

# Bug Bounty at Scale Through Automation

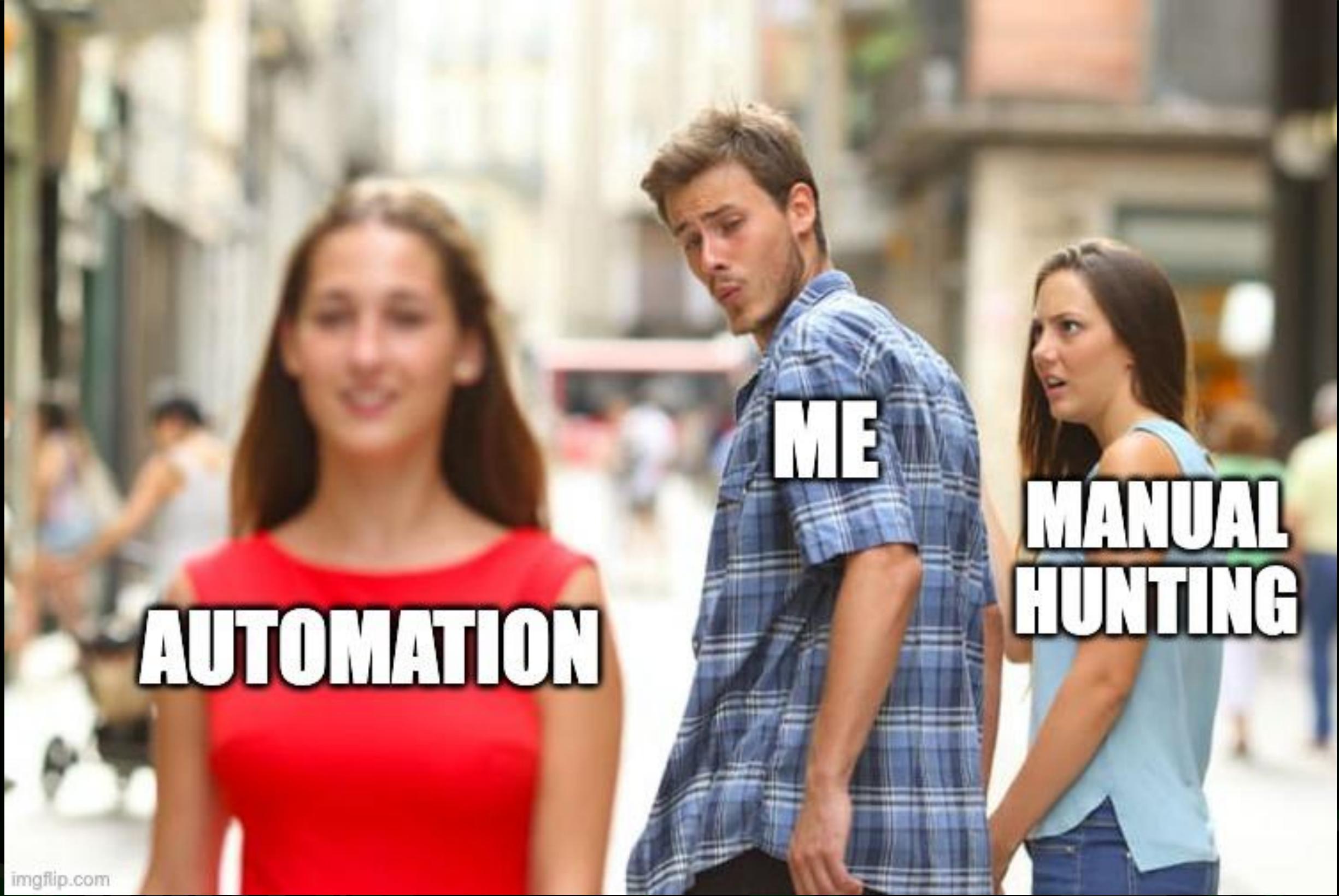
2025/01/11

Abiral Shrestha



# \$ whoami

- Abiral Shrestha (@proabiral)
- Kathmandu, Nepal
- Cofounder ThreatNix / Threat CON
- 7 years of Bug bounty experience
- Top 25 Hackerone - all time.



