

Ahex Notes

Introduction

Ahex is a minimalistic puzzle game with hexagonal movements. This document lists thoughts and ideas.

Aesthetic

- I'd like to go for a soft pastel aesthetic, inspired by games such as [Tunic](#).
- The world has a baseline made of water, which is implemented using the `bevy_water` crate.
- Tiles are hexagonal with the tip pointing up. This is a stylistic design choice. The hexagon is defined through a circumcircle with unit radius, yielding the following geometry:

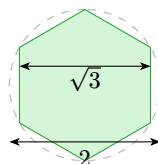


Figure 1: Geometry of a hex tile

Due to Bevy, the xz -plane is the “flat” ground plane. The y axis points up. Hence, Figure 1 uses the x and z axes.

Mechanics

- The camera can rotate, so that the player can see behind tall objects.
- The camera should rotate only in intervals of $\frac{\pi}{3}$ radians at a time, so that the hexagons always end up looking the same. Of course this transition should be fluent.
- The controls (`W/E/A/D/Z/X`) should adapt based on the angle of the camera. Otherwise controls are too confusing for the player if the camera is rotated.
- The player should be able to restart a level using some button, remote from the usual controls. It could be a combination like `Ctrl+R`. Currently: `Backspace`.
 - If a level has become unwinnable (due to the player or the *banana* falling into the water), the game should hint to use this restart combination.
 - Players falling into water should despawn.
 - If no player remains but there is at least one *banana* left, the game will know that the level cannot be won.
- The player should be able to undo his last moves with `R` or similar. To do this, we need to keep the state of the entire level for each step.
 - The player should be able to undo multiple moves as well.
- The level is only completed if all *bananas* are captured **and** all players have stopped moving **and** there is at least one player left.
 - This can make for some interesting levels where players must be sacrificed (but not all), and create traps where the *banana* can be captured, but only at the expense of the last remaining player.s

Puzzle ideas

- The objective is a *banana*. Upon collecting the *banana*, the level is completed.
- Levels may be replayable by implementing a secondary *banana* after completion. I'm not sure yet if I want to do this for every level.
- A *banana* is subject to physics just like the player. Hence, a *banana* can fall down or be lost to the abyss.
- The player can fall *down*, but not jump *up*. This causes a significant asymmetry for the *y* axis.
- The player has a certain height. This disallows him from squeezing between two tiles (one above the other) if there isn't enough height left.
- Tiles can be programmed to move along a *path*. This can have multiple sub-variants:
 - Back and forth between two coordinates: this is useful for simple elevators (going up and down the *y* axis) or short hops to form bridges.
 - A line segment: an extension of just moving back and forth; specify a direction and an amplitude.
 - A circle: to recreate floating platforms that can take the player to multiple places, or to even simulate conveyor belts.
 - The full solution: a directional path, i.e. a `Vec<isize, isize, isize>`. This would allow a tile to move multiple coordinates in one step, as well as take any arbitrary path. Of course this path *should* return to the tile's original position, although this is not a strict requirement.
 - If the player is on a tile that is moving, the player should move along with it.
 - This should keep in mind collisions, e.g. the player can be shoved off if it hits a wall along the way.
- Tiles may be *slippery*. If the player moves on them, the player will continue to move until an end is reached (wall, or edge of the map).
- Tiles may contain *sublevels*. The tile itself should have some swirl colour or indication that it is a "warp" tile.
 - A sublevel should always be a hexagonal grid. Ideally it should show outlines showing the boundary, when inside a sublevel.
 - When attempting to move into the boundary, the player should go out of the sublevel into the parent level, traveling in the same direction.
 - Note that the sublevel's hexagonal shape will be rotated 30 degrees with respect to its containing tile. This is not an issue and actually allows for interesting ways to exit the inner tile.
 - What happens to moving tiles in a parent level while inside a sublevel? You cannot see it. Perhaps only tiles in the currently active sublevel should apply their movements?
 - Could sublevels have *bananas*? And how would this interact with the main level?
- Tiles may be *fragile*. After the player has stepped on it, it will crumble as soon as the player steps off it.
 - Some *fragile* tiles might be rechargeable.
- Crates* are solid objects that the player can't traverse through, but can push. A push is only possible if the crate can occupy the target hex.

- Crates* could come in two variants: small hex and full hex. A full crate occupies the entire ground of the tile that it is on. These big crates cannot squeeze through pairs of pillars (like the pillbug in the game [Hive](#)!)
- The player is only strong enough to push one *crate* at a time (I think). A series of crates are therefore not pushable in the direction that they form a series in.
- Lasers* block the player from moving through them, much like walls. Lasers extend across the entire level, until blocked by something solid.
 - Lasers* may be blocked by the player pushing a *crate* into its path.
- Trampolines* cause the player or any other solid object to jump one tile. This can be used to cross bridges.
 - Trampolines* could come in fixed or in *crate*-like variants (which can be moved). Note that for this, tile heights must be uniform!
 - If a player falls down flat on top of a *trampoline*, they can no longer move in any direction. This should trigger the restart hint.
 - Jumps should keep into account collisions. The jump might be canceled halfway if the player would otherwise hit a wall. This could cause the player to fall down early.

Level file format

- The format will be TOML. This is because it allows comments, is not indent-sensitive, has sensible types, and is supported by the `serde` crate.
- The format should be easily extendible. Everything should start in a section to allow for extension.
- Most levels will need only one layer of tiles (i.e. at most one tile at a given *y* value). However, the format should allow for multiple layers in case a level will contain caves, stacked layers, and so on.
- The height map can be rectangular, and should map to corresponding *xz*-coordinates. The values of tiles can range from 0 to 9 by default. In practice tiles probably won't get higher than this.
- Tiles can be applied one or multiple sets of *modifiers*. Modifiers include:
 - Has a player on top of it
 - Has a goal on top of it
 - Is slippery
 - Is fragile
 - Has a crate on top of it
 - Is a trampoline