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co-presence  
mutual exclusion

*Idiomarina*

# ***Environmental vulnerability of the global ocean plankton community interactome***

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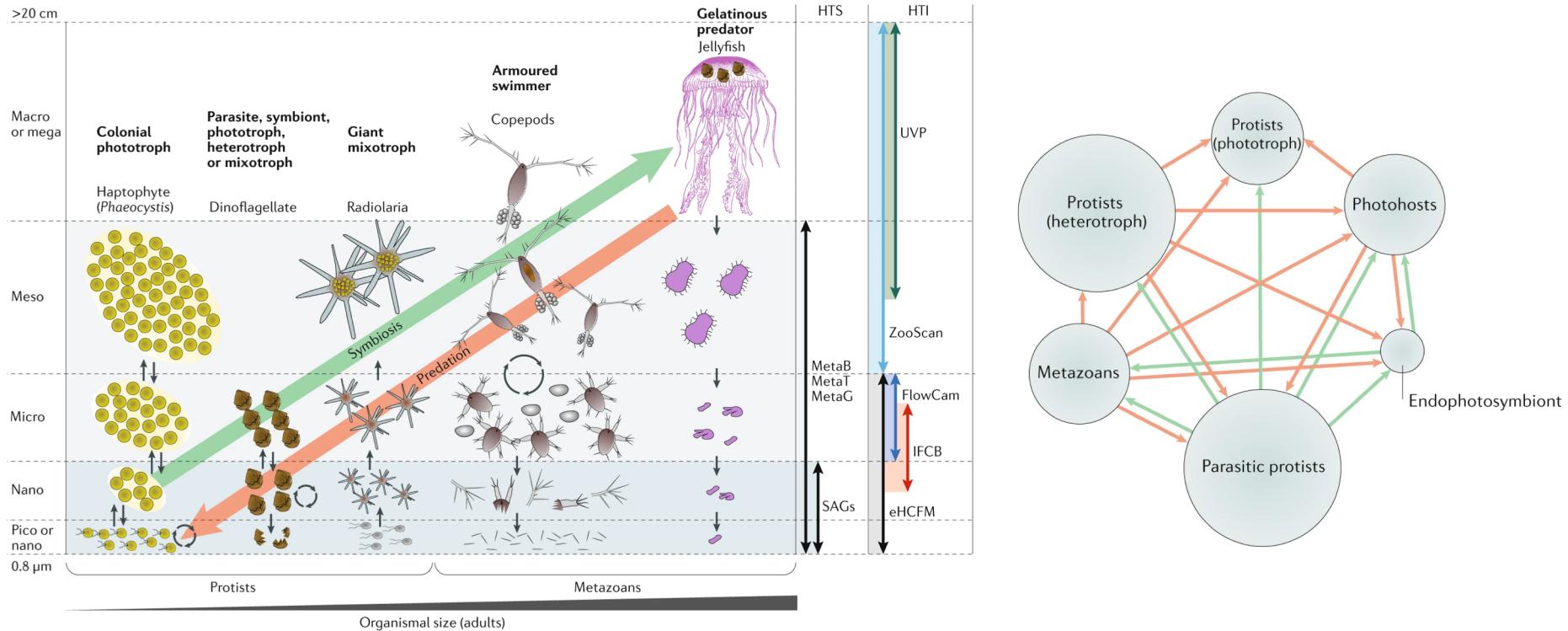
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# Plankton Systems Ecology

