[company name]

**ASSIGNMENTNT**

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# Problem statement:

## Describe the problem:

In the present era, purchasing books directly from physical stores poses several challenges. Firstly, the limited operating hours of these stores reduce the number of potential buyers. Additionally, the availability of a specific book may not be guaranteed, forcing buyers to search elsewhere, consuming more time and effort. Moreover, the location of the store can pose difficulties for those without convenient access. For bookstores with limited space, the inability to display a wide range of books may restrict choices, potentially depriving potential buyers of finding the desired book.

This project focuses on addressing the management challenges of traditional bookstores by developing an efficient e-commerce system. Buying books online offers numerous advantages, such as saving time, easy search and purchase from anywhere at any time. Furthermore, automating transactions helps minimize errors and enhances communication with both suppliers and customers, thereby improving efficiency and reliability in bookstore management.

## System Features Description:

### 2.1. Book Management:

\_ Add books:

+Administrators have the right to add information about new books to the system.

+Required information includes book title, author, price, inventory quantity, and other details.

\_ Edit books:

+Administrators have the right to edit information about books.

+Update information such as book title, author, price, inventory quantity, and other details.

\_ Delete books: Administrators can delete book information from the system.

\_ Update quantity: The system will update the quantity of books remaining in stock.

### 2.2. Book Category Management:

\_ Create book categories:

+Administrators have the right to create new book categories.

+Each category has a name to describe its content.

\_ Manage book categories:

+Administrators have the ability to add or delete books from categories.

+Users can search for books based on categories for easy browsing and selection.

### 2.3. Customer Management:

\_ Manage personal information:

+The system will update basic customer information when customers fill out information in the purchase form.

+For convenience in contacting to confirm orders and identify returning customers.

\_ Registration:

+Customers can register an account on the website.

+Required information includes username, password, first and last name, email, address, and phone number.

\_Login: Users can log in with their username and password.

### 2.4. Order Processing:

\_Receive orders:

+The system receives orders from users after they have selected books and proceeded to payment.

+Record information about the order, the products ordered, and customer contact information.

### 2.5. Order Status Management:

\_ Update order status:

+Administrators can update the status of orders from "Processing" to "Shipped" and "Received."

+The system automatically updates the status based on the order processing.

### 2.6. Payment:

\_ Payment processing:

+The system processes payments for orders using online payment methods such as credit cards, e-wallets, or direct payments.

+Record payment information and update the payment status of orders.

### 2.7. Statistical Reporting:

\_ Export daily, monthly, yearly reports:

+Revenue report.

