#### Sixth Plenary Meeting of UN-GGIM-AP

## Special Session on Geospatial Information for Disaster Response

-Case Study on 2016 Kumamoto Earthquake-

# Part 2 Outset of the 2016 Kumamoto Earthquake

4:45pm-5:30pm, 17<sup>th</sup> October 2017

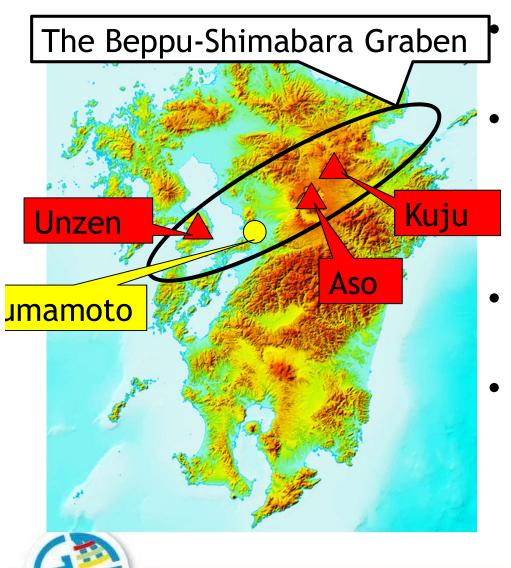


## Geography of Kumamoto Prefecture



- In Kyushu island
- 900km WSW of Tokyo
- 120km S of Fukuoka
- Population: 1.76 mil.
- Area: 7,400 sq. km
- Capital: Kumamoto city

#### The Beppu-Shimabara Graben

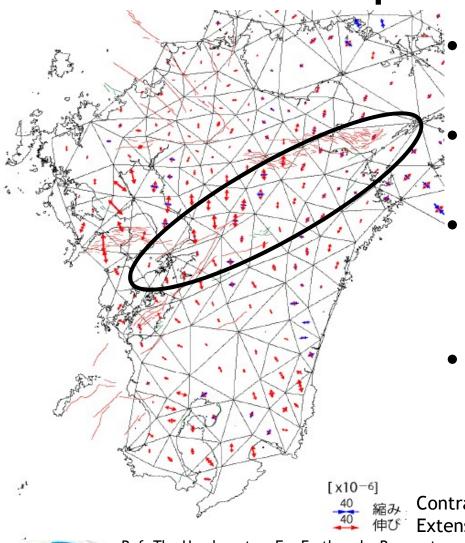


Tectonic zone: length 200km, width 20-30km Pulling Kyushu island

apart, north and south Right-slip and normal faults develop in the zone

- Volcanoes develop: Kuju, Aso and Unzen
- Thick layer of volcanic deposit, topographically high despite the sinking structure

## The separating Kyushu



Horizontal strain distribution map

Based on geodetic Survey 1883-1994

- Extension Axes (Red Arrows) dominate around the Beppu-Shimabara Graben
- Northern and Southern parts of Kyushu are pulled apart

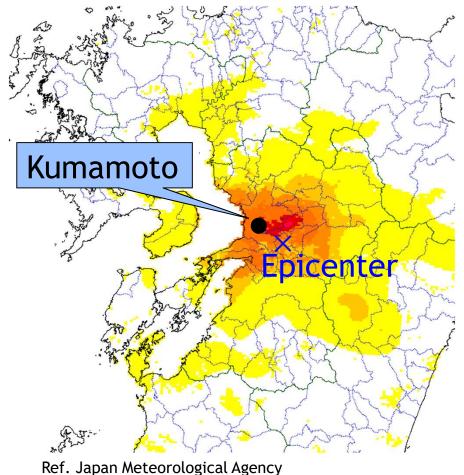
Contraction Extension Principal Axes of Strain

Ref. The Headquarters For Earthquake Research Promotionhttp://www.jishin.go.jp/main/chousa/13feb\_chi\_kyushu/k\_honbun.pdf

