# Analysis and visualisations for "Reproducible research and GIScience: an evaluation using AGILE conference papers"

Daniel Nüst, Barbara Hofer 25 June, 2018

# Contents

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The data used is licensed under a Open Data Commons Attribution License.

See the paper's "Author Contributions" section for details on the contributors of data files.

#### Metadata

Required libraries and runtime environment description.

```
library("pdftools")
library("stringr")
library("tidyverse")
library("knitr")
library("tidytext")
library("wordcloud")
library("RColorBrewer")
library("readr")
library("ggplot2")
library("rvest")
library("jsonlite")
library("reshape2")
library("ggthemes")
library("grid")
library("gridBase")
library("gridExtra")
library("kableExtra")
library("devtools")
library("rlang")
library("huxtable")
library("here")
library("httr")
devtools::session_info(include_base = TRUE)
## Session info ------
##
  setting value
## version R version 3.4.4 (2018-03-15)
## system x86_64, linux-gnu
## ui
          RStudio (1.1.383)
## language en
## collate en_US.UTF-8
## tz
           Europe/Berlin
## date
           2018-06-25
## Packages ------
   package
               * version date
                                  source
                0.2.0
## assertthat
                        2017-04-11 CRAN (R 3.4.0)
                1.1.2
## backports
                        2017-12-13 CRAN (R 3.4.3)
## base
               * 3.4.4 2018-03-16 local
## bindr
                0.1.1
                        2018-03-13 CRAN (R 3.4.4)
## bindrcpp
                 0.2.2 2018-03-29 CRAN (R 3.4.4)
                 0.4.4
## broom
                        2018-03-29 CRAN (R 3.4.4)
## cellranger
                1.1.0 2016-07-27 CRAN (R 3.4.0)
## cli
                        2017-11-05 CRAN (R 3.4.2)
                1.0.0
## colorspace
                1.3-2
                        2016-12-14 cran (@1.3-2)
## compiler
                 3.4.4
                        2018-03-16 local
## crayon
                1.3.4
                        2017-09-16 CRAN (R 3.4.1)
## datasets
               * 3.4.4
                        2018-03-16 local
## devtools
               * 1.13.5 2018-02-18 CRAN (R 3.4.3)
```

```
digest
                    0.6.15
                            2018-01-28 CRAN (R 3.4.3)
##
    dplyr
                  * 0.7.5
                            2018-05-19 CRAN (R 3.4.4)
                    0.10.1
                            2017-06-24 CRAN (R 3.4.0)
##
    evaluate
##
    forcats
                  * 0.3.0
                            2018-02-19 CRAN (R 3.4.3)
##
    foreign
                    0.8-70
                            2018-04-23 CRAN (R 3.4.4)
##
                  * 2.2.1
                            2016-12-30 CRAN (R 3.4.2)
    ggplot2
                  * 3.5.0
                            2018-05-07 CRAN (R 3.4.4)
    ggthemes
                    1.2.0
                            2017-10-29 CRAN (R 3.4.2)
##
    glue
##
    graphics
                  * 3.4.4
                            2018-03-16 local
##
    grDevices
                  * 3.4.4
                            2018-03-16 local
    grid
                  * 3.4.4
                            2018-03-16 local
##
                  * 0.4-7
                            2014-02-24 CRAN (R 3.4.0)
    gridBase
##
    gridExtra
                  * 2.3
                            2017-09-09 CRAN (R 3.4.1)
##
    gtable
                            2016-02-26 CRAN (R 3.4.0)
                    0.2.0
##
    haven
                    1.1.1
                            2018-01-18 CRAN (R 3.4.3)
##
    here
                  * 0.1
                            2017-05-28 CRAN (R 3.4.4)
##
    hms
                    0.4.2
                            2018-03-10 CRAN (R 3.4.3)
##
    htmltools
                    0.3.6
                            2017-04-28 CRAN (R 3.4.0)
##
    httr
                  * 1.3.1
                            2017-08-20 CRAN (R 3.4.1)
##
    huxtable
                  * 4.0.0
                            2018-06-02 CRAN (R 3.4.4)
##
    janeaustenr
                    0.1.5
                            2017-06-10 cran (@0.1.5)
    jsonlite
                  * 1.5
                            2017-06-01 cran (@1.5)
##
    kableExtra
                  * 0.9.0
                            2018-05-21 CRAN (R 3.4.4)
##
    knitr
                  * 1.20
                            2018-02-20 CRAN (R 3.4.3)
                    0.20-35 2017-03-25 CRAN (R 3.3.3)
##
    lattice
    lazyeval
                    0.2.1
                            2017-10-29 CRAN (R 3.4.2)
##
    lubridate
                    1.7.4
                            2018-04-11 CRAN (R 3.4.4)
                            2014-11-22 CRAN (R 3.4.0)
##
    magrittr
                    1.5
##
    Matrix
                    1.2-14
                            2018-04-09 CRAN (R 3.4.4)
                            2017-04-21 CRAN (R 3.4.3)
    memoise
                    1.1.0
##
    methods
                  * 3.4.4
                            2018-03-16 local
##
    mnormt
                    1.5 - 5
                            2016-10-15 cran (@1.5-5)
##
    modelr
                    0.1.2
                            2018-05-11 CRAN (R 3.4.4)
##
                    0.5.0
                            2018-06-12 CRAN (R 3.4.4)
    munsell
##
    nlme
                    3.1-137 2018-04-07 CRAN (R 3.4.4)
##
                    3.4.4
                            2018-03-16 local
    parallel
##
    pdftools
                  * 1.8
                            2018-05-27 CRAN (R 3.4.4)
##
    pillar
                    1.2.3
                            2018-05-25 CRAN (R 3.4.4)
##
                    2.0.1
                            2017-03-21 cran (@2.0.1)
    pkgconfig
##
                    1.8.4
                            2016-06-08 cran (@1.8.4)
    plyr
                    1.8.4
                            2018-05-06 CRAN (R 3.4.4)
    psych
##
    purrr
                  * 0.2.5
                            2018-05-29 CRAN (R 3.4.4)
                            2017-06-17 CRAN (R 3.4.0)
##
    R6
                    2.2.2
##
    RColorBrewer * 1.1-2
                            2014-12-07 cran (@1.1-2)
                    0.12.17 2018-05-18 CRAN (R 3.4.4)
    Rcpp
##
    readr
                  * 1.1.1
                            2017-05-16 CRAN (R 3.4.0)
##
    readxl
                    1.1.0
                            2018-04-20 CRAN (R 3.4.4)
##
    reshape2
                  * 1.4.3
                            2017-12-11 CRAN (R 3.4.3)
##
    rlang
                  * 0.2.1
                            2018-05-30 CRAN (R 3.4.4)
##
    rmarkdown
                    1.10
                            2018-06-11 CRAN (R 3.4.4)
##
                    1.3-2
                            2018-01-03 CRAN (R 3.4.3)
    rprojroot
##
    rstudioapi
                    0.7
                            2017-09-07 CRAN (R 3.4.1)
##
   rvest
                  * 0.3.2
                            2016-06-17 CRAN (R 3.4.2)
##
    scales
                    0.5.0
                            2017-08-24 CRAN (R 3.4.1)
```

```
2018-04-23 CRAN (R 3.4.4)
##
   slam
                   0.1 - 43
##
   SnowballC
                   0.5.1
                           2014-08-09 cran (@0.5.1)
   stats
                           2018-03-16 local
##
                 * 3.4.4
                   1.2.3
                           2018-06-12 CRAN (R 3.4.4)
##
   stringi
##
   stringr
                 * 1.3.1
                           2018-05-10 CRAN (R 3.4.4)
##
   tibble
                 * 1.4.2
                           2018-01-22 CRAN (R 3.4.3)
##
  tidyr
                 * 0.8.1
                           2018-05-18 CRAN (R 3.4.4)
                   0.2.4
## tidyselect
                           2018-02-26 CRAN (R 3.4.3)
##
   tidytext
                 * 0.1.9
                           2018-05-29 CRAN (R 3.4.4)
##
  tidyverse
                 * 1.2.1
                           2017-11-14 CRAN (R 3.4.2)
  tokenizers
                   0.2.1
                           2018-03-29 CRAN (R 3.4.4)
                   3.4.4
## tools
                           2018-03-16 local
## utils
                 * 3.4.4
                           2018-03-16 local
## viridisLite
                   0.3.0
                           2018-02-01 CRAN (R 3.4.3)
                           2018-03-15 cran (@2.1.2)
## withr
                   2.1.2
## wordcloud
                 * 2.5
                           2014-06-13 CRAN (R 3.4.1)
##
   xm12
                 * 1.2.0
                           2018-01-24 CRAN (R 3.4.3)
                           2018-05-01 CRAN (R 3.4.4)
   yaml
                   2.1.19
```

