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In [ ]: %pip install scipy
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In [7]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
import scipy.io
plt.rcParams['figure.figsize'] = [8, 8]
plt.rcParams.update({'font.size': 18})

mat_contents = scipy.io.loadmat('./data/allFaces.mat')
faces = mat_contents['faces']
m = int(mat_contents['m'][0][0])
n = int(mat_contents['n'][0][0])
nfaces = np.ndarray.flatten(mat_contents['nfaces'])

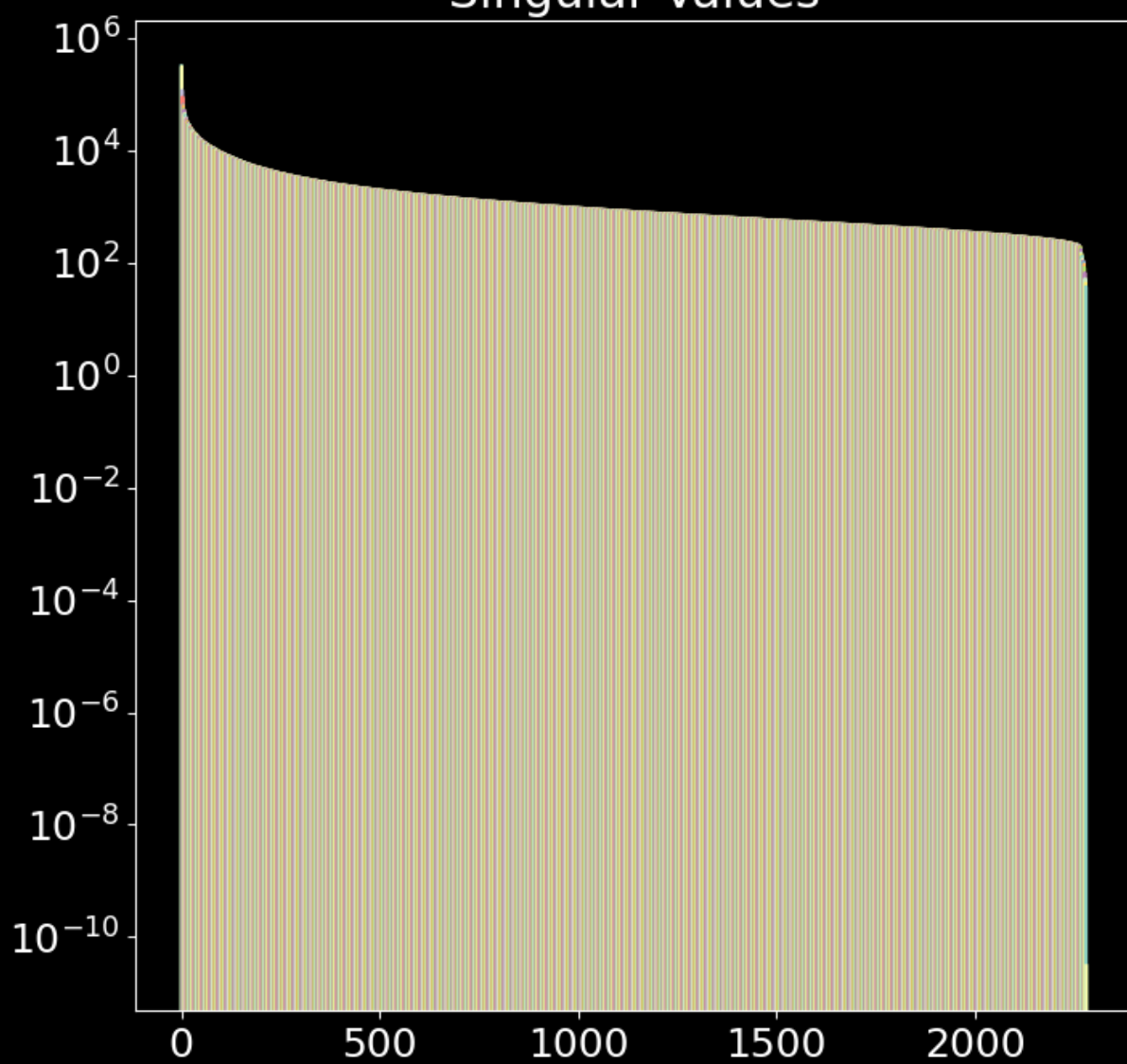
trainingFaces = faces[:, :np.sum(nfaces[:36])]
avgFace = np.mean(trainingFaces, axis=1)