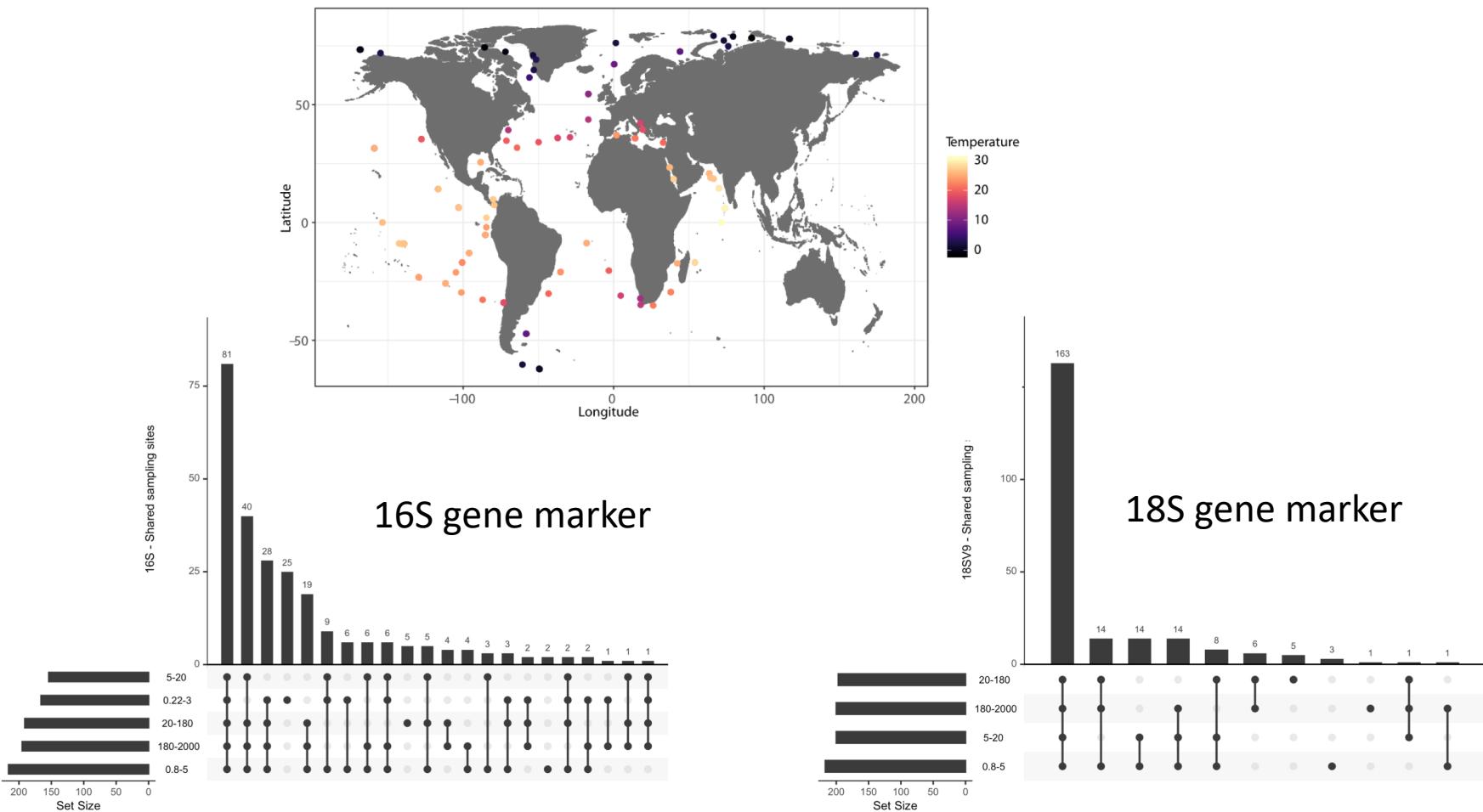
- Plankton activities and interactions balance Earth's ecosystems
- Biotic interactions can influence species distributions and (metabolic) evolution

## Main questions:

- Who interacts with who, and where ?
- How plankton interactions will be affected by anthropogenic climate change ?
- What are the mechanisms of plankton interactions ?
- How species interactions are shaping plankton ecology and evolution ?

