Tegnekurs i TikZ

Veronika Heimsbakk veronika.heimsbakk@acando.no

Om meg

Veronika Heimsbakk, utvikler i Acando.

- Utstudert fra Institutt for informatikk våren 2015.
- ► Forkjærlighet for LATEX, TikZ, farger og fonter.
- ► Tidligere ansatt i Sonen ♡.

The Basics

```
Inkludere pakken:
\usepackage{tikz}
```

The Basics – tegne ei linje

```
► \draw (0,0) -- (4,0);
```

```
▶ \draw (0em,0em) -- (4em,0em);
```

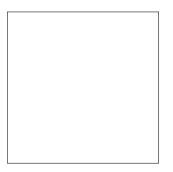
▶ \draw (0pt,0pt) -- (4pt,0pt);

The Basics – kvadrat



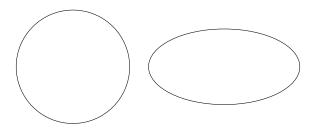
```
\frac{-1,0}{2} ... controls (-1,0) and (1,0) ... (2,2);
```

The Basics – kvadrat



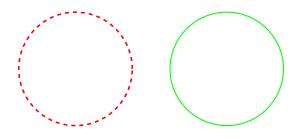
- ► \draw (0,0) -- (4,0) -- (4,4) -- (0,4) -- (0,0);
- ► \draw (0,0) rectangle (4,4);

The Basics – sirkel



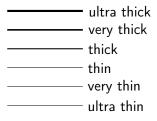
- ► \draw (0,0) circle (1.5cm);
- ► \draw (0,0) ellipse (2cm and 1cm);

The Basics – pynte litt



- ▶ \draw[red, very thick, dashed] (0,0) circle (1.5cm);
- \draw[green, thick] (0,0) circle (1.5cm);

The Basics – tykkelser



The Basics – farger



The Basics – fylle med farge



\fill[orange] (0,0) rectangle (2,2);

The Basics – fylle med farge og kant



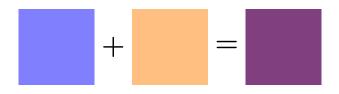
\filldraw[orange!50, draw=black, very thick] (0,0) rectangle (2,2);

The Basics – fylle med gradient



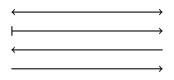
```
\shade[left color=orange, right color=yellow] (0,0) rectangle (2,2); \shade[top color=orange, bottom color=yellow] (3,0) rectangle (5,2); \shade[inner color=orange, outer color=yellow] (6,0) rectangle (8,2);
```

The Basics – blande farger



\fill[blue!50!orange] (0,0) rectangle (0,0);

Piler i TikZ

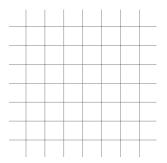


```
\draw[<->] (0,1.5) -- (4,1.5);
\draw[|->] (0,1) -- (4,1);
\draw[<-] (0,0.5) -- (4,0.5);
\draw[->] (0,0) -- (4,0);
```

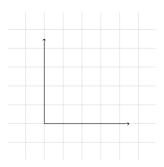
Plotte funksjoner



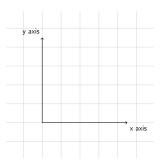
```
\begin{tikzpicture}
    \draw[<->] (0,3.5) -- (0,0) -- (5,0);
    \draw[red, thick, domain=0:1.2] plot (\x, {0.25+\x+\x*\x});
\end{tikzpicture}
```



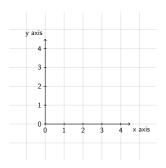
\draw[step=1cm,gray,very thin] (-1.9,-1.9) grid (5.9,5.9);



```
\draw[step=1cm,gray!30,very thin] (-1.9,-1.9) grid (5.9,5.9);
\draw[thick, ->] (0,0) -- (4.5,0);
\draw[thick, ->] (0,0) -- (0,4.5);
```

