

SORU-3

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A. $2\pi\Delta f = 2\pi 30$ $f_m = 10 \text{ kHz}$

$f_c = 10^5$

$\Delta f = 30 \text{ Hz}$ $\Delta f' = 14,58 \text{ kHz}$

$n = \frac{\Delta f'}{\Delta f} = 486 = 2 \cdot 3^5$

$f_c' = 3 \cdot 10^3 \text{ kHz}$

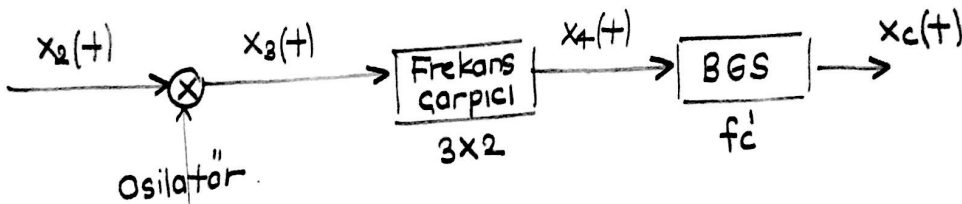
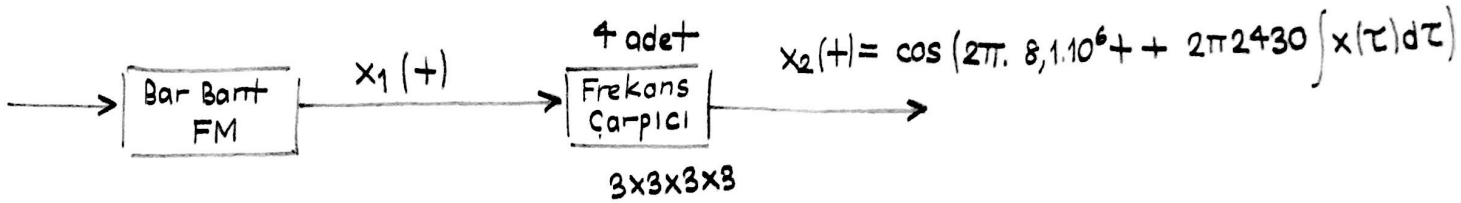
6 tane

$n < \frac{f_c - 2f_m}{2\Delta f} - \frac{1}{2}$

$n < 83$ olmalı

B. 4 adet 3 frekans çarpıcı kullanılırsa

$n = 81 < 83$



$\cos(n\omega_c - \omega_c')t$
=
 $\cos(2\pi 81 \cdot 10^5 t)$

$x_3(t) = \frac{1}{2} \cos(2\pi 81 \cdot 10^5 t + 2\pi 2430 \int x(\tau) d\tau)$
+ $\frac{1}{2} \cos(2\pi 2430 \int x(\tau) d\tau)$

$x_4(t) = \frac{1}{2} \cos(2\pi 6 \cdot 81 \cdot 10^5 t + 2\pi \cdot 2430 \cdot 6 \int x(\tau) d\tau)$
+ $\frac{1}{2} \cos(2\pi \cdot 2430 \cdot 6 \cdot \int x(\tau) d\tau)$

$x_c(t) = \frac{1}{2} \cos(2\pi \cdot 3 \cdot 10^6 t + 2\pi \cdot 14,58 \cdot 10^3 \int x(\tau) d\tau)$

C. $2(f_m n \Delta f') = 2(10^3 + 14,58 \cdot 10^3) = 31,16 \text{ kHz}$