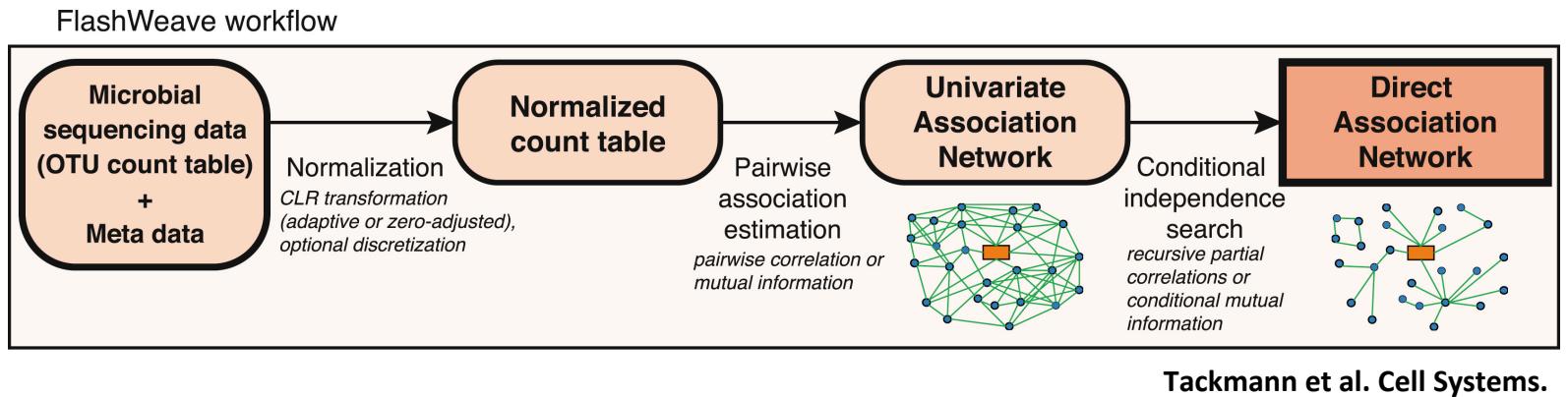


# Leveraging *Tara Oceans* global sampling

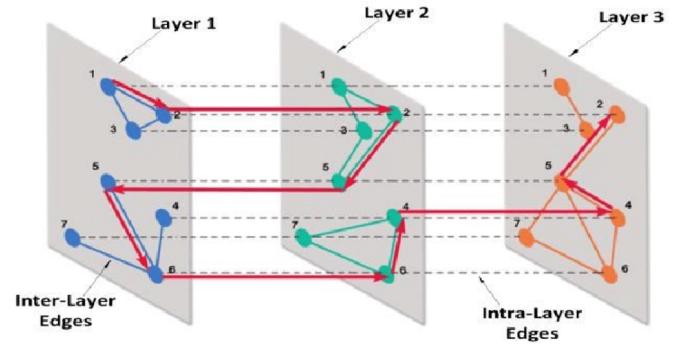


- Cross-domains (Prok. & Euk.) metabarcoding data (16S & 18S) across size fractions
- Global-scale sampling along the latitudinal axis (extensive temperature gradient)

# Inferring “direct” plankton associations



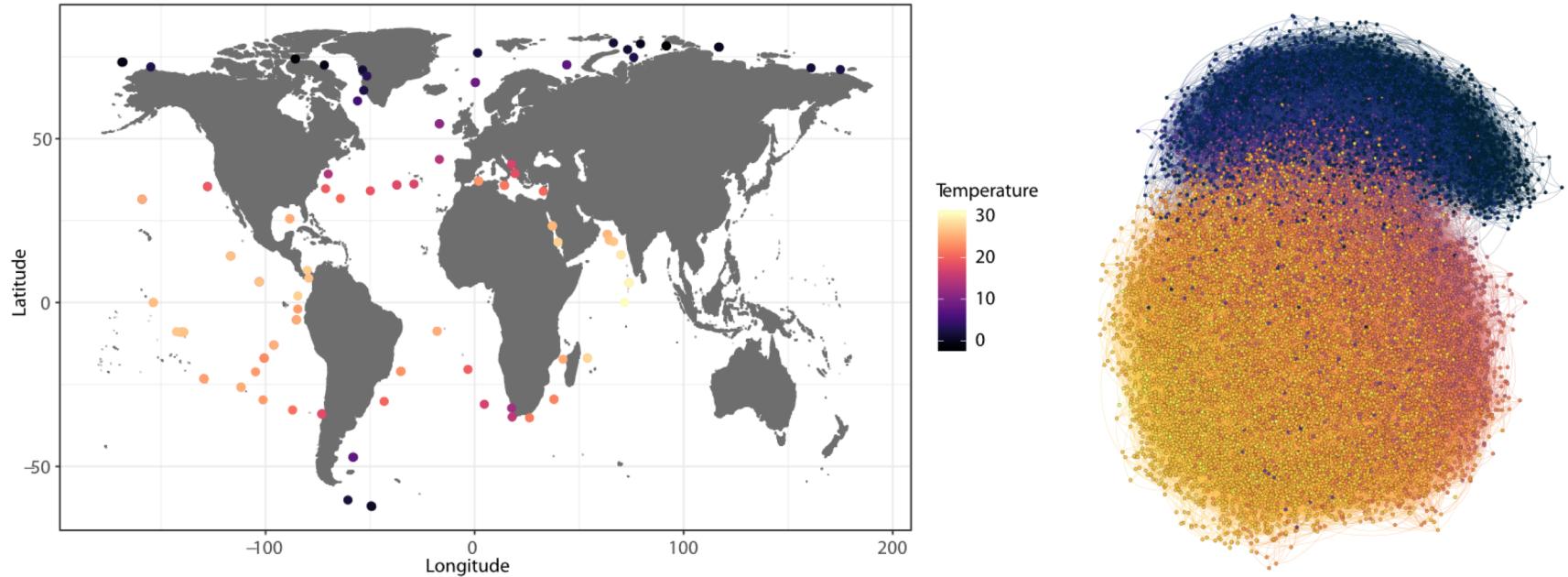
1. Graph inference within each layer (i.e. one gene marker in one size fraction) → Union graph  $\mathbf{G}$
2. Graph inference across 2-layers → Add edges to  $\mathbf{G}$
3. Graph inference across 3-layers and filtering of “unstable” edges (occurrence < 50 %) → Filter  $\mathbf{G}$



