

# Meeting 3: The hero of three wide steps

Víṣṇu in the Vedá-s and the Purāṇá-s

Nikhil Surya Dwibhashyam, Rohan Pandey

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# Meeting agenda

- (Re)introduction to discussion group
- Today's meeting topic
- Free discussion

# Why a Vedá discussion group?

- What is Vedic literature?
  - Sáṁhitā-s
  - Bráhmaṇa-s
  - Others?

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  - Later monism (ádvāita) vs. earlier dualism (dvāitá)
- Modern (religious, scholarly) fixation upon later literature

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- Vedá-s vs. Vedánta & Upaniṣád-s
  - Later monism (ádväita) vs. earlier dualism (dvāitá)
- Modern (religious, scholarly) fixation upon later literature
- What is there to discuss?
  - History & linguistics
  - Metaphysics of religion
  - Exegesis (e.g. countering western narratives)
  - Moral principles
  - Nuances of Śrāutá ritual

# Our plans

- Weekly meetings
- Different topic/aspect/angle discussed in depth every meeting
- Format:
  - Præsentations
  - Free-form discussions
- Eventually something more?

# Let's introduce ourselves!

- Name
- School (if student)
- How you found this group
- Background/interest in Hinduism & Vedic literature

## Some questions to consider

- What are the three steps of Vīṣṇu? their significance?
- What is the role of Vīṣṇu in the Vedic pantheon? What similarities are there to later religion?
- To what extent does Vaiṣṇavá have a basis in the Vedá-s?
- What predecessors of the classic Avatārá-s can be seen in much earlier literature?
- We'll return to these at the end!



# Víṣṇu: an etymology in English

- Many gods' names originally nominals (e.g. Śivá), especially agents (e.g. Savitr̥)
- -nu (here with conditioned retroflex): agentive
  - e.g.  $\sqrt{dhr̥s}$  "to dare"  $\rightarrow dhr̥sṇú$  "brave"
- Víṣṇu: one who does  $\sqrt{viṣ}$

## $\sqrt{viṣ}$ (MW on RV, ŚB)

- to be active, act, work, do, perform
- to be quick, speed, run, flow
- to work as a servant, serve
- to have done with i.e. overcome, subdue, rule

# Viṣṇu: an etymology in German

- Emphasis on conquest:

√*viṣ* (Graßmann)

- 5 feindlich ergreifen [A.], bewältigen [A.]

- but also unity:

√*viṣ* (Graßmann)

- 10 sich vereinigen mit [I.]

- Overall:

*viṣṇu* (Graßmann)

- 1 wirksam

# Víṣṇu in the Ṛg-vedá

- Hymns addressed to Víṣṇu: 1.154, 1.156, 7.100
- Hymns addressed to Víṣṇu and Índra: 1.155, 7.99
- Minor god? Not necessarily.

Víṣṇor nú kaṁ · vīríāṇi prá vocam,  
yáḥ párt<sup>h</sup>ivāni · vi mamé rájāṁsi,  
yó áskab<sup>h</sup>āyad · úttaraṁ sad<sup>h</sup>á-st<sup>h</sup>am,  
vi-cakramāṇás · traya-d<sup>h</sup>ó 'ru-gāyáḥ.

*Víṣṇu's heroic deeds I shall proclaim,  
who measured out the Earthly and the Heavenly (regions),  
(and) who propped up the higher abode,  
striding thrice with wide steps.*

# Víṣṇu in the Ṛg-vedá

## ■ Common attributes:

- “Thrice-going”, “wide-going” (everywhere)
- “A youth who is no child” (1.155.6)
- “Upholding the laws” (1.22.18)
- “Generating Sūrya, Uṣás, and Agní” (7.99.4)
- “slaying Vṛtrá” (4.18.11), “conquering the Dásyu” (7.99.4)

# The development of Vaiṣṇavá

- Origin in Brāhmaṇa literature
  - Also origins of many Avatārá-s!
- Development as supreme being
  - *beyond* godhood

Vadanti tat tattvavidas  
tattvaṁ yaj jñānam advayam:  
Brahme 'ti Paramātmne 'ti  
B<sup>h</sup>agavān iti śabdyate.

*The knowers of truth speak  
the truth that is non-dual knowledge:  
As Brahman, as Paramātmman,  
as B<sup>h</sup>agavān it is called.*

# The development of Vaiṣṇavá

- Caste politics? Kṣatriya-s vs. Brāhmaṇá-s
  - Development of “Brahmanical” qualities in Víṣṇu
  - Power struggle with unique outcome
- Humiliation, denigration of Índra (becomes common theme)
  - New rivalry between Índra and Víṣṇu!

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