Yours Erre ERYILLMZ OLO180704 M.E.

P1)

$$\frac{V:0}{2k\Omega} = \frac{0 - Vout}{12k\Omega} \rightarrow Vout = -6.(-1) = 6V$$
 $Vout = -6.(-1) = 6V$

Vout =
$$-6 \cdot (-4) = 24$$
 > Vec -> S-turntian

Ph)
$$V_{out} = -6.3V = -18V < -V_{EE} \rightarrow Seturation$$

$$V_{out} = -10V$$

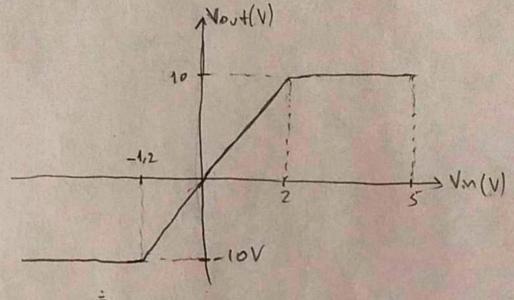
$$3V = M$$
 $V_0 = 10V$
 $V_0 = 3 - 2.0.93 = 1,14V$
 $V_0 = 3 - 2.0.93 = 1,14V$

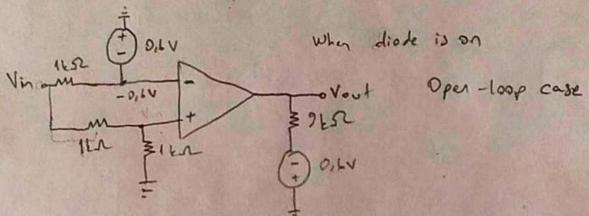
P5)
$$V_P = V_N = \frac{V_m}{2}$$

$$\frac{V_m - \frac{V_m}{2}}{1K} = \frac{V_{out} - V_m V_z}{9K} \rightarrow \frac{9V_m}{2} = V_{out} - \frac{V_m}{2}$$

$$V_{out} = 5V_m \quad (When diale is m cut-off)$$

Vin <-0,6V -> Vin <-1.2V





 $V_{P} = V_{N} = -0.6V \longrightarrow V_{out} = A \cdot \left(\frac{V_{in}}{2} + 0.6V\right)$ $V_{out} = -V_{EE}, \text{ if } V_{in} \leq -1.2V$