This document is versioned in a public git repository, https://github.com/nuest/reproducible-research-and-giscience. The current revision is e13202e with the version tag 6.

#### Prerequisites

#### Software dependencies

This document does not install the required R packages by default. You can run the script install.R to install all required dependencies on a new R installation, or use install.packages(..) to install missing R packages.

```
source("install.R")
```

#### API key

An API key is needed for accessing the Springer API to automatically retrieve the number of full papers. Go to the Springer API website and sign up. Then create a new application (using any "name") under the top menu "Applications". The "user key" is the API key. Create a file .Renviron next to this document and add the following line:

```
SPRINGER_API_KEY=<your key>
```

Or set the environment variable within this notebook:

```
Sys.setenv(SPRINGER_API_KEY = "<your key>")

if (is.na(Sys.getenv("SPRINGER_API_KEY", unset = NA)))
   warning("API key is not set, please check section \"Prerequisites\" of the Rmd file.")

data_path <- "paper-corpus"</pre>
```

#### Data

The data for the analysis is required in form of a directory with PDF files. Add the PDFs to a directory called paper-corpus (path automatically inserted here based on above variable) next to the file agile-rr-paper-corpus.Rmd (this file).

You can contact the original paper authors and ask for the test dataset to reproduce the full analysis. Alternatively, you can download a selection of AGILE short papers to test the workflow using the code below which is *not* executed by default.

```
as.list()
  pdf_links <- tibble(links = all_links) %>%
    filter(str_detect(links, pattern = "pdf$"))
  return(pdf_links)
}
proceedings_links_any <- lapply(X = proceedings_html, FUN = get_links)</pre>
base_url <- "https://agile-online.org/"</pre>
files <- lapply(X = names(proceedings_links_any), FUN = function(x) {</pre>
  year <- x
  file_in_year <- 1
  max files <- min(max files per year, length(proceedings links any[[year]]$links))</pre>
  year_links <- proceedings_links_any[[year]]$links[c(1:max_files)]</pre>
  files <- lapply(X= year_links, FUN = function(x) {</pre>
    link_url <- pasteO(base_url, x)</pre>
    filename <- here::here(data_path,</pre>
                             paste0(year, file_in_year, "_", basename(x)))
    if(!file.exists(filename)) {
      response <- GET(url = link_url)</pre>
      raw_content <- content(response, "raw")</pre>
      writeBin(raw_content, filename)
      \#cat("Saved\ URL",\ link\_url,\ "\t\tto\ file\t\t",\ filename,\ "\n")
    }
    filename
    file_in_year <<- file_in_year + 1</pre>
  })
  files
  cat("Downloaded", length(files), "files for year", year, "\n")
})
```

#### Code

The **text analysis** is based the R package **tidytext** from the **tidyverse** suite of packages and uses the **dplyr** grammar. Read the **tidytext** tutorial to learn about the used functions and concepts.

The plots and tables of survey data and evaluation use the packages ggplot2, knitr::kable(), huxtable, and kableExtra.

# Reproduce paper

If you do not have the original data or do not download the data, you cannot reproduce the text analysis part of the paper, i.e. wordcloud and terms frequency analysis. You can still reproduce the other figures.

To create the PDF of the reproducibility package based on this document you can run the following commands a new R session after completing the prerequisites with the original paper corpus data. If you have problems rendering the PDF and execute each chunk independently, *skip the following chunk*.

```
require("knitr")
require("rmarkdown")
rmarkdown::render("agile-rr-paper-corpus.Rmd", output_format = "pdf_document")
```

#### Paper corpus: loading and cleaning

The test dataset for the analysis cannot be shared publicly due to copyrights. It comprises all nominees for the best paper award since 2008, both short papers and full papers. See the paper supplemental files for a full list of citations.