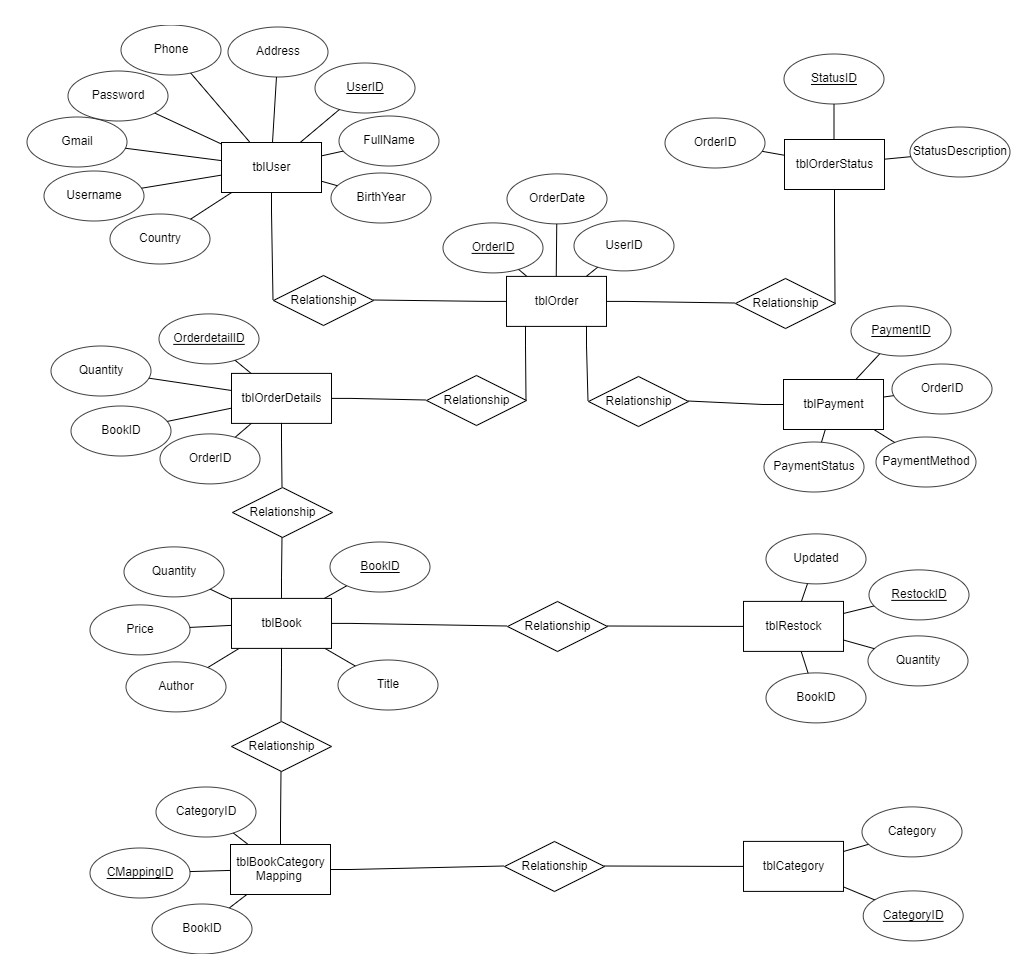
+Report on the number of books sold.

+Report on the number of customers.

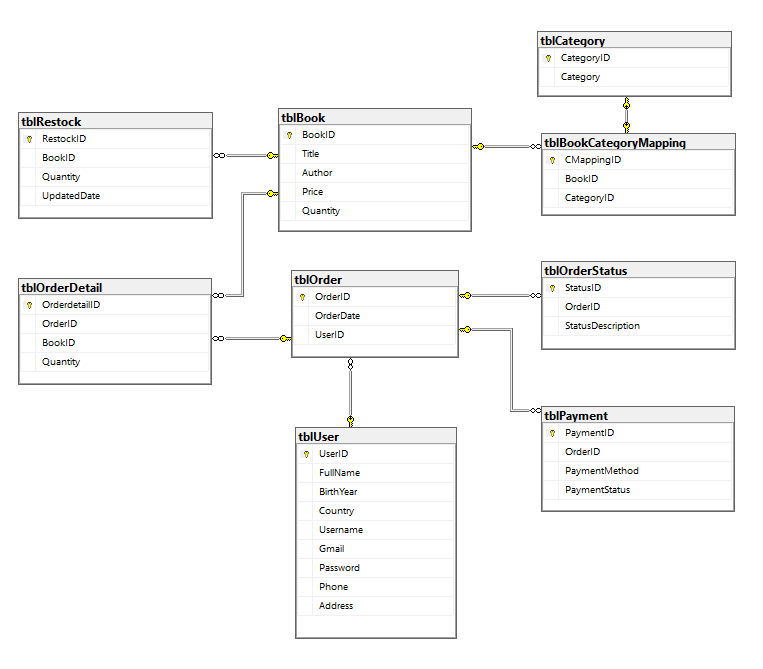
+Books with the highest sales.

+Top purchasing customers.

