Freedom House Data Visualization

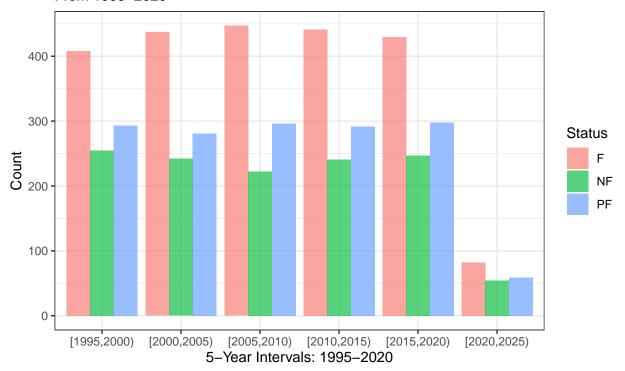
Grishma Bhattarai

2/17/2022

```
#installing and calling all the necessary packages
#install.packages("openxlsx")
library(openxlsx)
\#install.packages(tidyr)
library("tidyr")
#install.packages("reshape2")
library(reshape2)
##
## Attaching package: 'reshape2'
## The following object is masked from 'package:tidyr':
##
##
      smiths
#install.packages(tidyverse)
library(tidyverse)
## -- Attaching packages -----
                                        ----- tidyverse 1.3.1 --
## v ggplot2 3.3.5
                     v dplyr 1.0.7
## v tibble 3.1.5
                    v stringr 1.4.0
## v readr
           2.0.2
                      v forcats 0.5.1
            0.3.4
## v purrr
## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()
                    masks stats::lag()
#reading the required data into R
data <- read.xlsx("data.xlsx", sheet = "Country Ratings, Statuses ", startRow = 2, fillMergedCells = T.
data2 <- data[, -c(2:67)] # delete columns 2 through 67 to drop data that are not between 1995-2020
#replacing unique column names into year. [PR]/CL/Status names
names(data2) <- gsub(x = names(data2), pattern = "\\.1", replacement = ".CL")</pre>
names(data2) <- gsub(x = names(data2), pattern = "\\.2", replacement = ".Status")</pre>
#DATA CLEANING
#pivot data from wide to long except the first row
data3 <-pivot_longer(data2, (!1), names_to = "Year", values_to = "Value")</pre>
data3 <- rename(data3, "Countries" = "Year(s).Under.Review" )</pre>
data3 <- data3[-c(1:78), ] #delete the first 78 rows as these values are NA formed from the pivot
data3$Category <- substr(data3$Year, 6, 7) #extract 6th and 7th sub-string from Year variable to get th
data3$Category[which(data3$Category == "St")] = "Status" #replace "St" with "Status" in Category variab
```

```
data3$Category[which(data3$Category == "")] = "PR" #replace "" with "PR" in Category variable
#FINAL DATASET CREATION
#create final data set with clean variable names and re-pivot the table to a wide table
finaldata <- pivot_wider(data3, names_from = Category, values_from = Value)</pre>
#delete the unnecessary strings from the Year variable and only keep the year value
finaldata$Year <- substr(finaldata$Year, 1, 4)</pre>
#change necessary character data types into numeric data types
finaldata$Year <- as.numeric(finaldata$Year)</pre>
finaldata$PR <- as.numeric(finaldata$PR)</pre>
## Warning: NAs introduced by coercion
finaldata$CL <- as.numeric(finaldata$CL)</pre>
## Warning: NAs introduced by coercion
#create a new variable 'Year.Range' with 5 year-interval periods
finaldata$Year.Range = cut(finaldata$Year,seq(1995,2025,5), right = FALSE, left = TRUE) #included 2020-
#create a graph of share of free, partially free or not free countries in a time interval of 5 years fo
finaldata%>%
  filter(Status != '-')%>% # remove countries whose data is missing but we include them
  drop na(Status)%>% #removing NAs that emerged after data transfiguration
  ggplot(aes(Year.Range, fill = Status))+
  geom_bar(position = "dodge", alpha = 0.65)+
 theme_bw()+
  labs(title = "Share of Free (F), Partially Free (PF) or Not Free (NF) Countries", subtitle = "From 19
       y = "Count", caption = "Source: Country and Territory Ratings and Statuses Data, 1973-2021, Free
```

