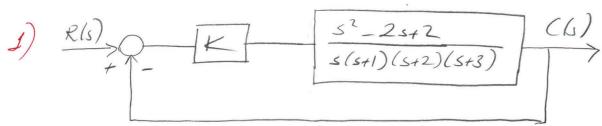
HANDAN NIAK





Estilde verilen kapalı Gevrim sistemde K'nn değizen pozitif değuleine bağlı olarak kök eğrisini Giziniz.

d G(s) H(s) = 0 yapan gersel dégelein s1 = -2,563

s2 = -1,422 ve s3 = -0,238 oldige hesaplanuztir.

Bu sistem K'nn horgi dégelei (gin korolidir) Routh-Huwitz analizi yapank inceleginit.

$$G(s)+I(s) = K (s^2-2s+2)$$

 $S(s+1)(s+2)(s+3)$

n=4 $m=2 \rightarrow 2$ kol

Kutupla, 0, -1, -2, -3

Sificle: 177

Asimplet solul: n-m=2

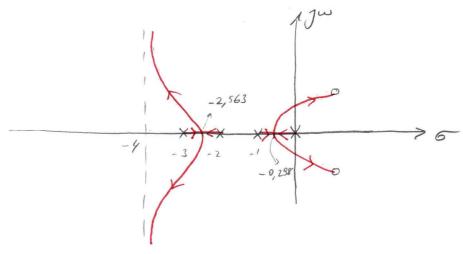
Asimpht ociles: 21+1.180 = 90°, 270°

Asimptotlen Kesisim noklasi: $\sigma = \frac{-1-2-3-(1+1)}{n-m} = -4$

|+| 'ye giriz a4151 30+0-(45+26,56+16,43+14,03)=180(21+1) $0=134,02^{\circ}$ Sorol etser tesue notteler

Pols) = 54+653+ (11+K) 52+ (6-2K) 5+2K s=jw ign pols) = 0 yopon guel w degeler K50 ign przitif bik egrisinin soul ekseir kestipi nokłabeler.

 $P_{c}(J^{\omega}) = \omega^{4} - 6J\omega^{3} - (11_{4}K)\omega^{2} + (6_{-2}K)J\omega + 2K = 0$ =) K = 2, 93 , $\omega = 0.56$ 0.56J 'de soud ekset keriye.



Routh - Herwitz

Pols) = 54 + 653 + (11+K) 52 + (6-2K) 5+2K

$$5^{4}$$
 | 1 | 11+K 2K
 5^{3} | 6 | 6-2K
 5^{1} | 10+4K 2K
 5^{1} | $-4K^{1}$ $-36K+30$
 $15+2K$
 5° | 2K

 $2K>0 \rightarrow K>0$ $10+\frac{4}{3}K>0 \rightarrow K>-7.5$ $-4K^{2}-36K+30>0 \rightarrow -11,03<K<2,038$

02K < 2,038 /

2) Azegida bbk diyagramı vetlen birim getibeslemeli kopalı sevirim sutemin köklerinin yer eğrisini siziniz.

Sönüm oral $3 = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$ olmesi ikin K dégerini kötlerin yer

egris teknigini kullerook hesapleymiz

$$(26)$$
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)
 (26)

$$\frac{C(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{(K+\frac{3}{5})(\frac{1}{s-6})}{1+(K+\frac{3}{5})(\frac{1}{s-6})} = \frac{Ks+3}{s(s-6)+Ks+3}$$

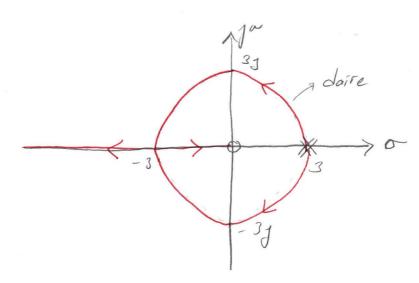
$$Pc(s) = s^2 - 6s + 3 + xs = 0$$

$$1 + x = 0$$

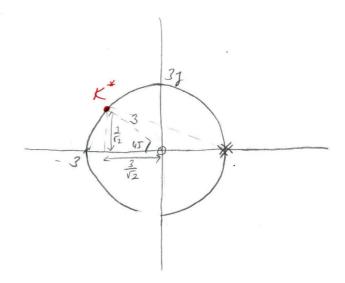
$$1 + x = 0$$

Kutuple: +3, +3

Sificlar, O



$$9 = \frac{52}{2} = 000 \Rightarrow 0 = 45^{\circ}$$



$$\mathcal{L}^* = \frac{\left(\frac{3}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{3}{\sqrt{2}} + 3\right)^2}{3} = \frac{30,72}{3} = 10,24$$

3) Azagida blok diyagranı gösteilen birim ga beslemeli sistembe $G(s) = \frac{s+6}{(s+2)(s+3)(s+5)}$ ve baskın kutup sönüm oranı 3-0.707 elerek veriliyer = 26 bend = 1600 uyle na

9=0,707 olerch veiliger. 7%2 band isin geleene Zonomini 0,86 so gopon PD kontroloriinii teserleginiz.

$$\frac{C(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{(s+6)(Kp+Kds)}{(s+2)(s+3)(s+5)+(s+6)(Kp+Kds)}$$

Pc(s) = 53+(10+Kd)=2+(Kp+6Kd+31)s+30+6Kp

 $T_s = \frac{4}{\xi un} = 0.86 \text{ VL } s = 0.707 = 0.57$

Pd(s) = 52+23wns+wn2 = 52+9,35+43,16

Pols) = Pals) (Sta) olmali

Pa(s) (sta) = 53 + (9,3+a) 52 + (43,16+9,3a) 5+43,16a

iki polinomen kotsogile, ezitlevese

$$3,3+a=10+Kd$$

$$Kp+6Kd+31=43,16+3,30$$

$$30+6Kp=43,16a$$

$$Xd=4,78$$