# II. ER DIAGRAM OF the SYSTEM:

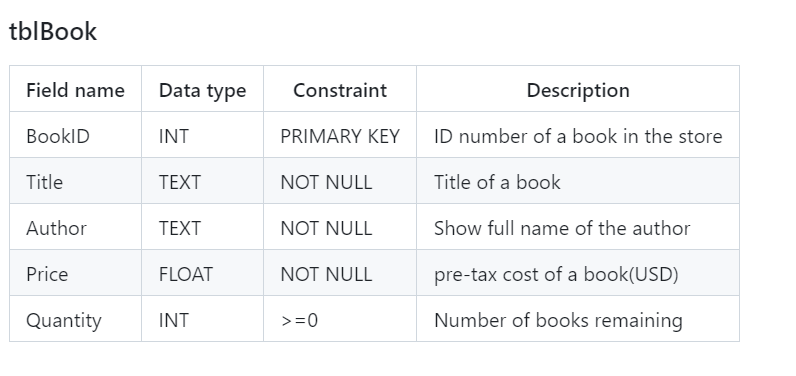


# III. RElational model of the system:

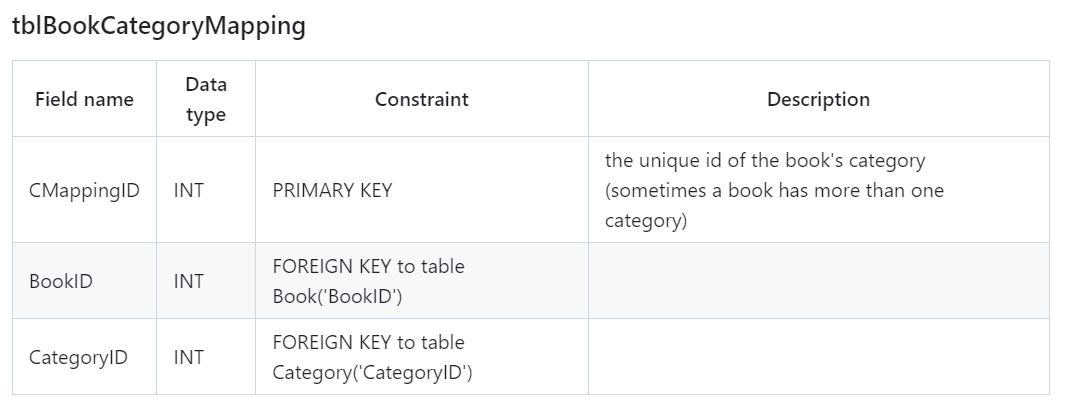


# Specifications of Data Requirements

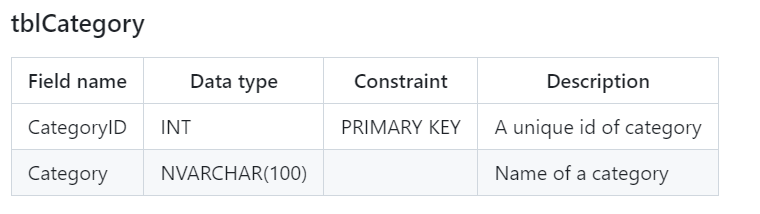
## table book:



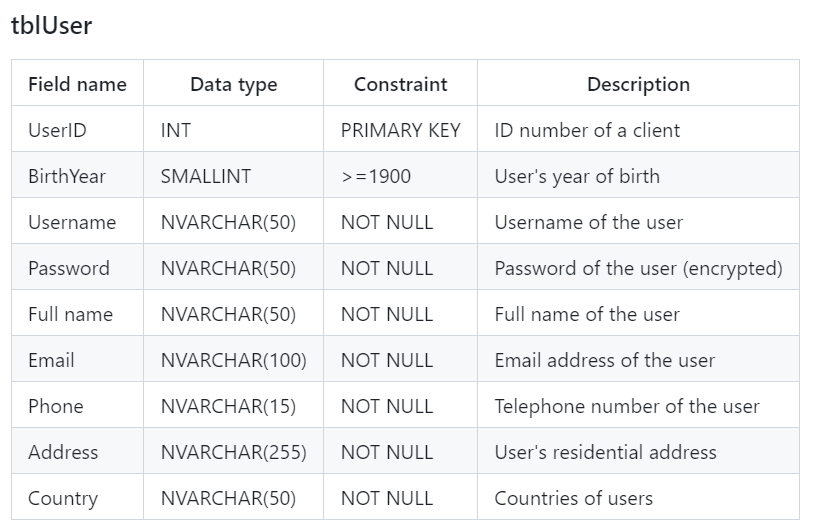
## table book Category mapping:



