Contents

1 Math

1.1 Tonelli-Shanks (square root under Z/pZ)

```
long pow_mod(long x, long n, long p) {
 if (n == 0) return 1;
  if (n & 1)
    return (pow_mod(x, n-1, p) * x) % p;
 x = pow_mod(x, n/2, p);
  return (x * x) % p;
/* Takes as input an odd prime p and n < p and returns
* such that r * r = n \lceil mod p \rceil. */
long tonelli_shanks(long n, long p) {
  long s = 0;
 long q = p - 1;
 while ((q \& 1)' == 0) \{ q /= 2; ++s; \}
  if (s == 1) {
    long r = pow_mod(n, (p+1)/4, p);
    if ((r * r) % p == n) return r;
    return 0;
  // Find the first quadratic non-residue z by brute-
      force search
  long z = 1;
 while (pow_mod(++z, (p-1)/2, p) != p - 1);
 long c = pow_mod(z, q, p);
long r = pow_mod(n, (q+1)/2, p);
long t = pow_mod(n, q, p);
  long m = s;
  while (t != 1) {
    long tt = t;
    long i = 0;
    while (tt != 1) {
      tt = (tt * tt) % p;
      if (i == m) return 0;
    long b = pow_mod(c, pow_mod(2, m-i-1, p-1), p);
    long b2 = (b * b) % p;
r = (r * b) % p;
    t = (t * b2) \% p;
    c = b2;
    m = i;
  if ((r * r) % p == n) return r;
  return 0;
```

1.2 Big Step Baby Step (discrete log)

```
#include <iostream>
#include <unordered_map>
#include <cmath>
using namespace std;
/* a^k = b (mod p). k is the returning answer. */
class Discrete_Log {
public:
    long long pow(long long base, long long power, long
         long p) {
        long long ans = 1, temp = base;
        while(power != 0) {
            if(power \% 2 == 1) ans = (ans * temp) \% p;
            temp = (temp * temp) % p;
            power >>= 1;
        return ans;
    }
```

```
long long solve(long long a, long long b, long long
          p) .
         unordered_map<long long, long long> appear;
         long long m = sqrt(p) + 1, temp;
         for(long long i = 0;i <= m;i++) {
    temp = pow(a, m * i, p);
              temp = pow(temp, p - 2, p);
temp = (temp * b) % p;
              appear[temp] = i;
         for(long long i = 0; i \leftarrow m; i++) {
              temp = pow(a, i, p);
              if(appear.find(temp) != appear.end())
                   return appear[temp] * m + i;
         return -1;
} Log;
int main() {
    long long a, b, p, ans;
     cin >> a >> b >> p;
    ans = Log.solve(a, b, p);
    cout << ans << endl;
    cout << Log.pow(a, ans, p) << " " << b << endl;</pre>
}
```

