

# Analytics in a Day Azure Synapse + Power BI better together

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### Module aim

• This module aims to empower data architects and BI developers with the technical knowledge required to design an enterprise BI solution that leverages **Azure Synapse Analytics** and **Power BI** 

### Sections

01: Microsoft BI Solution Architecture

02: Deliver Discipline at the Core

03: Deliver Flexibility at the Edge

04: Author Power BI Reports (Optional)

### Exercises



Exercise 05: Develop a Power BI Model 45 minutes

Exercise 06: Optimize the Power BI Model 15 minutes

Exercise 07: Create a Model Using DQ to Power BI 20 minutes

Exercise 08: Author a Power BI Report (Optional) 45 minutes

### Exercises

#### Scenario





- The exercises are based on the sales of the fictitious Wide World Importers company
- The Wide World Importers company:
  - Has a cloud data warehouse using Azure Synapse Analytics
  - Needs to explore and discover insight from their data
- In the exercises:
  - As a data architect or BI developer, you will develop, optimize, and publish a Power BI model
  - As a data analyst, you will create a model using DQ to Power BI, and author and publish a Power BI report

## Exercises

### Getting setup

- You will develop a Power BI model that connects to the Azure Synapse Analytics data warehouse
  - You must use the lab Azure credentials to connect to Azure Synapse and publish to Power BI

# Questions?





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Section 01

# Microsoft Bl Solution Architecture

### Section outline

01: Microsoft BI Solution Methodology

- Microsoft's BI transformation
- Center of Excellence

- The revolution in Microsoft's own BI tools has changed how the company itself explores and uses its own data
- Like many companies coming to grips with data technology, it encouraged a culture where individuals pursued full ownership of data and insights
- It also experienced strong cultural resistance to doing things in a standardized way

### Challenges

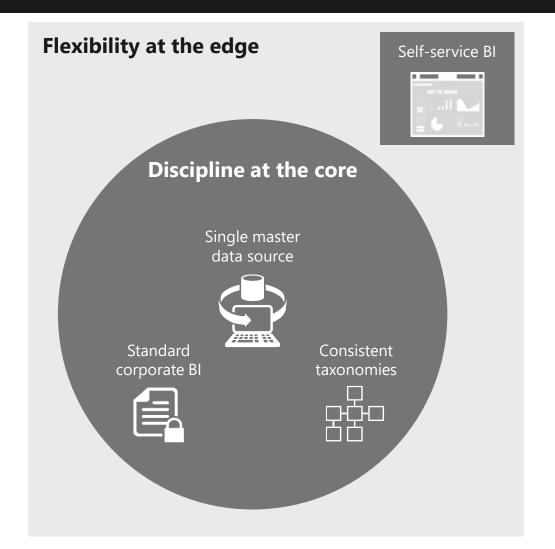


- The organization culture at Microsoft led to many reporting and analytic challenges:
  - Inconsistent data definitions, hierarchies, metrics, KPIs
  - Analysts spending 75% of their time collection and compiling data
  - 78% of reports being created in "offline environments"
  - Over 350 centralized finance tools and systems
  - Approximately \$30M annual spend on "shadow applications"
- These challenges prompted the business to consider how they could do things better

#### Solution

- Today, Microsoft has a data-driven culture with Business Intelligence for all
- It has achieved success by designing a BI solution methodology
- The methodology is responsible for transforming its business to one with:
  - ✓ Centralized BI managed by IT
  - ✓ Extended with self-service BI
- Microsoft describes it in two creative ways:
  - ✓ Discipline at the core
  - ✓ Flexibility at the edge

#### Solution



#### Discipline at the core

- IT retains control by curating a single master data source to:
  - Deliver standardized corporate BI
  - Define consistent taxonomies, hierarchies, and KPIs
  - Enforce data permissions centrally

#### Flexibility at the edge

- Analysts can analyze data more quickly to:
  - Quickly create reports sourced from trusted data
  - Mashup core data with departmental data
  - Create new metrics and KPIs relevant to their part of the business

### Unified platform

- The Microsoft BI solution methodology has resulted in a unified data and analytics platform, supporting all areas of the business
- Today, the platform:
  - Powers all scorecards, reports and analytics
  - Supports self-service analytics
  - Drives planning processes
  - Delivers automatic and dynamic reporting and analytics from a single source of truth
- It is a very successful story, and Microsoft likes to share their BI solution methodology with their customers

### Center of Excellence



- To help you setup *Discipline at the Core* and *Flexibility at the Edge*, we recommend you establish a **Center of Excellence** (COE)
- A COE is a central team responsible for defining company-wide metrics and definitions
  - Also, it can include change initiatives, standard processes, roles, guidelines, best practices, support, training, and more
- It is also a business function that organizes people, processes, and technology components into a comprehensive set of business competencies and capabilities
- The overriding goal of the COE is to deliver value and maximize business success

### Resources



#### Power BI Center of Excellence

https://docs.microsoft.com/power-bi/guidance/center-of-excellence-establish

#### Power BI Adoption Framework

Provides a set of guidance, practices, and resources to help organizations build a data culture, establish a Power BI Center of Excellence, and manage Power BI at any scale

PPTX: <a href="https://github.com/pbiaf/powerbiadoption">https://github.com/pbiaf/powerbiadoption</a>

YouTube: <a href="https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PL1N57mwBHtN0UZbEgLHtA1yxqPlae3B90">https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PL1N57mwBHtN0UZbEgLHtA1yxqPlae3B90</a>

# Questions?





### Analytics in a Day Azure Synapse + Power BI better together

Section 02

# Deliver Discipline at the Core

### Section outline

### 02: Deliver Discipline at the Core

- Why Power BI data models?
- Power BI data modeling
- Developing models

### Why Power BI data models?

- Power BI models are the way to effectively connect decision makers with the data warehouse
  - Semantic layer, providing intuitive browsing and exploration
  - Deliver high performance (with the assistance of cached aggregations)
  - Encapsulate complex calculation logic
  - Source for rich interactive reports, and dashboards

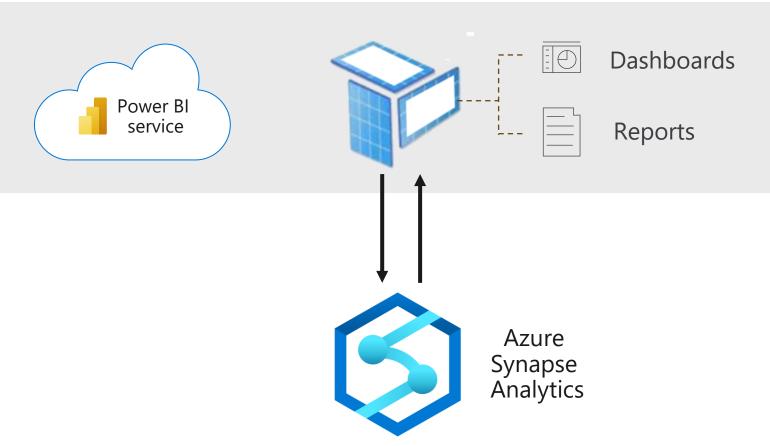
## Why Power BI data models?