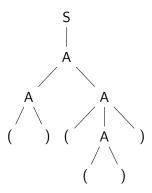


```
\draw[thick, ->] (0,0) -- (4.5,0) node[below right] {x axis}; \draw[thick, ->] (0,0) -- (0,4.5) node[above left] {y axis};
```



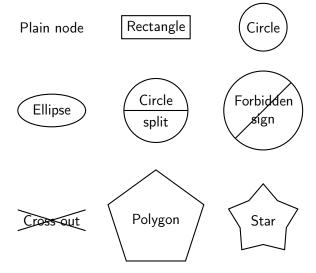
```
\foreach \x in {0,1,2,3,4}
\draw (\x, 2pt) -- (\x, -2pt) node[below] {$\x$};
\foreach \y in {0,1,2,3,4}
\draw (2pt, \y) -- (-2pt, \y) node[left] {$\y$};
```

Trær



Noder – fasonger

\usetikzlibrary{shapes}



Trær – bygge et tre

Rot-noden:

1

\node {1};
Bygger videre:

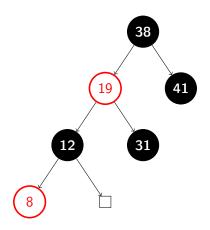


```
\node {1}
  child { node {2} }
  child { node {3}
      child { node {4} }
      child { node {5} }
  }
}
```

Trær

```
\begin{tikzpicture}[every node/.style={},
                    level 2/.style={sibling distance=20mm},
                    level 3/.style={sibling distance=10mm},
                    level distance=30pt]
\node {S}
    child { node{A}
        child { node {A}
            child { node {(} }
            child { node {)} }
        child { node {A}
            child { node {(} }
            child { node {A}
                child { node {(} }
                child { node {)} }
            child { node {)} }
\end{tikzpicture}
```

Rød-svarte trær



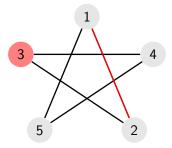
Trær

```
\tikzset{
  treenode/.style = {align=center},
  % Sorte noder
  node_black/.style = {treenode, circle, white,
                        font=\bfseries, draw=black,
                        fill=black, text width=0.8cm},
  % Røde noder
  node_red/.style = {treenode, circle, red, draw=red,
                      text width=0.8cm, very thick},
  % Null-pekere
  node_null/.style = {rectangle, draw=black,
                       minimum width=0.3cm,
                       minimum height=0.3cm}
```

Trær

```
\begin{tikzpicture}[->,level/.style={ sibling distance = 2cm,
                    level distance = 1.5cm }]
\node [node_black] {38}
    child {node [node red] {19}
        child {node [node_black] {12}
             child {node [node_red] {8} }
             child {node [node_null] {} }
        }
        child {node [node black] {31} }
    }
    child { node [node_black] {41} }
\end{tikzpicture}
```

Grafer



- ► Noder (vertex)
- ► Markerte noder (selected vertex)
- ► Kanter (edge)
- ► Markerte kanter (selected edge)

Grafer – noder

1 2

\node[circle,fill=black!10] (v1) at (0,0) {1};
\node[circle, fill=red!50] (v2) at (0.5,0) {2};

Grafer - noder med tikzstyle

```
\tikzstyle{vertex} = [circle,fill=black!10]
\tikzstyle{selected vertex} = [vertex, fill=red!50]
% Tegne nodene
\node[vertex] (v1) at (0,0) {1};
\node[selected vertex] (v2) at (0.5,0) {2};
```

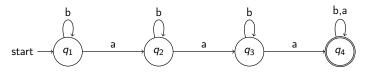
Grafer – kanter

```
\tikzstyle{edge} = [-, black, ultra thick]
\tikzstyle{selected edge} = [edge, red]
% Tegne nodene
\node[vertex] (v1) at (0,0) {1};
\node[vertex] (v3) at (1,0) {3};
% Tegne kantene
\draw[edge] (v1) -- (v2);
\draw[selected edge] (v2) -- (v3);
```