2 Data Structure

2.1 Link-Cut Tree

```
#include <iostream>
#include <memory.h>
#include <set>
#include <algorithm>
#include <assert.h>
using namespace std;
const int MAXN = 5e4 + 50 ,MAXM = 2e5 + 50 ,INF = (1LL
    << 31) - 1;
const int MAXV = MAXN + MAXM;
class LCT
    int ch[MAXV][2] ,par[MAXV] ,rev[MAXV] ,mini[MAXV] ,
         val[MAXV];
    int Get_Child(int x) { return (ch[par[x]][1] == x ?
          1:0);}
    bool Is_Root(int x) { return par[x] == -1 || (ch[
         par[x]][0] != x && ch[par[x]][1] != x); }
    void Pull_Up(int x) {
         mini[x] = val[x];
if(ch[x][0] != -1) mini[x] = min(mini[x], mini[
         ch[x][0]]);
if(ch[x][1] != -1) mini[x] = min(mini[x] ,mini[
              ch[x][1]]);
    void Send(int x) { swap(ch[x][0] ,ch[x][1]); rev[x]
    ^= 1; }
void Push_Down(int x) {
         if(rev[x])
              if(ch[x][0] != -1) Send(ch[x][0]);
             if(ch[x][1] != -1) Send(ch[x][1]);
             rev[x] = 0;
    void Rotate(int x) {
   int p = par[x] ,pp = par[p] ,style = Get_Child(
        x) ,subtree = ch[x][style ^ 1];
         par[x] = pp;
         if(!Is_Root(p)) ch[pp][Get_Child(p)] = x;
         if(subtree != -1) par[subtree] = p;
         ch[p][style] = subtree;
         par[p] = x;
         ch[x][style \wedge 1] = p;
         Pull_Up(p); Pull_Up(x);
if(pp != -1) Pull_Up(pp);
     void Update(int x) {
         if(!Is_Root(x)) Update(par[x]);
```

```
Push_Down(x);
                                                                       }
     void Splay(int x) {
          Update(x);
          for(int p;!Is_Root(x);Rotate(x)) {
               p = par[x];
               if(!Is_Root(p)) Rotate(Get_Child(x) ==
                    Get_Child(p) ? p : x);
          }
     int Access(int x) {
          int pre = -1;
          while(x != -1) { Splay(x); ch[x][1] = pre;
               Pull_Up(x); pre = x; x = par[x];
          return pre:
    void Make_Root(int x) { Access(x); Splay(x); swap(
    ch[x][0] ,ch[x][1]); rev[x] ^= 1; }
int Get_Root(int x) {
          Access(x); Splay(x);
          while(ch[x][0] != -1) x = ch[x][0];
          Splay(x);
          return x;
public:
    bool Same_Boss(int a ,int b) { return Get_Root(a)
           ≔ Get_Root(b); }
     int Find_Min(int a ,int b) { Make_Root(a); return
          mini[Access(b)]; }
    void Cut(int a ,int b) { Make_Root(a); Access(b);
    Splay(b); par[a] = ch[b][0] = -1; Pull_Up(b); }
void Link(int a ,int b) { Make_Root(a); par[a] = b;
    LCT() {
          memset(ch ,-1 ,sizeof(ch)); memset(par ,-1
               sizeof(par)); memset(rev ,0 ,sizeof(rev));
          for(int i = 0;i < MAXV;i++) mini[i] = val[i] =</pre>
               (i >= MAXN ? i - MAXN : INF);
} tree;
struct E { int src ,dst ,val; } edges[MAXM];
bool cmp(E a ,E b) { return a.val < b.val; }</pre>
void Cut(int e) { tree.Cut(edges[e].src ,MAXN + e);
tree.Cut(edges[e].dst ,MAXN + e); }
void Link(int e) { tree.Link(edges[e].src ,MAXN + e);
     tree.Link(edges[e].dst ,MAXN + e); }
int main() {
     ios::sync_with_stdio(0) ,cin.tie(0);
     int N ,M ,temp ,ans = INF;
int i ,lptr ,rptr;
    set<int> ids;
     cin >> N >> M;
for(i = 0;i < M;i++) {
          cin >> edges[i].src >> edges[i].dst >> edges[i
               1.val
          if(edges[i].src == edges[i].dst) { i -= 1; M -=
                1; }
     sort(edges ,edges + M ,cmp);
    for(lptr = rptr = 0;lptr < M;lptr++) {
    while(!ids.empty() && *ids.begin() < lptr) {
        Cut(temp = *ids.begin());
}</pre>
               ids.erase(temp);
          for(;ids.size() < N - 1 && rptr < M;rptr++) {</pre>
               if(tree.Same_Boss(edges[rptr].src ,edges[
                    rptr].dst)) {
                    Cut(temp = tree.Find_Min(edges[rptr].
                         src ,edges[rptr].dst));
                    ids.erase(temp);
               Link(rptr); ids.insert(rptr);
          if(ids.size() == N - 1) ans = min(ans ,edges[*
               ids.rbegin()].val - edges[*ids.begin()].val
          else break;
     cout << ans << endl;
```