The analysis loads all files from the directory /home/daniel/qit/reproducible-research-and-qiscience/papercorpus.

```
files <- dir(path = here::here(data_path), pattern = ".pdf$", full.names = TRUE)
```

This analysis was created with the following 32 documents, 12 of which are short papers:

```
[1] "/paper-corpus/12010_Raubal_Winter_AGILE_winner.pdf"
    [2] "/paper-corpus/12012_Osaragi_Hoshino_AGILE.pdf"
##
    [3] "/paper-corpus/12013 Osaragi Tsuda AGILE.pdf"
##
   [4] "/paper-corpus/12014_scheider_jones_sanchez_kessler_AGILE_winner_authorcopy.pdf"
##
   [5] "/paper-corpus/12015 Kuhn Ballatore AGILE winner authorcopy.pdf"
##
   [6] "/paper-corpus/12016_Almer_Perko_etal_AGILE_winner_978-3-319-33783-8_20.pdf"
   [7] "/paper-corpus/12017_Zhu_Kyriakidis_Janowicz_AGILE_winner.pdf"
##
   [8] "/paper-corpus/22010_Schaeffer_Baranski_Foerster_AGILE.pdf"
##
   [9] "/paper-corpus/22012 Magalhaes andrade etal AGILE.pdf"
##
## [10] "/paper-corpus/22013 Baglatzi Kuhn AGILE authorcopy.pdf"
  [11] "/paper-corpus/22014 Groechenig Brunauer Rehrl AGILE.pdf"
  [12] "/paper-corpus/22015 Mazimpaka Timpf AGILE ocr.pdf"
  [13] "/paper-corpus/22016_Wiemann_AGILE_winner_978-3-319-33783-8_8.pdf"
  [14] "/paper-corpus/22017_Knoth_VocknerM_Mittlboeck_AGILE.pdf"
  [15] "/paper-corpus/32010_Körner_Hecker_etal_AGILE.pdf"
## [16] "/paper-corpus/32012 Foerster Baranski Borsutzky AGILE.pdf"
## [17] "/paper-corpus/32013_shortpaper_Schwering_Li_Anacta_AGILE_winner.pdf"
  [18] "/paper-corpus/32014_Fan_Zipf_Fu_AGILE_9783319036106.pdf"
  [19] "/paper-corpus/32015_Steuer_Machl_etal_AGILE.pdf"
  [20] "/paper-corpus/32016_Juhasz_Hochmair_AGILE_978-3-319-33783-8_9.pdf"
## [21] "/paper-corpus/32017 Konkol Kray Ostkamp AGILE.pdf"
## [22] "/paper-corpus/42012 shortpaper Merki Laube AGILE.pdf"
## [23] "/paper-corpus/42013_shortpaper_Stein_Schlieder_AGILE.pdf"
## [24] "/paper-corpus/42014_shortpaper_Soleymani_vanLoon_Weibel_AGILE_winner.pdf"
## [25] "/paper-corpus/42015_shortpaper_Fogliaroni_Hobel_AGILE_winner.pdf"
## [26] "/paper-corpus/42016 shortpaper Josselin Boularouk etal AGILE winner.pdf"
## [27] "/paper-corpus/42017 shortpaper Haumann Bucher Jonietz winner.pdf"
  [28] "/paper-corpus/52012 shortpaper Kiefer Straub Raubal AGILE.pdf"
  [29] "/paper-corpus/52014 shortpaper Wiemann Bernard AGILE.pdf"
## [30] "/paper-corpus/52015_shortpaper_Heinz_Schlieder_AGILE.pdf"
## [31] "/paper-corpus/52016_shortpaper_Rosser_Pourabdollah_etal_AGILE.pdf"
## [32] "/paper-corpus/52017_shortpaper_Brinkhoff.pdf"
```

Read the data from PDFs and preprocess to create a tidy data structure without stop words:

```
texts <- lapply(files, pdf_text)</pre>
texts <- unlist(lapply(texts, str_c, collapse = TRUE))</pre>
infos <- lapply(files, pdf_info)</pre>
if (!is.null(texts)) {
  tidy texts <- tibble(id = str extract(files, "[0-9]+"),
                         file = files,
                         text = texts,
```

```
pages = map_chr(infos, function(info) {info$pages}))
  papers_words <- tidy_texts %>%
    select(file,
           text) %>%
    unnest_tokens(word, text)
  my_stop_words <- tibble(</pre>
    word = c(
      "et",
      "al",
      "fig",
      "e.g",
      "i.e",
      "http",
      "ing",
      "pp",
      "figure",
      "based"
    ),
    lexicon = "agile"
  all_stop_words <- stop_words %>%
    bind_rows(my_stop_words)
  suppressWarnings({
    no_numbers <- papers_words %>%
      filter(is.na(as.numeric(word)))
  no_stop_words <- no_numbers %>%
    anti_join(all_stop_words, by = "word") %>%
    mutate(id = str_extract(file, "[0-9]+"))
} else {
  warning("No input data provided at ", here::here(data_path))
  # create empty outputs if no input data is given
  papers_words <- tibble(word = c("no data"))</pre>
  no_stop_words <- tibble(id = c("no data"), word = c("no data"))</pre>
  tidy_texts <- tibble(id = c("no data"))</pre>
}
```

About 49 % of the words are considered stop words.

How many non-stop words does each document have?

```
kable(no_stop_words %>%
  group_by(id) %>%
  summarise(words = n()) %>%
  arrange(desc(words)))
```

words
3735
3714
3606
3568
3441
3438
3428
3253
3148
3051
2997
2956
2870
2859
2851
2697
2590
2568
2540
2536
2356
2179
1929
1877
1850
1797
1786
1773
1747
1661
1540
1383

Note: In the original paper corpus there was an issue with reading in one paper, which only had 15 words. Since it was not possible to copy or extract text, it was send through an OCR process (using OCRmyPDF) with the command

```
docker run -v $(pwd)/paper-corpus:/home/docker -it jbarlow83/ocrmypdf-tess4 \
    --force-ocr 22015_Mazimpaka_Timpf_AGILE.pdf 22015_Mazimpaka_Timpf_AGILE_ocr.pdf
and the created file was used instead of the original.
```

## Table: Reproducible research-related keywords in the corpus

How often do the following terms appear in each paper?

```
The detection matches full words using regex option \begin{tabular}{l} \begin{tabular}{
```

```
• reproduc (", reproducibility, reproducible, reproduce, reproduction)
  • replic (replicat.*, i.e. replication, replicate)
  • repeatab (repeatab.*, i.e. repeatability, repeatable)
  • software
  • (pseudo) code/script(s) [column name code]
  • algorithm (algorithm.*, i.e. algorithms, algorithmic)
  • process (process.*, i.e. processing, processes, preprocessing)
  • data (data.*, i.e. dataset(s), database(s))
  • result(s)
  • repository(ies)
tidy_texts_lower <- str_to_lower(tidy_texts$text)</pre>
word_counts <- tibble(</pre>
  id = tidy_texts$id,
  `reproduc..` = str count(tidy texts lower, "\breproduc.*\b"),
  replic.. = str_count(tidy_texts_lower, "\\breplicat.*\\b"),
  `repeatab..` = str_count(tidy_texts_lower, "\\brepeatab.*\\b"),
  `code` = str_count(tidy_texts_lower,
    "(\\bcode\\b|\\bscript.*\\b|\\bpseudo\ code\\b)"),
  software = str_count(tidy_texts_lower, "\\bsoftware\\b"),
  `algorithm(s)` = str_count(tidy_texts_lower, "\\balgorithm.*\\b"),
  `(pre)process..` = str_count(tidy_texts_lower,
                "(\bprocess.*\b|\bpreprocess.*\b|"),
  `data.*` = str_count(tidy_texts_lower, "\\bdata.*\\b"),
  `result(s)` = str_count(tidy_texts_lower, "\\bresults?\\b"),
  `repository/ies` = str_count(tidy_texts_lower, "\\brepositor(y|ies)\\b")
# https://stackoverflow.com/a/32827260/261210
sumColsInARow <- function(df, list_of_cols, new_col) {</pre>
  df %>%
    mutate_(.dots = ~Reduce(`+`, .[list_of_cols])) %>%
    setNames(c(names(df), new col))
}
word_counts_sums <- sumColsInARow(</pre>
  word_counts,
  names(word_counts)[names(word_counts) != "id"], "all") %>%
  arrange(desc(all))
# load paper names from evaluation table
citations <- read_csv("Paper_Evaluation.csv",</pre>
                       col_types = cols_only(author = col_character(),
                                              paper = col_character()))
## Warning: Missing column names filled in: 'X12' [12], 'X14' [14]
word_counts_sums <- word_counts_sums %>%
  left_join(citations, by = c("id" = "paper")) %>%
  select(citation = author, `reproduc..`:`result(s)`, `all`)
```