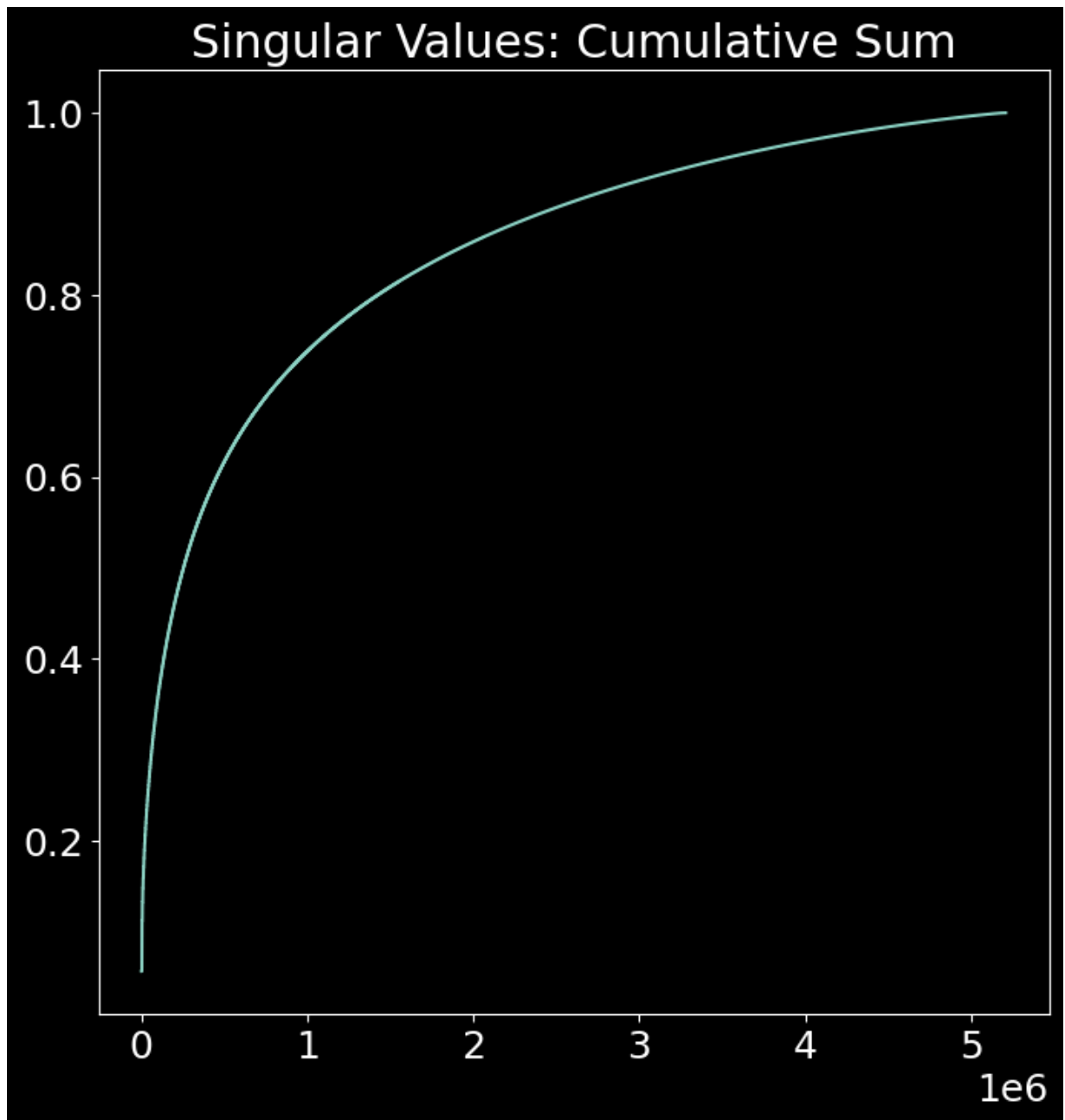
X = trainingFaces - np.tile(avgFace, (trainingFaces.shape[1], 1)).T
U, S, VT = np.linalg.svd(X, full_matrices=0)
```

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In [8]: plt.figure(1)
plt.semilogy(np.diag(S))
plt.title('Singular Values')
plt.show()

plt.figure(2)
plt.plot(np.cumsum(np.diag(S))/np.sum(np.diag(S)))
plt.title('Singular Values: Cumulative Sum')
plt.show()
```