imgflip.com



HACK

WHAT

DONT  
IPTOP

VIAO

B  
Y-HUNTER

DO

# Importance of automation workflow for Bug bounty

# Importance of subdomain enumeration

# Passive Subdomain Enumeration

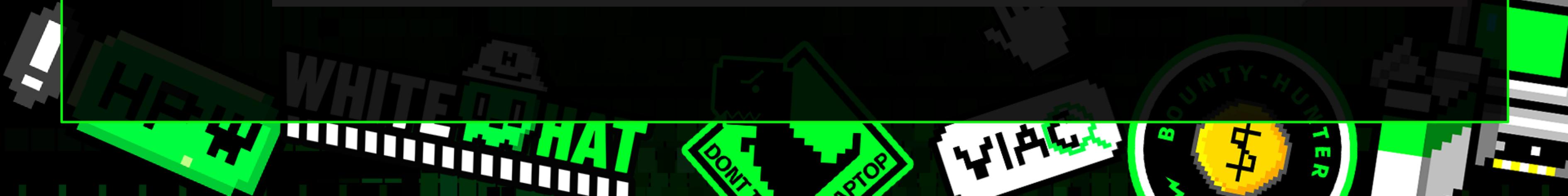
- Amass
- Subfinder

Example : CVE-2019-9670

subdomain	insertedDate	source
zimbra-[REDACTED]	2024-11-08 16:58:59	subfinder

Synacor Zimbra Collaboration <8.7.11p10 - XML External Entity  
Injection,critical: CVE-2019-9670: [https://zimbra-\[REDACTED\].Autodiscover/Autodiscover.xml](https://zimbra-[REDACTED].Autodiscover/Autodiscover.xml)

5:31 PM

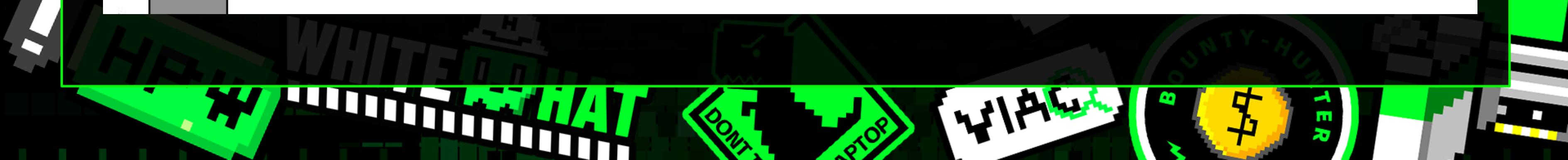


```
15 <html>
16   <head>
17     <title>
18       JSP Command Execution
19     </title>
20   </head>
21   <body>
22     <pre>
23       <cmd_output>
24         uid=999(zimbra) gid=999(zimbra)
25           groups=999(zimbra),0(root)
26             zimbra
27               /opt/zimbra/log
28         </cmd_output>
29     </pre>
30   </body>
31 </html>
```

```
<cmd_output>
{
  "Code" : "Success",
  "LastUpdated" : "2024-11-11T05:58:12Z",
  "Type" : "AWS-HMAC",
  "AccessKeyId" : "A1B2C3D4E5F6G7H8I9J0K1L2M3N4O5P6Q7R8S9U0V1W2X3Y4Z5",
  "SecretAccessKey" :
  "Token" :
```

awarded a bounty of \$ [REDACTED],000 for zimbra-[REDACTED] - Remote Code Execution via XXE CVE-2019-9670

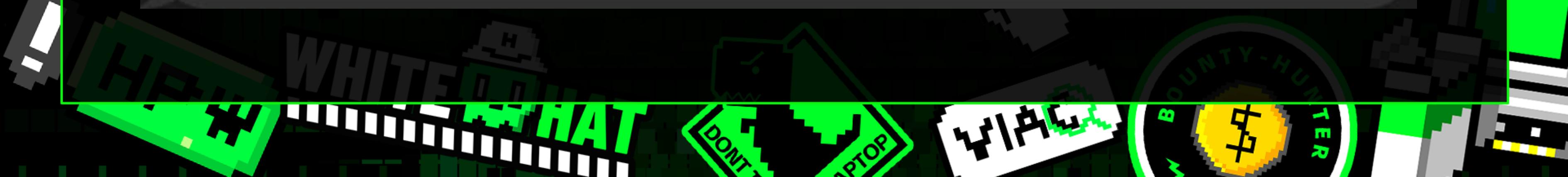
(#2 [REDACTED]).



## Example : Exposed Heap Dump

subdomain	insertedDate	source
pricing-api-	2024-10-30 01:43:20	amass

Spring Boot Actuator - Heap Dump Detection,critical:springboot-heapdump:<https://pricing-api-heapdump> /actuator/ 2:04 AM