Table 1: Reproducible research-related keywords in the corpus, ordered by sum of matches per paper

citation	reproduc	replic	repeatab	code	software	algorithm(s)	(pre)process	data.*	result(s)	all
Foerster et al. (2012)	0	0	0	2	3	11	140	129	41	326
Wiemann & Bernard (2014)	0	0	0	0	0	0	20	98	3	123
Mazimpaka & Timpf (2015)	0	0	0	3	0	4	4	97	10	118
Steuer et al. (2015)	0	0	0	0	0	25	12	64	17	118
Schäffer et al. (2010)	0	0	0	0	10	1	26	65	6	108
Rosser et al. (2016)	0	0	0	0	2	1	42	51	6	105
Gröchening et al. (2014)	0	0	0	0	0	3	2	69	27	101
Almer et al. (2016)	0	0	0	1	1	1	22	53	22	100
Magalhães et al. (2012)	0	0	0	2	1	20	52	9	1	85
Juhász & Hochmair (2016)	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	55	11	70
Wiemann (2016)	0	0	0	0	3	0	8	55	1	69
Fan et al. (2014)	0	0	0	0	0	3	8	44	12	67
Merki & Laube (2012)	0	0	0	0	0	9	6	40	6	62
Zhu et al. (2017)	2	2	0	2	0	10	7	32	6	61
Kuhn & Ballatore (2015)	0	0	1	2	14	1	5	26	8	58
Soleymani et al. (2014)	1	0	0	0	0	0	4	39	9	56
Fogliaroni & Hobel (2015)	0	0	0	0	0	3	14	30	5	52
Osaragi & Hoshino (2012)	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	36	7	48
Stein & Schlieder (2013)	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	42	3	48
Körner et al. (2010)	0	0	0	0	0	6	5	30	4	45
Knoth et al. (2017)	0	0	0	3	2	1	6	25	7	44
Raubal & Winter (2010)	0	0	0	1	1	1	18	0	13	34
Konkol et al. $(2017)$	1	0	0	3	1	1	2	4	19	31
Kiefer et al. (2012)	1	0	0	0	2	1	9	10	8	31
Haumann et al. (2017)	0	0	0	0	0	6	8	10	2	26
Josselin et al. (2016)	0	0	0	0	2	1	9	5	8	25
Heinz & Schlieder (2015)	1	0	0	2	1	3	2	14	2	25
Osaragi & Tsuda (2013)	0	0	0	1	1	0	3	16	2	23
Baglatzi & Kuhn (2013)	1	0	0	0	0	0	6	12	3	22
Scheider et al. (2014)	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	13	4	19
Brinkhoff (2017)	0	0	0	0	1	9	2	3	2	17
Schwering et al. (2013)	0	0	0	0	0	4	2	3	5	14
Total	7	2	1	22	47	126	454	1179	280	2131

## Figure: Word cloud of test corpus papers (A), and top words (B)

```
countPapersUsingWord <- function(the_word) {</pre>
  sapply(the_word, function(w) {
    no_stop_words %>%
      filter(word == w) %>%
      group by(id) %>%
      count %>%
      nrow
 })
}
top_words <- no_stop_words %>%
 group_by(word) %>%
 tally %>%
 arrange(desc(n)) %>%
  head(20) %>%
  mutate(`# papers` = countPapersUsingWord(word)) %>%
  add column(place = c(1:nrow(.)), .before = 0)
set.seed(1)
if (max(top_words$n) < 100) {</pre>
 minimum_occurence <- round(mean(top_words$n))</pre>
} else {
 minimum_occurence <- 100</pre>
cloud_words <- no_stop_words %>%
  group_by(word) %>%
 tally %>%
 filter(n >= minimum_occurence) %>% # 100 chosen manually
  arrange(desc(n))
if (nrow(cloud_words) > 0) {
  def.par <- par(no.readonly = TRUE)</pre>
  par(mar = rep(0,4))
  nf \leftarrow layout(mat = matrix(data = c(1,2,3,4), nrow = 2, ncol = 2, byrow = TRUE),
         widths = c(lcm(8), lcm(8)),
         heights = c(lcm(0.5), lcm(11)))
  #layout.show(nf)
  plot.new()
  text(0.5, 0.5, "A", font = 2)
  plot.new()
  text(0.5, 0.5, "B", font = 2)
  wordcloud(cloud_words$word, cloud_words$n,
            max.words = Inf,
            random.order = FALSE,
            fixed.asp = FALSE,
            rot.per = 0,
            color = brewer.pal(8,"Dark2"))
  frame() # thx to https://stackoverflow.com/a/25194694/261210
  vps <- baseViewports()</pre>
```

A B

potential function instructions proposed temporal decision	place 1	<b>word</b> data	<b>n</b> 1058	# papers 31
region classification application	2	information	589	32
manning level ODJECTS network	3	spatial	577	30
conceptual study analysis services table user geographic content	4	map	411	25
agents models approach mapillary	5	model	411	25
distance set time map maps accuracy	6	building	381	24
science section gis people	7	time	378	30
type information task mobile type information object	8	approach	297	32
semantic	9	osm	292	8
urban values websystems	10	buildings	266	15
types and the buildings eliest	11	geographic	249	28
interaction S   Dullulings client	12	location	239	26
wpsgeo users city support	13	analysis	229	28
space MOGE OSM world	14	users	225	19
service building cloud cover processroute	15	results	207	30
participants relations location real environment system	16	web	206	21
paper processing feature system agent quality an international	17	models	202	20
agent quality 3d international pattern movement regions research computing	18	values	202	23
research computing parameters concepts	19	patterns	196	16
applications observations	20	maps	189	20

This word cloud is based on 96 unique words occuring each at least 100 times, all in all occuring 16817 times which comprises 20 % of non-stop words.

