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* *
* 417 QBasic example programs from the QB-MonsterFAQ, V2.0 *
* 417 QBasic Example Programs for the QB-MonsterFAQ, V2.0 *
* ===== *
*Collected by*
* \ Thomas Antoni, Sept 28, 1999 - April 12, 2006 *
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* ( ) Websites : www.qbasic.de --- www.antonis.de *
* .( o ). *
* ---=== Hottest QBasic Stuff on Earth !!! ===--- *
* *
*****

```

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## 1. Foreword / Preface

GERMAN

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Here you will find most of the in the QB-MonsterFAQ specified sample programs. These programs include the most requested solutions to Q(uick)Basic-Programming problems from various areas. All Programs are fully functional and have been developed by me QBasic 1.1 under MS-DOS 6.22 and in the DOS box of Windows 95 tested. SUBs and FUNCTIONs each have a small one Get a "test frame" to be able to start easily as a demo.

As an exception, a few programs do not run QBasic, but require QuickBasic 4.5 or 7.1. This is then specified in the program header pointed out. With QuickBASIC it should be noted that the Development environment for all programs that use one of the

contain CALL ABSOLUTE, INTERRUPT, or INTERRUPTX commands, must be started with the "/L" option.

The QB-MonsterFAQ is the world's largest FAQ for QBasic and QuickBASIC and is available to read online at [www.antonis.de/faq](http://www.antonis.de/faq) . The much more comfortable Offline version of FAQ can be downloaded at [www.qbasic.de](http://www.qbasic.de) at "QBasic -> Tutorials -> Reference Books".

NOTE: Some of the programs are in multiple categories listed.

ENGLISH

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Here please find most of the code snippets of the QB-MonsterFAQ. Tested and fully functioning programs only. I've tested all programs with QBasic 1.1 under MS-DOS 6.22 and the Windows 95 DOS box. Some of the programs will only run under QuickBASIC 4.5 or 7.1; refer to the program header comments.

For running programs containing CALL ABSOLUTE, INTERRUPT or INTERRUPTX statements, the IDE has to be started with the "/L" options.

The QB-MonsterFAQ is the world's biggest FAQ on QBasic and QuickBasic! The FAQ is available as an online readable database under [www.antonis.de/faq](http://www.antonis.de/faq) . The much more user-friendly FAQ offline version is provided at [www.qbasic.de](http://www.qbasic.de) under "QBasic -> Tutorials -> Reference Books"

copyright

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All programs of this collection can be downloaded from [www.antonis.de/faq/progs/](http://www.antonis.de/faq/progs/) or from [www.qbasic.de](http://www.qbasic.de) .

All programs are provided under the GNU FDL (Free-Document License) and can be published, modified and integrated into your own programs without any copyright claims.

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## 2. For beginners (for the SelfQB course)

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[ERSTPROG.BAS](#) = First small program  
[MATHDEMO.BAS](#) = Small math demo program  
[IFTHEN .BAS](#) = Demo for IF...THEN queries  
[INPUTIF .BAS](#) = Demo for keyboard input with INPUT and  
                   for IF...THEN  
[LOOP .BAS](#) = 5 ways the numbers from 0 to 100  
                   to display  
[CASE-1 .BAS](#) = Example 1 for the SELECT CASE command  
[CASE-2 .BAS](#) = Example 2 for the SELECT CASE command  
[CASE-3 .BAS](#) = Example 3 for the SELECT CASE command

[FIELD .BAS](#) = Edit fields (arrays) in QBasic

[SUBQ .BAS](#) = Demo for a SUBroutine

[FUNCQ .BAS](#) = Demo for a FUNCTION

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### 3.Keyboard Entry

=====

[TASTCODE.BAS](#) = Shows the CHR\$( ) key code of the current pressed button

[INTEXT .BAS](#) = Key input with length limitation

[INTEXT2 .BAS](#) = Key input with length limitation

[INTEXT3 .BAS](#) = Key input with default value

[INTEXT4 .BAS](#) = Convenient input routine with editing function

[INTEXT5 .BAS](#) = Convenient input routine, replaces INPUT

[INTEXT6 .BAS](#) = Input routine - line editor with adjustable possible input length

[SHOPLIST.BAS](#) = Length-limited keystrokes in table fields

[PASSWRD1.BAS](#) = Simple password input with asterisks

[PASSWRD3.BAS](#) = Password input with asterisks

[LONGINP .BAS](#) = INPUT replacement for multi-line text input - almost an editor!

