Predicting Student Performance in High School Math

This program uses machine learning regression and classification algorithms to predict the final math scores of students from two Portuguese schools, based on various demographic and social factors. Using multiple linear regression and decision tree classification, outputs include the identification of important features, results of linearity testing, and model accuracy in predicting on new data.

Data Source: University of California, Irvine (UCI) Machine Learning Repository.

Please view the README for more details.

By: Melanie Grudinschi

In [1]:

```
#Import the necessary packages
         import pandas as pd
         import numpy as np
         import seaborn as sns
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         import math
         import xgboost as xgb
         import statsmodels.api as sm
         from scipy import stats
         from sklearn.linear model import LinearRegression
         from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
         from sklearn.metrics import r2 score
         from sklearn import datasets
         from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor
         from sklearn.metrics import mean absolute error
         from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error
         from sklearn import linear model
         from itertools import combinations
         from sklearn.svm import SVC
         from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
         from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
         from sklearn.decomposition import PCA
         from sklearn.metrics import classification report
         from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
In [2]:
         # Read in the student mathematics grades csv files as a data frame
         math = pd.read csv('student-mat.csv')
In [3]:
         # Display the first five rows of the student grades data frame
         print(math.head())
         # Display the column names in the student grades data frame
         print(math.columns)
          school sex age address famsize Pstatus Medu Fedu
                                                                             Fjob ... \
                                                                   Mjob
```

```
0
     GP
            18
                         GT3
                                           4 at home
                                                      teacher ...
                    U
                                 Α
1
     GP
            17
                         GT3
                                 Τ
                                      1
                                           1 at home
         F
                    U
                                                        other
2
         F
                                 Τ
     GP
            15
                         LE3
                                      1
                                           1
                                              at home
                                                        other
                    U
                                           2
3
     GP
         F
            15
                    U
                         GT3
                                 Τ
                                      4
                                              health
                                                     services
     GP
                    U
                         GT3
                                 Т
                                      3
                                           3
                                               other
                                                        other ...
            16
                goout Dalc Walc health absences
 famrel freetime
                                             G1
                                                G2 G3
             3
                        1
                             1
                                                    6
      5
             3
                             1
                                   3
                                              5
                                                    6
1
                   3
                        1
                                          4
                                                 5
2
      4
             3
                   2
                                              7
                        2
                             3
                                   3
                                          10
                                                8
                                                   10
             2
3
      3
                   2
                        1
                             1
                                   5
                                          2
                                             15
                                                    15
                                                14
4
      4
             3
                   2
                        1
                             2
                                   5
                                              6
                                                10
[5 rows x 33 columns]
dtype='object')
```

In [4]:

```
# Display a summary of the data
math.info()
```

Data contains 33 columns including both categorical and numerical data. All columns c # Observe that the data types are not consistent for all variables (object and integer)

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 395 entries, 0 to 394
Data columns (total 33 columns):

•			D4
Column	Non-	-Null Count	Dtype
	205	non null	
			object
			object int64
			object
			object
			object
			int64
			int64
			object
•			object
			object
-			object
			int64
			int64
			int64
•			object
			object
•			object
			object
			object
-			object
internet	395		object
romantic	395		object
famrel	395		int64
freetime	395	non-null	int64
goout	395	non-null	int64
Dalc	395	non-null	int64
Walc	395	non-null	int64
health	395	non-null	int64
absences	395	non-null	int64
G1	395	non-null	int64
G2	395	non-null	int64
	Column school sex age address famsize Pstatus Medu Fedu Mjob Fjob reason guardian traveltime studytime failures schoolsup famsup paid activities nursery higher internet romantic famrel freetime goout Dalc Walc health absences G1	Column Non- school 395 sex 395 age 395 address 395 famsize 395 Pstatus 395 Medu 395 Fedu 395 Fiob 395 reason 395 guardian 395 traveltime 395 traveltime 395 schoolsup 395 failures 395 schoolsup 395 activities 395 nursery 395 nursery 395 internet 395 romantic 395 famrel 395 famrel 395 freetime 395 freetime 395 goout 395 Dalc 395 Walc 395 health 395 absences 395 G1 395	Column Non-Null Count school 395 non-null age 395 non-null age 395 non-null address 395 non-null famsize 395 non-null Pstatus 395 non-null Medu 395 non-null Fedu 395 non-null Fedu 395 non-null Figob 395 non-null reason 395 non-null reason 395 non-null reason 395 non-null straveltime 395 non-null failures 395 non-null failures 395 non-null schoolsup 395 non-null famsup 395 non-null activities 395 non-null nursery 395 non-null nursery 395 non-null romantic 395 non-null romantic 395 non-null famrel 395 non-null freetime 395 non-null freetime 395 non-null freetime 395 non-null dalc 395 non-null health 395 non-null absences 395 non-null absences 395 non-null