Chaffron et al. under review.

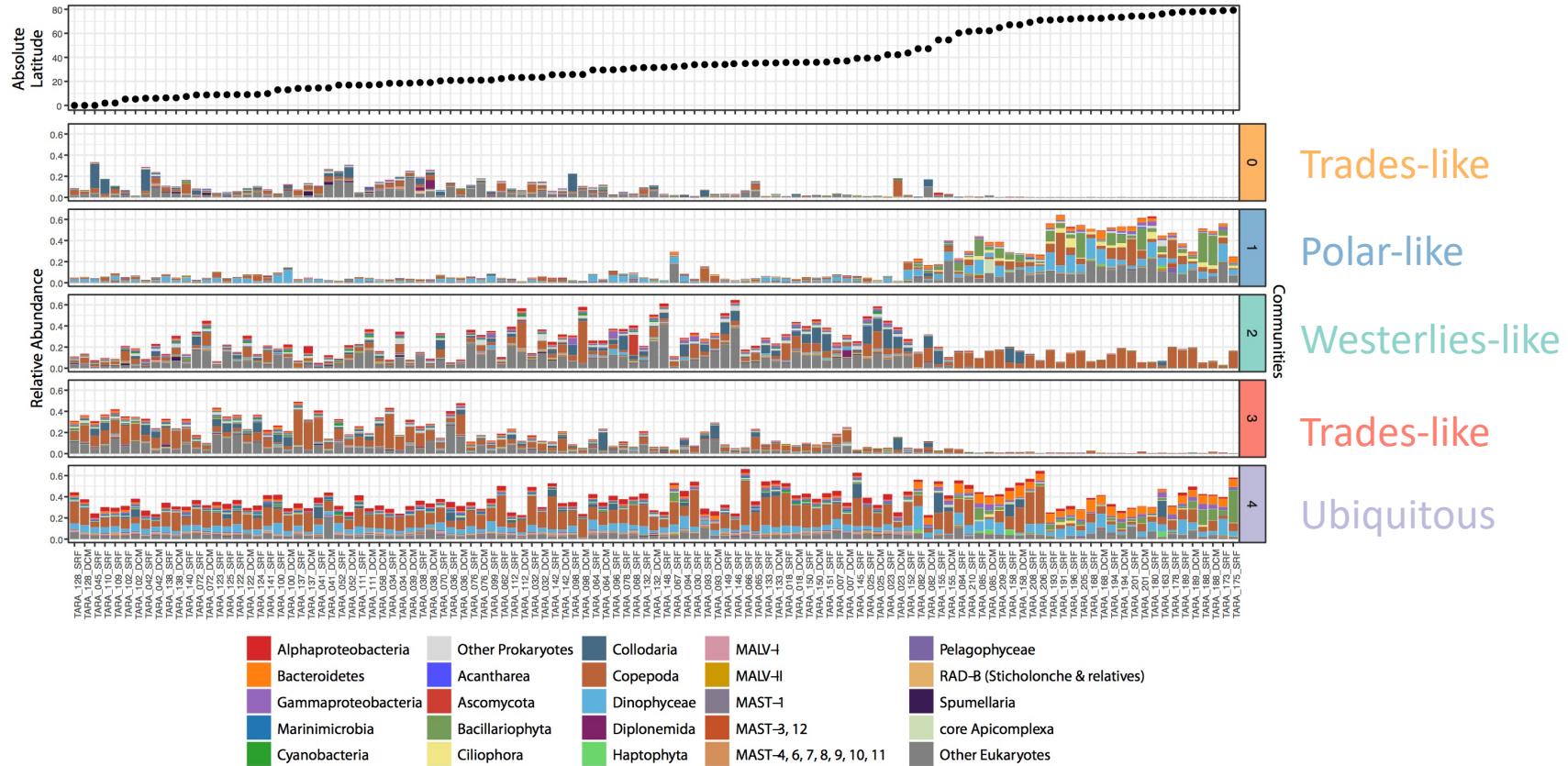
- Detection of indirect associations via conditional and iterative independence search
- Removal of indirect (purely correlational) associations reported by univariate methods
- Graph  $\mathbf{G}$  of predicted direct plankton interactions within and across size fractions

