# PathogenDx: Automated Analysis of Whole Genome Sequencing Data for the Identification and Analysis of Pathogen Populations

Fernanda I. Bocardo, Zachary S.L. Foster, Hung Phan, Marina Witherell, Alexandra J. Weisberg, Melodie L. Putnam, Jeff H. Chang, Niklaus J. Grünwald

#### **Summary:**

Automated and rapid pipelines are needed to leverage the increasing availability of whole genome sequencing data. We are developing a pipeline for use in diagnostic clinics to automate the characterization of populations of pathogens. The pipeline is built with Nextflow, which provides a foundation for reproducible and scalable analyses. The pipeline accepts the paths to raw reads for one or more organisms and creates reports in the form of HTML websites or PDF documents. Significant features include the ability to analyze unidentified eukaryotic and prokaryotic samples, creation of reports for multiple user-defined groupings of samples, automated discovery and downloading of reference assemblies from NCBI RefSeq, and rapid initial identification based on k-mer sketches followed by a more robust core genome phylogeny.

#### Features implemented:

- Genome assembly and annotation (Prokaryotes only)
- Core genome phylogeny with RefSeq genomes for context (Prokaryotes only)
- Variant calling with a user-defined reference or one selected from RefSeq
- A minimum spanning network and SNP phylogeny from variant data
- Reports for each user-defined group of samples as HTML websites with interactive figures or static PDF documents

### Features planned:

- Ability to use long reads such as those produced by Nanopore or PacBio or a mixture of short and long reads
- A phylogeny based on BUSCO genes extracted from raw reads with Read2Tree (Eukaryotes only)
- Detection of genes of interest, including antibiotic resistance loci, effectors, plasmids of interest, and any user-defined genes
- An interactive map of sample locations annotated with information such as phylogenetic groupings or the presence of genes of interest
- Analysis of samples from derived from tissues of an infected host
- Ability to identify viruses or other pathogenic organisms in environmental samples

## Features provided by Nextflow:

- All programs needed to run the pipeline are installed automatically
- Processes are run in parallel, allowing for analysis of massive data sets quickly if sufficient computing resources are available
- The pipeline can be run on personal computers, high performance clusters, or commercial cloud services such as AWS
- Inputs, outputs, and even the pipeline code itself can be stored anywhere on the internet and specified using URLs
- Samples can be added to an analysis without rerunning the entire pipeline
- The pipeline can pick up where it left off if it is interrupted
- Each process in the pipeline is run in its own docker/singularity container or conda environment, enabling reproducibility



Agricultural Research Service



This work was supported by the National Institutes of Food and Agriculture, US Department of Agriculture award 2021-67021-34343 to NJG and JHC.