32 G3 395 non-null int64 dtypes: int64(16), object(17)

memory usage: 102.0+ KB

Map Catgorical Variables to Numeric Values

```
In [5]:
         # Obtain names of the columns containing objects (categorical data)
         cat names=math.dtypes[math.dtypes=='object'].index
         # Create a new dataframe named "cat df" containing all of the categorical data of the m
         cat df=math[cat names]
         # Display the first five rows of the new "cat_df" data frame
         print(cat df.head())
          school sex address famsize Pstatus
                                                 Mjob
                                                           Fjob reason guardian \
                                          A at home
              GP
                          U
                                 GT3
                                                       teacher course
                                                                          mother
              GΡ
                  F
                                          T at_home
        1
                          U
                                 GT3
                                                          other course
                                                                          father
                 F
        2
              GP
                          U
                                 LE3
                                          T at_home
                                                          other
                                                                 other
                                                                          mother
                                                                          mother
        3
              GP
                          U
                                 GT3
                                                                  home
                                          Τ
                                             health services
              GΡ
                           U
                                 GT3
                                                other
                                                          other
                                                                   home
                                                                         father
          schoolsup famsup paid activities nursery higher internet romantic
                        no
                            no
                                        no
                                               yes
                                                      ves
        1
                 no
                       yes
                            no
                                        no
                                               no
                                                      yes
                                                               yes
                                                                         no
        2
                yes
                                               yes
                       no yes
                                       no
                                                      yes
                                                              yes
                                                                        no
        3
                 no
                       yes yes
                                       yes
                                               yes
                                                      yes
                                                              yes
                                                                        yes
                       yes yes
                                               yes
                                                      yes
In [6]:
         # Initialize an empty list for the names of columns which contain binary categorical da
         binary_list=[]
         # Initialize a second empty list for the names of columns which contain non-binary cate
         non binary list=[]
         # Loop through all the columns in the "cat df" data frame and if the column contains on
         # add the name of that column to the binary list. Else, add the column name to the non
         for i in cat df.columns:
             if (len(cat_df[i].unique())>2):
                 non_binary_list.append(i)
             else:
                 binary list.append(i)
In [7]:
         # Map symmetric binary categorical variables to numeric values
         # Initialize an empty data frame named "new num df" which will store the newly mapped
         # numerical data from the original "cat df" categorical data
         new num df = pd.DataFrame()
         print(new num df)
        Empty DataFrame
        Columns: []
        Index: []
In [8]:
         # Loop through the columns in the binary column names list
         for i in range(0, len(binary list)):
```

```
# Obtain the 2 unqiue values cooresponding which each column
     Unique_Values = cat_df[binary_list[i]].unique()
     # If parent's cohabitation status is T (living together) then assign a 1 to imply s
     if binary list[i] == 'Pstatus':
         if Unique Values[0] == 'T':
             new_num_df[binary_list[i]] = cat_df[binary_list[i]].replace([Unique_Values[
         else:
             new_num_df[binary_list[i]] = cat_df[binary_list[i]].replace([Unique_Values[
     # For all other columns, if it is a yes/no, assign 1 to yes to imply significance
     elif Unique Values[0] == 'yes':
         new_num_df[binary_list[i]] = cat_df[binary_list[i]].replace([Unique_Values[0]],
     # Assign 0 value to "no" observations
     elif Unique Values[0] == 'no':
         new_num_df[binary_list[i]] = cat_df[binary_list[i]].replace([Unique_Values[0]],
     # If the observed value is not yes/no, assign 0 and 1 at random (first unique value
     else:
         new_num_df[binary_list[i]] = cat_df[binary_list[i]].replace([Unique_Values[0]],
# Display the "new_num_df" to ensure all of the binary categorical data has been mapped
print(new_num_df)
                                                         famsup
     school sex address famsize Pstatus schoolsup
                                                                 paid
                                                                       \
0
                        1
                                          0
          1
               1
                                 1
                                                      1
                                                              0
                                                                    0
1
          1
               1
                        1
                                 1
                                          1
                                                      0
                                                              1
                                                                    0
2
          1
               1
                        1
                                 0
                                          1
                                                      1
                                                              0
                                                                    1
3
          1
               1
                        1
                                 1
                                          1
                                                      0
                                                              1
                                                                    1
4
          1
               1
                        1
                                 1
                                          1
                                                      0
                                                              1
                                                                    1
                      ...
                                . . .
        . . .
                                         . . .
390
          0
               0
                        1
                                 0
                                          0
                                                      0
                                                              1
                                                                    1
391
          0
               0
                                 0
                                          1
                                                      0
                                                              0
                                                                    0
                        1
392
          0
                                                              0
               0
                        0
                                 1
                                          1
                                                      0
                                                                    0
393
          0
               0
                        0
                                 0
                                           1
                                                      0
                                                              0
                                                                    0
394
                        1
                                                                    0
     activities nursery higher internet romantic
0
                       1
                               1
1
              0
                       0
                               1
                                          1
                                                    0
              0
                                                    0
2
                       1
                               1
                                          1
3
              1
                       1
                               1
                                          1
                                                    1
4
              0
                       1
                               1
                                          0
                                                    0
            . . .
390
             0
                                                    0
                       1
                               1
                                         0
391
              0
                       0
                               1
                                         1
                                                    0
392
              0
                       0
                               1
                                          0
                                                    0
393
              0
                       0
                               1
                                          1
                                                    0
394
                       1
                               1
                                          1
                                                    0
```

```
# Map multiclass categorical variables to numeric values
# Loop through the columns in the non-binary column names list
for i in range(0, len(non_binary_list)):
```

[395 rows x 13 columns]

```
# Obtain multiple ungiue values cooresponding which each column
              Unique Values = cat df[non binary list[i]].unique()
              # Assign numeric values from 0 - 4 randomly based on the total number of unique val
              if len(Unique Values) == 3:
                  new_num_df[non_binary_list[i]] = cat_df[non_binary_list[i]].replace([Unique_Val
              elif len(Unique Values) == 4:
                  new_num_df[non_binary_list[i]] = cat_df[non_binary_list[i]].replace([Unique_Val
              elif len(Unique Values) == 5:
                  new_num_df[non_binary_list[i]] = cat_df[non_binary_list[i]].replace([Unique_Val
In [10]:
          #There is a function that can be used to transform categorical data into integers.
          #from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
          #LabelEncoder() and fit_transform()
          # These functions were not used in this program because of the specific mapping that wa
In [11]:
          # Create a data frame that contains all of the numeric data from the original "math" da
          num_names=math.dtypes[math.dtypes=='int64'].index
          org_num_df=math[num_names]
          # Display the first five rows of the new "org num df" data frame
          print(org num df.head())
                 Medu Fedu traveltime studytime failures famrel
                                                                       freetime
                                                                                 goout
            age
         0
             18
                    4
                                                                    4
                                                                                      4
                                       2
                                                  2
                                                            0
                                                                               3
                                                                               3
         1
                                                  2
                                                                    5
             17
                    1
                           1
                                       1
                                                            0
                                                                                      3
                                                                                      2
         2
                                                  2
                                                                               3
             15
                    1
                           1
                                       1
                                                            3
                                                                    4
                                                                               2
         3
             15
                    4
                           2
                                       1
                                                  3
                                                            0
                                                                    3
                                                                                      2
                                                  2
                                                                                      2
         4
             16
                    3
                           3
                                       1
                                                            0
                                                                               3
                  Walc health absences
                                                  G3
            Dalc
                                           G1
                                               G2
         0
                                           5
               1
                     1
                              3
                                        6
                                                6
                                                    6
         1
                              3
                                        4
                                            5
                                                5
               1
                                                    6
                     1
                                           7
         2
               2
                              3
                                       10
                                                8
                                                   10
                     3
         3
               1
                     1
                              5
                                        2
                                           15
                                               14
                                                   15
         4
                      2
                              5
               1
                                            6
                                               10
                                                   10
In [12]:
          # Combine the original numeric data with the newly mapped numerical data into a datafra
          # containing all of the columns from the raw imported dataset
          combined_table =pd.concat((org_num_df,new_num_df), axis=1)
          # Display the first five rows of the new "combined table" data frame
          print(combined table.head())
          # Display the data types of all the columns to ensure all are now integers
          print(combined_table.dtypes)
                 Medu Fedu traveltime studytime failures famrel
                                                                       freetime
            age
                                                                                 goout
                    4
                                       2
                                                  2
                                                            0
                                                                    4
                                                                              3
                                                                                     4
             18
                          4
                    1
                                       1
                                                  2
                                                            0
                                                                    5
                                                                               3
                                                                                      3
         1
             17
                          1
                                                  2
                                                                               3
                                                                                      2
             15
                    1
                          1
                                       1
                                                            3
                                                                    4
         3
                    4
                           2
                                                  3
                                                                    3
                                                                               2
                                                                                      2
             15
                                       1
                                                            0
         4
                    3
                           3
                                       1
                                                  2
                                                            0
                                                                    4
                                                                               3
                                                                                      2
             16
```

```
Dalc
               paid activities nursery higher
                                                     internet romantic
                                                                           Mjob
0
                                                                        0
      1
                  0
                               0
                                         1
                                                  1
                                                             0
                                                                              0
         . . .
1
                               0
                                                                        0
                                                                              0
      1
         . . .
                  0
                                         0
                                                  1
                                                             1
2
      2
                  1
                               0
                                         1
                                                  1
                                                             1
                                                                        0
                                                                              0
         . . .
3
      1
                  1
                               1
                                         1
                                                  1
                                                             1
                                                                        1
                                                                              1
         . . .
4
                               0
                                         1
                                                  1
      1
                  1
                                                             0
                                                                        0
                                                                              2
   Fjob
         reason guardian
0
      0
               0
1
               0
                          1
      1
2
      1
               1
                          0
3
      2
               2
                          0
4
      1
               2
                          1
[5 rows x 33 columns]
               int64
age
               int64
Medu
Fedu
               int64
traveltime
               int64
studytime
               int64
failures
               int64
famrel
               int64
freetime
               int64
               int64
goout
Dalc
               int64
Walc
               int64
health
               int64
               int64
absences
G1
               int64
G2
               int64
G3
               int64
school
               int64
               int64
sex
address
               int64
famsize
               int64
Pstatus
               int64
schoolsup
               int64
famsup
               int64
paid
               int64
               int64
activities
nursery
               int64
higher
               int64
internet
               int64
romantic
               int64
Mjob
               int64
Fjob
               int64
               int64
reason
               int64
guardian
dtype: object
```