# Reproduciblity assessment

```
evaldata_file <- "Paper_Evaluation.csv"</pre>
```

The following plots are based on the file Paper Evaluation.csv, the result from the manual reproducibility

```
assessment.
category_levels <- c("0", "1", "2", "3")</pre>
paper_evaluation_raw <- read_csv(evaldata_file,</pre>
    col_types = cols(
      paper = col_skip(),
      title = col skip(),
      `Notes Reviewer` = col_skip(),
      `computational environment` = col_factor(levels = category_levels),
      `input data` = col_factor(levels = category_levels),
      `method/analysis/processing` = col_factor(levels = category_levels),
      preprocessing = col_factor(levels = category_levels),
      results = col_factor(levels = category_levels),
      X12 = col_skip(),
      X14 = col_skip(),
      Notes Reviewer = col_skip(),
      `Author comment` = col_skip()
      ),
    na = "NA")
categoryColumns <- c("input data",</pre>
                     "preprocessing",
                     "method/analysis/processing",
                     "computational environment",
                     "results")
options(knitr.kable.NA = '-')
kable(paper_evaluation_raw %>%
        select(-matches("reviewer")) %>%
        mutate(`short paper` = if_else(`short paper` == TRUE, "X", "")),
      format = "latex", # change output format to "html" when running the chunk manually
      #format = "html",
      booktabs = TRUE,
      caption = paste0("Reproducibility levels for paper corpus; ",
                        "'-' is category not available")) %>%
  kable_styling(latex_options = "scale_down")
```

Table 2: Reproducibility levels for paper corpus; '-' is category not available

author	short paper	input data	preprocessing	method/analysis/processing	computational environment	results
Zhu et al. (2017)		0	1	1	1	1
Knoth et al. (2017)		0	-	0	1	1
Konkol et al. (2017)		2	2	1	1	1
Haumann et al. (2017)	X	0	1	1	0	1
Brinkhoff (2017)	X	0	-	1	0	0
Almer et al. (2016)		0	-	1	1	1
Wiemann (2016)		2	-	1	1	1
Juhász & Hochmair (2016)		0	1	1	0	0
Josselin et al. (2016)	X	1	-	0	0	1
Rosser et al. (2016)	X	0	-	1	0	0
Kuhn & Ballatore (2015)		_	_	-	_	_
Mazimpaka & Timpf (2015)		2	1	1	1	1
Steuer et al. (2015)		2	0	1	1	1
Fogliaroni & Hobel (2015)	X	-	-	-	-	-
Heinz & Schlieder (2015)	X	0	0	1	1	1
Scheider et al. (2014)		1	1	2	1	1
Gröchening et al. (2014)		2	0	1	0	1
Fan et al. (2014)		0	1	1	0	1
Soleymani et al. (2014)	X	0	0	1	0	0
Wiemann & Bernard (2014)	X	0	0	1	0	0
Osaragi & Tsuda (2013)		0	1	1	0	1
Baglatzi & Kuhn (2013)		_	_	-	-	_
Schwering et al. (2013)	X	0	0	1	-	1
Stein & Schlieder (2013)	X	0	-	1	0	1
Osaragi & Hoshino (2012)		0	0	1	0	1
Magalhães et al. (2012)		0	0	1	0	0
Foerster et al. (2012)		1	-	1	1	1
Merki & Laube (2012)	X	0	_	1	1	1
Kiefer et al. (2012)	X	0	1	1	0	1
Raubal & Winter (2010)		-	-	-	-	-
Schäffer et al. (2010)		0	0	1	1	1
Körner et al. (2010)		-	-	-	-	-

# Conceptual papers

```
paper_evaluation <- paper_evaluation_raw %>%
  # add year column
 mutate(year = as.numeric(str_extract(author, "[0-9]+"))) %>%
  # create new attribute for conceptual papers
 mutate(conceptual = is.na(`input data`)
        & is.na(preprocessing)
         & is.na(`method/analysis/processing`)
        & is.na(`computational environment`)
         & is.na(results))
count_conceptual <- nrow(paper_evaluation %>%
                           filter(conceptual))
count_mixed <- nrow(paper_evaluation %>%
                      filter(is.na(`input data`)
                             is.na(preprocessing)
                             | is.na(`method/analysis/processing`)
                             is.na(`computational environment`)
                             is.na(results)))
```

5 papers are purely conceptual (all categories have value NA). These are not included in the following statistics.

15 papers are partically conceptual (at least one category has a value of NA). These are evaluated.

14 papers are not applicable for preprocessing criterion.

#### Overall conference contributions

How many conference contributions were made at AGILE conferences over the years?

We need to scrape data from the AGILE website for short papers and posters.

```
base_url <- "https://agile-online.org/index.php/conference/proceedings/proceedings-"
proceedings_urls <- sapply(X = as.character(c(2003:2017)),</pre>
                            FUN = function(x) { paste0(base_url, x)},
                            USE.NAMES = TRUE)
proceedings_html <- lapply(X = proceedings_urls, FUN = read_html)</pre>
get_paper_links <- function(page){</pre>
 links <- page %>%
    html_nodes(css = "a") %>%
    html_attr("href") %>%
    as.list() %>%
    tibble(links = .) %>%
    filter(str_detect(links,
                      pattern = "(ShortPapers|papers|proceedings|papers/Paper_)/[^pP]"))
 return(links)
}
# papers, posters, abstracts of full papers - we don't care as long it is pdf
get_all_links <- function(page){</pre>
  all_links <- page %>%
    html_nodes(css = "a") %>%
    html_attr("href") %>%
    as.list()
  pdf_links <- tibble(links = all_links) %>%
    filter(str_detect(links, pattern = "pdf$")) %>%
    # keep only one of poster abstract and poster PDF:
    filter(!str_detect(links, pattern = "Poster_in_PDF.pdf")) %>%
    # some keynotes are also available for Download (at least one in 2012), remove them:
    filter(!str_detect(links, pattern = "(keynotes|Keynote)"))
  return(pdf_links)
}
get_non_full_papers_links <- function(page){</pre>
  get_all_links(page) %>%
    # 2017 includes full paper abstracts in the PDFs, remove them:
    filter(!str_detect(links, pattern = "FullPaperAbstract"))
}
proceedings_links_short_and_full_papers <- lapply(X = proceedings_html,</pre>
                                                   FUN = get_non_full_papers_links)
```