2.2 Treap

```
#include <iostream>
#define P 13
int rgen = 1;
using namespace std;
class treap {
    public:
    treap *l ,*r ,*p;
    int key ,elements = 0 ,pri ,value;
    treap(int key ,int value = 0) {
         this->value = value;
         this->key = key;
         this->elements = 1;
         this->pri = rgen;
         rgen = (rgen \ll 1) % P;
         this -> l = this -> r = 0;
    treap* merge(treap* tr) {
         if(!tr) return this:
         if(!this) return tr;
         if(this->pri < tr->pri) {
    this->r = this->r->merge(tr);
              this->pull();
              return this;
         } else {
             tr->l = this->merge(tr->l);
             tr->pull();
              return tr;
         }
    }
    void split(int key ,treap*& a, treap*& b) {
         if(!this) {
              a = b = 0;
         } else if(this->key <= key) {</pre>
              a = this;
             this->r->split(key ,a->r ,b);
a->pull() ,b->pull();
         } else if(this->key > key) {
             b = this;
             this->l->split(key ,a ,b->l);
              a->pull() ,b->pull();
         }
    }
    void pull() {
         if(!this) return;
         this->elements = (this->l ? this->l->elements :
               0) + (this->r ? this->r->elements : 0) +
    }
    void dfs(int pkey = -1) {
         if(!this) return;
         this->l->dfs(this->key);
         printf("k:%d\tv:%d\tpri:%d\tcount:%d\tpvalue:%d
    \n" ,this->key ,this->value ,this->pri ,
    this->elements ,pkey);
         this->r->dfs(this->key);
    treap* kth(int rank) {
         int lcount = (this->l ? this->l->elements : 0);
         if(rank <= lcount) {</pre>
              return this->l->kth(rank);
         } else if(lcount + 1 == rank) {
             return this;
              return this->r->kth(rank - lcount - 1);
    }
};
```

```
inline void insert(treap* root ,int data) {
    treap *a ,*b
    root->split(data ,a ,b);
root = a->merge(new treap(data));
    root = root->merge(b);
int main()
    int N ,Q;
int i ,eax ,cmd;
while(cin >> N) {
         treap *root = new treap(0);
         for(i = 1;i <= N;i++) {
              cin >> eax;
              insert(root ,eax);
         root->dfs();
         for(cin >> Q;Q--;) {
              cin >> cmd;
              if(cmd == 1) {
                  cin >> eax;
printf("The %d-th minimum number is %d\
                       n" ,eax ,root->kth(eax)->key);
              } else {
                   cin >> eax;
                  printf("Insert %d to the set\n", eax);
                   insert(root ,eax);
         }
    return 0;
}
```

2.3 Zkw

```
#pragma GCC optimize("Ofast,no-stack-protector")
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
const int MAXN = 2e6 + 50, INF = 1e9;
class zkw {
    int mini[MAXN * 5], tag[MAXN * 5], leaf;
public:
    zkw() {}
    zkw(int N) {
         for(leaf = 1;leaf < N + 2;leaf <<= 1);
for(int i = leaf * 2;i >= 1;i--) mini[i] = tag[
             i] = 0;
    void pull(int x) { mini[x] = min(mini[x * 2], mini[
    x * 2 + 1]) + tag[x]; }
void modify(int l, int r, int delta) {
         if(l >= r) return;
         int pos;
         for(l += leaf, r += leaf + 1; l ^ r ^ 1; l >>= 1,
               r >>= 1) {
             if(1 % 2 == 0) { pos = 1 ^ 1; tag[pos] +=
             delta; pull(pos); }
if(r % 2 == 1) { pos = r ^ 1; tag[pos] +=
                  delta; pull(pos); }
             pull(l \gg 1); pull(r \gg 1);
         for(pos = (l >> 1);pos != 0;pos >>= 1) pull(pos
    int minimum(int l, int r) {
         int ans = INF;
         for(l += leaf, r += leaf + 1; l ^ r ^ 1; l >>= 1,
              r >>= 1) {
             if(1 % 2 == 0) ans = min(ans, mini[l ^ 1]);
             if(r \% 2 == 1) ans = min(ans, mini[r \land 1]);
         for(int pos = (1 >> 1);pos != 0;pos >>= 1) ans
             += tag[pos];
         return ans;
} seg;
```

```
int raw[MAXN];
int main() {
     ios::sync_with_stdio(0); cin.tie(0);
    int T, N, K, eax, ebx, 1, r; int i;
for(cin >> T;T--;) {
          cin >> N >> K;
          if(T < 4) seg = zkw(K * 2 + 1);
          for(i = 0;i < N;i++) cin >> raw[i];
          for(i = 0; i < N / 2; i++) {
               eax = min(raw[i], raw[N - i - 1]);
ebx = max(raw[i], raw[N - i - 1]);
               if(T < 4) {
                    l = eax + 1; r = ebx + K + 1;
seg.modify(l, eax + ebx, 1);
                    seg.modify(eax + ebx + 1, r ,1);
                    seg.modify(2, 1, 2);
seg.modify(r, K * 2 + 1, 2);
          if(T < 4) cout << seg.minimum(2, K * 2 + 1) <<
               '\n';
    }
```