# The global ocean plankton *interactome* (v2)



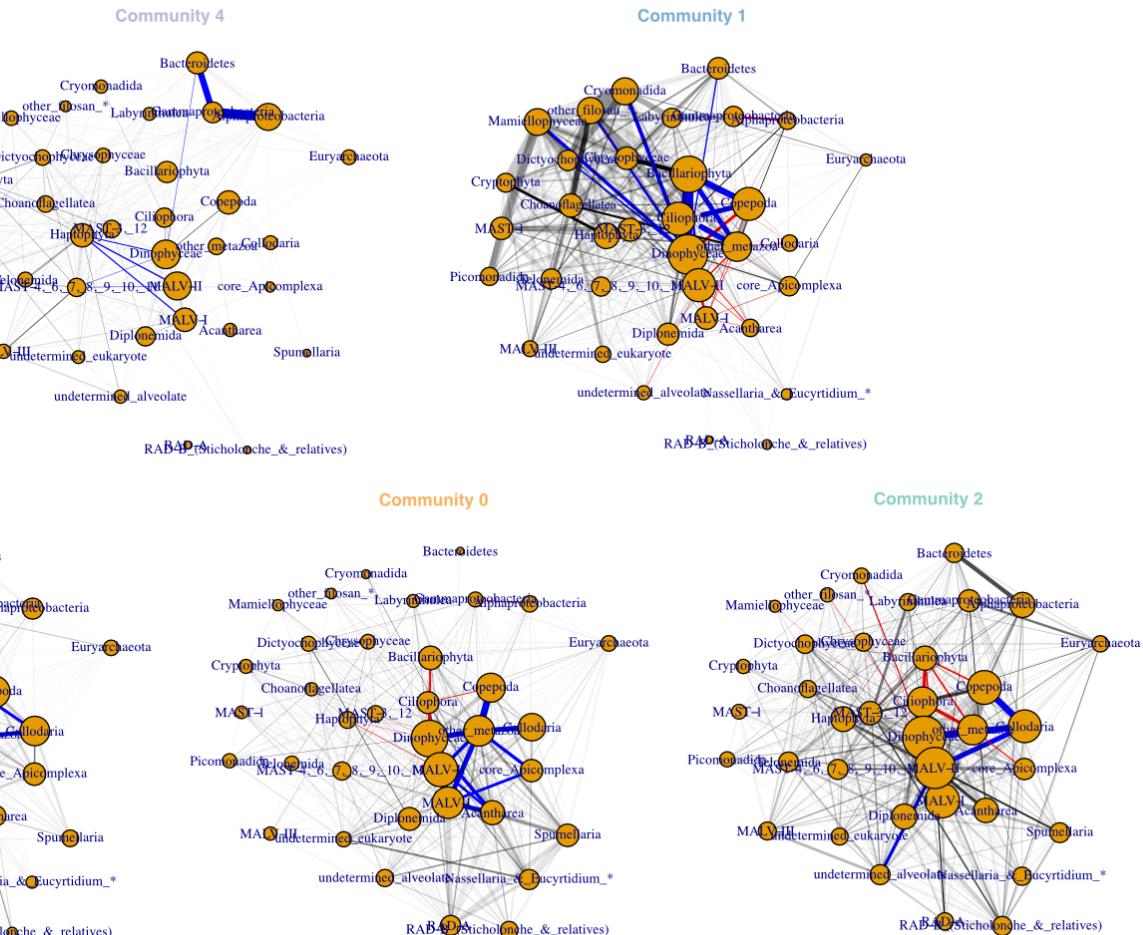
- Novel plankton  *interactome* now including Arctic samples
- Cross-domains (Prok. & Euk.) predicted plankton interactions from pole-to-pole
- Strong latitudinal structuration of predicted interactions (temperature gradient)