Get the ISBNs of AGILE proceedings via harvesting AGILE and Springer websites. Then query Springer API (see section "API key" above) for number of chapters in each book to get the full paper count.

```
if(is.na(Sys.getenv("SPRINGER_API_KEY", unset = NA))) {
    # no API key provided, add some dummy data for the document to render
    all_contributions <- NA</pre>
```

```
full_papers <- NA</pre>
  paper_counts <- tibble(year = c(NA))</pre>
  sample_full_papers <- NA</pre>
  sample_short_papers <- NA</pre>
} else {
  base_url_lngc <- "https://agile-online.org/index.php/conference/springer-series"</pre>
  \# 2007 and 2017 are missing on the AGILE website
  lngc_2007 <- "https://link.springer.com/book/10.1007%2F978-3-540-72385-1"</pre>
  lngc_2017 <- "https://link.springer.com/book/10.1007/978-3-319-56759-4"</pre>
  springer_api_key <- paste0("&api_key=", Sys.getenv("SPRINGER_API_KEY"))</pre>
  springer_api_base <- "http://api.springer.com/metadata/json?"</pre>
  lngc html <- read html(base url lngc)</pre>
  lngc_books_urls <- lngc_html %>%
    html_nodes(css = "a") %>%
    html_attr("href") %>%
    tibble(links = .) %>%
    filter(str_detect(links, pattern = "/book/")) %>%
    add_row(links = lngc_2007) %>%
    add_row(links = lngc_2017)
  get_full_paper_count <- function(link) {</pre>
    # extract id for book
    isbn <- read html(link) %>%
      html nodes("span[id=print-isbn], dd[itemprop=isbn]") %>%
      html text()
    year <- read html(link) %>%
      html_nodes("span[id=copyright-info], div[class=copyright]") %>%
      html text() %>%
      gsub("[^0-9]", "", .) %>%
      as.numeric(.)
    url <- str_c(springer_api_base, "q=isbn:", isbn, springer_api_key)</pre>
    #cat("Query with isbn ", isbn, " for year ", year, ": ", url, "...")
    metadata <- fromJSON(url)</pre>
    total <- as.numeric(metadata$result$total)</pre>
    \#cat("Result: ", total, "\n")
    return(tibble(year = year, `full paper` = total))
  }
  lngc full paper counts <- bind rows(lapply(lngc books urls$links, get full paper count))</pre>
  counts_any <- sapply(proceedings_links_short_and_full_papers,</pre>
                        function(x) { length(x[["links"]]) })
  non_full_paper_counts <- tibble(
    year = as.numeric(names(counts_any)),
    `short paper/poster` = counts_any)
  paper_counts <- full_join(lngc_full_paper_counts, non_full_paper_counts, by = "year") %>%
    arrange(desc(year))
```

```
all_contributions <-
    sum(paper_counts$"full paper", na.rm = TRUE) +
    sum(paper_counts$"short paper/poster", na.rm = TRUE)
full_papers <- sum(paper_counts$"full paper", na.rm = TRUE)

sample_full_papers <- paper_evaluation %>%
    filter(`short paper` == FALSE) %>%
    count() %>%
    .$n

sample_short_papers <- paper_evaluation %>%
    filter(`short paper` == TRUE) %>%
    count() %>%
    .$n

kable(paper_counts)
}
```

year	full paper	short paper/poster
2018	19	-
2018	19	-
2017	20	125
2017	20	125
2017	20	125
2016	23	65
2016	23	65
2015	20	61
2015	20	61
2014	22	68
2014	22	68
2013	24	57
2013	24	57
2012	23	74
2012	23	74
2011	27	53
2011	27	53
2010	21	66
2010	21	66
2009	22	71
2009	22	71
2008	23	41
2008	23	41
2007	28	75
2006	-	57
2005	-	77
2004	-	96
2003	-	91

Overall **2419 conference contributions** (including posters and short papers), of which **536 are full papers**, in the years 2003 to 2018.

The used **sample** contains 20 full papers (3.73 %) and 12 short papers (percentage respectively full number of short papers not available because not distinguishable from poster abstracts for some years).

Table 3: Statistics of reproducibility levels per criterion

	input data	preproc.	method/analysis/proc.	comp. env.	results
Min.	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Median	0.00	0.50	1.00	0.00	1.00
Mean	0.48	0.56	0.96	0.46	0.78
Max.	2.00	2.00	2.00	1.00	1.00
NA's	5.00	14.00	5.00	6.00	5.00

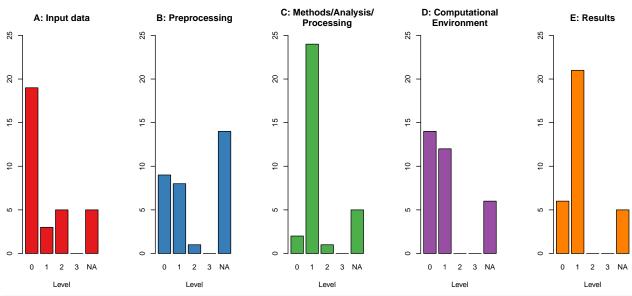
#### Table: Statistics of reproducibility levels per criterion

```
evaldata_numeric <- paper_evaluation %>%
  # must convert factors to numbers to calculate the mean and median
  mutate_if(is.factor, funs(as.integer(as.character(.))))
summary(evaldata numeric[,categoryColumns])
##
      input data
                     preprocessing
                                      method/analysis/processing
                            :0.0000
##
   Min.
           :0.0000
                    Min.
                                     Min.
                                             :0.000
##
   1st Qu.:0.0000
                    1st Qu.:0.0000
                                     1st Qu.:1.000
  Median :0.0000
                    Median :0.5000
                                     Median :1.000
## Mean
           :0.4815
                            :0.5556
                                      Mean
                                             :0.963
                     Mean
                     3rd Qu.:1.0000
##
   3rd Qu.:1.0000
                                      3rd Qu.:1.000
## Max.
           :2.0000
                     Max.
                            :2.0000
                                      Max.
                                             :2.000
## NA's
           :5
                     NA's
                            :14
                                      NA's
                                             :5
##
   computational environment
                                 results
## Min.
           :0.0000
                                     :0.0000
                             Min.
## 1st Qu.:0.0000
                              1st Qu.:1.0000
## Median :0.0000
                              Median :1.0000
## Mean
           :0.4615
                              Mean
                                     :0.7778
## 3rd Qu.:1.0000
                              3rd Qu.:1.0000
## Max.
           :1.0000
                              Max.
                                     :1.0000
  NA's
                              NA's
##
           :6
# apply summary independently to format as table
summaries <- sapply(evaldata_numeric[,categoryColumns], summary)</pre>
exclude_values_summary <- c("1st Qu.", "3rd Qu.")
kable(subset(summaries, !(rownames(summaries) %in% exclude_values_summary)),
     digits = 2,
      col.names = c("input data", "preproc.", "method/analysis/proc.",
                    "comp. env.", "results"),
      caption = paste0("\\label{tab:levels_statistics}Statistics of ",
                       "reproducibility levels per criterion"))
```

The preprocessing has 18 values, with 0 and 1 around the "middle" resulting in a fraction as the median.