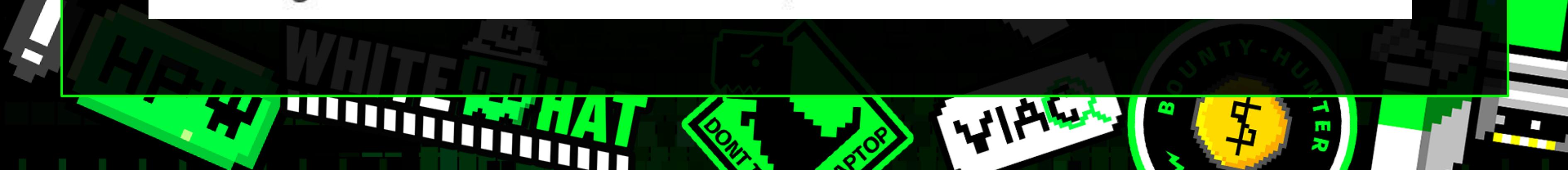


```
?@                                     00000`#00200!00x0000000010P!0000000A00808
00000000!00000Q0000"00000bX008!00800h0,00`0x00~03!00`0x)0000!0000!0000">00j?h00QX!0000000000!000000@A00000?@          000"00000bX000#
00p[8b3899de-19128] Mapped to Actuator web endpoint 'heapdump'.health.SystemHealth@7cd09fe7nnnected [application/vnd.spring-boot.ac-  
tuator.v3+json, application/vnd.spring-boot.actuator.v2+json, application/json]be. [REDACTED], X-Amzn-Trace-Id:"Root=1-6722584  
accept:"application/json", authorization:"Bearer eyJraWQiC
Sec-WebSocket-Protocol: Sec-WebSocket-Protocol
col:"graphql-ws"]]" for HTTP GET /subscriptionsthIndicator matched:  
- @ConditionalOnMissingBean (names: readinessStateHealthIndicator; SearchStrategy: all) did not find any beans (OnBeanCondition)
--
```

[REDACTED] rewarded proabiral with a [REDACTED] bounty and [REDACTED] bonus.

Thank you!

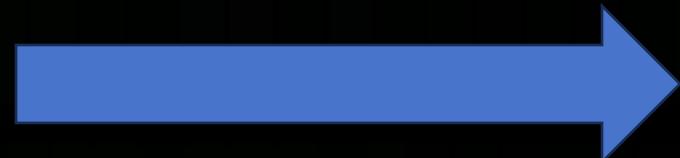
Looking forward for more submissions,



# Active Enumeration

- Subdomain Bruteforcing
  - <https://github.com/d3mondev/puredns>

```
~# cat /tmp/wordlist.txt
admin
github
test
dev
stage
kibana
www
```



```
admin.example.com
github.example.com
test.example.com
dev.example.com
stage.example.com
kibana.example.com
www.example.com
```

```
% puredns bruteforce /tmp/wordlist.txt example.com -r /tmp/resolvers.txt
```

# Resolvers

Need Good resolvers that :

- Responds with correct DNS answers
- Responds NXDOMAIN for non existing domain

<https://github.com/vortexau/dnsvalidator>

<https://github.com/proabiral/Fresh-Resolvers>

# Wordlists

- <https://wordlists.assetnote.io/>
- <https://github.com/danielmiessler/SecLists/tree/master/Discovery/DNS>
- <https://github.com/trickest/wordlists/tree/main/inventory>

Custom wordlist

- From your existing subdomain
- <https://www.merklemap.com/dns-records-database>  
<https://github.com/proabiral/wordlist>

# Subdomain Brute Force

aws.staging.example.com

s3.staging.example.com

elb.staging.example.com

upload.staging.example.com

github.internal.example.com

dev.internal.example.com

elastic.internal.example.com

grafana.internal.example.com

gitlab.internal.example.com

jira.internal.example.com

dev.image.example.com

qa.files.example.com

azure.staging.example.com

images.staging.example.com

stats.staging.example.com

forums.internal.example.com

research.internal.example.com

mysql.internal.example.com



<https://github.com/trickest/dsieve>

```
foobar@foobars-MacBook-Pro ~ % sort -u /tmp/domain.txt | dsieve -f 3 -top 2
internal.example.com
staging.example.com
```

# Brutting

```
foobar@foobars-MacBook-Pro pattern_matching % cat domain.txt
internal-grafana-stg-1.example.com
internal-gitlab-stg-1.example.com
internal-node-stg-1.example.com
dev.bitbucket.example.com
dev.jira.example.com
dev.elastic.example.com
dev.jira-1-internal.example.com
dev.devops-1-internal.example.com
```

<https://github.com/proabiral/patternalyzer>

```
foobar@foobars-MacBook-Pro ~ % patternalyzer domain.txt
dev.{replace_this}-1-internal.example.com
internal-{replace_this}-stg-1.example.com
dev.{replace_this}.example.com
```



```
internal-docker-stg-1.example.com
internal-github-stg-1.example.com
internal-splunk-stg-1.example.com
dev.zabbix-1-internal.example.com
dev.kibana-1-internal.example.com
```

# Results



The image shows a screenshot of the DVWA (Damn Vulnerable Web Application) Command Injection page. The title "Vulnerability: Command Injection" is displayed prominently. Below it, a section titled "Ping a device" contains a form with a text input field labeled "Enter an IP address:" and a "Submit" button. The output area displays the results of a command injection attempt, showing the user's privileges: "uid=33(www-data) gid=33(www-data) groups=33(www-data) www-data".

