16 05 2021

```
lists sets (1) - Jupyter Notebook
                                                                                                                                 16 05 2021
                    1. List manipulation
                                                                                                                   1/4
localhost:8888/notebooks/MachineLearningIntro/Class_notes/lists_sets (1).ipynb
                                                     lists sets (1) - Jupyter Notebook
                                                                                                                                 16 05 2021
                  Position of carrot is 3 on the shuffled list
                  Updated fruit and veggies list: ['strawberry', 'carrot', 'zucchini', 'orang
                  e', 'pear', 'apple']
                  Sorted list: ['apple', 'carrot', 'orange', 'pear', 'strawberry', 'zucchini']
                  Elements printed using a loop:
                  apple
                  carrot
                  orange
                  pear
                  strawberry
                  zucchini
                   2. Tuples
                  print(first_list)
                  print(second_list)
                  # Pair up above Lists
paired_list =[[x, y] for x, y in zip(first_list, second_list)]
print(paired_list)
```

```
In [45]: import random
                                    # a) Create a list with 5 fruit names
fruit_names = ['banana', 'orange', 'apple', 'pear', 'strawberry']
print('Fruit list: ' + str(fruit_names))
                                    # b) Extend the fruit_names list with 2 vegatables
                                   veggies_names = ['carrot', 'zucchini']
fruit_and_veggies_names = []
fruit_and_veggies_names = (veggies_names + fruit_names)
print('\nExtended fruit and veggies_list: ' + str(fruit_and_veggies_names))
                                    # c) Shuffle the list
                                    random.shuffle(fruit_and_veggies_names)
print('\nShuffled list: ' + str(fruit_and_veggies_names))
                                    # d) Find the position of first vegetable
                                    x = fruit\_and\_veggies\_names.index(veggies\_names[0]) \\ print('\nPosition of '+ str(veggies\_names[0]) + ' is ' + str(x+1) + ' on the shute the state of the state
                                    # e) Remove one fruit
# f) Print the result
                                   fruit_and_veggies_names.remove('banana')
print('\nUpdated fruit and veggies list: ' + str(fruit_and_veggies_names))
                                    # a) Sort the list in alphabetical order
                                    sorted_list = sorted(fruit_and_veggies_names)
                                    print('\nSorted list: ' + str(sorted_list))
                                     # h) Print each element of a list using a loop
                                    print('\nElements printed using a loop: ')
                                     for i in sorted_list:
                                             print (i)
                                     # i) Modify above code to be ablet to repeat all above steps
                                              to get the same results each time
                                    #Is it possible to get the same result each time if we shuffle the list randomly:
#In current implementation I am able to have the only same results final results
                                    Fruit list: ['banana', 'orange', 'apple', 'pear', 'strawberry']
                                     Extended fruit and veggies list: ['carrot', 'zucchini', 'banana', 'orange',
                                     'apple', 'pear', 'strawberry']
                                     Shuffled list: ['banana', 'strawberry', 'carrot', 'zucchini', 'orange', 'pea
                                     r', 'apple']
                                                                                                                                                                                                                              2/4
localhost:8888/notebooks/MachineLearningIntro/Class_notes/lists_sets (1).ipynb
                                                                                                         lists sets (1) - Jupyter Notebook
             # Find the overlapping names in above lists
                                    duplicated_names = list(set(fake_names_1) & set(fake_names_2))
                                   print(duplicated_names)
                                     # Print number of "duplicated" names
                                   print(len(duplicated_names))
                                    # Find and print the union of above lists
                                    union_names = fake_names_1 + fake_names_2
union_names = list(dict.fromkeys(union_names))
                                    print(union_names)
                                     # Find and print the difference between lists
                                    difference_names = set(fake_names_1) - set(fake_names_2)
                                    print(difference_names)
                                     ['Matthew', 'Jared', 'Erica', 'Lauren']
                                    4
['Sherry', 'Mary', 'Matthew', 'Danielle', 'Jeffrey', 'Lauren', 'Keith', 'Carlo s', 'Monique', 'Laura', 'Jared', 'Valerie', 'Juan', 'Christopher', 'Erica', 'Da wn', 'Joshua', 'Brandon', 'Stephanie', 'Andre', 'Anthony', 'Douglas', 'Jonatha n', 'Richard', 'Alyssa', 'Vincent', 'Travis', 'Clifford', 'Jerry', 'Justin'] {'Valerie', 'Jeffrey', 'Danielle', 'Christopher', 'Dawn', 'Keith', 'Monique', 'Stephanie', 'Joshua', 'Sherry', 'Carlos', 'Laura', 'Brandon', 'Juan', 'Mary'}
```

```
In [58]: first_list = ["a" + str(number) for number in range(1, 10)]
second_list = ["b" + str(number) for number in range(1, 10)]
              # Using a loop unpack the tuple into variables: first_el, secodn_el
              # Print the pair position and variables using f-string.
             # "Index of a3 and b3 is equal 2"
              for index, tuple in enumerate(paired_list):
                   first_el = tuple[0]
secodn_el = tuple [1]
                   print(f"Index of {first_el} and {secodn_el} is equal {index}")
             ['a1', 'a2', 'a3', 'a4', 'a5', 'a6', 'a7', 'a8', 'a9']
['b1', 'b2', 'b3', 'b4', 'b5', 'b6', 'b7', 'b8', 'b9']
[['a1', 'b1'], ['a2', 'b2'], ['a3', 'b3'], ['a4', 'b4'], ['a5', 'b5'], ['a6', 'b6'], ['a7', 'b7'], ['a8', 'b8'], ['a9', 'b9']]
Index of a1 and b1 is equal 0
              Index of a2 and b2 is equal 1
              Index of a3 and b3 is equal 2
Index of a4 and b4 is equal 3
              Index of a5 and b5 is equal 4
              Index of a6 and b6 is equal 5
              Index of a7 and b7 is equal 6
              Index of a8 and b8 is equal
              Index of a9 and b9 is equal 8
```

In [ ]: