A Scanner DRACly

A PenTest Story

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About Me

- Security Engineer @ UIUC, CMU, NCSA, ESnet
- Core Zeek Developer
- Consultant, focused on PenTesting
- A few CVEs, a few CTF wins

What this Talk Is

- The story of a PenTest
- What defenses were in place
- How they failed (and why it matters)
- How they can be improved
- How you can build up red-team expertise

What this Talk is NOT

- A vendor pitch
- A reflection of anyone else's views
- Revolutionary

PenTest Overview: Mission

- Collaboration with a hospital on medical research
- Scope was expanded with the school's COVID response
- Can an attacker access PHI?

Logistics

- Determine scope
- Client provided list of subnets and access to some Slack channels
- I told the CSO when the test began and ended
- External test: No access provided
- Internal test: Virtual machine with no special access provided

Open-Source Intelligence

- Reverse DNS (nmap -sL)
- Certificate Transparency Logs

OSINT: EDU

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Mailing lists

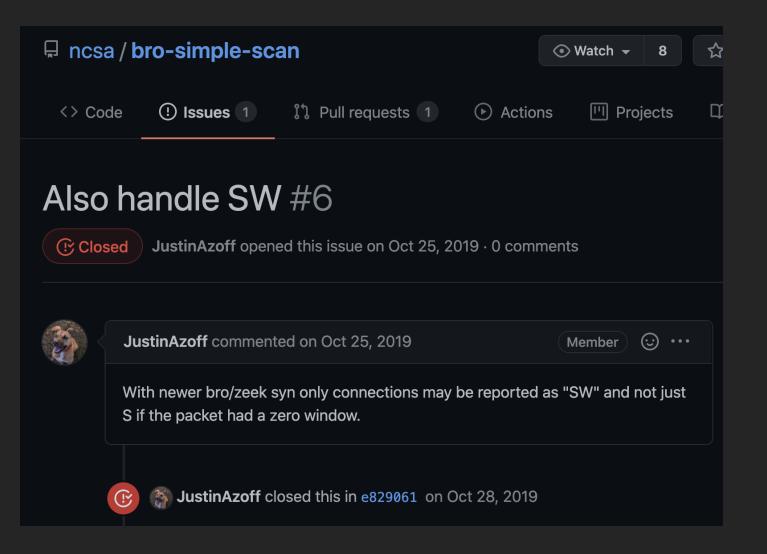
We monitor two full /16, 3 /24, and 2 partial /16, in front of any local FW devices.

. . .

I switched to the bro-simple-scan package.