## You are now in Kumamoto The time is supposed to be 9:25pm,14 April 2016 (Thursday)



#### The first shock came



- Occurred 9:26pm, 14
   April 2016
- Magnitude (Mj): 6.5
- Focal Depth: 11km
- By the movement of the Hinagu Fault
- Terrible shock felt in large parts of Kumamoto Prefecture
- Scale 7 in Mashiki town

Japanese seismic

intensity scale

4 5<sup>-</sup> 5<sup>+</sup> 6<sup>-</sup> 6<sup>+</sup> 7

## Japanese seismic intensity scale









Scale 1,2,3: Mild shake, no damage







Scale
4,5-,5+:
Middle
shake,
small
damage
may
occur



Scale 6-,6+,7: Serious shake, large damage occurs

Ref. Japan Meteorological Agency



## Earthquake Early Warning (EEW)

- Issues a warning in several to several tens of second before the arrival of large shock
- Operated by Meteorological Agency, broadcast by various kinds of media



Compulsory broadcast through mobile phones

TV (National Broadcast
Corporation):
Earthquake warning
Screen

Search Engine (Yahoo! Japan):
Notice of the earthquake

Sound Ref: http://okoya.seesaa.net/article/164511396.html



## Topics for discussion #2

- What kind of initial responses should or could be made by NGIAs immediately after the outset of a disaster?
- For example, how should the employees be informed and summoned to the office, and what kind of responses should they make?
- What kind of decisions should be made by an organization immediately after a disaster?

## Starting initial responses

# Safety check of GSI staff and family members

# Staff availability check "Ten-minutes rule"



- Answer via mobile phone
- Auto collection of results
- All respondents in Kyushu region were safe



- GSI-DRM office sends availability check e-mail message
- Senior officials and related staff need to acknowledge the receipt within 10 minutes.

## Starting initial responses

Teleconference (1st GSI DMHQ meeting) 10:15pm 14 April 2<sup>nd</sup> Headquarters meeting 00:30am 15 April





## Initial response (1): areal photography

- GSI Aircraft was 1,000km away from Kumamoto, unavailable for immediate response
- Private company aircrafts took initial photographs based on the partnership agreement



Vertical Photo Coverage



Vertical Photo From 10am 15 April



Oblique Photo From 7am 15 April

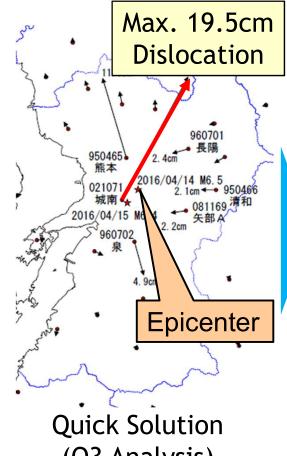


## Initial response (2): crustal movement

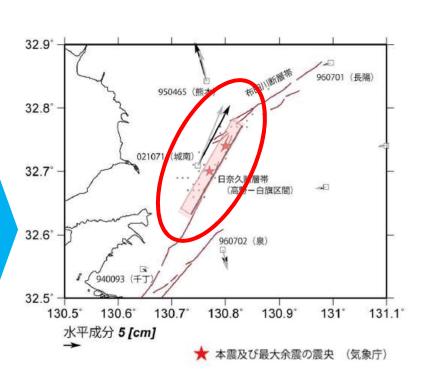
CORS analysis and fault modelling were conducted