2.4 Fibonacci Heap

```
#include <iostream>
#include <cmath>
#include <memory.h>
using namespace std;
const int MAXN = 5e5 ,MAXA = 1e3;
struct Node { int parent ,kid ,left ,right ,deg ,value;
      } data[MAXN]; int used = 0;
class FibHeap {
     int maxi ,siz ,A[MAXA];
     void Link(int x ,int y) {
   int xl = data[x].left ,yl = data[y].left;
}
          data[xl].right = y; data[y].left = xl; data[x].
               left = yl; data[yl].right = x;
    void Isolate(int x) {
   int l = data[x].left ,r = data[x].right;
   data[x].left = data[x].right = x; data[l].right
                = r; data[r].left = l;
     void Link_Heap(int father ,int kid) {
          Isolate(kid);
          if(data[father].kid == -1) data[father].kid =
              kid;
          else Link(data[father].kid ,kid);
          data[kid].parent = father; data[father].deg +=
               1; data[father].kid = kid;
     void Consolindate() {
   int arr_size = (log(siz) / log(2)) + 1; memset(
              A ,-1 ,sizeof(A));
          int last = data[maxi].right ,iter = maxi ,deg ,
               old ,head;
         bool final_round;
         do {
              final_round = (iter == last); head = iter;
                   deg = data[iter].deg; iter = data[iter
                   ].left;
              while(A[deg] !=_-1) {
                   old = A[deg];
                   if(data[head].value < data[old].value)</pre>
                        swap(head ,old);
                   Link\_Heap(head ,old); A[deg] = -1; deg
                        += 1;
              A[deg] = head;
          } while(!final_round);
          for(maxi = -1 ,iter = 0;iter < arr_size;iter++)
    if(A[iter] != -1) if(maxi == -1 || data[</pre>
                   maxi].value < data[A[iter]].value) maxi</pre>
                    = A[iter];
public:
```

```
int Extract() {
           int ans_value = data[maxi].value ,kid = data[
                maxi].kid;
           int left_shift = (data[maxi].left == maxi ? -1
                 : data[maxi].left);
           if(kid != -1) {
                for(int i = data[kid].left;i != kid;i =
    data[i].left) data[i].parent = -1;
                Link(kid ,maxi);
           Isolate(maxi); maxi = (kid == -1 ? left_shift :
                  kid);
           Consolindate(); siz -= 1;
           return ans_value;
     void Meld(FibHeap* H) {
           Link(this->maxi ,H->maxi); siz += H->siz;
if(data[H->maxi].value > data[this->maxi].value
                ) this->maxi = H->maxi;
     int Peek() { return data[maxi].value; }
     FibHeap(int value):maxi(used) ,siz(1) { data[used] = Node{-1 ,-1 ,used ,used ,0 ,value}; used +=
};
int main() {
     int cmd ,value;
FibHeap* heap = new FibHeap(0);
     while(cin >> cmd) {
   if(cmd == 1) { cin >> value; heap->Meld(new
                FibHeap(value)); }
           if(cmd == 2) { cout << "Extracted: " << heap->
        Extract() << endl; }
if(cmd == 3) { cout << "Value: " << heap->Peek
                () << endl; }
     }
}
/*
1 13
1 13
1 13
1 13
2 2 2 2 2
2
*/
```