Subdomain takeover at : [REDACTED].com [REDACTED]

In progress · Submitted 18 hours ago · Last activity 4 days ago

P3 Unresolved

10 points

Comment 1

Stats :

6000+ number of new subdomains founds with this

# Permute

admin.example.com

-> dev.admin.example.com, admin.dev.example.com, devadmin.example.com,  
dev-admin.example.com, admindev.example.com, admin-dev.example.com  
-> storage02.example.com, storage03.example.com  
-> otherword.admin.example.com, anotherword.admin.example.com

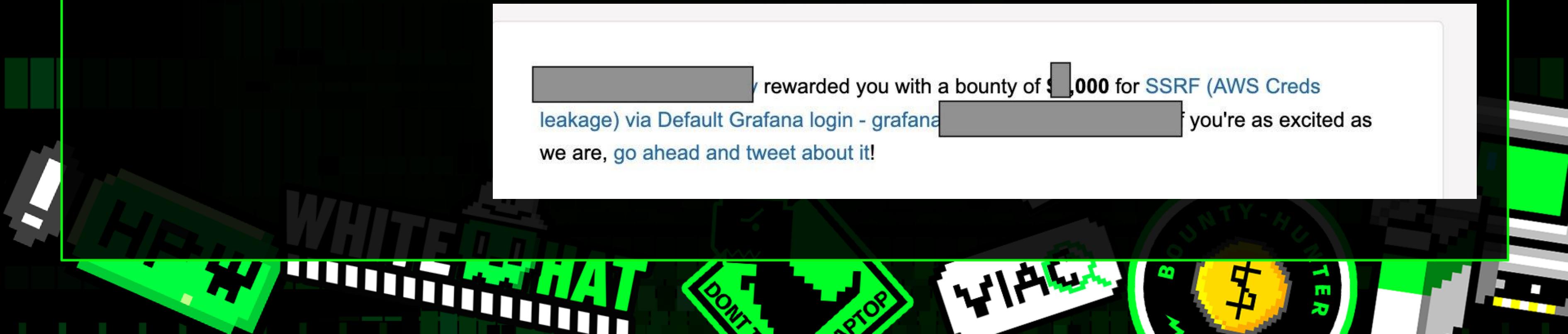
- Ripgen / gotator / goaldns
- Regulator

subdomain	insertedDate	source
grafana.[REDACTED]	2023-04-14 06:09:36	ripgen_nowordlist

high:grafana-default-login:[https://grafana.\[REDACTED\]](https://grafana.[REDACTED])

6:52 AM

[REDACTED] rewarded you with a bounty of \$1000 for SSRF (AWS Creds leakage) via Default Grafana login - grafana [REDACTED] If you're as excited as we are, go ahead and tweet about it!



**NUMBER OF SUBDOMAINS**

INCREASE IN EFFORT AND DNS REQUEST





# Wildcards

```
foobar@foobars-MacBook-Pro ~ % host doesnotexists.messenger.com
doesnotexists.messenger.com is an alias for star.facebook.com.
star.facebook.com is an alias for star.c10r.facebook.com.
star.c10r.facebook.com has address 163.70.146.23
```

Wildcards on domain with resolvers in China:

<https://www.assetnote.io/resources/research/insecurity-through-censorship-vulnerabilities-caused-by-the-great-firewall>