Grafer – kanter

```
\begin{tikzpicture}
 \tikzstyle{vertex} = [circle, fill=black!10]
 \tikzstyle{selected vertex} = [vertex, fill=red!50]
 \tikzstyle{edge} = [-, black, ultra thick]
 \tikzstyle{selected edge} = [edge, red]
 \node[vertex] (v1) at (1.25,1.7) {1};
 \node[vertex]
                      (v2) at (1.5,1.1) \{2\};
 \node[selected vertex] (v3) at (0.9,1.5) {3};
 \node[vertex]
                    (v4) at (1.6,1.5) \{4\};
                     (v5) at (1,1.1) {5};
 \node[vertex]
            (v1)--(v2)--(v3)--(v4)--(v5)--(v1):
 \draw[edge]
 \draw[selected edge] (v1)--(v2);
\end{tikzpicture}
```

Automater

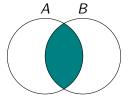


Må inkludere \usetikzlibrary{automata}.

Automater

```
\begin{tikzpicture}[->,auto,node distance=3cm,line width=0.2mm]
 \node[initial,state (A) {$q_1$};
 \node[state] (B) [right of=A] {q_2};
 \node[state] (C) [right of=B] {$q_3$};
 \node[state,accepting](D) [right of=C] {$q_4$};
  \path (A) edge [loop above] node {b}
                                         (A)
            edge node {a} (B)
        (B) edge [loop above] node {b}
                                         (B)
            edge node {a} (C)
        (C) edge [loop above] node {b}
                                         (C)
            edge node {a} (D)
        (D) edge [loop above] node {b,a} (D);
\end{tikzpicture}
```

Venn-diagram

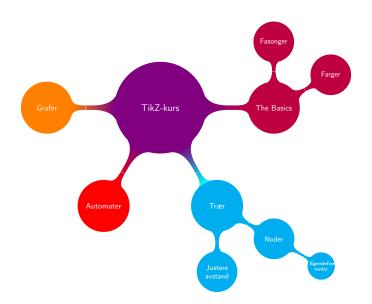


```
\begin{tikzpicture}[fill=teal]
\scope
\clip (1,0) circle (1);
\fill (0,0) circle (1);
\endscope
\scope
\clip (0,0) circle (1);
\fill (1,0) circle (1);
\endscope
draw (0,0) circle (1) (0,1) node [text=black,above] {$A$}
      (1,0) circle (1) (1,1) node [text=black,above] {$B$};
\end{tikzpicture}
```

https://www.bu.edu/math/files/2013/08/tikzpgfmanual.pdf, p. 116

Andre TikZ-biblioteker

mindmap



mindmap

```
\begin{tikzpicture}
\path[mindmap,concept color=violet,text=white]
   node[concept] {TikZ-kurs}
    [clockwise from=0]
   child[concept color=purple] {
   node[concept] {The Basics} [clockwise from=90]
        child { node[concept] {Fasonger} }
        child { node[concept] {Farger} }
   child[concept color=cyan] {
   node[concept] {Trær} [clockwise from=-20]
        child { node[concept] {Noder}
            child { node[concept] {Egendefinerte noder}}
        child { node[concept] {Justere avstand} }
   child[concept color=red] { node[concept] {Automater} }
   child[concept color=orange] { node[concept] {Grafer} };
\end{tikzpicture}
```

calendar

October 2018

```
1 2 3 4 5 6 7
8 9 10 11 12 13 14
15 16 17 18 19 20 21
22 23 24 25 26 27 28
29 30 31
```

```
\begin{tikzpicture}[every day/.style={anchor=mid}]
\calendar (mycalendar) [dates=2018-10-01 to 2018-10-31,week list,
  month label above centered,
  month text=\textcolor{teal}{\%mt} \%y-]
  if (Sunday) [red]
  if (equals=2018-10-23) {\draw[red,thick] (0,0) circle (7pt);};
\end{tikzpicture}
```

«In line» TikZ

Her er noe tekst med en «in line» TikZ-figur \bigcirc , og her er noe tekst etterpå.

```
... \tikz{\draw[fill=cyan] circle(0.2);} ...
```

Takk for meg!

Lære mer?

- ► TeXample.net
- ► TikZ and PGF manual