Scanning

• bro-simple-scan

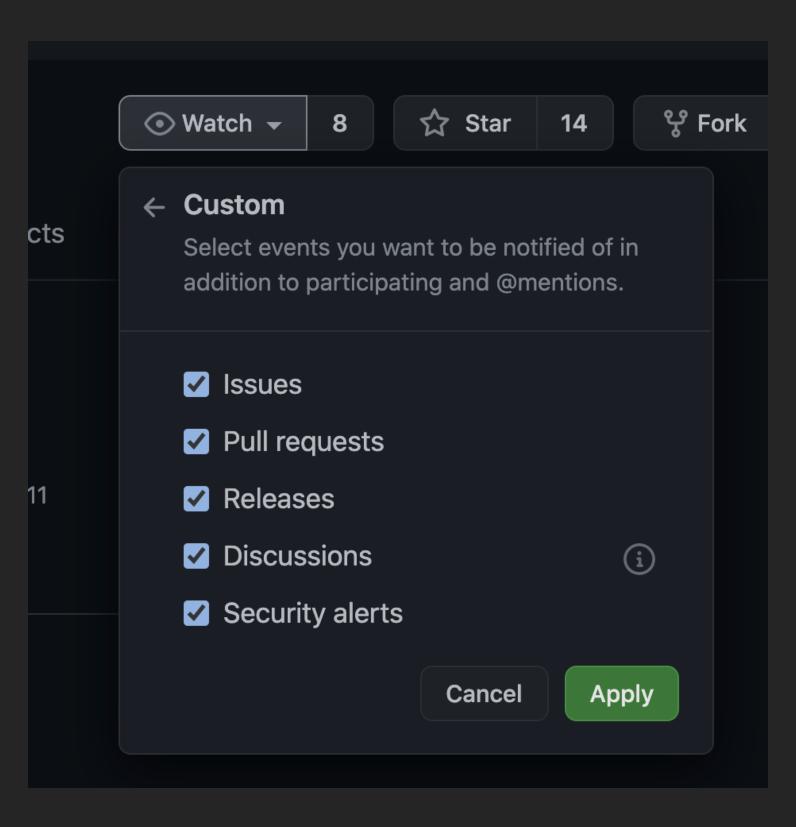


bro-simple-scan

```
event connection_attempt(c: connection)
{
-  if ( c$history == "S" )
+  if ( c$history == "S" || c$history == "SW")
  add_scan(c$id);
}
```

masscan

Update Zeek Packages



Zeek ssh/main.zeek

Scanning Demo

\$ sudo masscan --ping -iL all_ips --rate 1500000 -oL -

Next Steps

- Look at TLS certificates
- Identify:
 - applications,
 - versions,
 - vulnerabilities

CVE-2018-1207

Dell EMC iDRAC Response to Common Vulnerabilities and Exposures CVE-2018-1207, CVE-2018-1211, and CVE-2018-1000116 [updated 26 June 2018]

OVERVIEW

The following is the Dell EMC response to multiple CVE's. iDRAC firmware versions listed below contain fixes for these security vulnerabilities that could potentially be exploited by malicious users to compromise the affected system.

CVE Identifier: CVE-2018-1207 (Critical), CVE-2018-1211 (High), CVE-2018-1000116 (High)

TECHNICAL SUMMARY

CVE-2018-1207: Dell EMC iDRAC7/iDRAC8, versions prior to 2.52.52.52, contain CGI injection vulnerability which
could be used to execute remote code. <u>A remote unauthenticated attacker may potentially be able to use CGI
variables to execute remote code.</u>

RCE Demo



demol 0:drac rce* "babbage" 15:52 08-Jun-2

Persistence

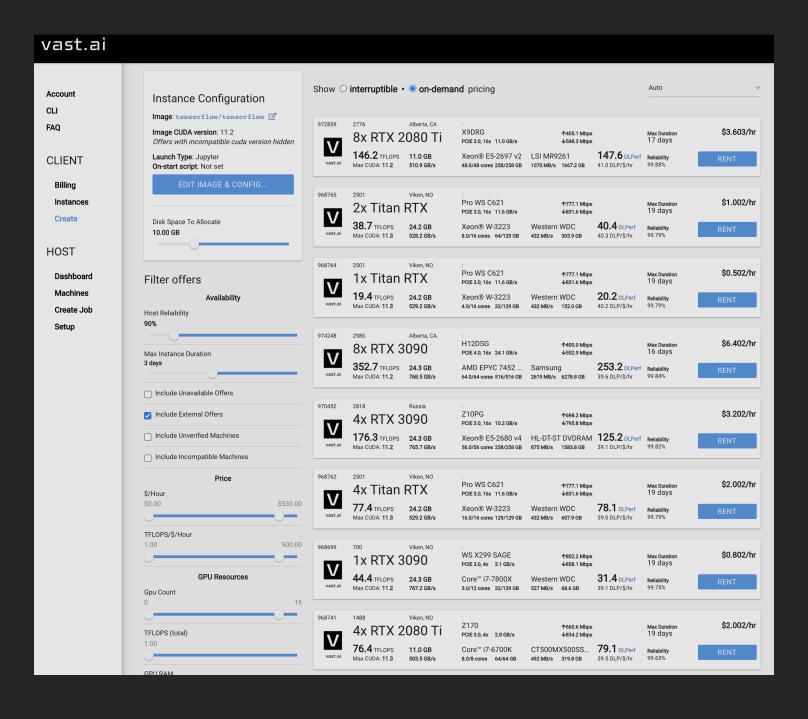
- Until a reboot
- Until an update
- Forever?
 - Cron jobs
 - syslog-ng hooks
 - Overwrite an updated file?