[INPENTER.BAS](#) = Enter text containing line feeds

[INPUTTEXT.BAS](#) = Input routine for long text

[INPUESC .BAS](#) = Make INPUT breakable with Esc, input routine

[KEYESC .BAS](#) = Keyboard input breakable with Esc

[XKEY .BAS](#) = key evaluation directly with the INP command without INPUT and INKEY\$

[KEYSCAN .BAS](#) = Record keystrokes via INP(&H60)

[KEYSTAT .BAS](#) = Status display of the special keys Shift, NumLock

[TASTSTAT.BAS](#) = Keyboard status for Ctrl, Alt, Shift, Num, etc. query and change

[KEYSTAT2.BAS](#) = Query special keys with ON KEY (Shift,Ctrl, Alt, NumLock, etc.)

[SPECKEYS.BAS](#) = Query special keys (Ctrl, Alt, Shift, Num)

[DISCOLIT.BAS](#) = Light organ with the keyboard LEDs

[KEYLITES.BAS](#) = Let the Num LED on the keyboard

flash [MULTIKEY.BAS](#) = Capture multiple keystrokes

[MULTITAS.BAS](#) = Recording of multiple key operations

[ONKEY .BAS](#) = event-driven action processing

(Demonstration of ON KEY function)

[ONKEY2 .BAS](#) = Event-driven query of the F1 key

[ESCEREIG.BAS](#) = Event-driven program termination with Esc

[TASTE0-1.BAS](#) = Detects the pressing and releasing of the Alt key

[TASTKURZ.BAS](#) = Time-limited key entry

[TASTMMIT.BAS](#) = Key entry in the middle of the text

[TYPEIN .BAS](#) = Text input with a typewriter sound

[ZALINPUT.BAS](#) = Key input limited to numbers

[TASTPUFF.BAS](#) = Determine the fill level of the keyboard buffer

[ZALGRENZ.BAS](#) = Number input with limitation of the input value

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### 4.View and edit text

=====

[TEXTBEAR.BAS](#) = The most important commands for text processing

[CPRINT .BAS](#) = Display text centered

[RPRINT .BAS](#) = Display text right-aligned

[BLOKSATZ.BAS](#) = Format text in full justification and display

[WORDWRAP.BAS](#) = Text display with correct line break

[WORDWRA2.BAS](#) = Text with line break and selectable line

[show length](#)  
[SHOWTXT3.BAS](#) = Display text with automatic  
                   new line  
[LAUFSSCHR.BAS](#) = scrolling text from right to left  
[LAUFshr2.BAS](#) = scrolling text, starting from the middle  
                   outside "grows"  
[LAUFshr3.BAS](#) = Marquee scrolls from right to left  
                   and disappears there  
[LAUFshr5.BAS](#) = ticker in text mode  
[TICKER .BAS](#) = text ticker - soft faded ticker  
                   in SCREEN13  
[NOSCROL1.BAS](#) = Screen output in line 25 without scrolling  
[NOSCROL2.BAS](#) = Screen output in line 25 without scrolling  
[RUN .BAS](#) = An animated stick figure runs over  
                   the screen  
[SCREENR2.BAS](#) = Read the text screen with PEEK  
[SCREENR3.BAS](#) = Read the text screen with BSAVE  
[SCREENR4.BAS](#) = Read the character code and color of a  
                   text character from the screen with SCREEN  
[SCREENRD.BAS](#) = Reading out the text screen with SCREEN  
[SCRENLES.BAS](#) = Content of the text screen SCREEN 0 in file  
                   read (with PEEK)  
[SHOWTXT1.BAS](#) = Simple text viewer, displays a text file  
[SHOWTXT2.BAS](#) = Text viewer, displays e. Text file page by page to  
[TABLE .BAS](#) = Display table in a subarea of  
                   screen  
[TRIM ALL.BAS](#) = Remove all spaces from a string  
[BUCZAEHL.BAS](#) = Counts the letters in a text  
[WORTZAEHL.BAS](#) = Counts how often a word occurs in a text  
[TEXTRUEK.BAS](#) = Display text backwards  
[TYPEIN .BAS](#) = Text input with Typewriter noise  
[TYPER .BAS](#) = Display of text with typewriter noise  
[UCASEUML.BAS](#) = UCASE function, which also text with umlauts  
                   correctly converts to uppercase  
[ZUFWORT1.BAS](#) = generate random words (words by random  
                   select principle)  
[ACCORDING.BAS](#) = Generate random words  
[MOVE .BAS](#) = Move a text character with the cursor keys  
[BOX .BAS](#) = Draw a box of double dashes in the  
                   text mode  
[BOX2 .BAS](#) = display a box in text mode with many  
                   Design options  
[BOX\\_ANI .BAS](#) = Display animated box on screen  
[BOX\\_SCHA.BAS](#) = Draw box in text mode with shadow  
[UMLAUTE .BAS](#) = Convert umlauts to "ae", "oe" etc.  