Apply Multiple Linear Regression ML Model

```
# Randomly split the data into 20% testing and 80% training
train, test = train_test_split(combined_table, test_size = 0.2, random_state = 2022)

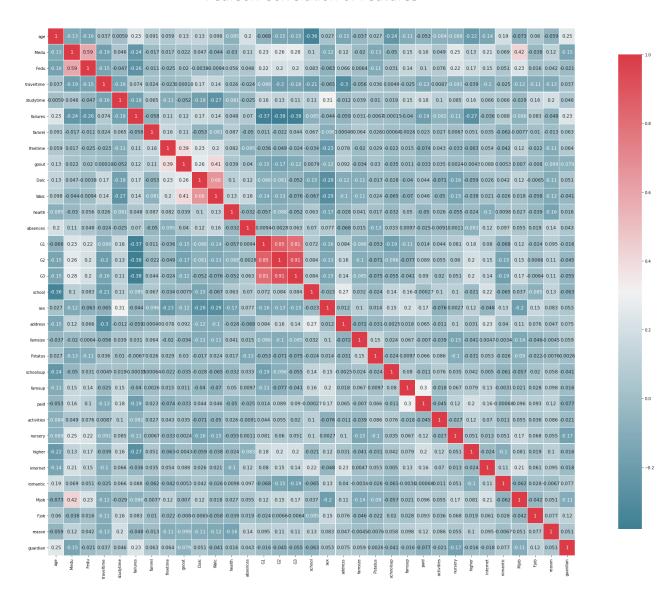
# Display the dimensions of the training and testing data
print('Size of the train dataset is', train.shape)
print('Size of the test dataset is', test.shape)

# Split training data into x (independent variables) and y (dependent variable)

# Assign all of the columns except G3 (final mathematics grade from 0-20) to be x
```

```
x_train = train.loc[:, train.columns != 'G3']
          # Assign G3 (final mathematics grade from 0-20) to be y
          y_train = train['G3']
          x_test = test.loc[:, test.columns != 'G3']
          y_test = test['G3']
         Size of the train dataset is (316, 33)
         Size of the test dataset is (79, 33)
In [14]:
          #Plot pairwise scatter plot to analyze initial trends and highly coorelated variables
          # This command takes a long time to execute. If you have the computing power,
          # please uncomment the next line to see the pairplot.
          #sns.pairplot(train)
In [15]:
          # Define a function for creating a correlation heatmap
          def create_correlation_heatmap(data):
              _ , ax = plt.subplots(figsize =(40, 25))
              colormap = sns.diverging_palette(220, 10, as_cmap = True)
              sns.heatmap(
                  data.corr(),
                  cmap = colormap,
                  square=True,
                  cbar_kws={'shrink':.9 },
                  ax=ax,
                  annot=True,
                  linewidths=0.1,vmax=1.0, linecolor='white',
                  annot kws={'fontsize':12 }
              )
              plt.title('Pearson Correlation of Features', y=1.05, size=35)
          # Plot the heatmap using the entire training dataset to analyze feature coorelation
          create_correlation_heatmap(train)
          # Observe a few instances of highly coorelated variables (coorelation >.5 or >-.5)
```

Pearson Correlation of Features



Mitigate Highly Coorelated Independent Variables

```
In [16]:
# It is important to have mitigate or remove highly coorelated variables from a linear
# highly coorelated variables indicate high model variance and can lead to an unreliabl

# G1 (first period grade) and G2 (second period grade) have a high positive coorelation
# Walc (weekend alcohol consumption) and Dalc (workday alcohol consumption) have a high
# Medu (mother's education) and Fedu (father's education) have a high positive coorelat

# To remove the negative impacts of high coorelation, a weighted average of each of the
# calculated and counted for as a new variable.
# G1 and G2 were combined into "Avg_G1&G2".

# Walc and Dalc were combined into "Avg_Alc".

# Medu and Fedu were combined into "Avg_Par_Edu".

# Create separate data frames containing the data for each highly coorelated variable
G1_df = combined_table['G1']
G2_df = combined_table['G2']
```

```
Walc df = combined table['Walc']
Dalc df = combined table['Dalc']
Medu df = combined table['Medu']
Fedu_df = combined_table['Fedu']
# Initialize empty lists for each new weighted average value to be added to
Avg G12 = []
Avg_Alc = []
Avg_Par_Edu = []
# Loop through all the rows in the combined data set
for i in range(0, len(G1_df)):
    # Calculated the weighted average for each of the three highly coorelated sets sepa
    Avg G Value = int((G1 df[i] + G2 df[i]) / 2)
    Avg_Alc_Value = int(((5*Dalc_df[i]) + (2*Walc_df[i])) / 7)
    Avg_Par_Edu_Value = int((Medu_df[i] + Fedu_df[i]) / 2)
    # Append the new average value to the respective weighted average list
    Avg G12.append(Avg G Value)
    Avg_Alc.append(Avg_Alc_Value)
    Avg Par Edu.append(Avg Par Edu Value)
# Add each list of newly averaged values to the respective empty data frame
Avg_G_Table = pd.DataFrame(Avg_G12)
Avg Alc Table = pd.DataFrame(Avg Alc)
Avg Par Edu Table = pd.DataFrame(Avg Par Edu)
# Rename the column of average values to the appropriate name for each separate data fr
Avg_G_Table.rename(columns = {0: 'Avg_G1&G2'}, inplace = True)
Avg Alc Table.rename(columns = {0: 'Avg Alc'}, inplace = True)
Avg_Par_Edu_Table.rename(columns = {0: 'Avg_Par_Edu'}, inplace = True)
# Combine the originial "combined table" data frame used for the first linear regressio
# with the new data frames containing the weighted averages.
Averages df =pd.concat((Avg G Table, Avg Alc Table, Avg Par Edu Table, combined table),
# Display the data types of each column of the new data frame containing the average va
# previously high coorelated variables to ensure they are all integers.
print(Averages df.dtypes)
```

