#navigating into genome folder
cd /Users/gracemrodrigues/Desktop/genome-final

#activating spades 410
conda activate spades410

#running spades with my files spades.py -1 DRR568552_1.fastq.gz -2 DRR568552_2.fastq.gz -o spadesoutput

#activating environment conda activate genomeanalysis

#running ABySS with my files 2.3.7 abyss-pe name=assembly k=96 B=2G in='DRR568552_1.fastq.gz' DRR568552_2.fastq.gz'

#cleaning up ABySS files mkdir abyssout mv assembly* abyssout/

#using QUAST on the spades assembly v5.3.0 quast.py spadesoutput/scaffolds.fasta -o quastspades

#using QUAST on ABySS assembly v5.3.0 quast.py abyssout/assembly-scaffolds.fa -o quastabyss

#annotating files with dfast 1.3.6 dfast --genome spadesoutput/scaffolds.fasta --out dfast_output

#protein annotation with Prokka Galaxy Version 1.14.6+ galaxy1

#installing barrnap barrnap --kingdom bac spadesoutput/scaffolds.fasta > rRNAsequences.gff

#creating a file with the rRNA sequences bedtools getfasta -fi spadesoutput/scaffolds.fasta -bed rRNAsequences.gff -fo rRNAsequences.fasta

#combining into two new files mkdir rRNAinfo mv rRNAs* rRNAinfo/

#copying 16S rRNA sequence from fasta and pasting it into blastn using default settings Closest match is clostridium tetani KHSU-144316-041 DNA, complete genome

#downloaded two closest relatives to clostridium tetani which are clostridium cochlearium and clostridium perfringens

#saved fasta files into new folder called neighbors

#creating a new file called neighbors.txt Pico neighbors.txt neighbors/clostridium-c.fasta neighbors/clostridium-p.fasta

#using fastANI v.1.34 to determine average nucleotide identity fastANI -q spadesoutput/scaffolds.fasta --rl neighbors.txt -o clostridium.neighbors.txt

Clostridium p less than 70 percent did not output a result