[BLINKTXT.BAS](#) = Display flashing text  
[EPRINT .BAS](#) = Display non-printable ASCII -Control characters  
[ASC2ANSI.BAS](#) = ASCII-ANSI conversion for input text  
[ASCII2BIN.BAS](#) = convert ASCII characters to binary numbers  
[ASCIANSI.BAS](#) = convert ASCII to ANSI text file  
[COLOR-1 .BAS](#) = use colors in Text mode  
[TXTCOLOR.BAS](#) = Text display with different colors  
                   Letters  
[TEXTWIN .BAS](#) = Text Editor - Edit text in a window

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## 5.Display Graphic

=====  
[3D\\_1 .BAS](#) = 3D graphic demo - displaying a 3D square  
[3D\\_2 .BAS](#) = 3D graphic demo - rotating cube

[3D 3 .BAS](#) = 3D graphic demo - rotating ball  
[3D 4 .BAS](#) = 3D -Graphic demo - Display many 3D rings  
[3DKUGEL1.BAS](#) = Displays 3D spheres of random size and color  
[3DKUGEL2.BAS](#) = Displays 3D spheres as wireframe models  
[3DKUGEL3.BAS](#) = Simple three-dimensional sphere graphics  
[ANI-RUN .BAS](#) = Animated running manikin with GET and PUT  
[ANIMAT1 .BAS](#) = A cyclist rides across the screen  
[BALLMOV2.BAS](#) = Page Flipping Demo - Flying Balls Cursor steering  
[BALLMOVE.BAS](#) = Page flipping demo - flying ball moving the background not destroyed  
[BALLPRAL.BAS](#) = Move a ball that bounces off a wall  
[MOVE2 .BAS](#) = Move a sprite across the screen  
[MOVE3 .BAS](#) = Move a circle with the cursor keys  
[MOVE4 .BAS](#) = Move a character with the cursor keys  
[BLINE .BAS](#) = A line with the Bresenham algorithm draw (without LINE)  
[ROTATION .BAS](#) = Rotate a point around a point of symmetry  
[ROTARY TEXT.BAS](#) = Rotate text  
[DREIFUEL.BAS](#) = Fill triangle with color without PAINT  
[ERASE1 .BAS](#) = Erase screen element and old restore background  
[FADER .BAS](#) = Dark-light gradient for a text  
[FILL .BAS](#) = Fill a triangle with a color  
[GETPOINT.BAS](#) = Get the color of a pixel in SCREEN12 without POINT command directly from graphics memory  
[GRAPHTUT.BAS](#) = English interactive graphics tutorial, demonstrates LINE, CIRCLE, PAINT and PSET  
[SPIRAL .BAS](#) = Draw spirals  
[STICKMAN.BAS](#) = Move a stick figure with cursor keys  
[CIRCLE1 .BAS](#) = Draw a circle without CIRCLE  
[DIKLINE.BAS](#) = Draw a thick line (as a rectangle)  
[FATLINES.BAS](#) = Draw a thick line (by joining set several single lines)  
[FONTER .BAS](#) = Font generator for SCREEN 12  
[GETDEMO1.BAS](#) = Demonstration 1 of graphic GET command  
[GETDEMO2.BAS](#) = Demonstration 2 of graphic GET command  
[GETPUT1 .BAS](#) = Cycling animation with graphic GET/PUT  
[GETPUT2 .BAS](#) = Demo of PSET/PRESET/AND/OR/XOR modes of the graphics PUT command  
[GLASFUL1.BAS](#) = Animated filling of a glass  
[GLASFUL2.BAS](#) = Animated filling of a glass  
[GLASFUL3.BAS](#) = Animated filling of a glass  
[GRAFIK .BAS](#) = Small demo of the most important graphic commands  
[GRAPMOVE.BAS](#) = A moon face with cursor keys over the move screen  
[KREISFAR.BAS](#) = Fill circle with color  
[KREISROL.BAS](#) = A circle rolls diagonally across the screen  
[KREISFUL.BAS](#) = Fill circle with color without PAINT and DRAW  
[LAUFshr4.BAS](#) = Scrolling text in graphics mode  
[PAGEFLIP.BAS](#) = Page Flipping Demo - Screens with Switch SCREEN for animations  
[PAGEFLI2.BAS](#) = Page flipping demo in SCREEN 9  
[PAINTMUS.BAS](#) = Paint a triangle with a pattern (texturing)  
[PALETTE1.BAS](#) = Palette demo - demonstrates color mixing with the mPALETTE command, including fading  
[PALETTE2.BAS](#) = demonstration d. PALETTE command in Screen 12  
[PIXCOLOR.BAS](#) = Query the color of a screen pixel with POINT

[ROTIER1 .BAS](#) = Display rotating square  
[RUN .BAS](#) = Animation: Stick figure runs over the  
                     Screen  
[SPRITE1 .BAS](#) = Create and display a sprite  
[SCREEN12.BAS](#) = Direct access to SCREEN 13's video RAM  
[SCREENER.BAS](#) = Determine screen properties  
[SCREENS .BAS](#) = Determine available SCREEN modes  
[SELCLS .BAS](#) = Clear section of graphics screen  
[SMALFONT.BAS](#) = Small font in SCREEN 12/13  
[SNOWMAN .BAS](#) = Snowman animation with GET and PUT  
[RGBCOLOR.BAS](#) = Generate any RGB colors with PALETTE  
[GRAPH .BAS](#) = Realize color gradients with QBasic

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## 6. View Images (BMP, ICO, etc.)

