Report - Functional Dependencies and 3rd Normal Form

Adam Spindler, Aravind Vicinthangal Prathivaathi, Pranshu Bheda, Ted Xie March 22, 2019

1 Functional Dependencies

The functional dependencies are is the canonical cover form. The functional dependencies in the schema are as follows:

1.1 Killer_Info

```
match_id, victim_name,killer_name \rightarrow killer_placement match_id, victim_name, killer_name \rightarrow killer_position_x match_id, victim_name, killer_name \rightarrow killer_position_y
```

1.2 Death

$$\label{limit} \begin{split} & \texttt{match_id,victim_name,death_time} \rightarrow killer_name \\ & match_id, killer_name, victim_name \rightarrow weapon_id \\ & victim_name, match_id \rightarrow death_time \end{split}$$

1.3 Victim_Info

victim_name,match_id \rightarrow victim_placement victim_name, match_id \rightarrow victim_position_x victim_name, match_id \rightarrow victim_position_y

1.4 Weapon

weapon_id $\rightarrow weapon_name$

1.5 Team

team_id,match_id \rightarrow team_placement team_id, match_id \rightarrow party_size

1.6 Player

name, match_id $\rightarrow kills$ $name, match_id \rightarrow knockdowns$ $name, match_id \rightarrow assists$

```
name, match\_id \rightarrow hitpoints\_tot

name, match\_id \rightarrow dist\_driven

name, match\_id \rightarrow dist\_walked

name, match\_id \rightarrow team\_id(FK)
```

1.7 Match

```
\begin{array}{l} \operatorname{match\_id} \to date \\ \operatorname{match\_id} \to \operatorname{game\_size} \\ \operatorname{match\_id} \to \operatorname{match\_mode} \\ \operatorname{match\_id} \to \operatorname{map} \end{array}
```

2 Conditions to be in Third Normal Form

- All the non-key attributes are fully and functionally determined by the primary keys.
- There are no trivial functional dependencies
- There are no transitive dependencies in any of the tables within the schema.
- All the attributes in a table are only dependent on the primary keys of the table.

3 Conversion of Schema to 3NF

1. Let the initial relation be

R: {name, match_id, team_id, weapon_id, victim_name, killer_name, killer_placement, victim_placement, killer_position_x, killer_position_y, victim_position_x, victim_position_y, weapon_name, time, date, map, game_size, match_mode, team_placement, party_size, kills, knockdowns, assists, hitpoints_tot, dist_driven, dist_walked, team_id, survive_time}

Primary keys, PK: {name, match_id, team_id, victim_name, killer_name, weapon_id}

The functional dependencies given in the previous page are already in canonical form and cannot be reduced further.

Let these dependencies be called Fc.

2. Now, for each FD, X Y in Fc, create a relation Ri = XY such that every relation contains only the set of attributes where for every non-key attribute only its primary keys are present in the relation and the respective non-key attributes are present in each relation i.e. all the non-key attributes in the relation are only dependent on their primary keys.

Use the Armstrongs union rule, to combine the RHS which map to the same LHS for every Fc. We then convert the resultant dependency in to a relation.

R1:

 ${\tt name,match_id} \rightarrow match_id, kills, \ knockdowns, assists,$

 $hitpoints_tot, dist_driven, dist_walked, team_id, survive_time$

Therefore,

Player:{name, match_id, team_id, kills, knockdowns, assists, hitpoints_tot, dist_driven, dist_walked, team_id, survive_time}}

PK: $\{name, match_id\}$

R2:

In the death table the non-key attributes map to different primary keys. Since for a relation to be in 3NF, all the non-key attributes must map to the same primary key in a given relation, we need to normalize the death table. This can be done by adding a separate attribute called death time in the Victim_Info relation and removing death_time from the death relation. Thus, the normalized table looks like:

Death: {match_id, weapon_id, victim_name, killer_name }

PK: {victim_name, match_id, killer_name}

The canonical cover for this new death relation is victim_name,match_id,killer_name $\rightarrow weapon_id$

Then the victim info will change in the following way:

R3:

 $victim_name,match_id \rightarrow victim_placement, victim_position_x, victim_position_y, death_time$

 $\textbf{victim_Info:} \{ match_id, victim_name, victim_placement, victim_position_x, victim_position_y, death_time \} \}$

PK:{match_id, victim_name}

R4:

match_id, victim_name,killer_name $\rightarrow killer_placement$, $victim_position_x$, $victim_position_y$

killer_Info: { match_id, victim_name, killer_placement, killer_position_x, killer_position_y }

PK: {match_id, victim_name, killer_name }

R5: team_id,match_id $\rightarrow team_placement, party_size$

Team:{match_id, team_id, team_placement, party_size}

PK:{match_id, team_id}

R6: $match_id \rightarrow date, game_size, match_mode, map$

Match: {match_id, date, game_size, match_mode, map}

PK: {match_id, team_id}

R7: weapon_id → weapon_name

Weapon: {weapon_id, name}

PK: {weapon_id}

Thus, the final normalized relations are:

Player: {name (PK), match_id (PK), team_id (FK), kills, knockdowns, assists, hitpoints_tot, dist_driven, dist_walked, team_id, survive_time}

Death: {match_id(PK), weapon_id(FK), victim_name(PK), killer_name(PK/FK)}

Victim_Info: { match_id(PK), victim_name(PK), victim_placement, victim_position_x, victim_position_y, death_time}

killer_Info: { match_id (PK), victim_name (PK), killer_name (PK), killer_placement, killer_position_x, killer_position_y }

Match: {match_id (PK), date, game_size, match_mode, map}

Weapon: {weapon_id(PK), name}