

HW 4 Neural Networks

T1

```
In [1]: x0 = 1.0
w0 = 0.3; w1 = -0.2
b0 = 0.1; b1 = -0.3

In [2]: def relu(x):
    return max(0, x)

def relu_backward(x):
    return 1 if x > 0 else 0

def forward(x):
    x1 = relu(x0 * w0 + b0) # 0.4
    y1 = x1 * w1 + b1 # -0.08 - 0.3
    z = relu(y1 + x0) # 0.62
    return z, y1, x1

def backward_w0():
    dx1_dw0 = relu_backward(x0 * w0 + b0) * x0
    dy1_dx1 = w1
    dz_dy1 = relu_backward(y1 + x0) * 1
    dz_dw0 = dz_dy1 * dy1_dx1 * dx1_dw0
    return dz_dw0

def backward_w1():
    dy1_dw1 = x1
    dz_dy1 = relu_backward(y1 + x0) * 1
    dz_dw1 = dz_dy1 * dy1_dw1
    return dz_dw1

def backward_b0():
    dx1_db0 = relu_backward(x0 * w0 + b0) * 1
    dy1_dx1 = w1
    dz_dy1 = relu_backward(y1 + x0) * 1
    dz_db0 = dz_dy1 * dy1_dx1 * dx1_db0
    return dz_db0

def backward_b1():
    dy1_db1 = 1
    dz_dy1 = relu_backward(y1 + x0) * 1
    dz_db1 = dz_dy1 * dy1_db1
    return dz_db1

z, y1, x1 = forward(x0)

# z, dz/w0, dz/w1, dz/b0, dz/b1
z, backward_w0(), backward_w1(), backward_b0(), backward_b1()

Out[2]: (0.62, -0.2, 0.4, -0.2, 1)
```

T2

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In [3]: batch_size, num_features = 32, 30
neuron_layers = [1024, 512, 1]

In [6]: # input: (30, 32)
A = (1024, 32)
B = (512, 32)
C = (1, 32)

A, B, C

Out[6]: ((1024, 32), (512, 32), (1, 32))
```

T3

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In [7]: (30 * 1024) + 1024 + (1024 * 512) + 512 + (512 * 1) + 1

Out[7]: 557057
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T4

find derivative of  $P(y=j)$  wrt  $h$  first

Case  $i=j$

$$\frac{\partial P(y=j)}{\partial h_i} = \frac{\partial \frac{\exp(h_i)}{\sum_k \exp(h_k)}}{\partial h_i} = \frac{\exp(h_i)}{\sum_k \exp(h_k)} \left( 1 - \frac{\exp(h_i)}{\sum_k \exp(h_k)} \right)$$

Case  $i \neq j$

$$\frac{\partial P(y=j)}{\partial h_i} = \frac{\partial \frac{\exp(h_j)}{\sum_k \exp(h_k)}}{\partial h_i} = - \frac{\exp(h_i)}{\sum_k \exp(h_k)} \cdot \frac{\exp(h_j)}{\sum_k \exp(h_k)}$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial P(y=j)} = \frac{-\epsilon_j y_j \log \left( \frac{\exp(h_j)}{\sum_k \exp(h_k)} \right)}{\frac{\partial \left( \frac{\exp(h_j)}{\sum_k \exp(h_k)} \right)}{\partial h_i}} = \frac{-\epsilon_j y_j}{\frac{\exp(h_j)}{\sum_k \exp(h_k)}}$$

find derivative of  $L$  wrt  $h$  after

Case  $i=j$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial h} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial P(y=j)} \cdot \frac{\partial P(y=j)}{\partial h} = -\epsilon_j y_j \left( 1 - \frac{\exp(h_i)}{\sum_k \exp(h_k)} \right) = y_j \frac{\exp(h_i)}{\sum_k \exp(h_k)} - y_j = p_i - y_j$$

Case  $i \neq j$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial L}{\partial h} &= -y_j \left( 1 - \frac{\exp(h_i)}{\sum_k \exp(h_k)} \right) - \epsilon_j y_j \frac{\frac{1}{\exp(h_i)} \left( -\frac{\exp(h_i)}{\sum_k \exp(h_k)} \right) \cdot \frac{\exp(h_j)}{\sum_k \exp(h_k)}}{\frac{\exp(h_j)}{\sum_k \exp(h_k)}} \\ &= (-y_j + p_i) + \epsilon_j y_j \frac{\exp(h_j)}{\sum_k \exp(h_k)} \\ &= -y_j + p_i \epsilon_j y_j \\ &= p_i - y_j \end{aligned}$$