- Power BI data models can scale to query large data stores, such as a data warehouse
- Typically, these models:
  - Are designed and developed by BI developers
  - Represent large data volumes
  - Support high report user concurrency
- Consideration must be given to the Power BI capacity that will host the model

Capacities are introduced later in this section

## Why Power BI data models?

Architecture



#### Model basics

- Power BI is built upon the mature foundations of Analysis Services
  - Specifically, it is based on tabular modeling technologies
- Models can source data from practically any data source
  - Cloud or on-premises
  - File, database, web page, or SaaS provider









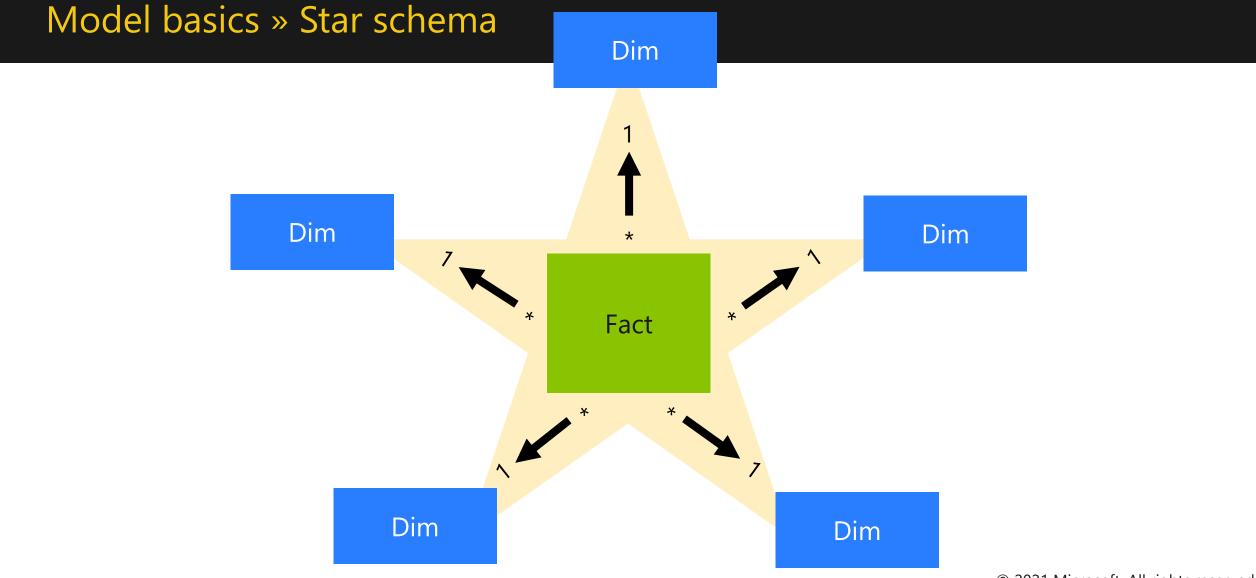




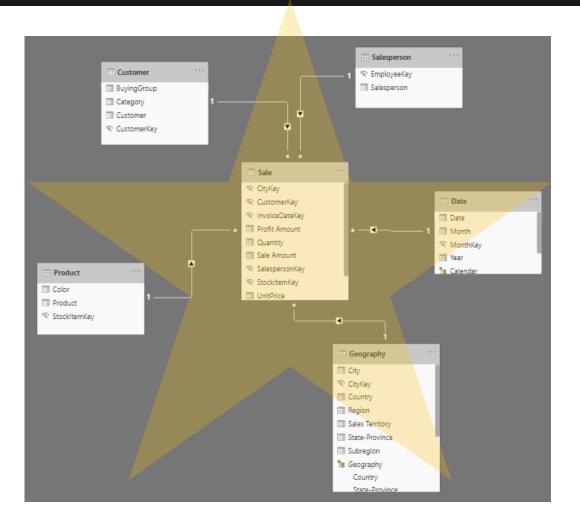
• When published to Power BI, a model is known as a dataset

#### Model basics

- Models have tables, and tables have columns
- Table are related for purposes of filter propagation
- Often, dimensional modeling (star schema) is the optimal design approach for Power BI models
  - **Dimension tables** define business entities
  - Fact tables define business activity or observations
- A star schema can comprise multiple stars, each based on a single fact table



Model basics » Star schema

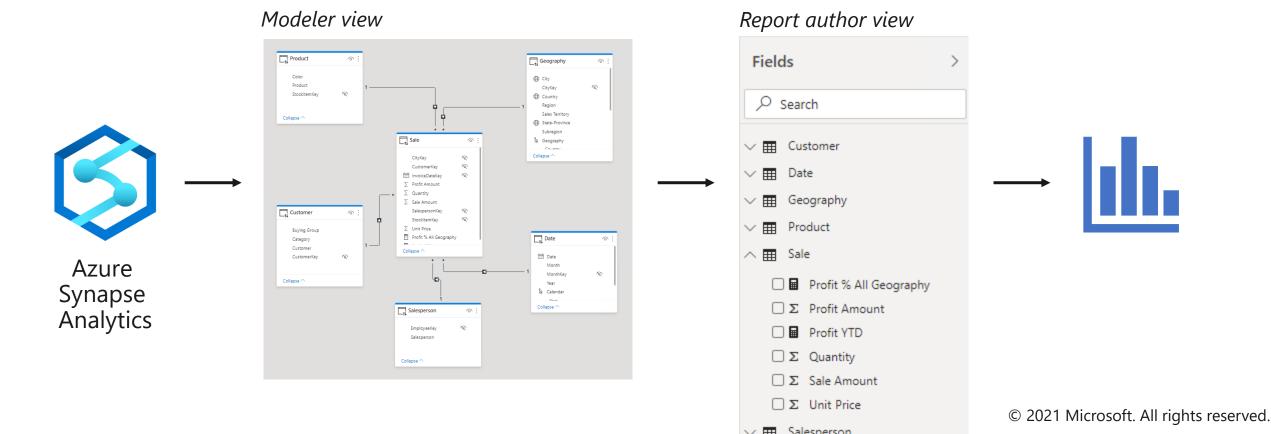


#### Model basics

- Well designed tables and relationships are the model foundations
  - Power Query is the technology used to create model tables
- Upon the foundations, modelers can:
  - Enhance column properties with default summarization, data categorization, sorting, or formatting
  - Add hierarchies to support drill down/up
  - Add calculations to create new tables, columns, or measures, which summarize model data
  - Organize model fields into display folders
  - Add roles to enforce row-level security (RLS) for different report user audiences

