## **Check Mapping**

Time limit: 1 sec

Consider a function  $f: A \rightarrow A$  which map a member of set A to itself. For simplicity, we let A be a set of integers from 1 to **N**. The function f can be described easily by a sequence **S** of **N** integers <**d1**, **d2**, **d3**, ..., **dn**> which indicates that f[1] is d1 and f[2] is d2, ..., f[n] is dn.

We would like to know if the given sequence **S** makes f be a 1-1 and on-to function. That is, each number from 1..**N** appears exactly once in **S** 

## Input

- The first line contains the one integers **N** which describes the set A
- The second line contains N integers, d1 d2 d3 ... dn, which describe the sequence

## **Output**

The output is one line and must be "YES" only if the function described by **D** is 1-1 and on-to and be "NO" otherwise.

## **Example**

Input	Output	
4	YES	
1234		
7	NO	
-1 -2 3 0 2 3 4		
5	NO	
54313		