# Figure: Results of reproducibility assessment

```
# match the colours to time series plot below
colours <- RColorBrewer::brewer.pal(length(categoryColumns), "Set1")</pre>
level_names <- c("0", "1", "2", "3", "NA")</pre>
criteriaBarplot = function(data, main, colour) {
  barplot(table(data, useNA = "always"),
          main = main,
          xlab = "Level",
          ylim = c(0,25),
          names.arg = level_names,col = colours[colour])
}
par(mfrow = c(1,length(categoryColumns)))
criteriaBarplot(paper_evaluation$`input data`,
                main = "A: Input data", colour = 1)
criteriaBarplot(paper_evaluation$`preprocessing`,
                main = "B: Preprocessing", colour = 2)
criteriaBarplot(paper_evaluation$`method/analysis/processing`,
                main = "C: Methods/Analysis/\nProcessing", colour = 3)
criteriaBarplot(paper_evaluation$`computational environment`,
                main = "D: Computational\nEnvironment", colour = 4)
criteriaBarplot(paper_evaluation$results,
                main = "E: Results", colour = 5)
```



```
data_level_zero <- paper_evaluation %>%
  filter(`input data` == 0) %>%
  count() %>% .$n

data_level_two <- paper_evaluation %>%
  filter(`input data` == 2) %>%
  count() %>% .$n

preprocessing_included <- paper_evaluation %>%
  filter(!is.na(preprocessing)) %>%
```

```
count() %>% .$n

methods_and_results_eq_one <- evaldata_numeric %>%
  filter(`method/analysis/processing` == 1 & results == 1) %>%
  count() %>% .$n
```

- 19 papers have level  ${\tt 0}$  and 5 have level  ${\tt 2}$  in the data criterion.
- 18 papers include some kind of preprocessing.
- $18~{\rm papers}$  have level  $1~{\rm in}$  both methods and results criterion.

Table 4: Mean levels per criterion for full and short papers

	input data	preproc.	method/analysis/proc.	comp. env.	results
Full papers	0.75	0.67	1.00	0.62	0.88
Short papers	0.09	0.33	0.91	0.20	0.64

## Table: Mean levels per criterion for full and short papers

Table 5: Summarised mean values over all criteria over time

mean	0.6	0.57	0.54	0.6	0.93	0.62	0.74

## Extra table: Mean levels averaged across criteria over time

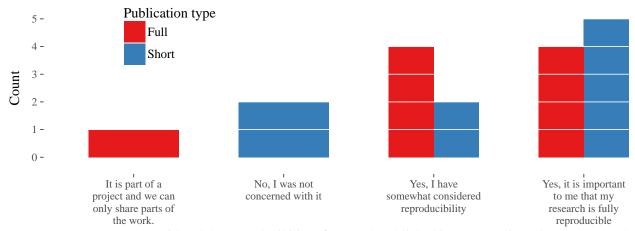
```
means_years <- evaldata_numeric %>%
  filter(conceptual == FALSE) %>%
  group_by(year) %>%
  summarise(mean = mean(c(`input data`,
                          preprocessing,
                           `method/analysis/processing`,
                           `computational environment`,
                           `results`),
                        na.rm = TRUE),
            `paper count` = n())
means_years_table <- means_years %>%
        mutate(mean = round(mean, 2),
               `paper count` = as.character(`paper count`)) %>%
        mutate(labels = str_c(year, " (n = ", `paper count`, ")")) %>%
        #column_to_rownames("labels") %>%
        select(mean) %>%
        t()
kable(means_years_table,
     caption = "Summarised mean values over all criteria over time")
```

Figure: Mean reproducibility levels per category over time

```
evaldata years <- evaldata numeric %>%
  filter(conceptual == FALSE) %>%
  filter(year != 2011) %>%
  group_by(year) %>%
  summarise(input = mean(`input data`, na.rm = TRUE),
         preprocessing = mean(preprocessing, na.rm = TRUE),
            method = mean(`method/analysis/processing`, na.rm = TRUE),
            environment = mean(`computational environment`, na.rm = TRUE),
            results = mean(results, na.rm = TRUE))
paper_count_years <- evaldata_numeric %>%
  filter(conceptual == FALSE) %>%
  filter(year != 2011) %>%
  group_by(year) %>%
  summarise(`paper count` = n())
evaldata_years_long <- melt(evaldata_years, id.vars = c("year"))</pre>
ggplot(evaldata years long, aes(year, value)) +
  geom_bar(aes(fill = variable), position = "dodge", stat = "identity") +
  ylab("mean value of criterion level") +
  scale_x_continuous(breaks = evaldata_years$year,
                      labels = paste0(paper_count_years$year,
                                       " (n=",
                                       paper_count_years$`paper count`,
                                       ")")) +
  scale_fill_brewer(palette = "Set1", name = "Category") +
  theme_tufte(base_size = 18) +
  theme(legend.position = c(0.15,0.75),
        legend.text = element_text(size = 14)) +
  ylim(0, 3) +
  stat_summary(fun.y = mean, fun.ymin = mean, fun.ymax = mean, shape = "-", size = 2) +
  stat_summary(fun.y = mean, geom = "line", linetype = "dotted", mapping = aes(group = 1))
   3 -
            Category
mean value of criterion level
              input
               preprocessing
               method
               environment
               results
   0 -
         2010 (n=1)
                               2012 (n=5) 2013 (n=3) 2014 (n=5) 2015 (n=3) 2016 (n=5) 2017 (n=5)
                                                 year
```