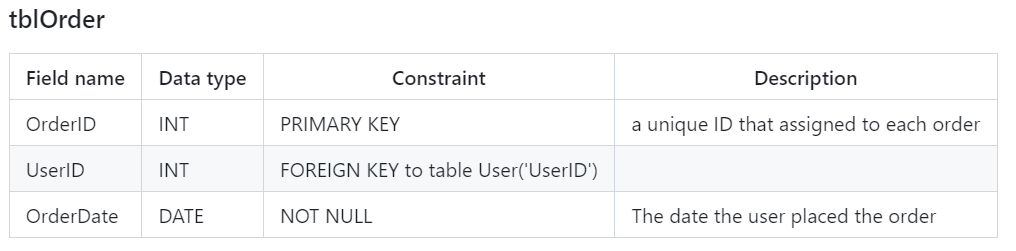
## table Category:



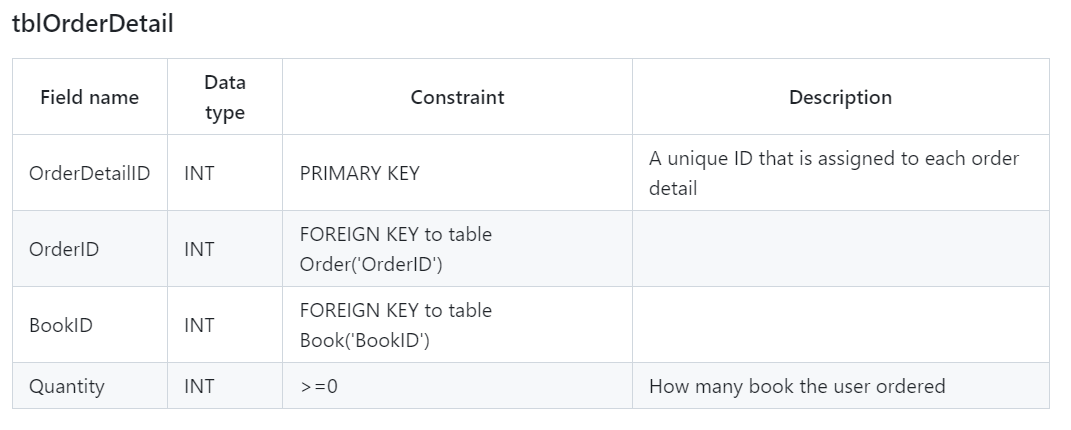
## table User:



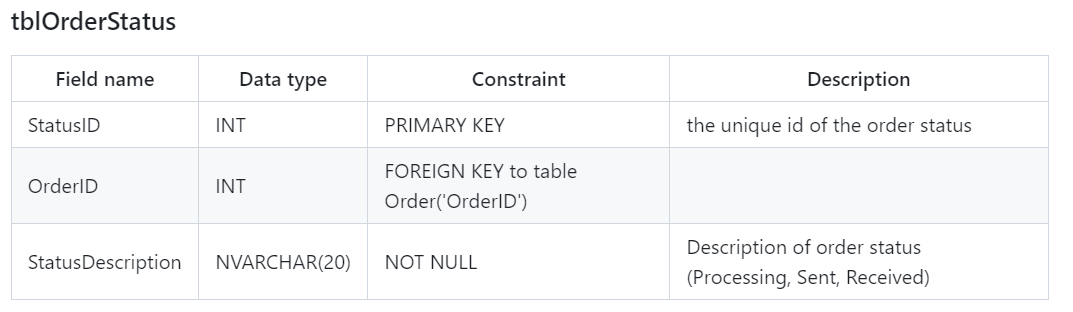
## table order:



