Biodiversity for the National Parks

[Capstone project]

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Dataset

species_info.csv includes the following information:

- category
- scientific name
- common name
- conservation status

Categories

Possible values for category are Mammal, Bird, Reptile, Amphibian, Fish, Vascular Plant, Nonvascular Plant.

Names

Scientific names are provided for scientific soundness.

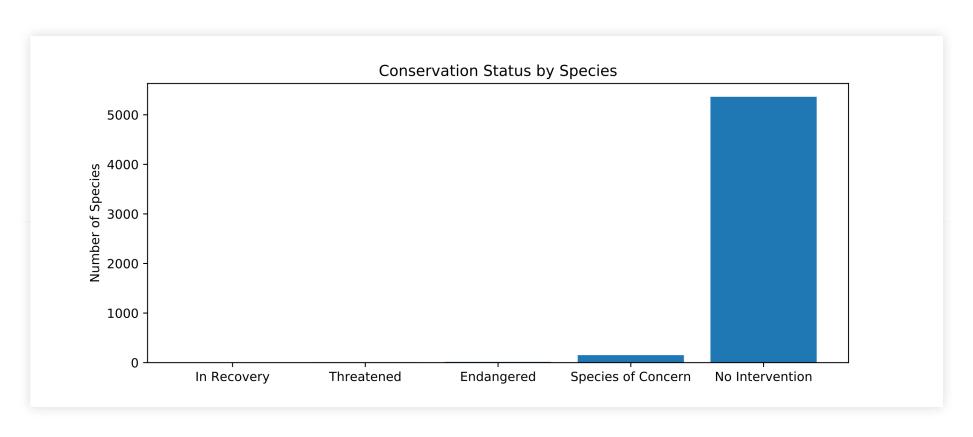
Common names are provided for easier comprehension of data.

Status

Possible values for conservation status are Species of Concern, Endangered, Threatened, and In Recovery.

Note that rows can have no conservation status (NaN).

Endangered species



category	not_protected	protected
Amphibian	72	7
Bird	413	75
Fish	115	11
Mammal	146	30
Nonvascular Plant	328	5
Reptile	73	5
Vascular Plant	4216	46

% category 0.088608 Amphibian 0.153689 Bird Fish 0.087302 **Mammal** 0.170455 Nonvascular Plant 0.015015 0.064103 Reptile 0.010793 Vascular Plant

Conclusions

Mammals are **NOT** significantly more endangered than birds (p=0.687).

But mammals are significantly more endangered than reptiles (p=0.038).

Recommendations for conservationists

Take great care of mammals and birds!

A lot of species in these categories are endangered.

Foot and mouth disease

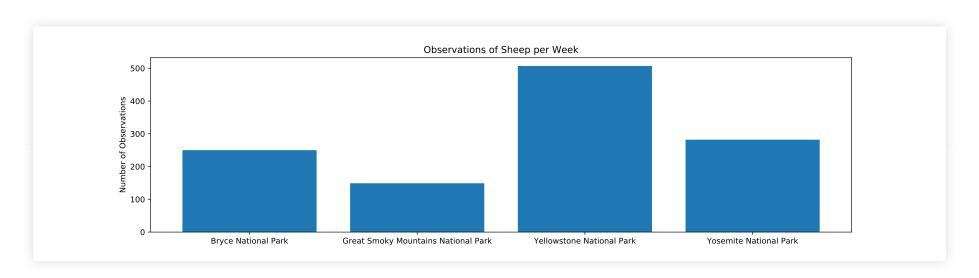
sample size determination

baseline = 15%
minimum detectable effect = 33.33%
Statistical Significance = 90%

sample size = 520

Observations

Bryce National Park: 250 per week Yellowstone National Park: 507 per week



Recommended observation time

2 weeks at Bryce National Park1 week at Yellowstone National Park