```
# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
 3
     Predicting house prices: a regression example
 4
 5
     from keras.datasets import boston housing
 7
     (train data, train targets), (test data, test targets) = boston housing.load data()
9
     print("train data.shape=",train data.shape)
10
    print("test data.shape=",test data.shape)
11
12
    print("train data[0]",train data[0].reshape(len(train data[0]),1))
13
    print("train targets=",train targets)
14
15
16
    #önişleme preprocessing
17
    mean = train data.mean(axis=0)
18
    train data -= mean
19
   std = train data.std(axis=0)
20 train data /= std
21
    test data -= mean
    test data /= std
22
23
24
25
26
     from keras import models
27
    from keras import layers
28
29 def build model():
30
         # Because we will need to instantiate
31
         # the same model multiple times,
32
         # we use a function to construct it.
33
        model = models.Sequential()
34
        model.add(layers.Dense(64, activation='relu',
35
                                input shape=(train data.shape[1],)))
36
        model.add(layers.Dense(64, activation='relu'))
37
        model.add(layers.Dense(1, activation='linear')) #linear
        model.compile(optimizer='rmsprop',
38
39
                       loss='mse',
40
                       metrics=['accuracy', 'mae'])
41
        return model
42
43
     #Validating our approach using K-fold validation (cross validation)
    import numpy as np
44
45
   k = 4
num val samples = len(train data) // k # //tamsayı bölme
47
    num epochs = 10
48
    all scores = []
49
50
51
    from keras import backend as K
52
    # Some memory clean-up
53
    K.clear session()
54
55
    num epochs = 10
56
   all mae histories = []
57
    for i in range(k):
58
        print('processing fold #', i)
59
         # Prepare the validation data: data from partition # k
60
        val data = train data[i * num val samples: (i + 1) * num val samples]
        val_targets = train_targets[i * num_val_samples: (i + 1) * num val samples]
61
62
63
         # Prepare the training data: data from all other partitions
64
        partial train data = np.concatenate(
65
             [train data[:i * num val samples],
              train data[(i + 1) * num val samples:]],
66
67
             axis=0)
```

```
68
        partial_train_targets = np.concatenate(
69
            [train targets[:i * num val samples],
70
             train_targets[(i + 1) * num_val_samples:]],
71
            axis=0)
72
73
        # Build the Keras model (already compiled)
74
        model = build model()
75
        # Train the model (in silent mode, verbose=0)
76
        history = model.fit(partial train data,
77
                           partial train targets,
78
                           validation data=(val data, val targets),
79
                           epochs=num epochs,
80
                           batch size=1,
81
                           verbose=0)
82
83
        mae history = history.history['val mean absolute error']
84
        all mae histories.append (mae history)
85
86
87
   average mae history = [
88
            np.mean([x[i] for x in all mae histories]) for i in range(num epochs)]
89
90
    # Grafik çizim işlemleri -----
91
92
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
93
94
   plt.plot(range(1, len(average_mae_history) + 1), average_mae_history)
95
   plt.xlabel('Epochs')
96
   plt.ylabel('Validation MAE')
97
   plt.show()
98
```

99