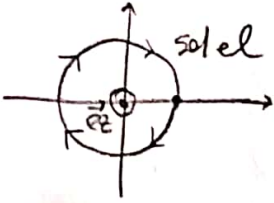


ÖDEV 3

1-) Aşağıdaki frekans w + z yönü
Genlik E E1 el polarize

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a) $\vec{n} = \vec{e}_z$



$$\vec{E}(z,t) = E_0 \cos(kz - \omega t) \vec{e}_x - E_0 \sin(kz - \omega t) \vec{e}_y$$

$$\vec{E}(z) = E_0 e^{j k z} \vec{a}_x + E_0 J e^{j k z} \vec{a}_y$$

$$b) \vec{H}(z,t) = \frac{1}{z} \vec{r} \times \vec{E} = \frac{1}{z} \vec{e}_z \times [E_0 \cos(kz - \omega t) \vec{e}_x - E_0 \sin(kz - \omega t) \vec{e}_y]$$

$$H(z,t) = \frac{E_0}{z} [\cos(kz - \omega t) \vec{e}_y + \sin(kz - \omega t) \vec{e}_z]$$

$$H(z) = \frac{E_0}{z} [e^{j\frac{kz}{2}} \hat{a}_y - j e^{j\frac{kz}{2}} \hat{a}_y]$$

$$c) \quad P(z, t) = \vec{E}(z, t) \times \vec{H}(z, t) = E_0 [\cos(kz - \omega t) \hat{e}_x - \sin(kz - \omega t) \hat{e}_y] \times \frac{E_0}{Z} [\cos(kz - \omega t) \hat{e}_y + \sin(kz - \omega t) \hat{e}_x]$$

$$P(z,t) = \frac{\epsilon_0^2}{2} [\cos^2(kz - \omega t) (\vec{e}_x \times \vec{e}_y) - \sin^2(kz - \omega t) (\vec{e}_y \times \vec{e}_x)]$$

$$P(\mathbf{a}_i | \mathbf{H}) = \frac{\sigma_i^2}{\sigma_i^2 + \sigma_z^2} \cdot \frac{\sigma_z^2}{\sigma_i^2 + \sigma_z^2} \cdot \frac{\sigma_i^2}{\sigma_i^2 + \sigma_z^2}$$

2-) Kuyul otam iain; $L^2 = 4\pi^2 \cdot 10^6 \cdot \frac{40}{\pi \cdot 4} \cdot 10^{-6} \cdot 25 \cdot 10^9 \cdot 4\pi \cdot 10^9$

$$\bar{V} = 10^{-2}$$

$$\epsilon = 3\epsilon_0 = \frac{1}{4\pi} \times 10^{-9} =$$

$$\omega = 2\pi f = 2\pi 10^8$$

$$\mu = \nu_0 = 4\pi 10^{-7}$$

$$L^2 = 4\pi^2 \cdot 10^{16} \cdot \frac{4\pi}{144} \cdot 10^{-6} \cdot 527 \cdot 10^9 \cdot 4\pi \cdot 10^{-9}$$

$k^2 = 13,16 + j 7,9$
 $k = 3,78 + j 1,05$

} internetten karmakle sayılarda
 yopabileceğin bir hesap makinesi yardımıyla
 yaftam.

$$k = 3.78 + j1.05$$

$$|E(x)| = e^{-\alpha x} |E_0| = e^{-405x} \cdot 10, \quad E(0) = 10, \quad E(2) = 0.12 \cdot 10$$

Ginz u. Fikup

$$k^2 = v^2 \mu \epsilon + J \omega^2 \sqrt{\epsilon}$$

$$P_s(x) = A, \text{ for } t = 1, 2, \dots, \frac{1}{2} \text{ Re} \left\{ \frac{|E|^2}{z} \right\}$$

$$\operatorname{Re} \left\{ \frac{1}{z_2} \right\} = \frac{1}{2\omega\mu} = \frac{3,78}{4\pi \cdot 10^8 \cdot 4\pi 10^{-7}} \approx 3,84 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$P_{S(\omega)} = P_{S(\omega)} = 2.39 \times 10^{-3} \cdot (|E|^2(\omega) - |E|^2(\omega)) = 0.7 \text{ W} \rightarrow \text{Gut ue } |E|^2(\omega) = 0$$

$$P_v = \frac{1}{2} \sigma A \int_{-h}^h E \hat{e}^2 dx$$

$$P_v = \frac{1}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |E(x)|^2 dx = 1,5 \cdot \frac{e^{-2x^2}}{-2 \cdot 1} \Big|_0^{\infty} = 1,5 (-7,14 \cdot 10^{-3} + 0,474) \approx 0,7 \text{ W} \quad \text{Effiz. sagt auch}$$

$$3) k^2 = \omega^2 \mu_0 (\epsilon_0 + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\epsilon_0}{\omega^2}) = \omega^2 \mu_0 (1.5 + \frac{1}{2})$$

$$a) k^2 = 4\omega^2 \mu_0 \epsilon_0 \Rightarrow k = \frac{2\omega}{c}$$

$$\vec{H}(z) = (\vec{e}_x - 2\vec{e}_y) \cdot e^{-j2z} \quad k=2 \text{ ise } \frac{\omega=c}{\omega=3 \times 10^8}$$

$$z = \frac{\omega \mu_0}{k} = \frac{3 \times 10^8 \cdot 4\pi \cdot 10^{-7}}{2} \approx 188.5$$

$$\vec{n} = -\vec{e}_z \text{ için}$$

$$\vec{E}(z) = -z \cdot (\vec{e}_z) \times \vec{H}(z) = 188.5 \cdot e^{-j2z} \vec{e}_z (\vec{e}_x - 2\vec{e}_y)$$

$$\vec{E}(z) = 60\pi e^{-j2z} (\vec{e}_y + 2\vec{e}_x)$$

$$\vec{E}(z) = 60\pi [2\vec{e}_x \sin(2z + 3 \times 10^8 t) + \vec{e}_y \sin(2z + 3 \times 10^8 t)] \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \text{e-ölçü zaman} \\ \text{hızlılığında} \end{array} \right\}$$

$$b) k=2 \text{ için } \rightarrow \beta=2; \text{ kayışık ortam}$$

$$\lambda = \frac{2\pi}{k} = \pi \quad v = \frac{\omega}{k} = \frac{3 \times 10^8}{2} = 1.5 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}$$

$$4) \mu = \mu_0, \epsilon = \epsilon_0, \sigma = 0, k^2 = \omega^2 4\epsilon_0 \mu_0$$

$$\vec{H}(z,t) = 3 \times 10^{-3} \cos(kz - \omega t) \vec{e}_x + 4 \times 10^{-3} \sin(kz - \omega t) \vec{e}_y$$

$$k = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda} \quad z = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\mu_0}{\epsilon_0}} = \frac{120\pi}{2} = 60\pi$$

$$P_{\text{ort}} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{|\vec{E}|^2}{\epsilon} = \frac{1}{2} z |\vec{H}|^2 \quad H = \sqrt{(3 \times 10^{-3})^2 + (4 \times 10^{-3})^2} = 5 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$P_s = P_{\text{ort}} \cdot A_{\text{ol}} = \frac{5\pi^2}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot 60\pi (5 \times 10^{-3})^2 \approx 0.185 \text{ W} = 185 \text{ mW}$$

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