Model basics » From source to visualization

Source Model Visualization



#### Storage modes

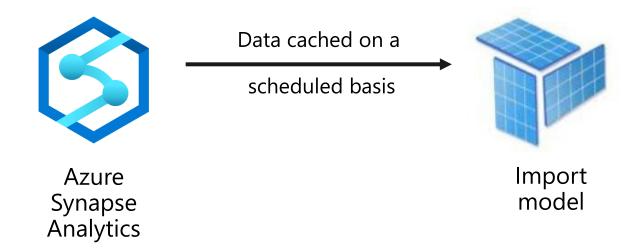
- Each model table has a storage mode:
  - Import (Vertipaq)
  - DirectQuery
  - Dual—both Import and DirectQuery
- Possible model frameworks:

Table storage	Model framework
All tables are <b>Import</b> storage mode	Import
All tables are <b>DirectQuery</b> storage mode	DirectQuery
Model has <b>Mixed</b> storage mode	Composite

Model framework » Import

- Import storage mode caches table data in compressed and optimized column stores
- Generally, it provides the fastest query performance
  - But—requires periodic data refresh to keep data current

Model framework » Import



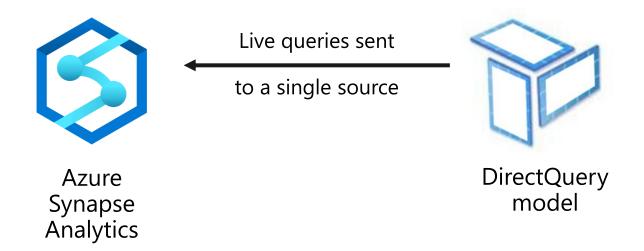
### Model framework » Import

- Develop an Import model when:
  - The entire model fits into available memory
  - Data latency between data refreshes can be tolerated
  - Power Query transformations are complex
  - Model calculations are complex
- Because data warehouses represent large volumes of data, usually an Import model can only be considered when:
  - Caching high level summarizations
  - Caching only recent history

Model framework » DirectQuery

- DirectQuery storage mode is an alternative to Import storage mode
- When queried, a DirectQuery table uses native queries to retrieve data from an underlying data source
- Generally, it allows:
  - Creating tables over large data volumes
  - Achieving near real-time reporting

Model framework » DirectQuery



Model framework » DirectQuery

- Develop a DirectQuery model when:
  - Data volume cannot fit into memory
  - Data latency must be low
  - Power Query transformations are simple
  - Model calculations are simple
- This model mode is well-suited for data warehouses
  - The model can query all data
  - Reports display the latest data

### Exercise 06

#### 45 minutes



# Develop a Power BI Model

You must use the lab Azure credentials to connect to Azure Synapse and publish to Power BI

- Section 1: Create the Model
- Section 2: Develop the Model
- Section 3: Test the Model

#### Model framework » Composite

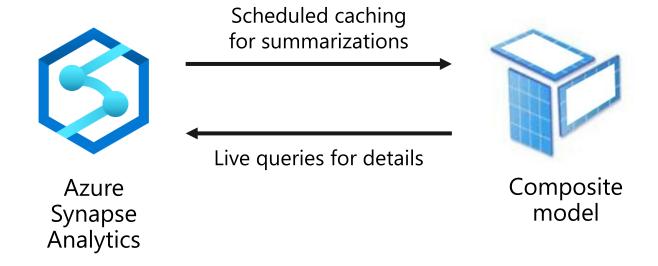
- A Composite model combines storage modes
  - Some tables use Import storage
  - Some tables use DirectQuery storage
  - Some tables can be Dual storage (both modes)
- Generally, it provides the best of both worlds in a single model:
  - High performance for cached data (Import)
  - Analytics over large volumes of data (DirectQuery)
  - Near real-time reporting over source data systems (DirectQuery)
  - Accelerated performance over DirectQuery sources (aggregations)

#### Storage framework » Composite » Scenarios

- Composite model designs fit three scenarios:
  - Integration of multiple sources
  - Accelerated performance over a single, large volume data source by using aggregations
    - Fast for summarized results
    - Slower for details
  - Creating a local model combining an existing Power BI dataset with additional imported data
    - It can be achieved by using DirectQuery to connect to a Power BI dataset

DirectQuery to Power BI datasets will be covered in Section 03

Storage framework » Composite with aggregations



#### Aggregations

- Aggregations are special model tables that are designed to accelerate model query performance
- Use aggregations to:
  - Accelerate query performance over large data stores
  - Optimize data refresh
  - Balance frameworks, allowing a model to strike the right balance of technologies to meet query demands

#### Aggregations

- Aggregations can use Import or DirectQuery storage mode
  - Import requires a periodic refresh of source data
  - DirectQuery can query optimized summary data (materialized views)
- Note: Aggregations are hidden from report users
  - It is not possible to write model queries to use aggregations
  - Power BI automatically redirect queries to the aggregation whenever possible

#### Capacities

- Power BI capacities support workloads (query, refresh, etc.)
- They are either:
  - Shared
  - Dedicated

#### Capacities » Shared

- Shared capacity workloads run on computational resources shared with other customers
- Reduced feature set with stricter limitations:
  - Maximum 1 GB model size
  - Maximum 8 dataset refreshes per day
  - Recipients of shared content require **Power BI Pro** licenses
- Not recommended for enterprise deployments

#### Capacities » Dedicated

- Dedicated capacity workloads run on hardware reserved for use by an organization
- Supports greater scale:
  - Larger in-memory datasets
  - More DirectQuery query throughput
  - More model refreshes in parallel
  - Maximum 48 dataset refreshes per day
- Includes capacity metrics app to monitor comprehensive metrics
  - See: <a href="https://docs.microsoft.com/power-bi/admin/service-admin-premium-monitor-portal">https://docs.microsoft.com/power-bi/admin/service-admin-premium-monitor-portal</a>