Singular Values

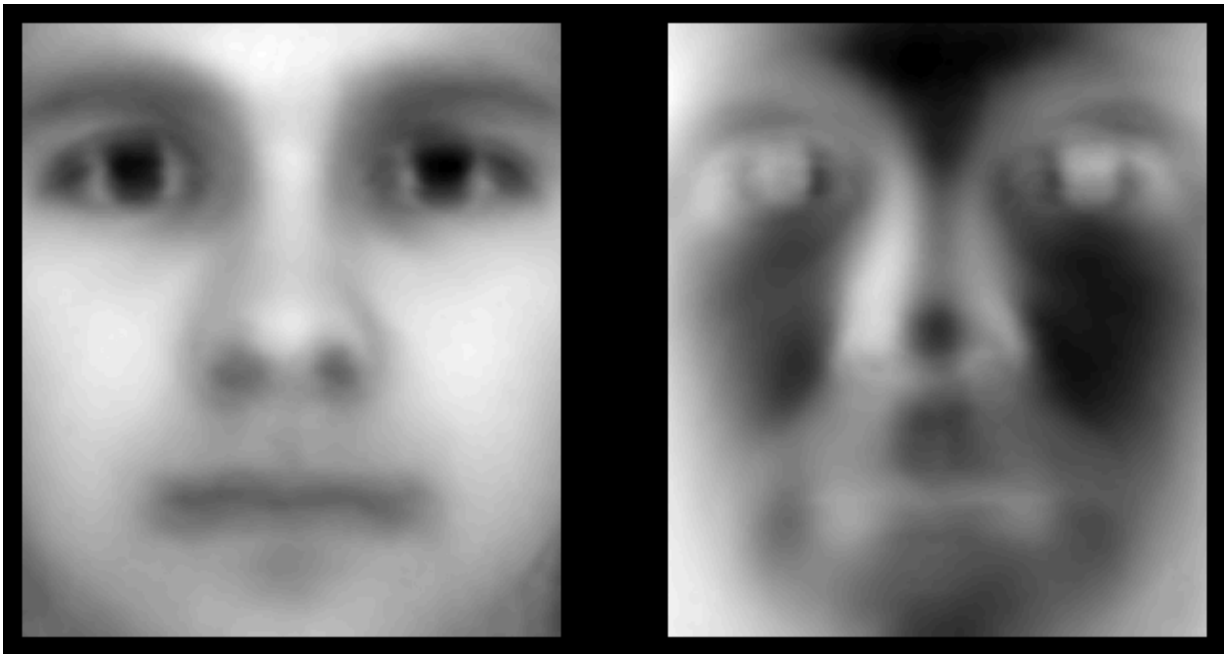




```
In [9]: fig1 = plt.figure()
ax1 = fig1.add_subplot(121)
img_avg = ax1.imshow(np.reshape(avgFace,(m,n)).T)
img_avg.set_cmap('gray')
plt.axis('off')

ax2 = fig1.add_subplot(122)
img_u1 = ax2.imshow(np.reshape(U[:,0],(m,n)).T)
img_u1.set_cmap('gray')
plt.axis('off')

plt.show()
```



```
In [10]: k = 0.95
energy = np.cumsum(S**2) / np.sum(S**2) # udział energii kolejnych składowych
r_95 = int(np.searchsorted(energy, k) + 1) # minimalne r, które przekracza 95%

print("Minimalne r dla 95% energii:", r_95)
print("Osiągnięta energia:", energy[r_95-1])
```

Minimalne r dla 95% energii: 61

Osiągnięta energia: 0.950390719381561

```
In [11]: testFace = faces[:,np.sum(nfaces[:36])] # First face of person 37
plt.imshow(np.reshape(testFace,(m,n)).T)
plt.set_cmap('gray')
plt.title('Original Image')
plt.axis('off')
plt.show()

testFaceMS = testFace - avgFace
r_list = [25, 50, 100, 200, 400, 800, 1600, r_95]

for r in r_list:
    reconFace = avgFace + U[:,r] @ U[:,r].T @ testFaceMS
    img = plt.imshow(np.reshape(reconFace,(m,n)).T)
    img.set_cmap('gray')
    plt.title('r = ' + str(r))
    plt.axis('off')
    plt.show()
```

Original Image



$r = 25$



$r = 50$



$r = 100$



$r = 200$



$r = 400$



$r = 800$



$r = 1600$



$r = 61$



```
In [12]: ## Project person 2 and 7 onto PC5 and PC6

P1num = 2 # Person number 2
P2num = 7 # Person number 7

P1 = faces[:,np.sum(nfaces[::(P1num-1))]:np.sum(nfaces[:P1num])]
P2 = faces[:,np.sum(nfaces[::(P2num-1))]:np.sum(nfaces[:P2num])]

P1 = P1 - np.tile(avgFace,(P1.shape[1],1)).T
P2 = P2 - np.tile(avgFace,(P2.shape[1],1)).T

PCAmodes = [5, 6] # Project onto PCA modes 5 and 6
PCACoordsP1 = U[:,PCAmodes-np.ones_like(PCAmodes)].T @ P1
PCACoordsP2 = U[:,PCAmodes-np.ones_like(PCAmodes)].T @ P2

plt.plot(PCACoordsP1[0,:],PCACoordsP1[1,:], 'd',color='k',label='Person 2')
```

```
plt.plot(PCACoordsP2[0,:],PCACoordsP2[1,:], '^',color='r',label='Person 7')  
  
plt.legend()  
plt.show()
```