CVE Results

Recovering Credentials

```
% root:sAcyG/RZbH7ScaJjXLO/kefW564eRXs4ilf+VX0f+K4=:2:1:Admin % ./drac_exec 10.87.5.42 | ./dump_hashes.sh 10.87.5.42_root:F269FB2DA3CD3A842D15263736A57D51E55600819F195
```

vast.ai



Hashcat

hashcat -0 -a 3 -m 1410 hashes --username --hex-salt

```
f26...c755695:"C4tnapz!"
Session.... hashcat
Status.... Cracked
Hash.Name....: sha256($pass.$salt)
Hash.Target..... f269...755695
                     9746.6 MH/s (70.35ms) @ Accel:8 Loops:
Speed. #1.....
Speed.#2....:
                     9507.4 MH/s (72.12ms) @ Accel:8 Loops:
Speed.#3....:
                     9691.5 MH/s (70.75ms) @ Accel:8 Loops:
Speed.#4....:
                     9641.1 MH/s (71.12ms) @ Accel:8 Loops:
Speed. #5....:
                    10081.9 MH/s (68.01ms) @ Accel:8 Loops:
Speed.#6....:
                     9043.4 MH/s (75.82ms) @ Accel:8 Loops:
Speed. #7....:
                     9819.2 MH/s (69.83ms) @ Accel:8 Loops:
Speed.#8....:
                     9642.4 MH/s (71.11ms) @ Accel:8 Loops:
                    77173.6 \text{ MH/s}
Speed.Total...:
Recovered..... 1/1 (100.00%) Digests
```

Pivoting

- Find other management interfaces with the same credentials
- Layer 2 attacks to other management interfaces
- Scan non-management interfaces: https://github.com/ncsa/ssh-auditor

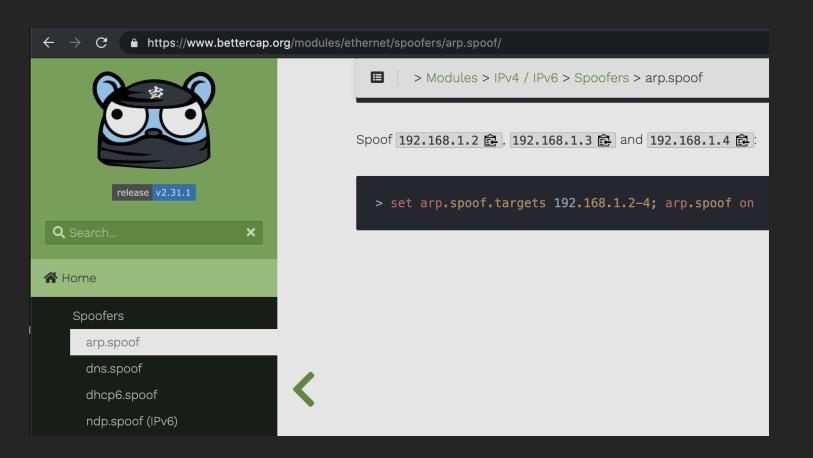
Got root

Layer 2 Attacks

```
2: eno16180012: <BROADCAST, MULTICAST, UP, LOWER_UP> mtu 1500 qd link/ether 00:50:56:81:fa:08 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff: inet "100.120.95.17/21" brd 100.120.99.255 scope global nop
```

Bettercap

https://bettercap.org



Findings

Findings			
Severity	Title	Status	Distribution
Critical	Unpatched DRACs Vulnerable to RCE	Vulnerable	Internal
High	Weak Root Password Usage	Vulnerable	Internal
Medium	Password Reuse	Vulnerable	Internal
Medium	Management Interfaces Widely Accessible	Vulnerable	Internal
Low	Layer 2 Spoofing Vulnerabilities	Vulnerable	Shared
Low	Networks Not Segmented by Risk	Vulnerable	Shared