Avg_G1&G2	int64
Avg_Alc	int64
Avg_Par_Edu	int64
age	int64
Medu	int64
Fedu	int64
traveltime	int64
studytime	int64
failures	int64
famrel	int64
freetime	int64
goout	int64
Dalc	int64
Walc	int64
health	int64
absences	int64
G1	int64
G2	int64

G3	int64
school	int64
sex	int64
address	int64
famsize	int64
Pstatus	int64
schoolsup	int64
famsup	int64
paid	int64
activities	int64
nursery	int64
higher	int64
internet	int64
romantic	int64
Mjob	int64
Fjob	int64
reason	int64
guardian	int64
dtype: object	

In [17]:

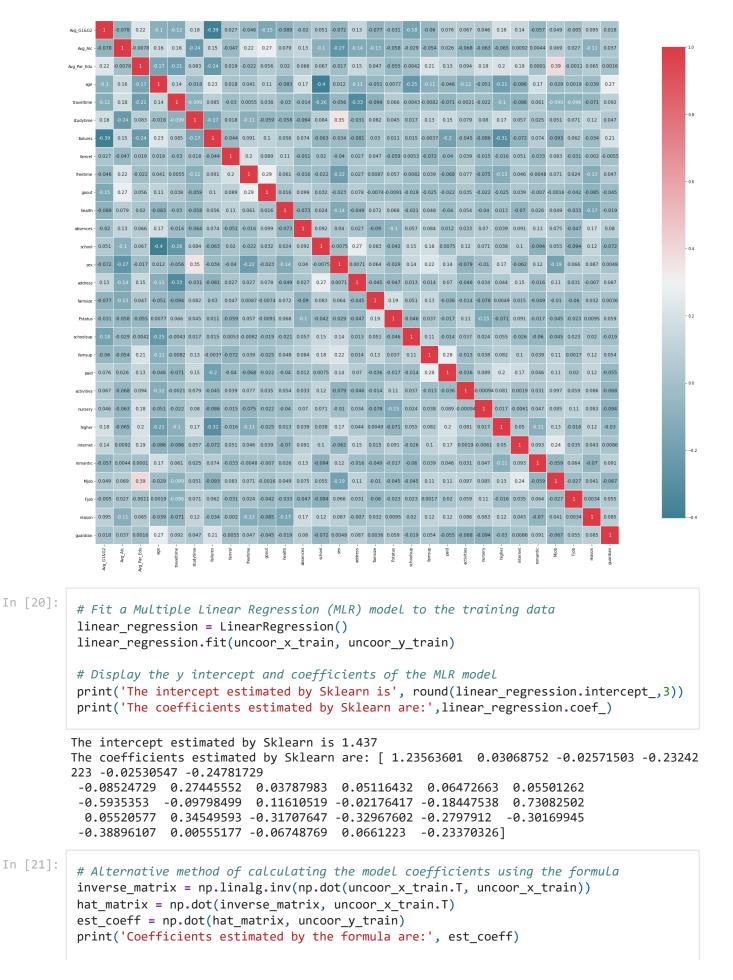
Create a new data frame called "Uncoorelated_df" containing only low coorelated varia # removing the highly coorelated variables from the data frame and keeping the averaged Uncoorelated_df = Averages_df.drop(['G2', 'G1', 'Fedu', 'Medu', 'Walc', 'Dalc'], axis=1 print(Uncoorelated_df)

				1					٠.	,	
0	Avg_G1&G2 5	Avg_Alc 1	Avg_F	ar_Edu ∠		travelti	ne study 2	time 2	tai	lures 0	\
1	5	1		1			1	2		0	
2	7	2		1			1	2		3	
3	14	1		3			1	3		0	
4	8	1		3			1	2		0	
		-			• • • •		_	-			
390	9	4		2			1	2		2	
391	15	3		2			2	1		0	
392	9	3		1			1	1		3	
393	11	3		2			3	1		0	
394	8	3		1			1	1		0	
	famrel fr	reetime g	oout	p	oaid a	ctivities	nursery	hig	her	\	
9	4	3	4		0	0	1	_	1	•	
1	5	3	3		0	0	0		1		
2	4	3	2		1	0	1		1		
3	3	2	2		1	1	1		1		
4	4	3	2		1	0	1		1		
390	5	5	4		1	0	1		1		
391	2	4	5		0	0	0		1		
392	5	5	3		0	0	0		1		
393	4	4	1	• • •	0	0	0		1		
394	3	2	3	• • •	0	0	1		1		
	internet	romantic	Mjob	Fjob	reaso	on guardia	an				
0	0	0	0	0		0	0				
1	1	0	0	1		0	1				
2	1	0	0	1		1	0				
3	1	1	1	2		2	0				
4	0	0	2	1		2	1				
 390			3	2	• •	0	2				
391	1	0	3	2		0	0				
391	0	0	2	1		0	2				
393	1	0	3	1		0	0				
394	1	0	2	4		0	1				

```
In [18]:
          # Perform a random split on the new uncoorelated dataset into 20% testing and 80% train
          uncoor_train, uncoor_test = train_test_split(Uncoorelated_df, test_size = 0.2, random_s
          # Display the dimensions of the new training and new testing data
          print('Size of the train dataset is ', uncoor_train.shape)
          print('Size of the test dataset is ', uncoor_test.shape)
          \# Split training data into x (independent variables) and y (dependent variable)
          # Assign all of the columns except G3 (final mathematics grade from 0-20) to be the new
          uncoor_x_train = uncoor_train.loc[:, uncoor_train.columns != 'G3']
          # Assign G3 (final mathematics grade from 0-20) to be y
          uncoor_y_train = uncoor_train['G3']
          uncoor_x_test = uncoor_test.loc[:, uncoor_test.columns != 'G3']
          uncoor y test = uncoor test['G3']
         Size of the train dataset is (316, 30)
         Size of the test dataset is (79, 30)
In [19]:
          # Plot the new heatmap using the entire uncoorelated training dataset to analyze featur
          create_correlation_heatmap(uncoor_x_train)
```

Observe that there are no instances of extremly positive or negative coorelation

Pearson Correlation of Features



In [22]:

Covariance Type:

```
Coefficients estimated by the formula are: [ 1.23987952e+00 3.08355865e-02 -1.20445645e
-02 -1.76024328e-01
 2.42206348e-04 -2.49367300e-01 -7.67945158e-02 2.84753953e-01
 4.87940688e-02 4.80013977e-02 7.36685699e-02 5.33974715e-02
 -4.88694869e-01 -9.14223008e-02 1.34767115e-01 -1.60982175e-02
 -1.39264391e-01 7.74892439e-01 5.39200508e-02 3.44336574e-01
 -3.18175775e-01 -3.15749372e-01 -1.68666193e-01 -2.83910625e-01
 -3.94183815e-01 1.47245747e-03 -5.67397129e-02 6.92190640e-02
 -2.63802418e-01]
#Check the significance of parameters by applying ordinary least squares (OLS) regressi
lr = sm.OLS(uncoor y train, uncoor x train)
lr = lr.fit()
# Display the summary to check for model linearity and significant features
print(lr.summary())
# Observe an R^2 value of .969 and adjusted R^2 value of .966 (adjusting for non-signif
# Since R^2 is very close to 1, this indicates that the data fits one of the linearity
# Since the data is linear, the MLR model should predict new data with a fairly high ac
# Variables with a low p-value <.05 (on a 95% confidence interval) are classified as si
# Observing the output table, the significant variables include Avg G1&G2(.000), age(.0
# famrel(.046), absences(.002), schoolsup(.033).
# The least significant variables from observing the table are Avg Par Edu (p = .931),
# famsize (p = .954), and Mjob (p = .99).
                                OLS Regression Results
```