Capacities » Dedicated » Licensing

- Allows sharing content with Power BI Free users
- Supports Power BI paginated reports
- Includes license for Power BI Report Server (on-premises reporting)
- Supports advanced features including AI capabilities
- Available with:
  - Power BI Premium (SKUs: EM1-EM3, P1-P3)
  - Azure (SKUs: A1-A6)
- Power BI Premium is recommended for enterprise deployments

Capacities » Dedicated » Licensing » Node types

Node type	Virtual cores	FE/BE cores	Memory (GB)	DQ/LC (per sec)	Refresh parallelism
EM1/A1	1*	.5/.5 *	2.5	3.75	1
EM2/A2	2*	1/1 *	5	7.5	2
EN/2/A2	4	2/2	10	15	2
P1/A4	8	4/4	25	30	6
P2/A5	16	8/8	50	60	12
P3/A6	32	16/16	100	120	24

<sup>\*</sup> Front-end and back-end cores for A1 and A2 SKUs use shared resources

### Exercise 07

#### 15 minutes



# Optimize the Power BI Model

You must successfully complete **Exercise 06** before commencing this exercise

- Section 1: Add an Aggregation Table
- Section 2: Publish the Model

#### General methodology

Connect to Synapse SQL pool Design Power Query queries and configure table storage mode Design aggregations Enforce data permissions Configure data refresh **Endorse dataset** Secure dataset Optimize Power Query native queries to deliver improved performance Optimize Synapse SQL pool to deliver improved performance

#### 1: Connect to Synapse SQL pool

#### Azure

- Azure SQL database
- Azure Synapse Analytics (SQL DW)
- 🚰 🛮 Azure Analysis Services database
- 👸 Azure Database for PostgreSQL
- Azure Blob Storage
- Azure Table Storage
- Azure Cosmos DB
- X Azure Data Explorer (Kusto)
- Azure Data Lake Storage Gen2

- Two options:
  - Download a .pbids (Power BI Desktop Source) file from Synapse Studio
  - Or, connect directly using the Power BI Desktop Azure
     Synapse Analytics (SQL DW) connector

#### 2: Design queries and configure table storage mode

- Consider developing either a DirectQuery or Composite model
  - Large data stores cannot be entirely cached in memory—unless only high-level data is imported
- Generally, fact tables are suited to DirectQuery storage mode
- Generally, dimension tables are suited to Dual storage mode
  - When only the Dual table is queried (for example, by a slicer visual), Power BI will use the cached data
  - When a query needs to join dimension and fact tables, Power BI will use DirectQuery

#### 2: Design queries and configure table storage mode (Continued)

- Avoid complex Power Query logic that does not completely fold
  - Query folding is the consolidation of Power Query steps into a native database statement
- Configure model relationships to "assume referential integrity" when it is guaranteed that integrity is in place
  - When joining tables, Power BI will use INNER joins instead of OUTER joins
- Avoid bi-directional model relationships
  - They can negatively impact query performance

#### 3: Design aggregations

- To accelerate high-grain fact table queries, create aggregations
  - They are only supported over DirectQuery model tables
- Aggregations can be designed for a specific dimensionality and column summarizations
  - Basic rule: Aggregation row count should be at least a factor of 10 smaller than the underlying table
- Storage mode can be either Import or DirectQuery
  - DirectQuery is suitable when materialized views provide the performance boost

#### 4: Enforce data permissions

- RLS can be enforced by the Power BI model and/or Azure Synapse Analytics
- If there is a reason to enforce RLS in Azure Synapse Analytics (to ensure consistent data access by other reporting tools), it could be better to allow Power BI to pass through the report user identity
  - Pass report user identity by enabling Single Sign-On (SSO)
    - When SSO is enabled, Import aggregations are not used
  - However for performance reasons, it could be more efficient to duplicate RLS rules in the Power BI model

#### 5: Configure data refresh

- If the Power BI model has any Import and Dual tables, consider how and when caches update
  - When using Dual storage or Import aggregations, when caches are old, Power BI visuals can produce inconsistent results
- Power BI Premium supports up to 48 scheduled data refreshes a day
- Other options:
  - Use Azure Data Factory to trigger a refresh by using the Power BI REST API
    - This way, trigger the refresh after data pipelines have successful completed
  - Use the XMLA endpoint for fine-grain data refresh

#### 6: Endorse datasets

- Datasets can be endorsed so others can easily discover them and trust them
  - Dataset owners can promote a dataset to communicate it is ready for widespread use
  - Authorized users can certify a dataset to communicate reliable and highquality data
- It is recommended that enterprise BI models be certified

#### 7: Secure and publish datasets

- When the Power BI model is published, the dataset must be made available to report users and report authors
  - Read permission allows viewing content and export data
  - Build permission allows discovering and reusing the dataset
- It is recommended that you grant permissions to Azure AD groups representing your different audiences (users or authors)
- Also, if RLS is enforced, map Azure AD groups to roles

#### 8: Optimize Power Query queries

- Test query performance by using Power BI Desktop
   Performance Analyzer
  - Reports duration statics for each visual
  - Allows copying the native query sent to the data source



#### 9: Optimize Synapse SQL pool

- Maintain statistics
- Use DMVs to monitor and optimize your queries
- Tune query performance with new product enhancements
  - Materialized views
  - Ordered clustered columnstore indexes
  - Result set caching
- Hash distribute large tables

- Do not over-partition
- Optimize clustered columnstore tables
- Use smaller resource classes to increase concurrency
- Ensure data integrity is in place, with matching values for all joins

## Key takeaways

- Power BI models can be designed to scale over large data stores
- High performance Power BI models can depend on:
  - Capacity scale of Power BI Premium
  - Mixed model table storage modes (Composite model)
  - Model aggregations
  - Power BI report optimizations
- Synapse SQL pool can be optimized to deliver the best possible query performance based on how Power BI queries it

### Resources



#### Power BI enterprise deployment whitepaper

Covers key considerations, the decisions which will be necessary throughout the process, and potential issues you may encounter. Best practices and suggestions are offered when possible.

https://docs.microsoft.com/power-bi/guidance/whitepaper-powerbi-enterprise-deployment

#### Power BI Premium deployment articles

https://docs.microsoft.com/power-bi/guidance/whitepaper-powerbi-premium-deployment

