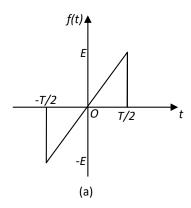
## **Problems for Signals and Systems**

## Chapter 4-2. Fourier Transform of Continuous Time Signal

## • Definition of Fourier Transform

1. Determine the Fourier transforms of the sawtooth pulse and sinusoidal pulse shown in Figure 4.4.



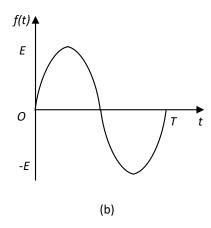


Figure 4.4

## • Properties of Fourier Transform

2. Determine the Fourier transforms of the following signals.

(1) 
$$e^{2+t}u(-t) + 1$$
;

(2) 
$$e^{-3|t|} \sin 2t$$
;

(3) 
$$\left[e^{-\alpha t}\cos\omega_0 t\right]u(t)$$
;

(4) 
$$[te^{-2t}\sin 4t]u(t)$$
.

3. Determine the inverse Fourier transforms of  $F(\omega)$  shown in Figure 4.5.

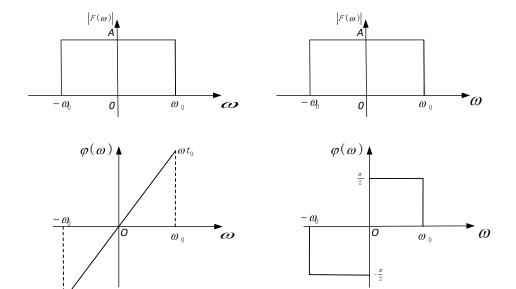


Figure 4.5

(b)

- 4. Given  $F(\omega)$  is the frequency spectrum of f(t), determine the frequency spectra of the following signals.
- (a) tf(2t);
- (b)  $t \frac{df(t)}{dt}$ ;
- (c) (t-2)f(-2t);

(a)

- (d) (1-t)f(1-t);
- (e) f(6-2t).
- 5. Determine the frequency spectrum of the triangular amplitude modulation(AM) signal shown in Figure 4.6.

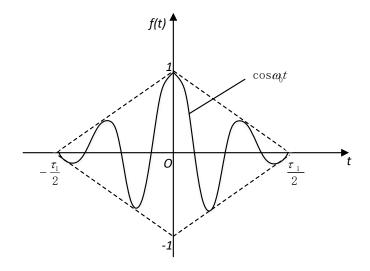


Figure 4.6

6. Determine the Fourier transform of the following signal.

$$\left[\frac{\sin \pi t}{\pi t}\right] \left[\frac{\sin 2\pi (t-1)}{\pi (t-1)}\right]$$

7. Determine the continuous time signal corresponding to each of the following transform.

(a) 
$$F(\omega) = \frac{2\sin[3(\omega-2\pi)]}{(\omega-2\pi)}$$
;

(b) 
$$F(\omega) = \cos(4\omega + \pi/3)$$
;

(c) 
$$F(\omega) = 2[\delta(\omega - 1) - \delta(\omega + 1)] + 3[\delta(\omega - 2\pi) + \delta(\omega + 2\pi)].$$

8. Let  $F(\omega)$  denote the Fourier transform of the signal f(t) depicted in Figure 4.7,

- (a) Find  $argF(\omega)$ ;
- (b) Find  $Re\{F(\omega)\}$ ;
- (c) Find F(0);
- (d) Evaluate  $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} F(\omega) d\omega$ ;
- (e) Evaluate  $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |F(\omega)|^2 d\omega$ ;
- (f) Evaluate  $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} F(\omega) \frac{2\sin\omega}{\omega} e^{j2\omega} d\omega$

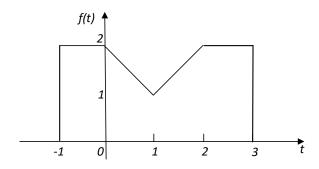


Figure 4.7

9. Use the energy equation

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f^{2}(t)dt = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |F(\omega)|^{2} d\omega$$

to calculate the following integral.

(a) 
$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left(\frac{\sin t}{t}\right)^2 dt$$
;

(b) 
$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{dt}{(1+t^2)^2} .$$

10. Determine the inverse transform of  $F(\omega)$  shown in Figure 4.8.

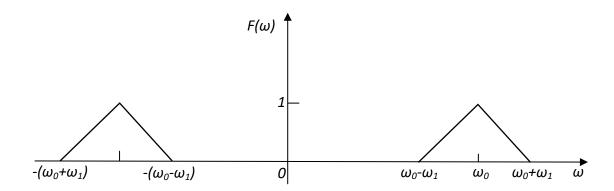


Figure 4.8