G3	R-squared (uncentered):	0.969
OLS	Adj. R-squared (uncentered):	0.966
Least Squares	F-statistic:	308.9
Sun, 13 Nov 2022	<pre>Prob (F-statistic):</pre>	2.83e-198
10:52:38	Log-Likelihood:	-667.55
316	AIC:	1393.
287	BIC:	1502.
29		
	OLS Least Squares Sun, 13 Nov 2022 10:52:38 316 287	OLS Adj. R-squared (uncentered): Least Squares F-statistic: Sun, 13 Nov 2022 Prob (F-statistic): 10:52:38 Log-Likelihood: 316 AIC: 287 BIC:

	coef	std err	t	P> t	[0.025	0.975]
Avg_G1&G2	1.2399	0.041	30.169	0.000	1.159	1.321
Avg_Alc	0.0308	0.156	0.198	0.843	-0.276	0.338
Avg_Par_Edu	-0.0120	0.139	-0.087	0.931	-0.285	0.261
age	-0.1760	0.063	-2.801	0.005	-0.300	-0.052
traveltime	0.0002	0.189	0.001	0.999	-0.372	0.372
studytime	-0.2494	0.163	-1.530	0.127	-0.570	0.071
failures	-0.0768	0.191	-0.403	0.687	-0.452	0.298

nonrobust

traveltime	0.0002	0.189	0.001	0.999	-0.372	0.372
studytime	-0.2494	0.163	-1.530	0.127	-0.570	0.071
failures	-0.0768	0.191	-0.403	0.687	-0.452	0.298
famrel	0.2848	0.142	2.006	0.046	0.005	0.564
freetime	0.0488	0.135	0.363	0.717	-0.216	0.314
goout	0.0480	0.121	0.398	0.691	-0.190	0.286
health	0.0737	0.087	0.843	0.400	-0.098	0.246
absences	0.0534	0.017	3.096	0.002	0.019	0.087
school	-0.4887	0.398	-1.226	0.221	-1.273	0.296
sex	-0.0914	0.294	-0.311	0.756	-0.669	0.487
address	0.1348	0.327	0.412	0.681	-0.509	0.779
famsize	-0.0161	0.279	-0.058	0.954	-0.565	0.533
Pstatus	-0.1393	0.453	-0.308	0.759	-1.031	0.752

```
0.062
schoolsup
           0.7749
                      0.362
                              2.140
                                       0.033
                                                          1.488
                              0.189
           0.0539
                     0.285
                                       0.850
                                                -0.507
                                                          0.614
famsup
paid
           0.3443
                     0.265
                              1.301
                                       0.194
                                                -0.176
                                                          0.865
activities
           -0.3182
                     0.252
                                       0.208
                                                -0.815
                                                          0.179
                             -1.261
nursery
           -0.3157
                     0.311
                                       0.310
                                                -0.927
                                                          0.296
                             -1.017
higher
           -0.1687
                     0.561
                             -0.301
                                       0.764
                                                -1.272
                                                         0.935
internet
                                                          0.412
           -0.2839
                    0.353
                             -0.803
                                      0.423
                                               -0.980
romantic
           -0.3942
                    0.270
                             -1.462
                                       0.145
                                               -0.925
                                                          0.137
Mjob
           0.0015
                     0.115
                             0.013
                                      0.990
                                               -0.224
                                                          0.227
Fjob
           -0.0567
                     0.139
                             -0.409
                                      0.683
                                               -0.330
                                                          0.216
reason
            0.0692
                     0.104
                              0.667
                                       0.505
                                                -0.135
                                                          0.273
                             -1.286
guardian
           -0.2638
                     0.205
                                       0.200
                                               -0.668
                                                         0.140
______
                        80.037
                              Durbin-Watson:
Omnibus:
                                                         2.018
Prob(Omnibus):
                         0.000
                               Jarque-Bera (JB):
                                                       176.692
Skew:
                        -1.260
                               Prob(JB):
                                                       4.28e-39
Kurtosis:
                         5.659
                               Cond. No.
                                                          109.
______
```

Notes:

- $\[1\]$ R² is computed without centering (uncentered) since the model does not contain a constant.
- [2] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.

```
# Predict new instances of student's grades in math (y) using the x testing data and a
y_predict = linear_regression.predict(uncoor_x_test)
```

Create a quantile-quantile plot to assess the second linearity assumption stats.probplot(uncoor_y_train - linear_regression.predict(uncoor_x_train), dist="norm",

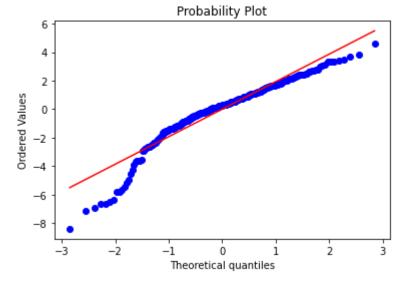
Observe that the data falls closely to the red line (with some variability on the low # indicating the normality assumption for linear regression is met.

```
Out[24]: ((array([-2.84925316, -2.55442126, -2.38761145, -2.26880689, -2.1753769,
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```

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                                                       1.68312733,
                                         1.73118483,
1.6909654 ,
             1.72482334,
                           1.72556088,
                                                       1.77683788,
1.78211572,
             1.78576969,
                           1.78758491,
                                         1.87415694,
                                                       1.89333724,
1.91351229,
             1.97594881,
                           1.98211662,
                                         1.99595419,
                                                       1.99784044,
2.00775082,
             2.07609201,
                           2.10852965,
                                         2.12127229,
                                                       2.15546581,
2.15741787,
             2.18490536,
                           2.1971933 ,
                                         2.25464524,
                                                       2.30571796,
2.36245128,
             2.36873802,
                           2.39197773,
                                         2.39837707,
                                                       2.4351894 ,
2.444398
             2.44724986,
                           2.46990483,
                                         2.51144683,
                                                       2.61918679,
                           2.68206778,
2.64422278,
             2.67869941,
                                         2.75579506,
                                                       2.78931524,
2.97904252,
             3.02967617,
                           3.15781296,
                                         3.30505189,
                                                       3.33631515,
             3.39495559,
                           3.46439533,
                                         3.69581804,
                                                       3.82582572,
3.35557779,
4.58650051])),
```

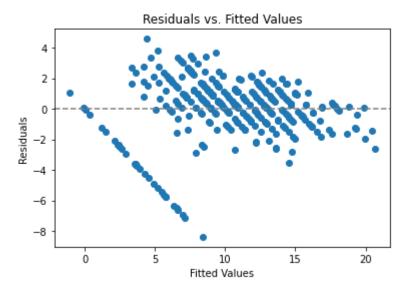
(1.9286785744441515, 2.6661895529923025e-16, 0.9571648292369872))