=====

[BMP-LOAD.BAS](#) = BMP loader to display BMP graphics  
[BMPLOAD2.BAS](#) = BMP loader to display BMP images with  
                     256 colors  
[BMPLOAD3.BAS](#) = BMP loader for displaying BMP graphics  
[THOMAS .BMP](#) = Example graphics for BMP loader (256 colors,  
                     320x200 pixels)  
[ICONLOAD.BAS](#) = Show Icons (for Windows Icons)  
[ICONVIEW.BAS](#) = Show Icons (for Windows and OS/2 Icons)

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## 7.Date/time and formation of waiting times

generate waiting times

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[TIMER .BAS](#) = generation of exact waiting times (min. 0.056 sec)  
[TIMER24 .BAS](#) = generation of waiting times, which are also around  
                     work at midnight  
[TIMER1 .BAS](#) = Generate short waiting times - independent of  
                     the clock speed of the computer  
[TIMER2 .BAS](#) = Self-adaptive timer - independent of  
                     the CPU speed  
[MYTIMER .BAS](#) = Generate extremely short waiting times by  
                     Reconfiguring the system timer

Show time

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[TIME .BAS](#) = Time display  
[DAT-ZEIT.BAS](#) = Display date and time in German format  
[ONTIMER .BAS](#) = Time display independent of the main program  
                     with ON TIMER  
[UHRGROSS.BAS](#) = Digital clock with large digits

Countdown Timers & Stopwatches

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[COUNT .BAS](#) = Simple countdown timer  
[COUNTDOWN.BAS](#) = Countdown timer  
[COUNTER .BAS](#) = Countdown timer showing the zeroing of the  
                     Mastered system timers at midnight  
[STOPUHR1.BAS](#) = Simple stopwatch with sec and min display  
[STOPUHR2.BAS](#) = Simple stopwatch with sec and 1/10 sec display  
[STOPUHR3.BAS](#) = Comfort stopwatch, min, sec, 1/10 sec display

[STOPUHR4.BAS](#) = Stopwatch using the ON TIMER command  
[ZEITDIFF.BAS](#) = time difference between 2 points in time in  
determine seconds

Edit date

-----  
[WEEKDAY .BAS](#) = Determine weekday of a specified date  
[WEEKDAY2.BAS](#) = Determine weekday of a specified date  
[TAGDIFF .BAS](#) = Determines the days between 2 points in time  
[DAT2TAG .BAS](#) = Convert days and dates into  
one another [DATUM .BAS](#) = Jump to a date-dependent routine  
[DAT2DAT .BAS](#) = Appends the date to the names of all files  
of a folder  
[DATRUECK.BAS](#) = date reset to extend the useful  
duration of shareware programs  
[KALWOCHE.BAS](#) = Calculation of the current calendar week KW1-KW52

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## 8. Edit numbers, math problems

convert numbers

-----  
[ANY2DEC .BAS](#) = number conversion any base -> dec.  