<https://www.usenix.org/system/files/sec21-hoang.pdf>

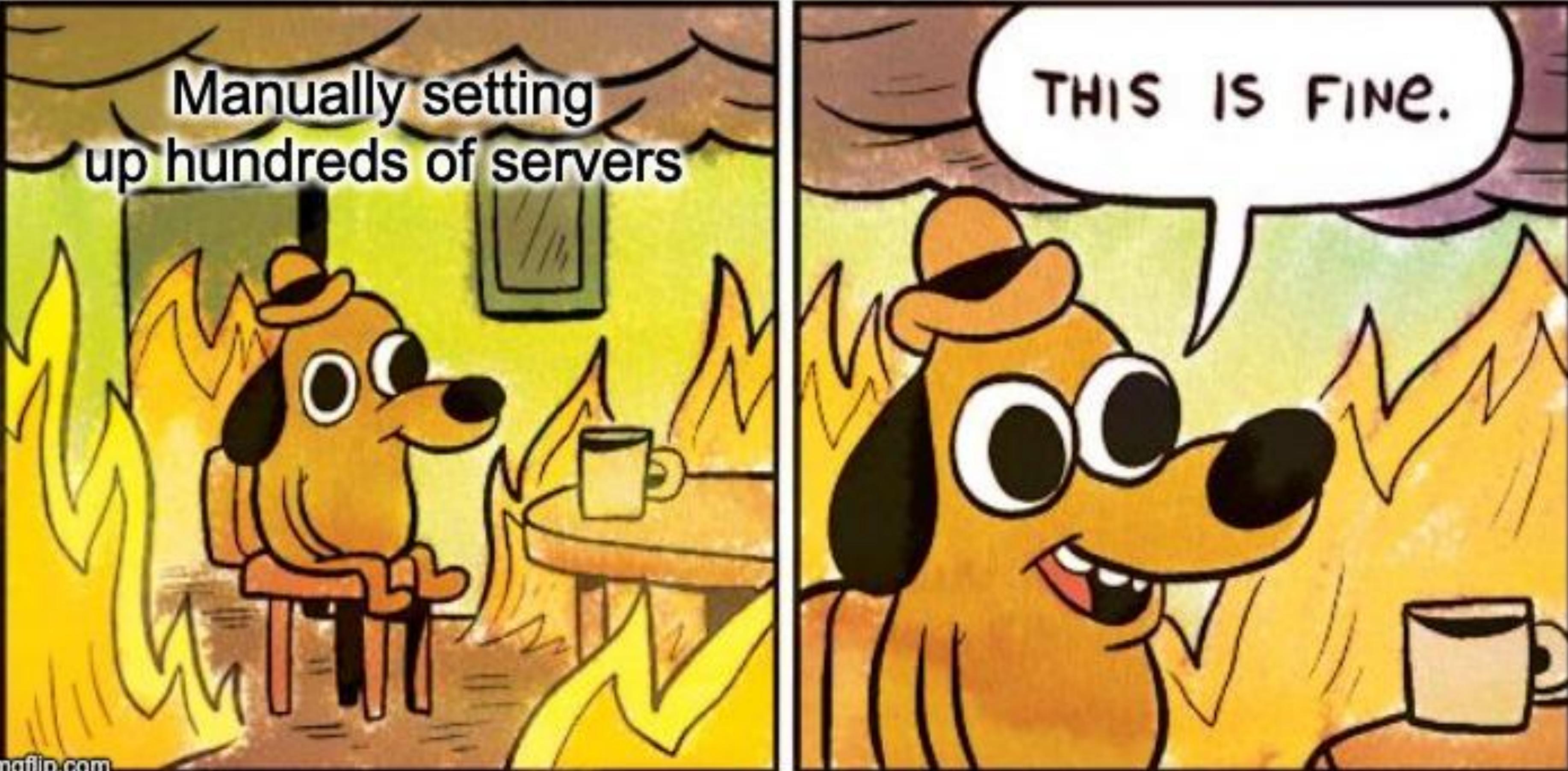
<https://recon-royale.com/>



@pxmme1337

# Scaling

- Setting up and maintaining multiple servers is time-consuming and inefficient.
- Becomes unmanageable at scale (e.g., beyond 5 servers).
- Difficulties in:
  - Coordinating outputs from multiple servers.
  - Distributing domains to scan across the servers.