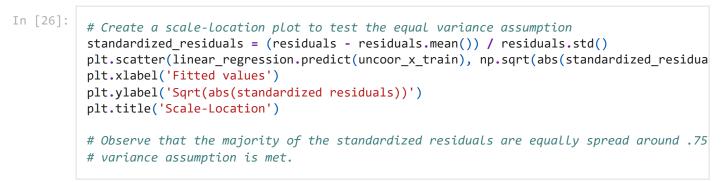


```
In [25]:
          # Plot the residuals vs fitted values to analyze the linear model assumption
          residuals = uncoor_y_train - linear_regression.predict(uncoor_x_train)
          plt.scatter(linear regression.predict(uncoor x train), residuals)
          plt.xlabel('Fitted Values')
          plt.ylabel('Residuals')
          plt.title('Residuals vs. Fitted Values')
          plt.axhline(y = 0, color = 'grey', ls = '--')
```

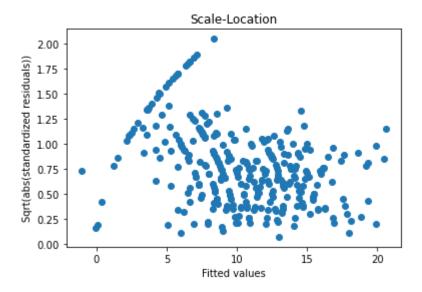
Observe that the residuals are mostly spread along the horizontal line and no distinc # linear model assumption is met.

Out[25]: <matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x15a20fe8700>





Out[26]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Scale-Location')



```
compare = compare.drop(['index'], axis = 1)

# Round the predicted values to the nearest thousandth
compare['Predicted Value'] = round(compare['Predicted Value'], 3)

# Display the first 5 rows of the comparison data frame
compare.head()

# Observe that the predicted values are similar to the true values. MSE calculated lat
```

```
        Out[27]:
        True Value
        Predicted Value

        0
        12
        13.085

        1
        9
        9.351

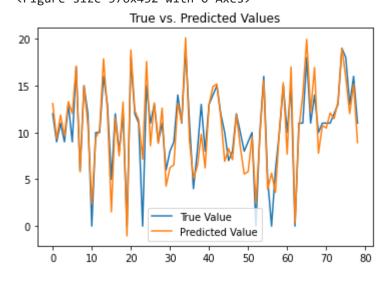
        2
        11
        11.851

        3
        9
        9.650

        4
        13
        13.298
```

```
In [28]: # Plot the true vs predicted values to visualize differences
    plt.figure(figsize=(8,6))
    compare.plot()
    plt.title('True vs. Predicted Values')
```

Out[28]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'True vs. Predicted Values')
<Figure size 576x432 with 0 Axes>

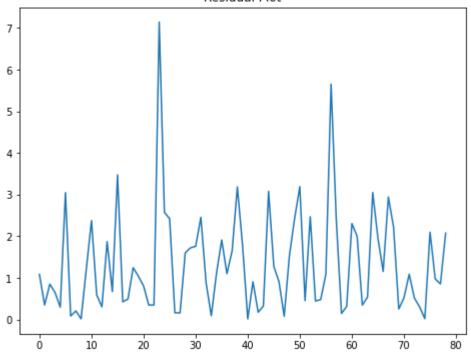


Plot residuals in testing dataset

```
# Plot the residuals (difference between predicted values and true values) to analyze m plt.figure(figsize=(8,6)) plt.plot(abs(compare['Predicted Value'] - compare['True Value'])) plt.title('Residual Plot')

# Observe that the majority of the error is centered around 2-3 points from the true va
```





```
# Assess model performance using the mean squared error (MSE)
#Calculate MSE for the linear regression model
MSE_Linear_Reg = mean_squared_error(uncoor_y_test, y_predict)
print('MSE for the linear regression model is', round(MSE_Linear_Reg,3))
# Observing a low MSE of 3.39, it can be accepted that the linear regression model fits
# (given the data contained a low number of total observations (rows))
```

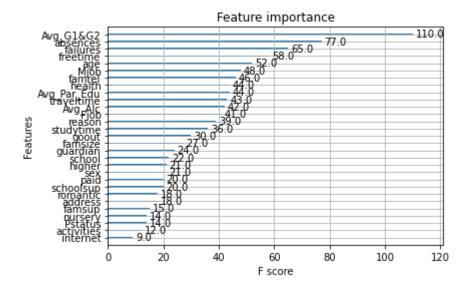
MSE for the linear regression model is 3.39

Using XGBoost for Important Feature Identification

```
In [31]: # Fit an XGBoost regressor with 100 estimators to the training data
    xg_reg = xgb.XGBRegressor(objective ='reg:squarederror', colsample_bytree = 0.3, learni
    xg_reg.fit(uncoor_x_train,uncoor_y_train)

# Plot the significant features that contribute the most to the prediction of the depen
    xgb.plot_importance(xg_reg)
    plt.rcParams['figure.figsize'] = [40, 40]
    plt.show()

# A higher F score indicates a higher importance.
# Observe that the most significant features from this model are Avg_G1&G2, absences, f
# The Least significant factors are internet, activites, and PStatus.
```



Random Forest Regression for Prediction and **Feature Importance**

```
In [32]:
          # Fit a random forest regression model to the training data
          Random_F_Reg = RandomForestRegressor(n_estimators=100)
          Random_F_Reg.fit(uncoor_x_train, uncoor_y_train)
          # Set the features equal to the column names of the training data
          features = uncoor x train.columns
          # Identify the important features using the feature importances built in function
          importances = Random_F_Reg.feature_importances_
          # Sort the important features from most important to least important
          indices = np.argsort(importances)
          sorted indices = np.argsort(importances)[::-1]
          # Print the important features in order from greatest to least
          for f in range(uncoor_x_train.shape[1]):
              print("%2d) %-*s %f" % (f + 1, 20, features[sorted indices[f]], importances[sorted
          # Plot the important features using a vertical bar chart
          plt.figure(figsize=(15,10))
          plt.title('Feature Importance', size = 20)
          plt.bar(range(uncoor x train.shape[1]), importances[sorted indices], align = 'center')
          plt.xticks(range(uncoor_x_train.shape[1]), uncoor_x_train.columns[sorted_indices], rota
          plt.show()
          # Observing the output, the most important features in the prediction of y are Avg G1&G
          # The Least important are Pstatus, romantic, internet, and higher.
          1) Avg G1&G2
                                  0.760005
          2) absences
                                  0.115165
          3) age
                                  0.017810
          4) studytime
```