### Figure: Author survey results on the importance of reproducibility

```
Reproducibility Survey <- read delim(file = "Reproducibility Survey.csv",
    delim = ";",
    escape double = FALSE,
    col_types = cols(`Short/Full Paper` = col_factor(levels = c("Full",
        "Short")),
        Timestamp = col_datetime(format = "%m/%d/%Y %H:%M:%S"),
        X15 = col_skip()),
    trim_ws = TRUE) %>%
  rename(`considered reproducibility` =
 `Have you considered the reproducibility of research published in your nominated paper?`)
considered_reproducibility <- Reproducibility_Survey %>%
  group_by(`Short/Full Paper`,
           `considered reproducibility`) %>%
  filter(!is.na(`considered reproducibility`)) %>%
  count()
responses_full <- considered_reproducibility %>%
  filter(`Short/Full Paper` == "Full") %>%
  .$n %>% sum()
responses_short <- considered_reproducibility %>%
  filter(`Short/Full Paper` == "Short") %>%
  .$n %>% sum()
responses_for_papers_count <- length(</pre>
  # substract 1 for "The author has not agreed"
  unique(Reproducibility_Surveys Please select your nominated AGILE Best Paper. )) - 1
anonymous_responses_count <- Reproducibility_Survey %>%
  filter(is.na(`considered reproducibility`)) %>%
  count()
ggplot(data = Reproducibility_Survey %>%
  filter(!is.na(`considered reproducibility`)),
  aes(x = `considered reproducibility`,
           fill = `Short/Full Paper`)) +
  geom_bar(width = 0.6, position = "dodge") +
  scale_fill_brewer(palette = "Set1", name = "Publication type") +
  scale_x_discrete(label = function(x) str_wrap(x, width = 20),
                   name = paste0("Have you considered the reproducibility of ",
                                 "research published in your nominated paper? (n = ",
                                 sum(considered_reproducibility$n), ")")) +
  scale_y_discrete(name = "Count", limits = c(0:12)) +
  theme_tufte(base_size = 18) +
  theme(legend.position = c(0.2,0.8),
        legend.text = element_text(size = 16),
        legend.kev.size = unit(1, "cm")) +
  geom_hline(yintercept = seq(1:10), col = "white", lwd = 0.5)
```



Have you considered the reproducibility of research published in your nominated paper? (n = 18)

Of the 18 responses the plot is based on, 9 are short and 9 full papers.

The 24 responses cover 14 papers and include 6 responses without consent to use the data.

#### Table: Hindering circumstances for reproducibility for each survey response

```
hindering_circumstances <- Reproducibility_Survey %>%
  select(starts with('Please rate')) %>%
  drop_na() %>% # remove responses with no answers
  # order the levels of the factors:
  mutate_all(factor, levels = c("Not at all",
                                 "Slightly hindered",
                                 "Moderately hindered",
                                "Strongly hindered",
                                "Main reason"), ordered = TRUE)
names(hindering_circumstances) <- sapply(names(hindering_circumstances), function(name) {</pre>
  if (grepl(".*legal.*", name, ignore.case = TRUE))
   return("Legal restrictions")
  else if (grepl(pattern = ".*time.*", x = name, ignore.case = TRUE))
    return("Lack of time")
  else if (grepl(pattern = ".*tools.*", x = name, ignore.case = TRUE))
   return("Lack of tools")
  else if (grepl(pattern = ".*motivation*", x = name, ignore.case = TRUE))
   return("Lack of incentive")
  else if (grepl(pattern = ".knowledge.*", x = name, ignore.case = TRUE))
   return("Lack of knowledge")
  else return(NA)
})
# count the occurences of "main reason" for each question
hindering_circumstances %>%
  summarise_all(funs(sum(grepl(pattern = "Main reason", x = .))))
## # A tibble: 1 x 5
     `Lack of time` `Lack of knowledge` `Lack of tools` `Lack of incentive`
##
                                  <int>
##
              <int>
                                                   <int>
## 1
                                      Ω
## # ... with 1 more variable: `Legal restrictions` <int>
main_reason_counts <- as.data.frame(t(hindering_circumstances %>%
          summarise_all(
            funs(sum(grepl(pattern = "Main reason", x = .)))))) %>%
  rename(count = V1) %>%
 rownames_to_column(var = "circumstance") %>%
  arrange(desc(count))
# sort the columns (circumstances) by the number of "main reason" answers
hindering_circumstances <- hindering_circumstances %>%
  select(main_reason_counts$circumstance) %>%
  # sort the rows by the colum with most "main reason" answers
  arrange(desc(!! rlang::sym(main_reason_counts$circumstance[[1]])))
crcmstncs_ht <- huxtable::as_hux(hindering_circumstances)</pre>
# configure font size and cell padding
font_size(crcmstncs_ht) <- 8</pre>
bg_colors <- brewer.pal(n = 5, name = "GnBu")</pre>
```

```
crcmstncs_ht <- crcmstncs_ht %>%
  # set background colors for cells
  set_background_color(where(crcmstncs_ht == "Main reason"), bg_colors[[5]]) %>%
  set_background_color(where(crcmstncs_ht == "Strongly hindered"), bg_colors[[4]]) %>%
  set_background_color(where(crcmstncs_ht == "Moderately hindered"), bg_colors[[3]]) %>%
  set_background_color(where(crcmstncs_ht == "Slightly hindered"), bg_colors[[2]]) %>%
  set_background_color(where(crcmstncs_ht == "Not at all"), bg_colors[[1]]) %>%
  add colnames() %>%
  # format column names:
  set_bold(row = 1, col = 1:length(crcmstncs_ht), TRUE) %>%
  set_bottom_border(row = 1, col = 1:length(crcmstncs_ht), 1) %>%
  set_font_size(row = 1, col = 1:length(crcmstncs_ht), value = 10) %>%
  # add label, caption, and float:
  set_label("tab:hindering_circumstances") %>%
  set_latex_float("ht") %>%
  set_width(1) %>%
  set_caption(paste0(
    "Hindering circumstances for reproducibility for each survey response ",
    #"with columns sorted by the respective count of 'main reason' ",
    #"and rows sorted by the answer categories in descending order"
    "(n = ", nrow(hindering_circumstances),
    "); background colour corresponds to cell text."))
crcmstncs_ht
```

Table 6: Hindering circumstances for reproducibility for each survey response (n = 17); background colour corresponds to cell text.

Legal restrictions	Lack of time	Lack of tools	Lack of knowledge	Lack of incentive
Main reason	Strongly hindered	Not at all	Not at all	Strongly hindered
Main reason	Not at all	Not at all	Not at all	Moderately hindered
Main reason	Slightly hindered	Strongly hindered	Moderately hindered	Strongly hindered
Main reason	Not at all	Slightly hindered	Not at all	Not at all
Strongly hindered	Strongly hindered	Strongly hindered	Moderately hindered	Strongly hindered
Moderately hindered	Main reason	Not at all	Not at all	Not at all
Slightly hindered	Moderately hindered	Slightly hindered	Slightly hindered	Moderately hindered
Slightly hindered	Not at all	Main reason	Strongly hindered	Not at all
Not at all	Moderately hindered	Not at all	Moderately hindered	Not at all
Not at all	Strongly hindered	Strongly hindered	Strongly hindered	Slightly hindered
Not at all	Moderately hindered	Not at all	Not at all	Not at all
Not at all	Slightly hindered	Main reason	Not at all	Strongly hindered
Not at all	Main reason	Not at all	Not at all	Not at all
Not at all	Main reason	Not at all	Not at all	Not at all
Not at all	Moderately hindered	Moderately hindered	Not at all	Strongly hindered
Not at all				
Not at all	Slightly hindered	Not at all	Slightly hindered	Not at all