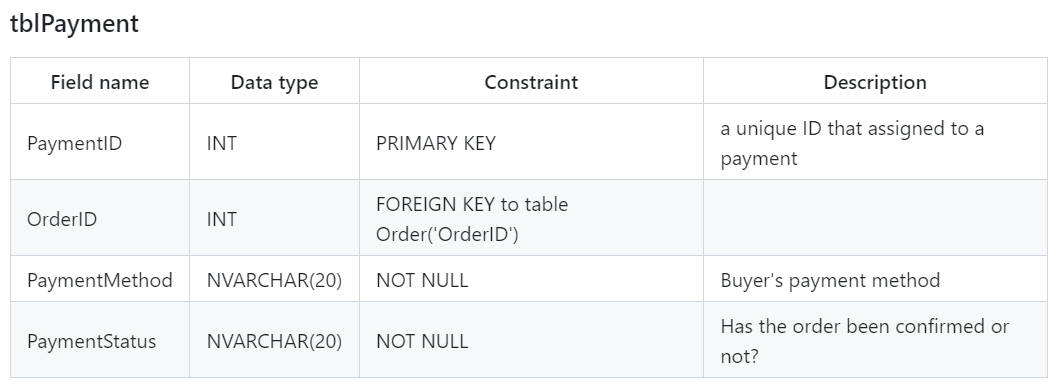
## table order Detail:



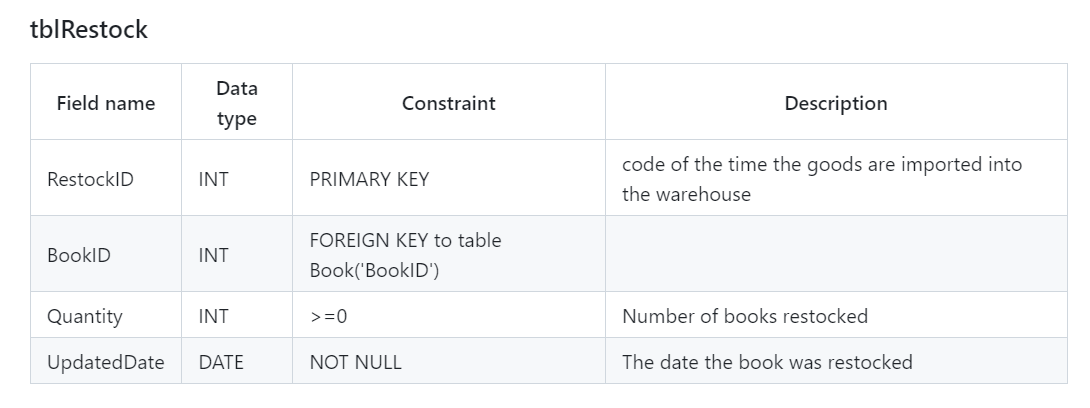
## table order Status:



## table Payment:



## table restock:



# Physical setup

## Create TABLE:

CREATE TABLE [tblBook] (

[BookID] INT PRIMARY KEY,

[Title] TEXT NOT NULL,

[Author] TEXT,

[Price] FLOAT NOT NULL CHECK (Price > 0),

[Quantity] INT NOT NULL CHECK (Quantity > 0)

);

CREATE TABLE [tblCategory] (

[CategoryID] INT PRIMARY KEY IDENTITY,

[Category] NVARCHAR(100) UNIQUE

);

CREATE TABLE [tblBookCategoryMapping] (

[CMappingID] INT PRIMARY KEY IDENTITY,

[BookID] INT ,

[CategoryID] INT,

FOREIGN KEY ([BookID]) REFERENCES [tblBook]([BookID]),

FOREIGN KEY ([CategoryID]) REFERENCES [tblCategory]([CategoryID])

);

CREATE TABLE [tblRestock] (

[RestockID] INT PRIMARY KEY IDENTITY,

[BookID] INT,

[Quantity] TINYINT NOT NULL CHECK (Quantity > 0),

[Updated] DATE NOT NULL,

FOREIGN KEY (BookID) REFERENCES [tblBook](BookID)