[DEC2ANY .BAS](#) = number conversion dec -> any base  
[BIN2DEC1.BAS](#) = number conversion binary -> decimal  
[BIN2DEC2.BAS](#) = number conversion binary -> decimal  
[BIN2DEC3.BAS](#) = number conversion binary r -> Decimal  
[DEC2BIN1.BAS](#) = Number conversion Decimal -> Binary  
[DEC2BIN2.BAS](#) = Number conversion Decimal -> Binary  
[DEC2BIN3.BAS](#) = Number conversion Decimal -> Binary  
[DEC2BIN4.BAS](#) = Number conversion Decimal -> Binary and a  
extract bits  
[DEC2HEX1.BAS](#) = Number conversion Dec. -> Hex (with HEX\$)  
[DEC2HEX2.BAS](#) = Number conversion Dec. -> Hex (without HEX\$)  
[HEX2DEC1.BAS](#) = Number conversion Hex -> Dec. (with VAL)  
[HEX2DEC2.BAS](#) = Number conversion Hex -> Dec. (without VAL)  
[HEXDECRE.BAS](#) = Convert hex number with "comma" into decimal number  
[BIN2ASCII.BAS](#) = Convert binary numbers into ASCII characters  
[FLOA2FIX.BAS](#) = Convert floating-point number into fixed-point number  
[FLOAFIX2.BAS](#) = Convert floating-point number into fixed-point number  
[FLOATFIX. BAS](#) = Convert floating point number to fixed point number  
[ZAL2WORT.BAS](#) = Converts a maximum 4-digit number to words  
[ZAHL2TXT.BAS](#) = Converts a number into a text  
[NUM2WORD.BAS](#) = Converts a number into an English. Text  
[ROMANUM .BAS](#) = Converts roman to arabic numbers  
[NORM2POL.BAS](#) = Normal polar form converter for complex numbers

Display and enter numbers

-----  
[WITHZERO .BAS](#) = Integers with leading zeros in fixed  
Display Format (Odometer Effect)  
[KOMMA2PT.BAS](#) = number input with comma instead of decimal point  
[KOMMAANZ.BAS](#) = number display with comma instead of decimal point  
[KOMMAINP.BAS](#) = number input with comma instead of decimal point  
[KOMMAPKT.BAS](#) = number display with comma instead of decimal points  
and dividing points after every 3 digits  
[MITNULGP.BAS](#) = Display floating-point number with leading zeros



[EXPOANZ .BAS](#) = Demo of exponential display of floating-point numbers

random numbers

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[ZUFAELLE.BAS](#) = generate random numbers 1..n

[RANDOMNO.BAS](#) = determine random numbers without repetition

[ZUFOWI .BAS](#) = generate random numbers without repetition

[LOTTO .BAS](#) = lottery number generator (6 out of 49)

Mathematical Problems

-----

[PERSISTENCE .BAS](#) = Determining the "persistence" of a number

[BERNOULI.BAS](#) = Calculating the Bernoulli probability

[BINOMI .BAS](#) = Calculating d. binomial coefficients n over k

[BINOMI2 .BAS](#) = calculation d. binomial coefficients n over k

[BINOMKO .BAS](#) = calculation d. Binomial coefficients n over k

[FACULTAT.BAS](#) = factorial n! calculate

[FAKBIG .BAS](#) = Very large factorials n! calculate

[FAKULREC.BAS](#) = Faculty n! calculate recursively

[FAKULT .BAS](#) = faculty up to 1754! calculate with PowerBASIC

[FAKULT .EXE](#) = ditto, compiled EXE program

[FASTFAK .BAS](#) = fast factor calculation n!

[FORMEL .BAS](#) = Formula solver in QBasic

[GERSCHNI.BAS](#) = Calculate

the

intersection of two [straight lines GETPI .BAS](#) = Calculates Pi to 1000 decimal places

. Happy Numbers (happy numbers)

[HAPYNUM2.BAS](#) = Calculation of Happy Numbers (happy numbers)

[HERON .BAS](#) = Root calculation according to Heron without SQR

[NEWTON .BAS](#) = Root calculation according to Newton without SQR

[WURZELNA.BAS](#) = Root calculation via a Approximation method

[JULIAFRA.BAS](#) = Fractal generator for Julia sets

[MANDEL1 .BAS](#) = Display of a Mandelbrot graph (fractal)

[MANDEL2 .BAS](#) = Display of a Mandelbrot graph (fractal)

[MATRAIN1.BAS](#) = Simple math trainer for addition

[MATRAIN2.BAS](#) = Math trainer for For the 4 basic arithmetic operations

[NUMCHECK.BAS](#) = checks whether an input value is a number

[OVERFLOW.BAS](#) = intercept program abort in the event of number overflow

[PQFORMEL.BAS](#) = solution of the quadratic pq equation

[SQUARE .BAS](#) = solution of the quadratic equation with the

"Midnight Formula"

[POLYNUL .BAS](#) = Calculate roots of a polynomial

[POLYNUL2.BAS](#) = Calculate roots of a polynomial by the

Bairstow method

[PARALEL2.BAS](#) = Draw parallel to a straight line

[PARALLEL.BAS](#) = Draw parallel lines

[PRIMEGEN.BAS](#) = Prime number generator - finds over 3 million

