

CIFAR# Canadian Institute

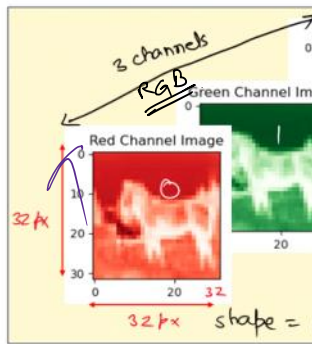
CIFAR-10 is a widely used &
specifically for image classification
→ 10 labels or categories

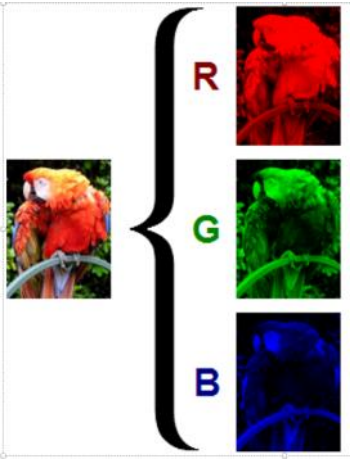
The CIFAR-10 dataset

The CIFAR-10 dataset consists of 60000 32x32 colour images

Shape of the training image

3-dimensional view of the 13th image from the training dataset (out of 50,000 images)





Original



UNDERSTANDING THE CONVOLUTION STEP (FILTERING)

SOBEL X vs SOBEL Y FILTERS

that approximate the
in the horizontal (x)

History: The sobel oper
on American comp:

SOBEL X:

$$\begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -2 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

SOBEL x

$$g$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x}, \frac{\partial}{\partial y}$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \alpha} \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \right)$$

- In a region, it highlights
where pixels intensity ch

Note: Unlike $\text{snrf}(1 - L$

Observations

1. Edges such as fur lines, more pronounced.
 2. it provides the impression no new details were added
- ← sharpen filter enhances edges making the image crisp at the boundaries.

Common Filter/Kernel

- it is used to reduce the noise before the edge detection

common filter example:

3x3 kernel ($\sigma \approx$

Filter	p_u
SOBEL X	→ it detects