

ULTRA — Session Summary (2026-02-09)

This file is a **downloadable recap** of what was completed in the ULTRA project during this chat session.

Authoritative references used:

- `ULTRA_MASTER_PLAN.md` (architecture contract)
 - `docs/SCHEMA_DECISIONS.md` (schema law)
 - `docs/BACKEND_DECISIONS.md` (backend audit decisions)
 - `docs/RLS_DESIGN.md` (authoritative RLS design)
 - `docs/TERMINOLOGY.md` (authoritative naming map)
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1) RLS helper + read policies (Step 4A)

Helper

- Created `public.visible_group_ids()` helper function (security definer + explicit `search_path`).
- Updated it later to **union** membership from both tables during transition:
 - `public.group_users` (terminology target; if present)
 - `public.user_group_links` (legacy; present in current DB)

Read-side RLS enabled + SELECT policies added

RLS was enabled and SELECT policies added to enforce **group-scoped visibility** (user sees only membership groups + descendants):

Core scope chain:

- `public.groups`
- `public.user_group_links`
- `public.yacht_group_links`
- `public.yachts`
- `public.task_categories`
- `public.task_category_map`
- `public.task_category_links` (legacy mapping protected)
- `public.tasks`
- `public.task_contexts`
- `public.task_results`
- `public.users` (removed permissive global directory policy; now group-scoped + self)
- `public.task_context_assignees`
- `public.yacht_tasks`
- `public.yacht_task_results`
- `public.yacht_user_links`

Reference / extra surfaces (hardened):

- `public.periods` (SELECT-only)
- `public.units_of_measure` (SELECT-only)
- `public.user_role_links` (self-only SELECT)
- `public.roles` (read-only SELECT)
- `public.apps` (read-only SELECT)
- `public.app_group_links` (group-scoped SELECT)
- `public.app_user_links` (self-only SELECT)

Note:

- `public.task_context_overrides` **does not exist** in the live DB at the time of this session, so RLS could not be applied yet.
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2) Data fixes discovered while enabling RLS

Orphan group ids on categories

Symptom:

- Tasks disappeared after enabling RLS because `task_categories.group_id` values were **placeholder UUIDs** that did not exist in `public.groups`.

Evidence:

- `task_categories.group_id` contained:
 - 00000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000001
 - 11111111-1111-1111-1111-111111111111
- `public.groups` contained real UUIDs (e.g. Worthy Marine, Dockers, etc.).

Fix:

- Re-pinned `task_categories.group_id` to a real group ID so RLS could scope categories/templates correctly.

3) “Global task library + private group tasks” (Model 1)

Decision:

- Use **Model 1** to keep RLS design intact: “global” is a **real group** that **every user is a member of**.

Actions:

- Inserted a new group: **Global Library**
 - `groups.id = e0fff626-23b1-42d5-a111-9c08407335f7`
- Added **all users** into Global Library via `public.user_group_links`.
- Moved global categories into Global Library by updating `public.task_categories.group_id` to the Global Library group id.

Outcome:

- Everyone in the tenant sees the global template library.
- Private tasks remain possible by leaving some categories/templates pinned to a private group.

4) “One group per yacht” enforcement (SCHEMA_DECISIONS)

Goal:

- Enforce: “Yachts belong to exactly ONE group.”

Actions:

- Detected duplicate ownership rows in `public.yacht_group_links` for two yachts.
- Deleted extra rows so each yacht had exactly one owning group row (deterministic keep-one behavior).
- Created unique index:
 - `create unique index ... on public.yacht_group_links (yacht_id)`

5) Backend rewrite: invite endpoint (BACKEND_DECISIONS)

`api/invite-user.ts`

Rewritten to meet `docs/BACKEND_DECISIONS.md`:

- Requires explicit `groupId` in request body.
- Requires `Authorization: Bearer <access_token>` (authentication).
- Authorization rules implemented:
 - Caller must have **role admin** (via `user_role_links` → `roles`).
 - Caller must be a **member of the target group** (supports `group_users` if present; otherwise `user_group_links`).
- On successful invite/sync:
 - Upserts `public.users` directory row.
 - Creates membership for the invited user (prefers `group_users`, falls back to `user_group_links`).

`src/pages/NewUserPage.tsx`

Updated to support the new endpoint requirements:

- Loads visible groups and requires selecting a group.
- Fetches Supabase session and sends Bearer token.
- Sends `groupId` with the invite request.

6) Admin role reference doc

Added:

- docs/ADMIN_ROLE.md

Purpose:

- Records where admin role is stored (roles + user_role_links).
 - Provides SQL snippets to add/remove admins.
 - Clarifies admin does **not** bypass RLS; it is used by server endpoints (e.g. invite).
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7) Write-side rules (Step 4 write enforcement)

Implemented **append-only results** and group-scoped writes (one-table-at-a-time):

- public.task_results: INSERT allowed for visible contexts; no UPDATE/DELETE policies.
- public.yacht_task_results: INSERT allowed for visible yacht_tasks; no UPDATE/DELETE policies.

Group-scoped writes:

- public.task_categories: INSERT/UPDATE/DELETE limited to visible groups.
- public.task_category_map: INSERT/DELETE limited to categories in visible groups.
- public.task_contexts: INSERT/UPDATE/DELETE limited to visible yachts (via yacht→group).
- public.task_context_assignees: INSERT/DELETE limited to visible contexts.
- public.yacht_tasks: INSERT/UPDATE/DELETE limited to visible yachts.
- public.task_category_links (legacy): INSERT/DELETE limited to categories in visible groups.

Known limitation (intentional for now):

- public.tasks (templates) **INSERT is not safely enforceable** under strict group scoping without:
 - a transactional server operation (RPC/endpoint) that creates the task + mapping in one operation, or
 - a schema change that anchors templates directly to a group/category.This was explicitly left for a later, deliberate step.
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8) Smoke test performed

Verified “execution history blocks unassign”:

- Inserted task_results rows (status check constraint requires pass/fail).
 - Confirmed UI blocks unassign with message:
 - “This task cannot be unassigned because there is execution history (task_results) for this yacht.”
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9) Remaining / next steps (not done tonight)

Immediate next steps:

- Apply RLS policies to public.task_context_overrides **once the table exists**.
 - Decide and implement the **approved** mechanism for creating templates under RLS:
 - likely a server endpoint/RPC for “create task template + link to category” (not yet implemented per docs/BACKEND_DECISIONS.md).
 - Harden/align migration_sync_public_users_from_auth.sql with the new visibility model (explicitly listed under REWRITE in docs/BACKEND_DECISIONS.md).
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Notes / constraints followed

- Followed authoritative documents as “law” once introduced.
- RLS was implemented **one table at a time** per instruction.
- SQL was intended for **manual execution** by the user in Supabase.