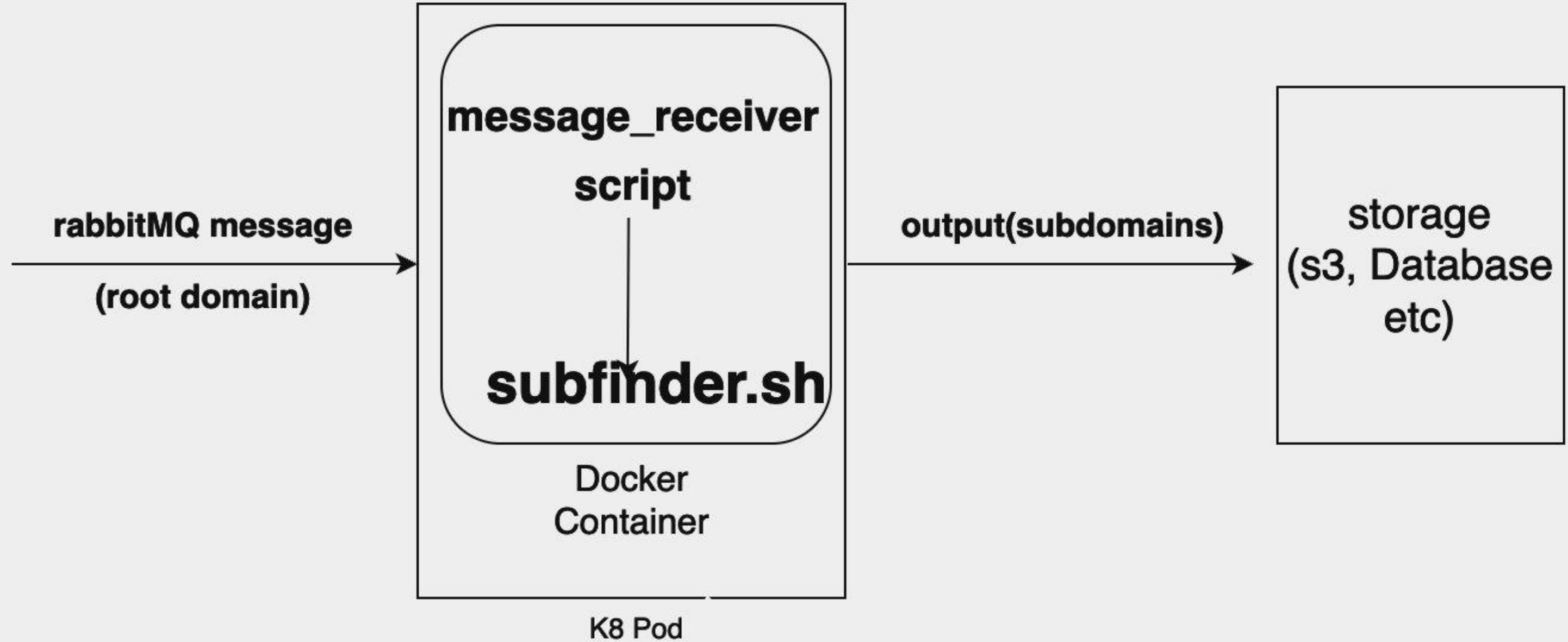


Manually setting  
up hundreds of servers

THIS IS FINE.

# Scaling

- Existing solutions (Axiom / Fleex / ShadowClone)
- Problems I faced with them –
  - Not suitable for long running task
  - No retry on failure
  - Charges are higher if you run them continuously



```
### Building golang scripts on golang image
FROM golang AS builder
WORKDIR /project

### subfinder building
RUN go install -v github.com/projectdiscovery/subfinder/v2/cmd/subfinder@latest

## building my scripts
RUN G0111MODULE=off go get github.com/rabbitmq/amqp091-go
RUN G0111MODULE=off go get github.com/go-sql-driver/mysql
COPY ../images_helper_files/*.go /project/
RUN for i in *.go; do G0111MODULE=off go build $i; done

## copying to smaller debian image
FROM debian:stable-slim

WORKDIR /project

COPY --from=builder /go/bin/subfinder /usr/local/bin/
COPY --from=builder /project/insert2DB .
COPY --from=builder /project/rabbitmq_receive .
COPY subfinder/main.sh .

CMD ["./rabbitmq_receive","-queue","subfinder"]
```