);

CREATE TABLE [tblUser] (

[UserID] INT PRIMARY KEY IDENTITY,

[FullName] NVARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,

[BirthYear] SMALLINT,

[Country] NVARCHAR(50),

[Username] NVARCHAR(50) UNIQUE,

[Gmail] VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL UNIQUE,

[Password] NVARCHAR(50) ,

[Phone] VARCHAR(15) NOT NULL UNIQUE,

[Address] NVARCHAR(100) NOT NULL

);

CREATE TABLE [tblOrder] (

[OrderID] INT PRIMARY KEY IDENTITY,

[OrderDate] DATETIME2(7)NOT NULL,

[UserID] INT,

FOREIGN KEY ([UserID]) REFERENCES [tblUser]([UserID])

);

CREATE TABLE [tblOrderDetail] (

[OrderdetailId] INT PRIMARY KEY IDENTITY,

[OrderID] INT,

[BookID] INT ,

[Quantity] TINYINT NOT NULL CHECK (Quantity > 0),

FOREIGN KEY ([OrderID]) REFERENCES [tblOrder]([OrderID]),

FOREIGN KEY ([BookID]) REFERENCES [tblBook](BookID)

);

CREATE TABLE [tblOrderStatus](

[StatusID] INT PRIMARY KEY IDENTITY,

[OrderID] INT ,

StatusDescription NVARCHAR(25) CHECK (StatusDescription IN ('Cancelled', 'Delivered', 'Processing')),

FOREIGN KEY ([OrderID]) REFERENCES [tblOrder]([OrderID])

);

CREATE TABLE [tblPayment] (

[PaymentID] INT PRIMARY KEY,

[OrderID] INT,

[PaymentMethod] nvarchar(20) ,

[PaymentStatus] NVARCHAR(20) CHECK (PaymentStatus IN ('Completed', 'Pending')) ,

FOREIGN KEY ([OrderID]) REFERENCES [tblOrder]([OrderID])

);

## 3. insert Data::

## 4. Create Trigger:

### Create Trigger update book quantity through restock

-- Create trigger update book quantity

CREATE TRIGGER trgUpdateBookQuantity

ON tblRestock

AFTER INSERT

AS

BEGIN

UPDATE b

SET b.Quantity = b.Quantity + i.Quantity

FROM tblBook b

INNER JOIN tblRestock r ON b.BookID = r.BookID;

END;

### Create Trigger update book quantity through Order Status

-- Create trigger update book quantity through order status

CREATE TRIGGER trgUpdateBookQuantityOrder

ON tblOrderStatus

AFTER UPDATE

AS

BEGIN

SET NOCOUNT ON;

IF UPDATE(StatusDescription)

BEGIN

UPDATE b

SET b.Quantity = b.Quantity - od.Quantity

FROM tblBook AS b

INNER JOIN tblOrderDetail od ON b.BookID = od.BookID

INNER JOIN inserted i ON i.OrderID = od.OrderID

INNER JOIN deleted d ON i.OrderID = d.OrderID

WHERE i.StatusDescription = 'Delivered' AND d.StatusDescription != 'Delivered';

END

END;

### Create Trigger update Status description through payment status

-- Create trigger update status description through payment status

CREATE TRIGGER trgUpdateOrderStatus

ON tblPayment

AFTER INSERT

AS

BEGIN

SET NOCOUNT ON;

UPDATE tblOrderStatus

SET StatusDescription = 'Processing'

WHERE OrderID = (SELECT i.OrderID FROM inserted i WHERE i.PaymentStatus = 'Completed');

END;