Share of Free (F), Partially Free (PF) or Not Free (NF) Countries From 1995–2020

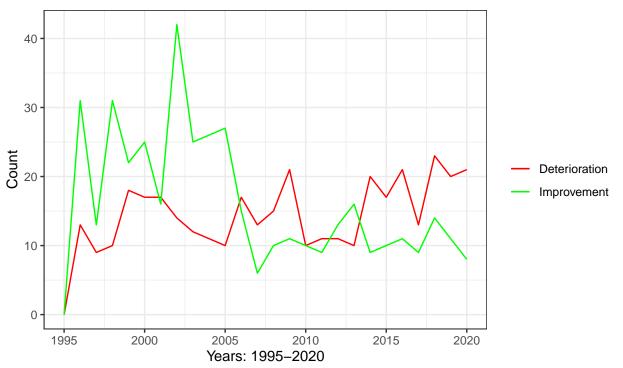


Source: Country and Territory Ratings and Statuses Data, 1973–2021, Freedom House

```
unique <- unique(finaldata[c("Countries", "Year")]) #create a unique dataset with Countries, Year combin
PRdata <- merge (unique, final data [,c("Countries", "Year", "PR")], by = c("Countries", "Year")) #merge t
PRdata <- na.omit(PRdata)
#Repeat the same steps for CL values
CLdata <- merge(unique, finaldata[,c("Countries", "Year", "CL")], by = c("Countries", "Year")) #merge t
CLdata <- na.omit(CLdata)</pre>
Statusdata - merge (unique, finaldata[,c("Countries", "Year", "Status")], by = c("Countries", "Year"))
Statusdata <- na.omit(Statusdata)</pre>
#merge all 3 datasets into FiW dataset
FiWdata<- merge(PRdata, CLdata, by = c("Countries", "Year"))
FiW<- merge(FiWdata, Statusdata, by = c("Countries", "Year"))</pre>
#create new index variable for the Freedom in the World index which is the average of PR and CL, scaled
FiW$Index \leftarrow (round((7 - (rowMeans(FiW[,c('PR', 'CL')], na.rm=TRUE)))) / (7-1), 3)) \# scaling by using the property of the pr
#following formula: ((e_max - average)/ (e_max - e_min))
#create dummy variable for improvement relative to previous year
FiW <- FiW %>%
     group_by(Countries) %>%
     mutate(improv = ifelse(Index > lag(Index), 1, 0))
#create dummy variable for worsening relative to previous year
FiW <- FiW %>%
    group_by(Countries) %>%
```

```
mutate(worse = ifelse(Index < lag(Index), 1, 0))</pre>
#change NA values to 0 for the dummy variables for convenience, this does not in any way skew our analy
FiW$improv[is.na(FiW$improv)] <- 0</pre>
FiW$worse[is.na(FiW$worse)] <- 0</pre>
#create a new dataset 'countdata' that groups by year and calculates the count of better-off and worse-
countdata <-
  FiW %>%
  group_by(Year) %>%
  summarise(worsecount = sum(worse), improvcount = sum(improv))
#create a line plot of yearly trends of improvements versus deterioration of freedom
ggplot(data = countdata, aes(x = Year)) +
  geom_line(aes(y = worsecount, colour = "Deterioration")) +
  geom_line(aes(y = improvcount, colour = "Improvement")) +
  scale_colour_manual("",
                      breaks = c("Deterioration", "Improvement"),
                      values = c("red", "green")) +
  xlab('Years: 1995-2020') + theme_bw()+
  ylab('Count')+ labs(title = "Yearly Trends of Improvements versus Deterioration of Freedom", subtitle
```

Yearly Trends of Improvements versus Deterioration of Freedom From 1995–2020



Source: Country and Territory Ratings and Statuses Data, 1973-2021, Freedom House

```
#install and call package countrycode for merging two datasets based on country codes
#install.packages("countrycode")
library(countrycode)
```