Check CORS status Data acquisition



(Q3 Analysis) Horizontal

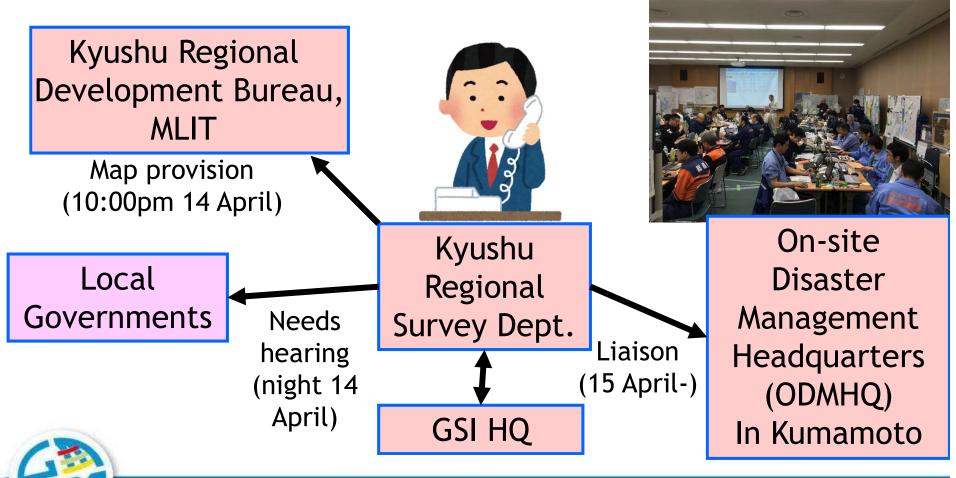


**Estimated Fault Model** (Along Hinagu Fault) Max. slip 60cm



## Initial response (3): channel establishment

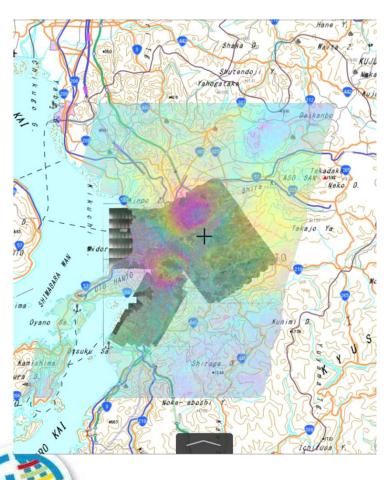
Quick action of Kyushu Regional Survey Dept.



## Initial response (4): information provision

GSI Maps (GSI's webmap platform)

#### **GSI Twitter**



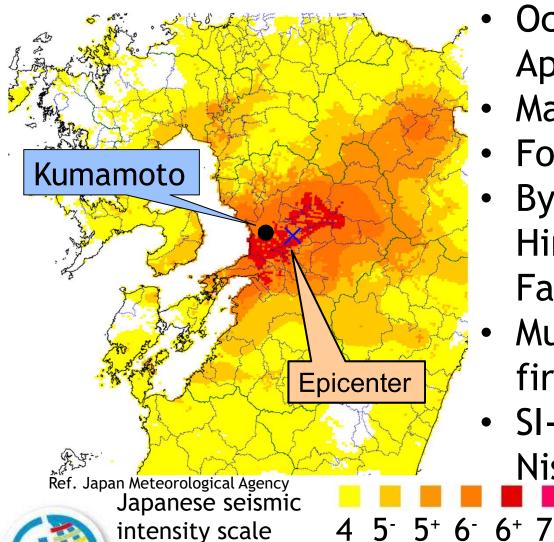


## At the end of 15 April 2016

- 27 hours after the first shock
- GSI had four Headquarters meetings
- Initial Response seemed to have been set on the right path
- Most staff got back home and were about to sleep



## But, the Second Shock Came



UN-GGIM-AP

- Occurred 1:25am, 16 April 2016
- Magnitude (Mj): 7.3
- Focal depth: 11km
- By the movement of the Hinagu and Futagawa Faults
- Much larger than the first shock
- SI-7: Mashiki town and Nishihara village

## Re-Starting Initial Responses

Teleconference (5<sup>th</sup> GSI HQ meeting) 2:19am 16 April



6<sup>nd</sup> Headquarters meeting 6:00am 16 April



## Renewing Response Strategy

Ordered by Director-General of GSI

- 1) Personnel Assignment
- 2) Information Sharing
- 3) Aerial Photography
- 4) Interpretation of aerial photographs
- 5) CORS data analysis
- 6) Interferometric SAR data analysis
- 7) Shooting videos with drones
- 8) Provision of geospatial information



# The time is supposed to be at 7:00am, 16 April 2016 (Saturday) Re-starting Response, based on the renewed strategy