### Check if that book is still available

CREATE TRIGGER trg\_CheckBookQuantity

ON tblOrderDetail

FOR INSERT

AS

BEGIN

DECLARE @BookID INT, @Quantity INT, @StockQuantity INT

SELECT @BookID = inserted.BookID, @Quantity = inserted.Quantity

FROM inserted

SELECT @StockQuantity = Quantity

FROM tblBook

WHERE BookID = @BookID

IF @StockQuantity < @Quantity

BEGIN

RAISERROR('Insufficient stock for BookID %d. Cannot place order.', 16, 1, @BookID)

ROLLBACK TRANSACTION

END

END;

## 5. SQL Command:

### SALE report:

***Code:***

-- Crate view that show the monthly sales report

CREATE VIEW MONTHLY\_SALES\_REPORT

AS

SELECT MONTH(OrderDate) 'Month',SUM(od.Quantity\*b.Price) 'Amount'

FROM tblOrder o

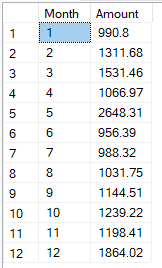
INNER JOIN tblOrderDetail od ON o.OrderID = od.OrderID

INNER JOIN tblBook b ON od.BookID = b.BookID

GROUP BY MONTH(OrderDate);

SELECT \* FROM MONTHLY\_SALES\_REPORT;

***Result:***



### Number of books sold and top selling book:

***Code:***

CREATE VIEW v\_soldBook AS(

SELECT b.BookID, CONVERT(VARCHAR(MAX), b.Title) AS bookTitle, SUM(od.Quantity) AS soldBook FROM tblOrderDetail od

INNER JOIN tblBook b ON od.BookID = b.BookID

INNER JOIN tblOrder o ON od.OrderID = o.OrderID

INNER JOIN tblOrderStatus os ON o.OrderID = os.OrderID

WHERE os.StatusDescription = 'Delivered'

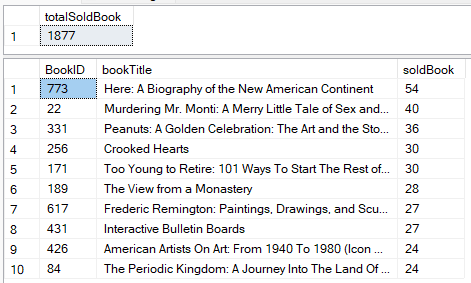
GROUP BY b.BookID, CONVERT(VARCHAR(MAX), b.Title))

SELECT SUM(soldBook) AS totalSoldBook FROM v\_soldBook

SELECT Top 10\* FROM v\_soldBook

ORDER BY soldBook DESC;

***Result:***

******

### number of buyer report and potential buyer:

***Code:***

CREATE VIEW Buyer AS

(SELECT u.UserID, u.FullName, SUM(od.Quantity) AS boughtBook FROM tblOrderDetail od

INNER JOIN tblOrder o ON od.OrderID = o.OrderID

INNER JOIN tblOrderStatus os ON o.OrderID = os.OrderID

INNER JOIN tblUser u ON o.UserID = u.UserID

WHERE os.StatusDescription = 'Delivered'

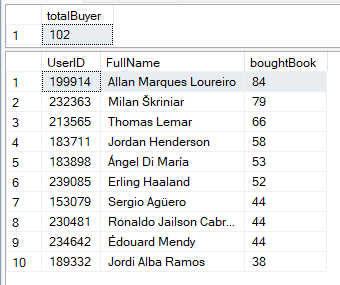
GROUP BY u.UserID, u.FullName);

SELECT COUNT(UserID) AS totalBuyer FROM Buyer

SELECT TOP 10\* FROM Buyer

ORDER BY boughtBook DESC

***Result:***



# summary:

Compared to physical bookstores, online bookstores offer numerous advantages. By centralizing all available books in one virtual space, online shopping eliminates the need to search through different sections or shelves, saving valuable time for customers. Additionally, online bookstores address the issue of book availability by bringing together offerings from various vendors, ensuring a wide selection for users. This project efficiently manages user records and facilitates various operations, reducing the burden on shop owners. It provides real-time insights into available book quantities, tracks purchases and sales, thus streamlining bookstore management processes.