#### Best practices for Synapse SQL pool in Azure Synapse Analytics

https://docs.microsoft.com/azure/synapse-analytics/sql-data-warehouse/sql-data-warehouse-best-practices

### DirectQuery model guidance in Power BI Desktop

https://docs.microsoft.com/power-bi/guidance/directquery-model-guidance

### Resources

#### Videos

#### Microsoft Ignite 2019

Microsoft Power BI and Azure Synapse Analytics: Intelligent action over big data <a href="https://myignite.techcommunity.microsoft.com/sessions/84568">https://myignite.techcommunity.microsoft.com/sessions/84568</a>

### Microsoft Business Applications Summit 2020

Modern Enterprise BI

https://community.powerbi.com/t5/MBAS-Gallery-2020/Modern-Enterprise-BI/td-p/1078414

### Resources

#### Blog announcement

#### Announcing Azure Synapse Analytics public preview

Arun Ulag - Corporate Vice President, Power Bl

Stay tuned for new enhancements that will make end-to-end direct querying experience over big data highly performant

https://powerbi.microsoft.com/blog/announcing-azure-synapse-analytics-public-preview

# Questions?





### Analytics in a Day Azure Synapse + Power BI better together

Section 03

# Deliver Flexibility at the Edge

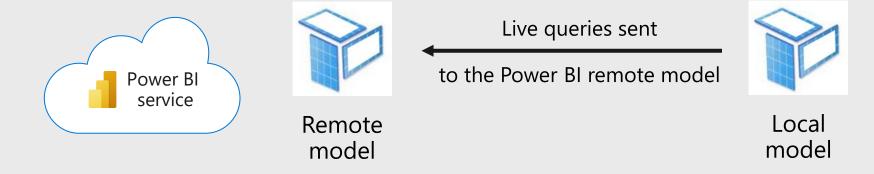
### Section outline

03: Deliver Flexibility at the Edge

- Create models using DQ to Power BI
- Best practice guidance

- DirectQuery (DQ) connections can now be made to Power BI datasets and Azure Analysis Services (AAS)
  - The new model is referred to as the "local model"
  - The source model is referred to as the "remote model"

It is a preview feature, now available in Power BI Desktop, December 2020 release



#### Scenarios

- Creating models using DQ to Power BI will likely appeal to data analysts, allowing them to:
  - Personalize a remote model
  - Extend a remote model with:
    - New tables
    - Relationships
    - Calculations

#### Scenario » Personalize a remote model

- A remote model can be personalized in many ways:
  - Modify any remote model object, except:
    - Table storage mode
    - Column data type
    - Calculation expression
    - Relationships, which cannot be removed or modified
  - Add new relationships
  - Add new calculated columns and groups
  - Add new measures \*
  - Add new hierarchies

\* Adding measures can also be achieved in a live connection

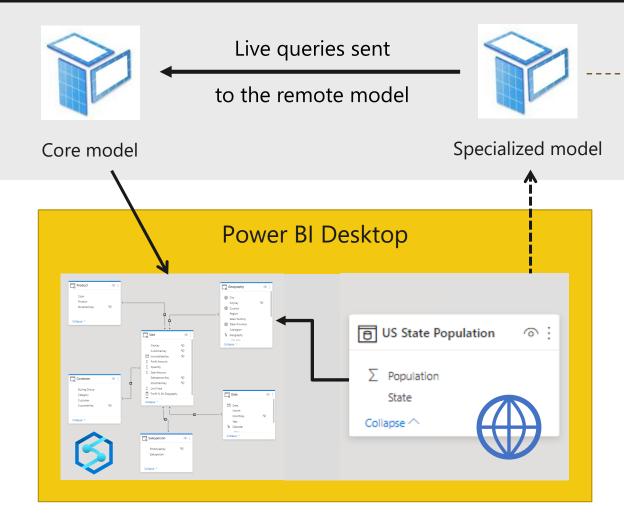
Scenario » Extend a remote model

- Extend a remote model with new source groups:
  - Use the "enter data" to import static sets of data
  - Import data from external data sources
  - Add new DirectQuery source tables
- Possibilities:
  - Create relationships between tables from different source groups
  - Create measures that use columns from different source groups
  - Define RLS rules, but only on local tables

#### Example



- 1 Create a live connection to the core model
- 2 Edit the model to create a local model (DQ to Power BI)



3 Import data from an external data source

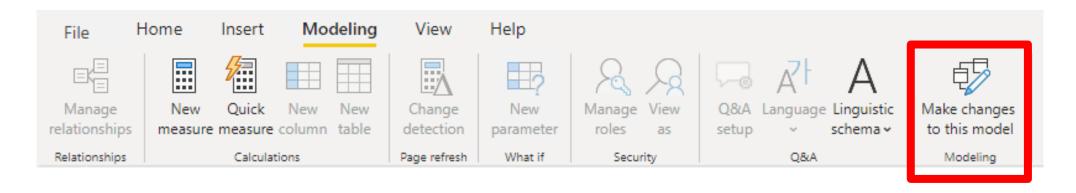
Report

- Relate tables across source groups
- 5 Publish the model to the Power BI service

#### General methodology

- In Power BI Desktop, create a live connection to a Power BI dataset
- Create a local model (DQ to Power BI) by "editing" it
- Modify model properties to suit
- Optionally, add new tables using import or DirectQuery connections
  - Publish the model to the Power BI service
    - Apply data source credentials (if additional tables were added)

#### Edit the model



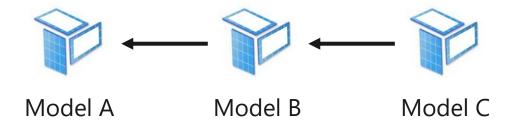
- A live connection can be "edited"
- It replaces the live connection with a local DirectQuery model
- Once replaced, it is not possible to revert to a live connection

Manage models using DQ to Power BI

- When tables based on external data are added to a local model, data source credentials must be applied in the Power BI service
- Over time, remote model changes may be published
  - A data refresh of the model using DQ to Power BI will sync changes
    - Any name conflicts are automatically resolved
  - Some changes may result in breaking the model using DQ to Power BI, and so will require revising the model design in Power BI Desktop and republishing it

#### Chaining

- The term chaining describes the DirectQuery connections between models
  - A model (B) DirectQuery connection to the model (A) is one chain
  - A model (C) DirectQuery connection to model (B) is another chain, etc.



