IMPLEMENTATION OF STACK USING ARRAY:

```
//STACK USING ARRAY
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#define MAX 100
int stack[MAX];
int top = -1;
void push(int data)
  if (top == MAX - 1)
     printf("Stack overflow. Unable to push %d onto stack.\n", data);
  }
  else
     stack[++top] = data;
     printf("Pushed %d onto stack.\n", data);
}
int pop()
  if (top == -1)
     printf("Stack underflow. Unable to pop from stack.\n");
    return -1;
  else
  {
     int data = stack[top--];
     printf("Popped %d from stack.\n", data);
     return data;
  }
}
int peek()
  if (top == -1)
  {
     printf("Stack is empty. No element to peek.\n");
```

```
return -1;
  }
  else
     return stack[top];
}
int isEmpty()
{
  return top == -1;
}
void display()
  if (top == -1)
  {
     printf("Stack is empty.\n");
  }
  else
  {
     printf("Stack elements: ");
     for (int i = top; i \ge 0; i--)
        printf("%d ", stack[i]);
     printf("\n");
  }
}
void main()
  int choice, data;
  while (1)
  {
     printf("\nStack Operations Menu:\n");
     printf("1. Push\n");
     printf("2. Pop\n");
     printf("3. Peek\n");
     printf("4. Display\n");
     printf("5. Exit\n");
     printf("Enter your choice: ");
     scanf("%d", &choice);
     switch (choice)
     {
        case 1:
           printf("Enter data to push: ");
           scanf("%d", &data);
```

```
push(data);
          break;
        case 2:
          pop();
          break;
        case 3:
          data = peek();
          if (data != -1) {
             printf("Top element is %d\n", data);
          }
          break;
        case 4:
          display();
          break;
        case 5:
          exit(0);
        default:
          printf("Invalid choice. Please try again.\n");
     }
  }
}
```

IMPLEMENTATION OF STACK USING LINKED LIST:

```
//STACK USING LINKED LIST
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

struct Node
{
    int data;
    struct Node* next;
};

struct Node* createNode(int data)
{
    struct Node* newNode = (struct Node*)malloc(sizeof(struct Node));
    newNode->data = data;
    newNode->next = NULL;
    return newNode;
}
```

```
int isEmpty(struct Node* top)
  return top == NULL;
}
void push(struct Node** top, int data)
  struct Node* newNode = createNode(data);
  newNode->next = *top;
  *top = newNode;
  printf("Pushed %d onto stack.\n", data);
}
int pop(struct Node** top)
  if (isEmpty(*top))
    printf("Stack underflow. Unable to pop from stack.\n");
    return -1;
  }
  else
  {
    struct Node* temp = *top;
    int poppedData = temp->data;
    *top = (*top)->next;
    free(temp);
    printf("Popped %d from stack.\n", poppedData);
    return poppedData;
  }
}
int peek(struct Node* top)
  if (isEmpty(top))
    printf("Stack is empty. No element to peek.\n");
    return -1;
  }
  else
    return top->data;
void display(struct Node* top)
  if (isEmpty(top))
  {
```

```
printf("Stack is empty.\n");
  }
  else
     struct Node* temp = top;
     printf("Stack elements: ");
     while (temp != NULL)
        printf("%d ", temp->data);
       temp = temp->next;
     printf("\n");
  }
}
void main()
  struct Node* top = NULL;
  int choice, data;
  while (1)
     printf("\nStack Operations Menu:\n");
     printf("1. Push\n");
     printf("2. Pop\n");
     printf("3. Peek\n");
     printf("4. Display\n");
     printf("5. Exit\n");
     printf("Enter your choice: ");
     scanf("%d", &choice);
     switch (choice)
       case 1:
          printf("Enter data to push: ");
          scanf("%d", &data);
          push(&top, data);
          break;
       case 2:
          pop(&top);
          break;
       case 3:
          data = peek(top);
          if (data != -1) {
             printf("Top element is %d\n", data);
          }
          break;
       case 4:
          display(top);
          break;
```

```
case 5:
    exit(0);
    default:
        printf("Invalid choice. Please try again.\n");
    }
}
```