0.010224

0.010173

0.010044 0.009456

0.007628

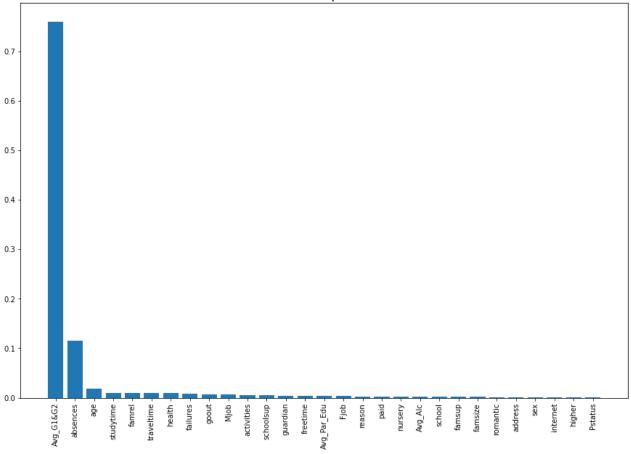
5) famrel

6) traveltime

7) health 8) failures

```
0.006282
 9) goout
10) Mjob
                       0.006179
11) activities
                       0.005531
12) schoolsup
                       0.005242
                      0.004424
13) guardian
                      0.004357
14) freetime
                     0.004079
15) Avg_Par_Edu
16) Fjob
                       0.003813
17) reason
                      0.002723
18) paid
                       0.002176
19) nursery
                       0.002131
                       0.002131
20) Avg_Alc
21) school
                       0.002061
22) famsup
                       0.001653
23) famsize
                       0.001556
24) romantic
                      0.001267
25) address
                       0.001174
26) sex
                       0.000933
27) internet
                       0.000789
                       0.000607
28) higher
                       0.000389
29) Pstatus
```

Feature Importance



```
# Predict course grades using the random forest regressor on the test data
y_pred_RFR = Random_F_Reg.predict(uncoor_x_test)

# Calculate and display the mean absolute error and mean squared error for the model
MAE = mean_absolute_error(uncoor_y_test, y_pred_RFR)
MSE = mean_squared_error(uncoor_y_test, y_pred_RFR)

print('MAE: ', round(MAE,3))
print('MSE: ', round(MSE, 3))
```

```
# Create a dataframe that contains the true vs predicted values
compare_RFR = pd.DataFrame({'Real Value': uncoor_y_test, 'Predict Value': y_pred_RFR})

# Reset the index and drop the 'index' column because the true y test value has a row i
compare_RFR.reset_index(inplace = True)
compare_RFR = compare_RFR.drop(['index'], axis = 1)
compare_RFR.head()
```

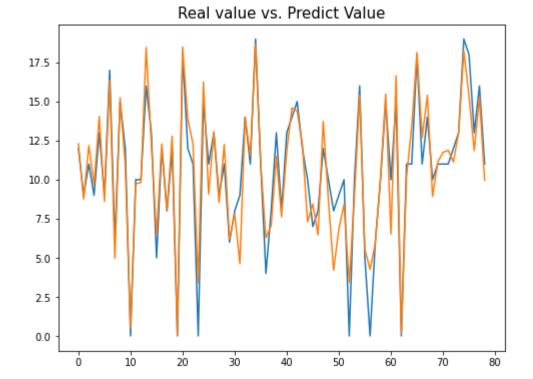
MAE: 1.108 MSE: 2.278

Out[33]:

	Real Value	Predict Value
0	12	12.30
1	9	8.76
2	11	12.18
3	9	9.68
4	13	14.05

```
# Plot the true vs predicted values to visualize differences
plt.figure(figsize=(8,6))
plt.plot(compare_RFR)
plt.title('Real value vs. Predict Value', size = 15)
```

Out[34]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Real value vs. Predict Value')



Predicting using ML Classification Methods

Convert continious data to discrete by mapping grade value integers to letter grade objects. Set a threshold for assigning letter grades. Class 1: 0-5 -> D , Class 2: 6-10 -> C, Class 3: 11-15 -> B, Class

```
In [35]:
          # Create a data frame containing only the G3 (final math grade) data
          G3 df = Uncoorelated df['G3']
          # Initialize an empty list for the new letter grade strings to be added to
          Letter_Grades_List = []
          # Loop through all the rows in the subsetted G3 dataframe
          for i in range(0, len(G3 df)):
              # For grades between 0-5 assign the Letter D
              if (G3 df[i] <= 5):
                  Letter_Grade = 'D'
              # For grades between 6-10 assign the letter C
              elif (G3 df[i] >= 6 and G3 df[i] <= 10):</pre>
                  Letter Grade = 'C'
              # For grades between 11-15 assign the letter B
              elif (G3_df[i] >= 11 and G3_df[i] <= 15):</pre>
                  Letter_Grade = 'B'
              # For grades between 16-20 assign the letter A
              elif (G3_df[i] >= 16 and G3_df[i] <= 20):</pre>
                  Letter_Grade = 'A'
              # Append the letter grade to the list on each iteration
              Letter_Grades_List.append(Letter_Grade)
          # Add the letter grade list to the letter grades data frame
          Letter_Grade_Table = pd.DataFrame(Letter_Grades_List)
          # Rename the column of letter grades to the appropriate name
          Letter_Grade_Table.rename(columns = {0: 'LetterGrade'}, inplace = True)
          # Combine the originial "Uncoorelated df" data frame used for the regression analysis
          # with the new letter grade dataframe.
          Classification_df = pd.concat((Letter_Grade_Table, Uncoorelated_df), axis=1)
          # Display the G3 grade and Letter Grade to verify the mapping was done correctly
          print(Classification df['G3'])
          print(Classification df['LetterGrade'])
         0
                 6
         1
                 6
         2
                10
         3
                15
         4
                10
```

```
2 10
3 15
4 10
...
390 9
391 16
392 7
393 10
394 9
Name: G3, Length: 395, dtype: int64
```

```
0
       C
1
       C
2
       C
3
       В
4
       C
390
       C
391
       Α
       C
392
393
       C
394
Name: LetterGrade, Length: 395, dtype: object
 # Create a new data frame called "Classification df Updated" to update the "Classificat
Classification df Updated = Classification df.drop(['G3'], axis=1)
 print(Classification_df_Updated)
                                                      age traveltime studytime
    LetterGrade Avg_G1&G2 Avg_Alc Avg_Par_Edu
0
               C
                         5
                                   1
                                                       18
                                                                     2
1
               C
                          5
                                    1
                                                      17
                                                                     1
                                                                                 2
               C
                          7
                                                                                 2
2
                                    2
                                                  1
                                                       15
                                                                     1
                         14
3
               В
                                    1
                                                  3
                                                       15
                                                                     1
                                                                                 3
4
               C
                          8
                                    1
                                                  3
                                                       16
                                                                     1
                                                                                 2
                                                                               . . .
                                                 . . .
                                                      . . .
390
              C
                         9
                                    4
                                                  2
                                                       20
                                                                     1
                                                                                 2
                         15
                                    3
                                                                     2
391
               Α
                                                  2
                                                       17
                                                                                 1
               C
                          9
                                                                                 1
392
                                    3
                                                       21
                                                                     1
393
               C
                         11
                                                  2
                                                                                 1
                                                       18
               C
394
                          8
                                    3
                                                       19
                                                                     1
                                                                                 1
     failures famrel freetime
                                   . . .
                                         paid activities
                                                            nursery higher
0
             0
                     4
                                3
                                            0
                                                         0
                                                                   1
                                                                           1
                                   . . .
1
             0
                     5
                                3
                                                         0
                                                                           1
                                            0
                                                                   0
                                   . . .
2
             3
                                3
                                            1
                                                         0
                                                                   1
                                                                           1
                                   . . .
                                                                            1
                                   . . .
4
             0
                                3
                                            1
                                                         0
                                                                   1
                                                                           1
390
             2
                    5
                                5
                                            1
                                                         0
                                                                   1
                                                                           1
391
             0
                     2
                                                         0
                                                                           1
392
             3
                     5
                                5
                                            0
                                                         0
                                                                   0
                                                                           1
393
             0
                     4
                                4
                                            0
                                                         0
                                                                   0
                                                                           1
394
             0
                     3
                                2
                                            0
                                                                   1
                                                                           1
                                                guardian
     internet romantic Mjob Fjob
                                       reason
0
            0
                       0
                              0
                                    0
1
             1
                       0
                              0
                                    1
                                             0
                                                        1
2
             1
                       0
                                    1
                                             1
3
                       1
                              1
                                    2
                                             2
                                                        0
            1
                       0
                              2
                                             2
                                                        1
4
             0
                                    1
390
            0
                       0
                                   2
                                             0
                                                        2
391
                       0
                              3
                                             0
                                                        0
             1
                                    2
                              2
                                                        2
392
             0
                       0
                                    1
                                             0
                              3
393
             1
                       0
                                    1
                                             0
                                                        0
394
             1
[395 rows x 30 columns]
```