• It is not possible to extend beyond a chain length of three

#### Limitations

- There are numerous limitations, some of which may be removed in later preview releases or by GA
  - DirectQuery connections to SQL Server Analysis Services (SSAS) are not supported
  - It is not possible to create a DirectQuery connection to a Power BI dataset in a personal workspace
  - It is not possible to extend beyond a chain length of three
  - RLS rules can only be applied on local model tables

The list of limitations will gradually be removed—be sure to check documentation often as the capability matures

Limitations (continued)

- (Continued)
  - Format strings, display folders, KPIs, date tables, and translations are not currently imported from the remote model—however, many model object properties can be re-applied in the local model
  - Sort by column is not currently supported
  - Automatic page refresh (APR) is only supported for some scenarios, depending on the data source type
  - Power Query parameters for database and server names are currently disabled

- Best practice guidance applies to different roles:
  - BI developer
  - Data analyst
- Generally, BI developers should aim to publish core models that have the potential to be specialized by data analysts

#### BI developer

- Ideally, core data models should not use DirectQuery connections to other data models
  - There are fewer opportunities for Power BI to optimize query performance
- When it is known that data analysts are creating DirectQuery connections to the model, take care when publishing model changes
  - Certain model changes can break chained models—for example, renamed model objects, column data type changes, modified relationships, and calculation expressions
- Consider creating a feedback loop to ensure data analyst needs are met—potentially resulting in the addition of enhancements directly to the core model

#### Data analyst

- Creating a model using DQ to Power BI is a powerful concept, but it can introduce problems:
  - Change management issues
  - Performance issues
- Avoid excessive chaining, because it can be difficult to:
  - Manage change
  - Diagnose and solve performance issues

Data analyst (Continued)

- Only create a model using DQ to Power BI when there is a genuine need, so first consider:
  - Asking BI developers to extend the core "single version of the truth" model, if it makes sense to do so
  - Working instead with a live connection to the remote model, when
    - Only adding measures—it is already a supported capability for live connections
    - Only renaming model objects or creating hierarchies—you can do that when configuring report visuals
- Test report data carefully to ensure the model using DQ to Power BI produces correct results

#### Exercise 08

#### 20 minutes



# Create a Model Using DQ to Power BI

You must successfully complete Exercise 07 before commencing this exercise

- Section 1: Get Started
- Section 2: Develop a Model Using DQ to Power BI

### Key takeaways

- It is now possible to create DirectQuery connections to Power BI datasets
- It enables two new scenarios for the data analyst:
  - Personalization of a remote model
  - Extension of a remote model with new tables, relationships, or calculations

#### Resources



#### Using DirectQuery for Power BI datasets and Azure Analysis Services

https://docs.microsoft.com/power-bi/connect-data/desktop-directquery-datasets-azure-analysis-services

The list of limitations will gradually be removed—be sure to check the article often

# Questions?





#### Analytics in a Day Azure Synapse + Power BI better together

Section 04

# **Author Power BI Reports**

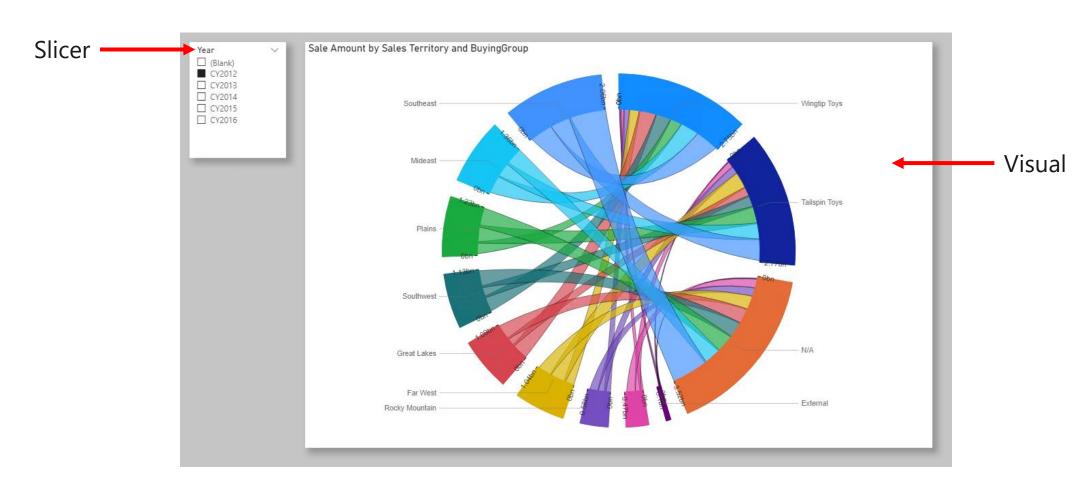
#### Section outline

04: Author Power BI Reports

- Authoring reports
- Advanced design features
- Best practice guidance

- A Power BI report allows report users to interactively explore data to discover relationships and patterns
- It must be based on a single dataset
- It consists of one or more pages
- Each page contains elements:
  - Visuals
  - Slicers
  - Text boxes, images, shapes, or buttons

#### Example



#### General methodology

Create a dataset connection Add and configure report or page filters Add and configure report elements (visuals/slicers/other objects) Format elements Optionally, create additional pages Optionally, configure mobile view

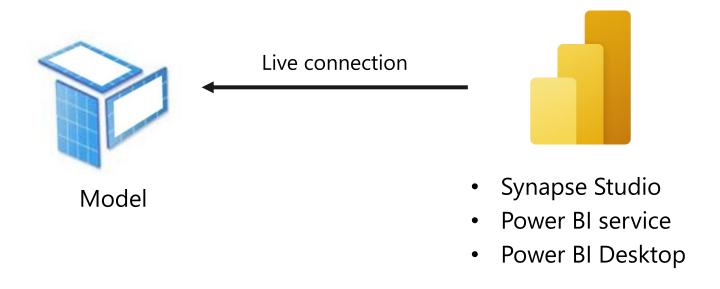
Set initial state (first page, filter values, drill mode, sort order, etc.)

