ELEXTRONIX II UYGULAMA-2

SORUA WED=2L VO TO VO TO VO TO VO TO VO TO VO

Vonad objectionally finder alup,

Vt = 0,6V, Mn (0 x = 100 MA/V)

P x O olorally almobilin.

Transistoria daynah balgede

queliabiliness sain, Vos = 1,6V

ve I 10 = 2,5m A oloras i'am

W = 2.

b) 130 durantes Musfet'in Vos gerilmini hesoplayiniz.

Musfet'in daymah qubitiqui posterniz.

Musfet'in daymah qubitiqui posterniz.

Devienin Vo/ne: perilim kaizoneini hesoplayiniz.

d) Devrenin Prix direnani (1) hesoplayiniz.

GÖZÜM DC incelere Von=SV $R_0=2L$ Volume Vol

.f[7

(2)
$$I_{D}=2, S_{M}A \Rightarrow I_{D}=2, S_{M}A$$
 $V_{GS}=1,6V$
Transition daymore bidgede galeman durum day
$$I_{D}=\frac{1}{2} M_{D}(0 \times W (V_{GS}-V_{E})^{2})$$

$$2, S_{M}A=\frac{1}{2} 100 MA/V^{2} (W_{L}) (V_{GS}-V_{E})^{2}$$

$$2, S_{M}A=\frac{1}{2} 100 MA/V^{2} (W_{L})=\frac{5_{M}A}{1} = \frac{50}{100 MA}$$

$$5_{M}A=100 MA/V^{2} (W_{L})=\frac{5_{M}A}{1} = \frac{50}{100 MA}$$

$$5) V_{GS}=1,6V = V_{G}-V_{S} \Rightarrow V_{S}=-1,6V$$

$$0$$

$$10=V_{D}\Rightarrow 5_{V}-V_{D}=\frac{2_{V}\cdot 2, S_{M}A}{5_{V}}\Rightarrow V_{D}=0$$

$$5_{V}-V_{D}=\frac{2_{V}\cdot 2, S_{M}A}{5_{V}}\Rightarrow V_{D}=0$$

VDS= OV- (-1,6V) = 1,6 V VDS> VOS-VE=) transister daymeth regimeded. 4,6V> 1,6V-96V oldupindan transister daynets rejimdedir.

Dovrenn AC ezdeferi Yandali pibidir: Vo= -9m Roves 3 = 9m Roves = 9m Ro Vi= -Ves 9m = $\sqrt{2} \mu_1(0) = \sqrt{2.100} \mu_1/2.50.2,5mA$ on = 5.13 A/V = 5mA/V 10 = 5mA/V - 2k = 10 d) $r = \frac{v_1}{J} = \frac{-V_{0S}}{-g_{m}V_{0S}} = \frac{1}{g_{m}} = \frac{1}{s_{m}A/V} = \frac{2000C}{s_{m}A/V}$ Solideli PNP tronsister iam B=200, Is=1015A slorant ventretteds. VT= 25mV alhabeter a) Ic= 0,5 mA show ign P, Inin défer ne shabar.? b) vi=0 iken transitoren V cë gerbanni hesplogania - - VEE = -10V

c) Davenin Volvi perilam kazanens hesoplogeniz. d) Devien pris diversion (ti) helpfapinis. (Transitionin Gibri direncinin Ellisi ihmad edilecellin.) $|V_{3E}| = V_{7} \int_{1.15^{15}}^{1.15^{15}} = 673 \text{ mV}$ GÖZÜM. VBE=-673mV =) VEB= 673mV VE= VEB+ Rh IB = 9673V+ 1016. 0,5mA VE = 0,698V VCC = (Pa+Pa) IF + VE

 $V_{CC} = (P_{2}+P_{3})J_{E}+VE$ $I_{E} = V_{CC}-VE = \frac{5}{5} = (0.698) \pm 0.5\text{mA} \left[J_{E} \approx J_{C} \right]$ $P_{2}+P_{3}$ $P_{3}+P_{3}$ $P_{3}+P_{3}$ $P_{3}+P_{3}$ $P_{3}+P_{3}+P_{3}$ $P_{2}+P_{3$

b) VE=VECT 10LIC = 10V 0,698 = VECT 10L 0,5mA = 10V 0,698 = VECT 5V - 10V VEC = 5,698 =) VCE = 5,698V