclusion:**

We studied Transactions and Concurrency Control and implemented them successfully.