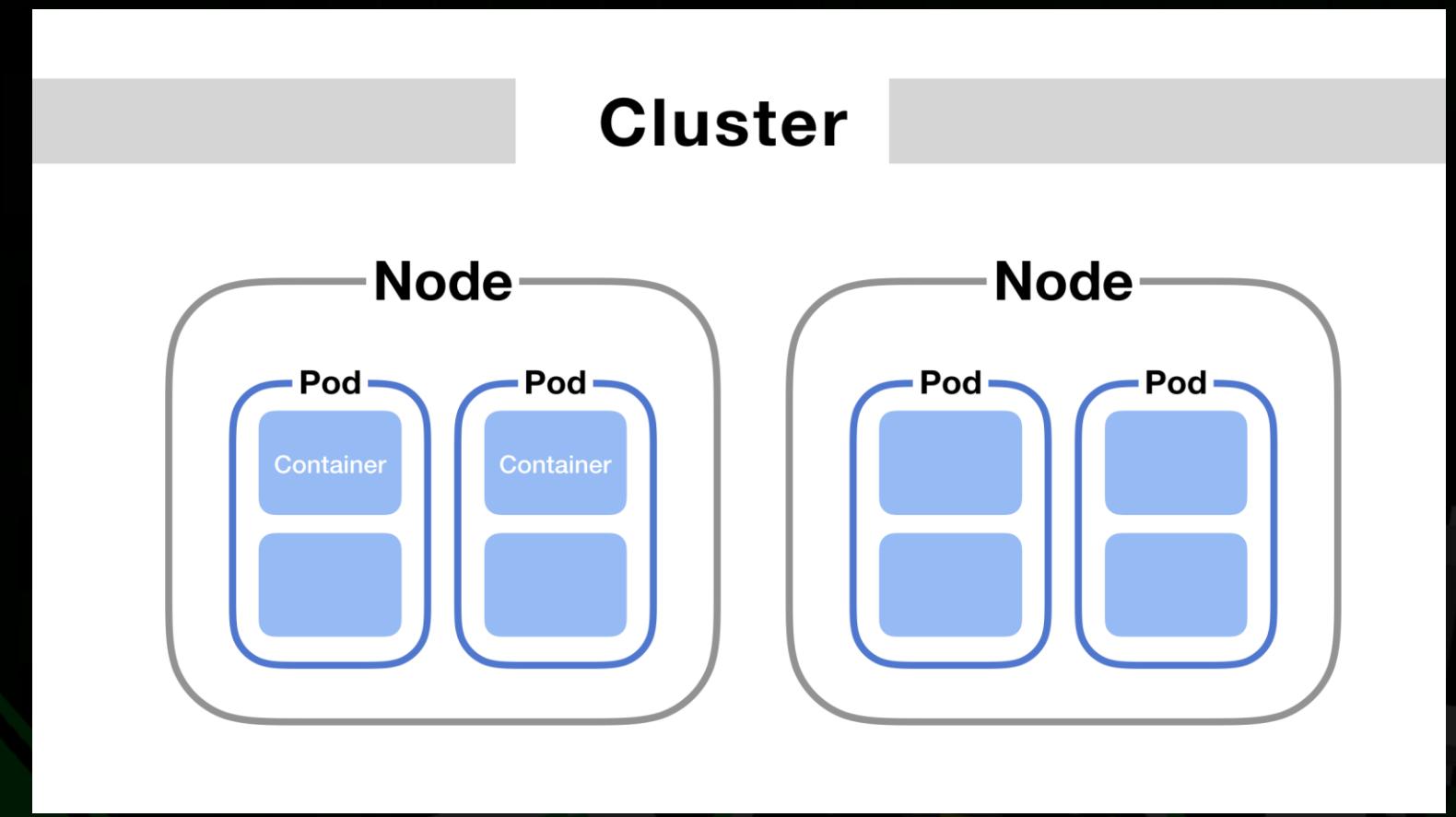
# Kubernetes

- Container orchestration tools
- Easy Scaling / Replication
- Auto heal

# Kubernetes – key concepts

Pod: The smallest deployable unit; a group of containers.

Node: A machine (VM or physical) that runs Pods.



# Kubernetes

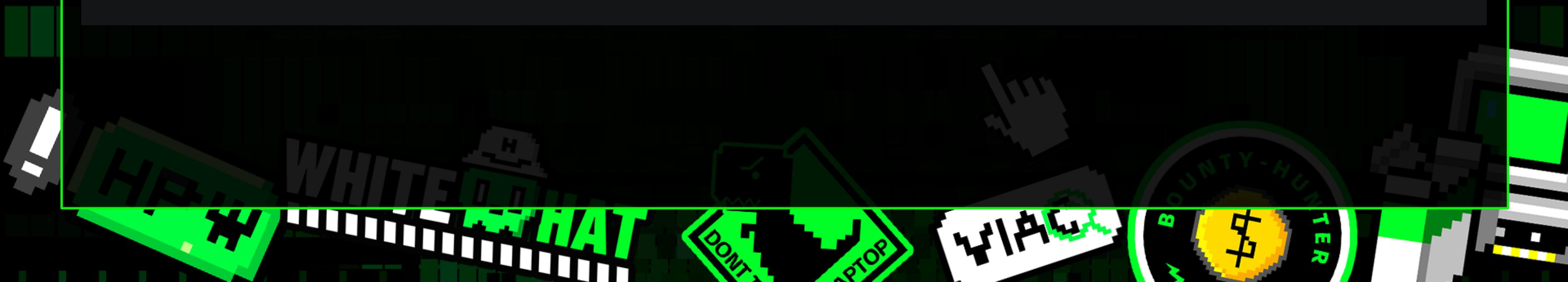
YAML Files for pods definition :

```
foobar@foobars-MacBook-Pro /tmp % cat subfinder_pod.yaml
apiVersion: v1
kind: Pod
metadata:
  name: subfinder-pod
  labels:
    name: subfinder
spec:
  containers:
  - name: subfinder-container
    image: rg.fr-par.scw.cloud/subfinder:latest
```



```
foobar@foobars-MacBook-Pro ~ % kubectl apply -f subfinder-pod.yaml
pod/subfinder created
```

```
foobar@foobars-MacBook-Pro ~ % kubectl get pods
NAME        READY   STATUS    RESTARTS   AGE
subfinder   1/1     Running   0          6s
```



# Deployment

```
foobar@foobars-MacBook-Pro tmp % cat subfinder-deployments.yaml
apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: Deployment
metadata:
  name: subfinder-deployment
  labels:
    type: subfinder
spec:
  replicas: 5
  selector:
    matchLabels:
      type: subfinder
  template:
    metadata:
      name: subfinder-pod
      labels:
        type: subfinder
    spec:
      containers:
        - name: subfinder-container
          image: rg.fr-par.scw.cloud/subfinder/subfinder:latest
```





```
foobar@foobars-MacBook-Pro ~ % kubectl apply -f subfinder_deployment.yaml
deployment.apps/subfinder-deployment configured
```

```
foobar@foobars-MacBook-Pro ~ % kubectl get nodes | grep -i subfinder
NAME          READY   UP-TO-DATE   AVAILABLE   AGE
subfinder-deployment   50/50       50           50          10m
```

