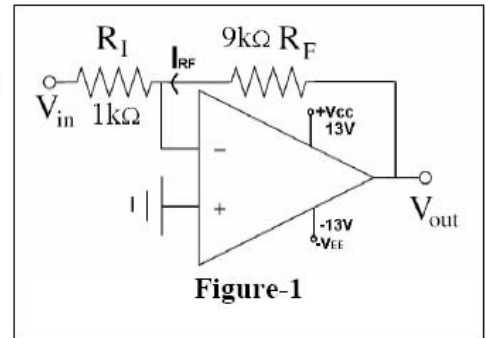


EE232-INTRODUCTION TO ELECTRONICS
EXERCISE-2.3

P-1 The opamp in Figure-1 is fed from DC sources $V_{CC}=13V$ and $-V_{EE}=-13V$.

- Find the gain (V_o/V_{in}) of the circuit given in Figure-5. (5Points)
- For $V_{in}=1V$ find the current flowing through R_F . (5Points)
- Find the output voltage V_o for $V_{in}=2V$. (5Points)
- Find the current flowing through R_1 for $V_{in}=2V$. (5Points)



A-5a) $\frac{V_o}{V_{in}} = -\frac{R_F}{R_1} = -9$ (remember inverting amplifier)

b) If $V_{in}=1V$, $V_o=-9V$.

From the negative feedback configuration of the circuit the inputs of the opamp is approximately equal to each other. Thus,

$$V_- = V_+ = 0V$$

and

$$V_{RF} = -9V \Rightarrow I_{RF} = V_{RF}/R_F = -1mA$$

c) The opamp output voltage is $-12V$, since $-9 \times 2V = -18V$ exceeds the supply voltage $-V_{EE} = -12V$. (remember saturation).

d) In that case, $V_{R1} + V_{RF} = V_{in} - V_o = 2V - (-12V) = 14V = I \times (R_1 + R_F) = I \times 10k \Rightarrow I = I_{R1} = -I_{RF} = 1.4mA$