prime numbers

[PRIMTEST.BAS](#) = Tests whether a number is prime

[PRIMZAHN.BAS](#) = Determines the prime numbers up to 1500

[PRIMFAK .BAS](#) = Prime factor analysis

[PRIMZERL.BAS](#) = Prime factor analysis

[PUNGERAD.BAS](#) = Calculates the distance of a point from a straight line

[QUERSUM .BAS](#) = Calculates the checksum of a number

[ROUND1.BAS](#) = Commercial rounding

[ROUND2.BAS](#) = Scientific rounding

[VERTICAL.BAS](#) = Vertex form of the quadratic equation

calculate (from  $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ )



[SINKURVE.BAS](#) = Display sine curve  
[SINAMPL .BAS](#) = Display sine curve, with selectable amplitude and frequency  
[TANGENT1.BAS](#) = Draw tangents to a circle  
[TANGENT2.BAS](#) = Calculates common tangents to 2 circles  
[TANGENT3.BAS](#) = Calculates the tangents from a point a circle  
[TARECH .BAS](#) = Simple pocket calculator for the 4 basic arithmetic  
[CALCULATOR .BAS](#) = pocket calculator for the 4 basic arithmetic operations  
[TARECH2 .BAS](#) = pocket calculator  
[UNGAU .BAS](#) = demo for rounding errors in floating point processing  
[VZANZEIG.BAS](#) = Display of formula terms with the correct sign  
[DEZIMAL1.BAS](#) = Breaking down a number into its decimal places  
[DEZIMAL2.BAS](#) = Breaking down a number into its decimal places  
[GGTeil .BAS](#) = Calculate the greatest common divisor  
[KGV .BAS](#) = The smallest common Calculate multiples  
[KREISNIT.BAS](#) = Calculate the points of intersection of two circles  
[LANGRECH.BAS](#) = Pocket calculator for huge numbers  
[LINIE2P .BAS](#) = Calculate the equation of a straight line from 2 points  
[DIVIDABLE .BAS](#) = Checks whether 2 numbers are divisible by each other  
[VZLOSINT.BAS](#) = Unsigned 16-bit INTEGER -Generate number  
[WORD2BYT.BAS](#) = The two bytes from e. Read out 16-bit word  
[ZAHL2ZIF.BAS](#) = Store digits of an integer separately  
[ZERLEG .BAS](#) = Split number into individual decimal places  
[ZINSEN1 .BAS](#) = Calculate capital growth with compound interest  
[ZINSEN2 .BAS](#) = Calculate capital doubling with compound interest  
[SPLINE .BAS](#) = Draws a spline -Curve through 4 points

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## 9. Sound

=====
  
[DUCKLING .BAS](#) = "All my ducklings" about d. Speaker play  
[MUSIC .BAS](#) = Various pieces of music and sounds for the PC speaker  
[MUSIC2 .BAS](#) = Various pieces of music and sounds for the PC speaker  
[ON-PLAY .BAS](#) = Plays long pieces of music Block with ON PLAY  
[SIREN .BAS](#) = Generates a siren sound with SOUND  
[SIRENE2 .BAS](#) = Police siren with SOUND  
[STARWARS.BAS](#) = Play the Star Wars melody with PLAY  
[FREQUENZ.BAS](#) = Measure the frequency range of the PC speaker  
[ZUF SOUND.BAS](#) = Random music with basic melody create  
[DIRSOUND.BAS](#) = Output sound to the PC speaker via I/O port  
[WAVPLAY1.BAS](#) = Simple player for WAV files

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## 10. Sort, search, replace

=====
  
[SORT\\_2 .BAS](#) = Sorting 2 numbers with SWAP  
[SORT\\_1 .BAS](#) = Simple example of sorting numbers with "bubble sort"  
[SORT .BAS](#) = Sort numbers using the two sorting Bubble sort and quick sort methods  
[SORTQUIK.BAS](#) = Sort with QuickSort (recursive)  
[SORTQIK2.BAS](#) = Sort with QuickSort (non-recursive Variant)  
[SORTREV .BAS](#) = sort numbers in descending order-sort sequence (with BubbleSort)  
[SORTSHEL.BAS](#) = Sorting with ShellSort  
[DOSSORT .BAS](#) = Sorting with the help of the DOS SORT command

[SORT\\_TXT.BAS](#) = Sorting of texts with correct handling  
of German umlauts  
[SEARCH01.BAS](#) = Search in a text with the INSTR command  
[SEARCH02.BAS](#) = Text search in a dictionary  
[BISEARCH.BAS](#) = Binary search in sorted fields  
[REPLACE .BAS](#) = Search and replace text in a file  
[TAB2SPC .BAS](#) = replace tabs with spaces  
[VISISORT.BAS](#) = Demonstrates 9 sorting algorithms visually and  
measures their speed

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## 11. Programming Games

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[ZAH RAT .BAS](#) = Number guessing in a selectable number range  
[ADVENTUR.BAS](#) = Text adventure - this is how it could start...  