Save/publish

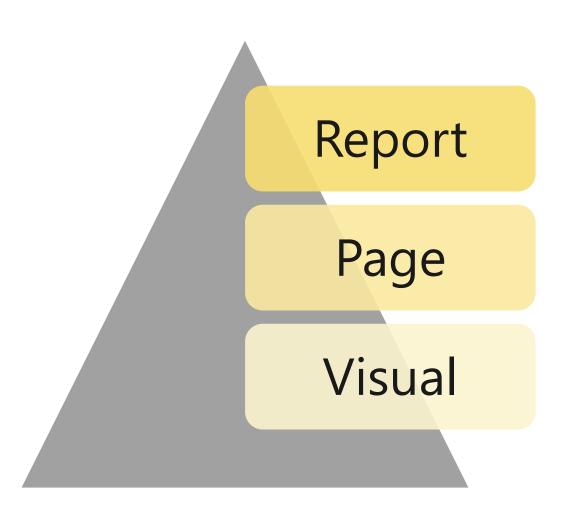
#### 1: Create a dataset connection

- Use a Live Connection to develop a report that directly queries a Power BI dataset
- Report authoring options:
  - Synapse Studio
  - Power BI service
  - Power BI Desktop
- All report authoring options are similar, except Power BI Desktop allows creating report-level measures

1: Create a dataset connection » Live connection



2: Add and configure report or page filters



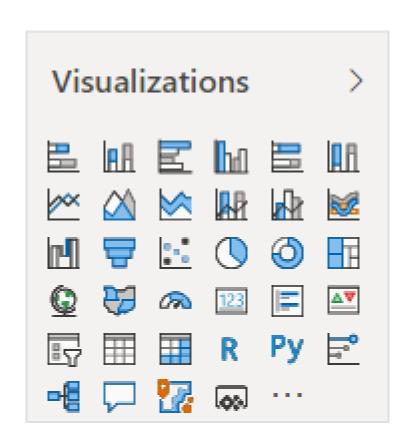
- Filters can be scoped at three levels:
  - Report
  - Page
  - Visual
- Filters combine using AND, with each additional filtering adding further restrictions

#### 3: Add and configure report elements

- Report elements:
  - Visuals
  - Slicers for interactive filtering
  - Text boxes for rich text formatting
  - Images and shapes to add visual interest
  - Buttons to launch actions

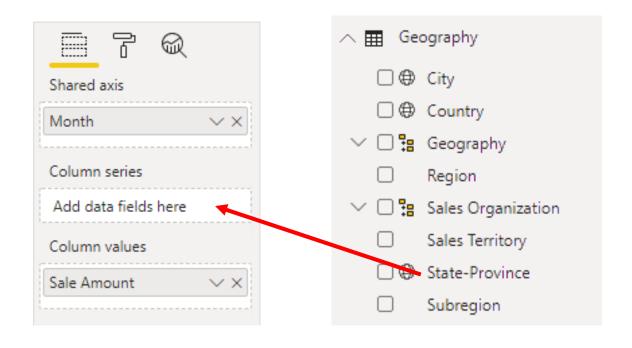
#### 3: Add and configure elements » Visuals

- Choose from numerous modern visual types:
  - Filter data:
    - Slicer
  - Display numeric values:
    - Card, Multi Row Card, Table, Matrix, KPI
  - Graphically visualize data:
    - Bar, Column, Line, Combo, Scatter, Waterfall, Pie, Donut, Funnel, Treemap, Gauge
  - Spatially visualize data:
    - Map, Filled map, Shape map
  - Import custom visuals
    - From file or Microsoft AppSource

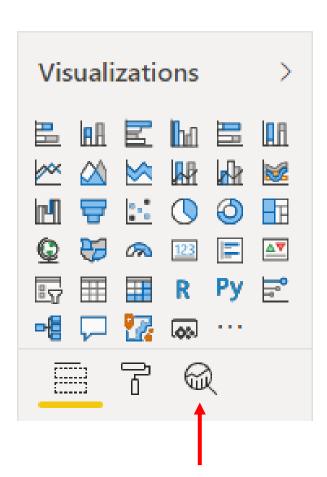


#### 3: Add and configure elements » Visuals

- Use the visual Fields pane to configure the data settings for a visual
  - Do no confuse this pane with the report Fields pane
  - Add fields to appropriate wells
  - Configure fields:
    - Rename
    - Set aggregation function
    - Show items with no data
    - Reorder
    - Remove



3: Add and configure elements » Visuals » Analytics



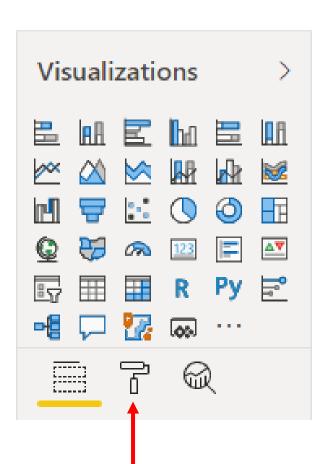
- Overlay analytic lines:
  - Trend
  - Constant
  - Min/max
  - Average
  - Median
  - Percentile
  - Forecast

#### 3: Add and configure elements » Visuals » Slicer

- Use slicers to enable users to interactively filter the page
  - Based on a single field or multiple fields (hierarchy)
- Different display options are supported by data type:
  - **Text**: Dropdown, list
  - Number: Slider range, dropdown, list
  - Date: Slider range, dropdown, list, relative time
- Dropdown and list styles can be formatted to:
  - Allow single-select or multi-select
  - Show an "All Items" option
- Slicers can be synchronized (synced) across pages



#### 4: Format elements



- Format the selected element
- For example:
  - Add titles
  - Add data labels
  - Set styles
  - Configure conditional formatting
  - And many other possibilities

#### 5: Create additional pages

- Report pages can be:
  - Created
  - Renamed
  - Deleted
  - Hidden
  - Re-sequenced
  - Duplicated

#### 6: Configure mobile layout

- Create an additional view that is optimized for mobile devices and displays in portrait orientation
  - Select and rearrange just the visuals that make sense for mobile users on the go

