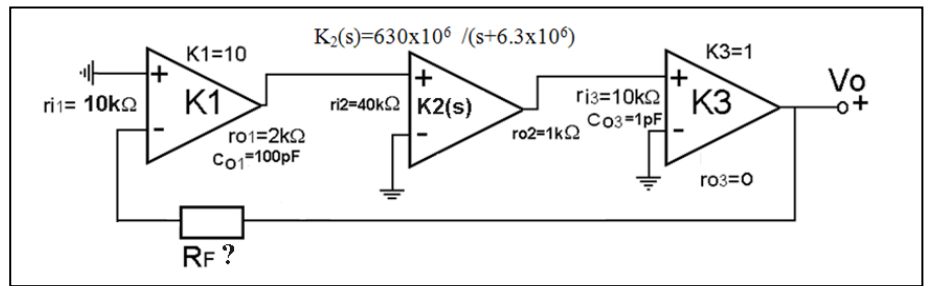


For the circuit, find the possible Sinusoidal oscillation frequency. Then, find the necessary  $R_f$  value which provides the oscillation.



$$\beta = \frac{r_{i1}}{R_f + r_{i1}}$$

$$A = -K_1 \cdot \frac{z_1}{r_{o1} + z_1} \cdot K_2(s) \cdot \frac{z_{i3}}{r_{o2} + z_{i3}} \cdot K_3$$

$$z_1 = \frac{r_{i2}}{sC_{01}r_{i2} + 1} \rightarrow \frac{z_1}{r_{o1} + z_1} = \frac{1}{1,05} \cdot \frac{5,25 \cdot 10^6}{s + 5,25 \cdot 10^6}$$

$$z_{i3} = \frac{r_{i3}}{sC_{03}r_{i3} + 1} \rightarrow \frac{z_{i3}}{r_{o2} + z_{i3}} = \frac{1}{1,1} \cdot \frac{1,1 \cdot 10^9}{s + 1,1 \cdot 10^9}$$

$$A = -866 \cdot \frac{5,25 \cdot 10^6}{s + 5,25 \cdot 10^6} \cdot \frac{6,3 \cdot 10^6}{s + 6,3 \cdot 10^6} \cdot \frac{1,1 \cdot 10^9}{s + 1,1 \cdot 10^9}$$

$$A|_{s=j\omega} \Rightarrow \text{denominator} = (j\omega + 5,25 \cdot 10^6)(j\omega + 6,3 \cdot 10^6) \cdot (j\omega + 1,1 \cdot 10^9)$$

$$\approx 36 \cdot 10^{21} - \omega^2(5,25 \cdot 10^6 + 6,3 \cdot 10^6 + 1,1 \cdot 10^9) - j\omega(33 \cdot 10^{12} - 12,7 \cdot 10^{15})$$

If this is zero, loop phase is zero.

$$\omega^2 - 33 \cdot 10^{12} - 12,7 \cdot 10^{15} = 0 \rightarrow \omega \approx 113 \text{ MHz}$$

Loop phase is zero at this frequency

$$\beta A(s\omega)|_{\omega=113 \text{ MHz}} = \frac{r_{i1}}{R_f + r_{i1}} \cdot \frac{-21,5 \cdot 10^{24}}{36 \cdot 10^{21} - 1,4 \cdot 10^{25}} = 1$$

ignorance

$$\frac{r_{i1}}{R_f + r_{i1}} = \frac{14}{21,5} \rightarrow R_f \approx 12,2 \text{ k}\Omega$$

If this  $R_f$  value is used, the circuit oscillates at 113MHz.