[QUIZ .BAS](#) = A simple quiz program  
[DICE .BAS](#) = Electronic dice  
[WUERFEL2.BAS](#) = Dice game with ASCII graphics in text screen  
[AUTORENN.BAS](#) = A simple text mode car racing game  
[PONG .BAS](#) = Pong clone (tennis game)  
[STARWARF.BAS](#) = Star-Wars intro with Star-Wars Melody and font  
[WAYFIND .BAS](#) = wayfinding routine  
[ELISA .BAS](#) = a computer interlocutor (KI / AI)  
[LEBEN .BAS](#) = The Game of Life (Growth Simulation)

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## 12. Edit files, directories and drives

files

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[SEQFILE .BAS](#) = Write and read file - easily with  
a sequential file  
[VAR2FILE.BAS](#) = Write variables to a file and read them back  
[SEQFILE2.BAS](#) = Writes a word to a file and reads it  
back again  
[FILE .BAS](#) = Writes a small text into a file  
[TXTFILE.BAS](#) = Writes entered text into a file  
[FILEEXIST.BAS](#) = Tests whether a file exists  
[FILEXIS2.BAS](#) = Tests whether a file exists  
(comfort version)  
[SEQERROR.BAS](#) = Checks whether e. sequential file is available  
[FILCOPY1.BAS](#) = Copy a file, byte by byte without SHELL  
[FILCOPY2.BAS](#) = Fast copy a file via e. Buffer  
[FILCOPY3.BAS](#) = Fast copying of a file via e. Buffer  
[FILESIZE.BAS](#) = Determines the size of a selectable file  
[FILENGTH.BAS](#) = Determines the length and number of lines in a file  
[MERGE .BAS](#) = Merger - combines several files  
[PATHNAME.BAS](#) = Path and file name of the currently executed one  
EXE program  
[PATHNAME EXE](#) = ditto, compiled EXE file  
[EXEPATH .BAS](#) = path and name of your own program file  
determine  
[EXENAME .BAS](#) = A program determines its own name  
[READFILE.ZIP](#) = Access to an external companion file  
[SCORE .ZIP](#) = Embed the high score list directly in the EXE file  
[VERSCHLU.BAS](#) = Simple encryption and decryption of text  
[ENCRYPT .BAS](#) = Text encryption  
[CRYPTME .BAS](#) = Text encryption with password protection  
[SHOWBIN .BAS](#) = Binary viewer - The content of any

Show file in binary code

[SHOWHEX .BAS](#) = Hex Viewer - The contents of a selectable file  
in hexadecimal code, with addresses  
[SHOWTXT1.BAS](#) = Plain Text Viewer - Shows the content  
a selectable file as ASCII text  
[SHOWTXT2.BAS](#) = Text viewer with page-by-page display  
[DATEDAT.BAS](#) = Change file creation date

directories, folders

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[DIR 1 .BAS](#) = content e. List directories without SHELL  
[DIR 2 .BAS](#) = List contents of a directory with  
Using the command SHELL "DIR .."  
[XDIR .BAS](#) = List contents of a directory - per  
interrupt processing  
[PATH .BAS](#) = Determine the current path name  
[SEARCH1 .BAS](#) = Search for files in a selectable path  
[DIRMAKNO.BAS](#) = Create numbered directories

drives

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[CHKDRIVE.BAS](#) = Display of existing drives  
[LW LISTE.BAS](#) = Determination of existing drives including type  
[DRIVE.BAS](#) = Functions for handling directories  
and drives  
[DIR 3 .BAS](#) = List the contents of a directory  
[DIRLIST .BAS](#) = List the files in a directory  
with wildcards, eg \*.BAS  
[SHOWDIR .BAS](#) = Show contents of a directory - with  
the DIR\$ command of QB 7.1 and PowerBASIC  
[TREE .BAS](#) = Lists all directories of a drive  
[CDOPEN .BAS](#) = Opens and closes the CD-ROM drive  
[MEDICHK .BAS](#) = Checks whether there is a floppy/CD/DVD in the drive  
[DISKCOP1.BAS](#) = Copy a Disk with SHELL  
[DISKCOP2.BAS](#) = Copy a disk BIOS interrupt

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### 13.Mouse, Menus, Dialog Boxes and Windows

Mouse

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[MOUSE .BAS](#) = Mouse routines for QBasic 1.1 and QB 4.5/7.1  
[MAUS .BAS](#) = Simple mouse routine for QuickBASIC  
[MAUS2 .BAS](#) = Simple mouse routine for QuickBASIC  
[MAUSCUR2.BAS](#) = Mouse routine for QBasic and QuickBASIC with  
changeable mouse pointer  
[MAUSCURS.BAS](#) = Mouse routine for QBasic and QuickBASIC with  
changeable mouse pointer  
[MOUSE2 .BAS](#) = mouse routine, works on QBasic and  