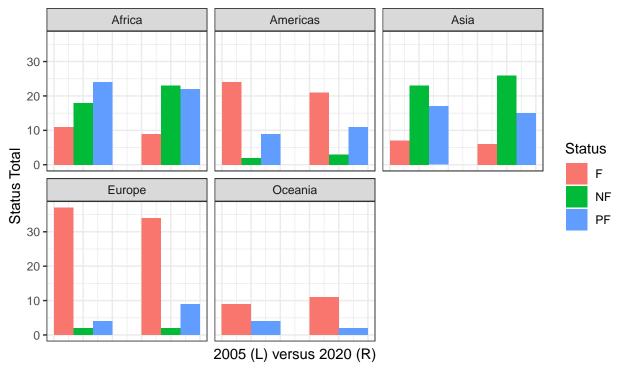
```
#read the required UN data into R undata <- read.xlsx("undata.xlsx", startRow = 1, fillMergedCells = TRUE, colNames = TRUE , detectDates = \frac{1}{2}
```

```
colnames(undata) [which(names(undata) == "Country.or.Area")] <- "Countries"</pre>
#create a new variable code in 'finaldata' dataset with ISO 3-C coding classification system
FiW$code <- countrycode(FiW$Countries, "country.name", "iso3c")</pre>
## Warning in countrycode_convert(sourcevar = sourcevar, origin = origin, destination = dest, : Some va
undata$code <- countrycode(undata$Countries, "country.name", "iso3c")</pre>
## Warning in countrycode_convert(sourcevar = sourcevar, origin = origin, destination = dest, : Some va
#merge the undata and FiWdata
mergeddata <- merge(FiW, undata, by= c("code"))</pre>
# use subset function to create a dataset exclusively for years 2005 and 2020
  yearsub <- subset(mergeddata, Year == 2005 | Year == 2020)</pre>
#create a graph that compares status levels across regions for 2005 and 2020
  yearsub %>%
  drop_na(Status)%>%
  ggplot(aes(Year, fill = Status)) + theme_bw() +
  geom_bar(position = "dodge", width = 10) + facet_wrap(Region.Name~.) +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_blank(), axis.ticks.x = element_blank()) +
```

labs(x = "2005 (L) versus 2020 (R)", y = "Status Total", title = "Global Freedom Status", subtitle =

Global Freedom Status

From 1995-2020



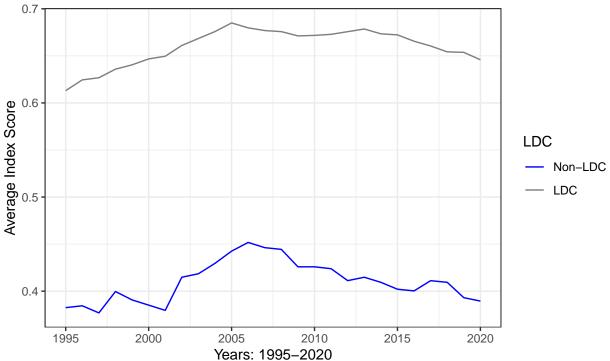
Freedome House Country and Territory Ratings and Statuses Data & United Nations Geoscheme Data

```
#rename the required column to 'LDC'
colnames(mergeddata)[which(names(mergeddata) == "Least.Developed.Countries.(LDC)")] <- "LDC"
#subset average value of index for LDC's and other countries
averageindex <- mergeddata %>%
    group_by(Year, LDC) %>%
```

```
summarise(avgindex = mean(Index), n = n())
## `summarise()` has grouped output by 'Year'. You can override using the `.groups` argument.
#dummy code variable LDC for a clean graph
averageindex <- averageindex %>%
   mutate(LDC = ifelse(LDC == "x", 1, 0))
averageindex$LDC <- factor(averageindex$LDC) #change the numeric LDC variable into factor data type
#create a
ggplot(data = averageindex) + theme_bw()+
  geom_line(aes(x = Year, y = avgindex, colour = LDC, group = LDC)) + labs(y = "Average Index Score", x
  scale_color_manual(labels = c("Non-LDC", "LDC"), values = c("blue", "red")) +labs(subtitle = "From 19
```

LDC and Non-LDC Average FiW Scores

From 1995-2020



om House Country and Territory Ratings and Statuses Data & United Nations Geoscheme Data