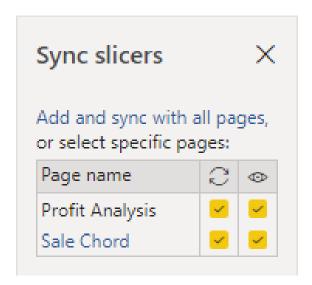


- Sync slicers
- Drill through pages
- Custom tooltips
- Bookmarks

#### Sync slicers

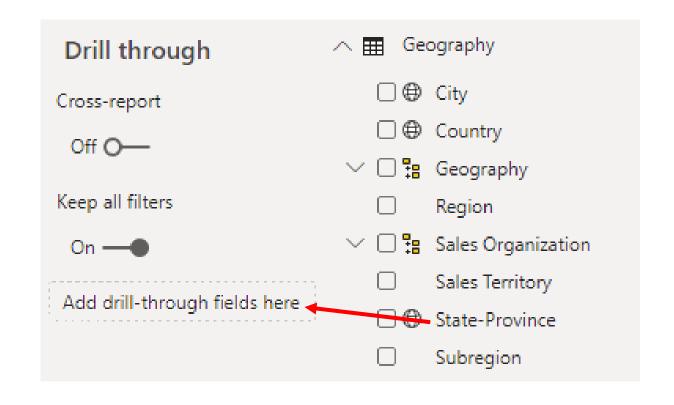
- Use the **Sync Slicers** pane to determine for a selected slicer:
  - Which pages to sync
  - Whether to display the slicer
- All slicer interactions are synced to provide crosspage slicing





#### Drill through pages

- Create drill through pages to present more detailed content
  - Set the drill through page to filter by a field
  - Report users can drill through from any visual that groups by that field
  - A back button is automatically added to the drill through page



#### Custom tooltips

- Tooltips can be configured by adding fields to the Tooltips well of many visuals
- Report page tooltips can be created to display visuals in a tooltip
  - This design feature can achieve a similar result to a drill through page
- Tooltips can also be disabled for specific visuals

#### Bookmarks

- Use the **Bookmarks** pane at design—time to capture the currently configured view of a report page
- Uses:
  - Create an ordered list of bookmarks, then click View to replay them as a story
  - Create advanced report interaction by assigning bookmarks to buttons and images
  - Select a bookmark to return to a previously captured state
- Report users can:
  - Open the pane at view-time
  - Can create personal bookmarks

#### Exercise 09

#### 45 minutes



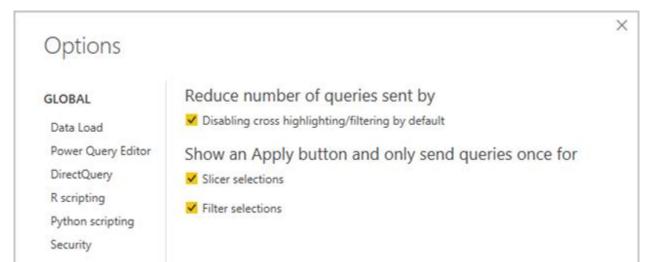
# Author a Power BI Report

You must successfully complete Exercise 07 before commencing this exercise

- Section 1: Develop the Report Layout
- Section 2: Develop a Drill Through Page
- Section 3: Work with Bookmarks
- Section 4: Publish the Report
- Section 5: Install the Gateway (Optional)

#### Optimize reports

- To improve report responsiveness in DirectQuery models:
  - Limit the number of visuals on a report page—use drill through pages for detail
  - Switch off interactions between visuals (cross highlight or filter)
  - Enable options to reduce the number of queries sent by:
    - Disabling cross highlighting/filtering by default
    - Adding an Apply button to slicers or filters



#### Optimize reports (Continued)



#### Sales Order so47398

	PRODUCT	QTY	EXTENDED	DISC	SALES	TAX	FREIGHT
36	Half-Finger Gloves, M	6	84.77	0.00	84.77	6.78	2.12
37	LL Road Frame - Red, 60	5	1,011.66	0.00	1,011.66	80.93	25.29
38	HL Road Rear Wheel	1	214.24	0.00	214.24	17.14	5.36
39	Women's Tights, S	1	44.99	0.00	44.99	3.60	1.12
40	ML Road Front Wheel	2	298.06	0.00	298.06	23.85	7.45
41	AWC Logo Cap	6	31.12	0.00	31.12	2.49	0.78
42	ML Road Frame-W - Yellow, 38	1	324.45	0.00	324.45	25.96	8.11
43	Road-250 Black, 52	3	3,926.81	0.00	3,926.81	314.15	98.17
44	Road-250 Red, 44	6	8,796.06	0.00	8,796.06	703.68	219.90
45	Road-250 Black, 44	4	5,235.75	0.00	5,235.75	418.86	130.89
46	Road-250 Red, 52	1	1,466.01	0.00	1,466.01	117.28	36.65
47	Road-650 Black, 58	1	469.79	0.00	469.79	37.58	11.74
48	Road-550-W Yellow, 48	5	3,001.31	0.00	3,001.31	240.11	75.03
49	Road-250 Red, 58	2	2,617.88	0.00	2,617.88	209.43	65.45
50	LL Road Handlebars	1	24.29	0.00	24.29	1.94	0.61
51	Road-550-W Yellow, 42	2	1,200.53	0.00	1,200.53	96.04	30.01
52	Sport-100 Helmet, Black	3	60.56	0.00	60.56	4.84	1.51
53	Road-650 Black, 62	3	1,409.38	0.00	1,409.38	112.75	35.23
	TOTAL	152	60,281.31	0.00	60,281.31	4,822.50	1,507.03

- Consider using Power BI
   paginated reports, which can query Azure Synapse Analytics directly
  - No need to develop a Power BI dataset
  - Suited to print-ready, pixel-perfect report layouts
  - Also, they are a good choice when the report needs row-level details

Sales Order **SO47398** Page **2** of **2** 

### Key takeaways

- Power BI reports deliver interactive experiences to report users
- Report designs can include advanced features
  - Drill through, sync slicers, custom tooltips, bookmarks
- High performance Power BI reports can depend on:
  - An optimized model
  - Applying restrictive filters
  - Limiting the number of visuals on each report page
  - Enabling data reduction features
- Paginated reports are suited to print-ready, pixel-perfect report layouts

#### Resources



Create reports and dashboards in Power BI

https://docs.microsoft.com/power-bi/create-reports/

Set up drill through in Power BI reports

https://docs.microsoft.com/power-bi/create-reports/desktop-drillthrough

Customize tooltips in Power BI Desktop

https://docs.microsoft.com/power-bi/create-reports/desktop-custom-tooltips

Create bookmarks in Power BI Desktop to share insights and build stories

https://docs.microsoft.com/power-bi/create-reports/desktop-bookmarks

#### Resources

#### Courses



#### Dashboard in a Day

https://aka.ms/nextDIAD

#### Paginated Reports in a Day

https://aka.ms/PRIADevent
Video course and self-study kit
https://aka.ms/priad-online-course

#### Use DAX in Power BI Desktop

Microsoft learning path, comprising seven modules <a href="https://aka.ms/learndax">https://aka.ms/learndax</a>

# Questions?



