	Lambda <i>/Hin</i> dl size marker	Lambda <i>/Hin</i> dIII size marker	Crime	Crime Scene	Suspect 1	ect 1	Suspect 2	ect 2	Suspect 3	ect 3	Suspect	ct 4***	Suspect 5***	ot 5***
Band	Distance (mm)	Actual size (bp)	Distance (mm)	Approx. size (bp)	Distance (mm)	Approx. size (bp)	Distance (mm)	Approx. size (bp)	Distance (mm)	Approx. size (bp)	Distance (mm)	Approx. size (bp)	Distance (mm)	Approx. size (bp)
1	11.0	23,130	19.0	3,679	21.0	2,817**	21.0	2,817**	19.0	3,679	21.0	2,817**	21.0	2,817**
2	13.0	9,416	20.5	2,817**	23.5	1,191	25.0	1,700	20.5	2,817**	29.5	1,093	24.0	1,986
ω	15.0	6,557	32.0	820	30.5	949	28.5	1,159	32.0	820			29.5	1,093
4	18.0	4,361*												
Ø	23.0	2,322												
Ō	24.0	2,027												

\*This fragment may appear faint if the markers were not heated to 65 °C. Lamba Hindlll digestion also generates bands of 564 and 125 bp that are usually too faint to see on a gel.

<sup>\*\*</sup>The measured migration distance for these bands varies depending upon the thickness of the bands. The 2,817 bp bands in plasmids S4 and S5 are especially intense because they are actually two individual bands (2,817 bp and 2,838 bp) that are too close to be visibly separated.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>S4 and S5 DNA lanes may also contain a very faint band of 468 bp.