QuickBASIC in all SCREEN modes  
[MOUSEINT.BAS](#) = Mouse routine for QBasic and QuickBASIC  
with interrupts  
[MOUSETXT.BAS](#) = Mouse routine for the text screen SCREEN 0  
(for QuickBASIC, not for QBasic)

menus

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[MENU1 .BAS](#) = small text-based selection menu  
[MENU3 .BAS](#) = screen menu with scroll function  
[MENUUPDN.BAS](#) = scroll menu with up/down key operation  
[MENUPULL.BAS](#) = comfortable pull-down menu via the keyboard  
[PULLDOWN.BAS](#) = Display and edit pull-down menus  
[MENUMAUS.BAS](#) = Mouse-driven menu

dialog boxes and windows

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[QBASWIN .BAS](#) = Create Windows-like pop-up windows  
[PROGRESS.BAS](#) = Simple progress bar on text screen  
[PROGRES .BAS](#) = Progress bar on text screen  
[PROGRES2.BAS](#) = Progress bar on graphics screen  
[FRAME .BAS](#) = Draws a frame of text characters  
[BORDERCOLOR.BAS](#) = Draws a colored window with title text  
[BUTTON .BAS](#) = Creating a click button  
[GUISUBS .BAS](#) = Subroutines for creating user interfaces  
                  areas with dialog boxes and menus

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#### 14.Subroutines and Functions

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[SUBTUTOR.BAS](#) = English tutorial about SUBs and FUNCTIONs  
[FELD2SUB.BAS](#) = Pass field to a SUB/FUNCTION  
[FELDSUB .BAS](#) = Pass field to a SUB/FUNCTION  
[MORERUECK. BAS](#) = SUB/FUNCTION returns more than one value  
[SHARE .BAS](#) = Variables shared between main program and SUB  
                  use with SHARED  
[SHARED .BAS](#) = variables in main program and SUB together  
                  use with SHARED  
[TYPE4SUB.BAS](#) = Pass custom field to SUB  
[RECURSE .BAS](#) = Recursion: A SUB calls itself  
[REKURS .BAS](#) = Recursion: A SUB calls itself  
[REKURS2 .BAS](#) = Recursion: Drawing squares  
[CALLREVA.BAS](#) = Difference between "Call by Reference" and  
                  "CALL by Value"

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#### 15.Libraries, CHAIN and MAK modules

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[QLB .ZIP](#) = Example of creating a .QLB  
                  QuickLibrary (High2.qlb)  
[LIB .ZIP](#) = Creating and including .LIB libraries  
[CHAIN1 .ZIP](#) = Simple example CHAIN: Splitting a  
                  program on 2 files  
[CHAIN2 .ZIP](#) = example for CHAIN: grab 2 program files  
                  toward the same field  
[MODULE .ZIP](#) = Demonstrates the use of MAK modules  
                  in QuickBASIC

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#### 16.QBasic on Windows

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[DESKTOP .BAS](#) = Creates a desktop shortcut for a QB  
                  -EXE program with icon  
[FENTITEL.BAS](#) = Read and set Windows window title  
[LONGNAME.BAS](#) = Support for long file and folder names  
[PCNAME .BAS](#) = Finds out the name of your own computer

[REGISTRY.BAS](#) = Access to Windows Registry  
[W95\\_2DOS.BAS](#) = Long Windows filenames to DOS filenames  
convert (8+3)

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## 17. Miscellaneous

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[COMMANDP.BAS](#) = Delivers the individual parameters of the COMMAND\$  
command line  
[AMPLIB .BAS](#) = Turn off the ATX power supply and read out  
the laptop battery level  
[IP-GET .BAS](#) = Determine and display your own IP address  
[SYSINFO .BAS](#) = Display of system information  
[BSAVE 1 .BAS](#) = Autodemo for the commands BSAVE and BLOAD  
[OR .BAS](#) = Illustration of the OR function (OR)  
[COMMAND .BAS](#) = Command line interpreter ("Fake-OS")  
[JOYTEST .BAS](#) = Joystick test program  
[STACKFLO.BAS](#) = Generates a stack overflow  
[CHAT .BAS](#) = Network chat via serial null modem cable  
[TERMINAL.BAS](#) = Chat via serial null modem cable  
[EASYCHAT.BAS](#) = Network chat via serial null modem cable  
[PBERROR .BAS](#) = Error processing in PowerBASIC

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----- End of the QB-MonsterFAQ programs -----

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