# Anti - Affinity

```
apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: Deployment
metadata:
  name: subfinder-deployment
  labels:
    type: subfinder
spec:
  replicas: 5
  selector:
    matchLabels:
      type: subfinder
  template:
    metadata:
      name: subfinder-pod
      labels:
        type: subfinder
    spec:
      podAntiAffinity:
        requiredDuringSchedulingIgnoredDuringExecution:
        - labelSelector:
            matchExpressions:
            - key: type
              operator: In
              values:
              - "subfinder"
        topologyKey: kubernetes.io/hostname
  containers:
  - name: subfinder-container
    image: rg.fr-par.scw.cloud/subfinder/subfinder:latest
```

# Anti - Affinity

```
spec:  
  podAntiAffinity:  
    requiredDuringSchedulingIgnoredDuringExecution:  
      - labelSelector:  
          matchExpressions:  
            - key: type  
              operator: In  
              values:  
                - "subfinder"  
    topologyKey: kubernetes.io/hostname
```

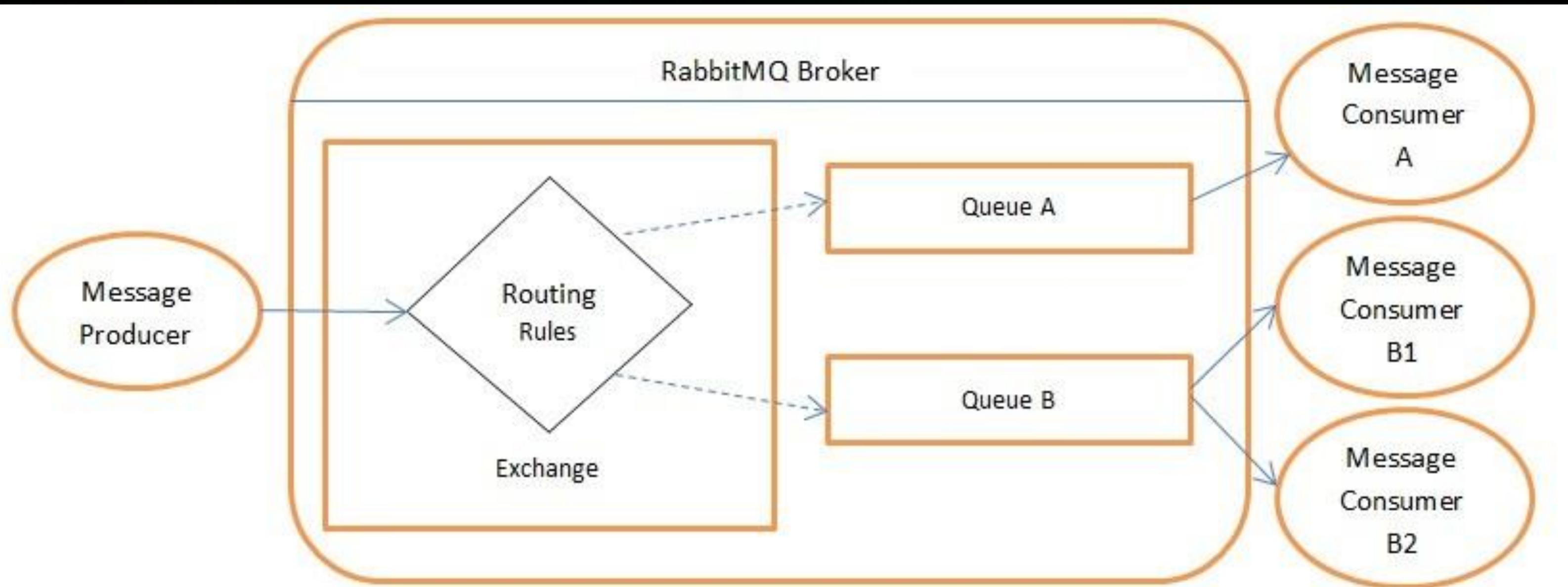
# Problem

Race Conditions: Multiple pods pulling the same task simultaneously.

Error Handling: No easy way to retry or reassign failed tasks.

Task Queue Management: Difficulty in tracking which tasks are processed.

# RabbitMQ



# RabbitMQ

- Avoids Race Conditions:
- Handles Failures Gracefully
- Distributes Tasks
- Prioritizes Messages

# Shoutout ✎

@infosec\_au

@trick3st

@assetnote

@nbk\_2000

@Jhaddix

@GOLDEN\_infosec

@seanyeoh

@pdiscoveryio

@pdnuclei

And more

# THANK YOU

@proabiral X