In [37]:

In [36]:

Perform a random split on the new dataset containing letter grdaes into 20% testing a
LG_train, LG_test = train_test_split(Classification_df_Updated, test_size = 0.2, random_

Display the dimensions of the new training and new testing data
print('Size of the train dataset is', LG_train.shape)

```
print('Size of the test dataset is', LG test.shape)
          \# Split training data into x (independent variables) and y (dependent variable)
          # Assign all of the columns except LetterGrade to be the new x
          LG x train = LG train.loc[:, LG train.columns != 'LetterGrade']
          # Assign LetterGrade to be y
          LG_y_train = LG_train['LetterGrade']
          LG x test = LG test.loc[:, LG test.columns != 'LetterGrade']
          LG y test = LG test['LetterGrade']
         Size of the train dataset is (316, 30)
         Size of the test dataset is (79, 30)
In [38]:
          # Fit the SVM algorithm to the training data
          SVM classifier = SVC(kernel='poly')
          SVM classifier.fit(LG x train, LG y train)
          # Test the model by prediciting the letter grade of the test data
          y_pred_SVM = SVM_classifier.predict(LG_x_test)
          # Display the SVM model accuracy
          print('SVM Model Accuracy:' , round(accuracy_score(LG_y_test, y_pred_SVM),4))
         SVM Model Accuracy: 0.8101
In [39]:
          # Fit the random forest algorithm to the training data
          RF classifier = RandomForestClassifier(n estimators = 200)
          RF classifier.fit(LG x train, LG y train)
          # Test the model by prediciting the letter grade of the test data
          y_pred_RF = RF_classifier.predict(LG_x_test)
          # Display the Random Forest model accuracy
          print('Random Forest Model Accuracy:' , round(accuracy_score(LG_y_test, y_pred_RF),4))
```

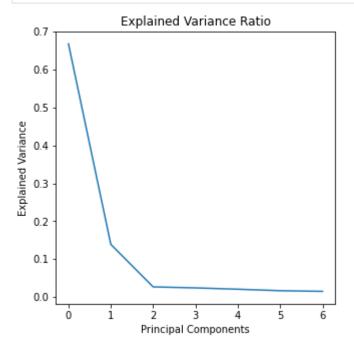
Random Forest Model Accuracy: 0.8101

PCA for Dimension Reduction

```
# Set the number of PCA components (adjust as necessary)
num_components = 7

# Fit PCA to the training data
pca = PCA(n_components = num_components)
train_features = pca.fit_transform(LG_x_train)

# Plot the explained variance ratio
plt.subplots(figsize=(5, 5))
plt.plot(range(0,num_components), pca.explained_variance_ratio_)
plt.ylabel('Explained Variance')
plt.xlabel('Principal Components')
plt.title('Explained Variance Ratio')
plt.show()
```



```
# Create new x training and testing data based on the reduced number of PCA components
X_train_PCA = pca.fit_transform(LG_x_train)
X_test_PCA = pca.transform(LG_x_test)

# Apply random forest model to newly reduced data
New_RF_classifier = RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators = 200)
New_RF_classifier.fit(X_train_PCA, LG_y_train)

# Test the model by prediciting the letter grade of the test data with PCA reduction ap
y_pred_PCA = New_RF_classifier.predict(X_test_PCA)

# Display the new RF accuracy score
print('Random Forest Model Accuracy with PCA reduction:' , round(accuracy_score(LG_y_te
# Observe that the model accuracy improves by ~ 10% when using PCA reduction.
```

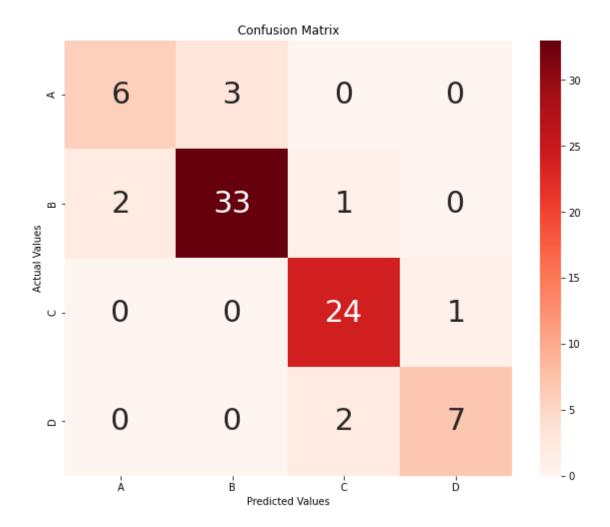
Random Forest Model Accuracy with PCA reduction: 0.8861

```
# Create a confusion matrix comparing the true to predicted values
conf_mx = confusion_matrix(LG_y_test, y_pred_PCA)

# Create the labels for the x and y ticks of the confusion matrix
Tick_labels = ['A', 'B', 'C', 'D']

# Use the seaborn heatmap function to create a visual of the confusion matrix
plt.figure(figsize = (10,8))
Conf_Mx_Plot = sns.heatmap(conf_mx, annot = True, annot_kws = {"size": 30},cmap = 'Reds
Conf_Mx_Plot.set(title='Confusion Matrix')
Conf_Mx_Plot.set(xlabel='Predicted Values', ylabel='Actual Values')
plt.show()

# Observe that the classes are imbalanced. The data contains more instances of B and C
# To truly evaluate the model accuracy, use the classification report to analyze precis
```



In [43]:

```
print("RF Classification Report:\n")
print(classification_report(LG_y_test, y_pred_PCA))
```

Observe that the precision and recall is the highest for the B class, giving it the h # The lowest F-1 score occurs for class A.

RF Classification Report:

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
A B C D	0.75 0.92 0.89 0.88	0.67 0.92 0.96 0.78	0.71 0.92 0.92 0.82	9 36 25 9
accuracy macro avg weighted avg	0.86 0.88	0.83 0.89	0.89 0.84 0.88	79 79 79