# Biome-specific communities emerge from the plankton interactome



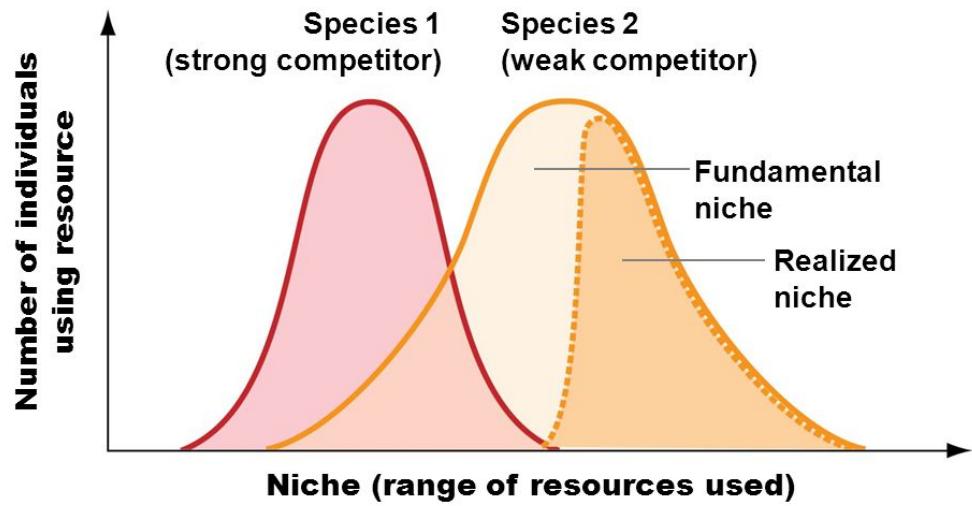
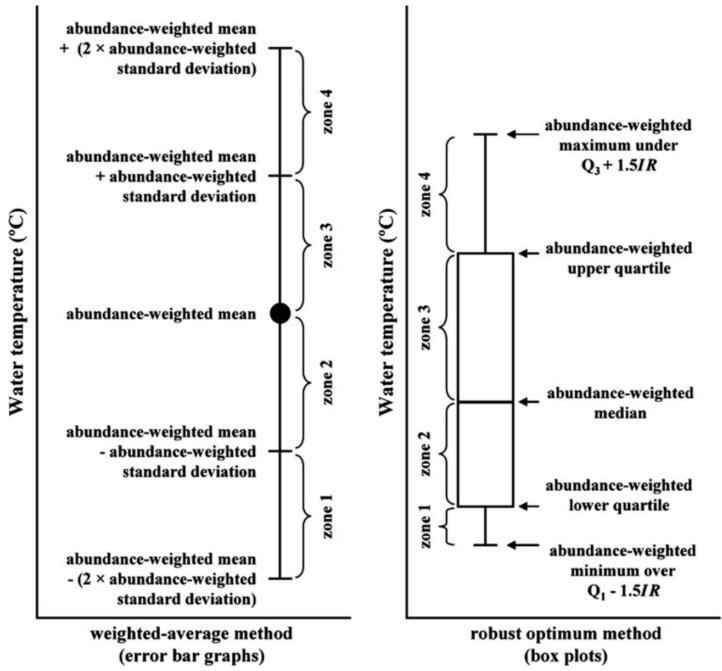
- Eigenvector-based spectral clustering algorithm for community detection
- Four biome-specific communities emerge from the interactome
- One ubiquitous community spans the entire latitudinal gradient

# Biome-specific communities emerge from the plankton interactome



- These communities display very distinct (local) interactomes
- Specific associations are enriched in each community

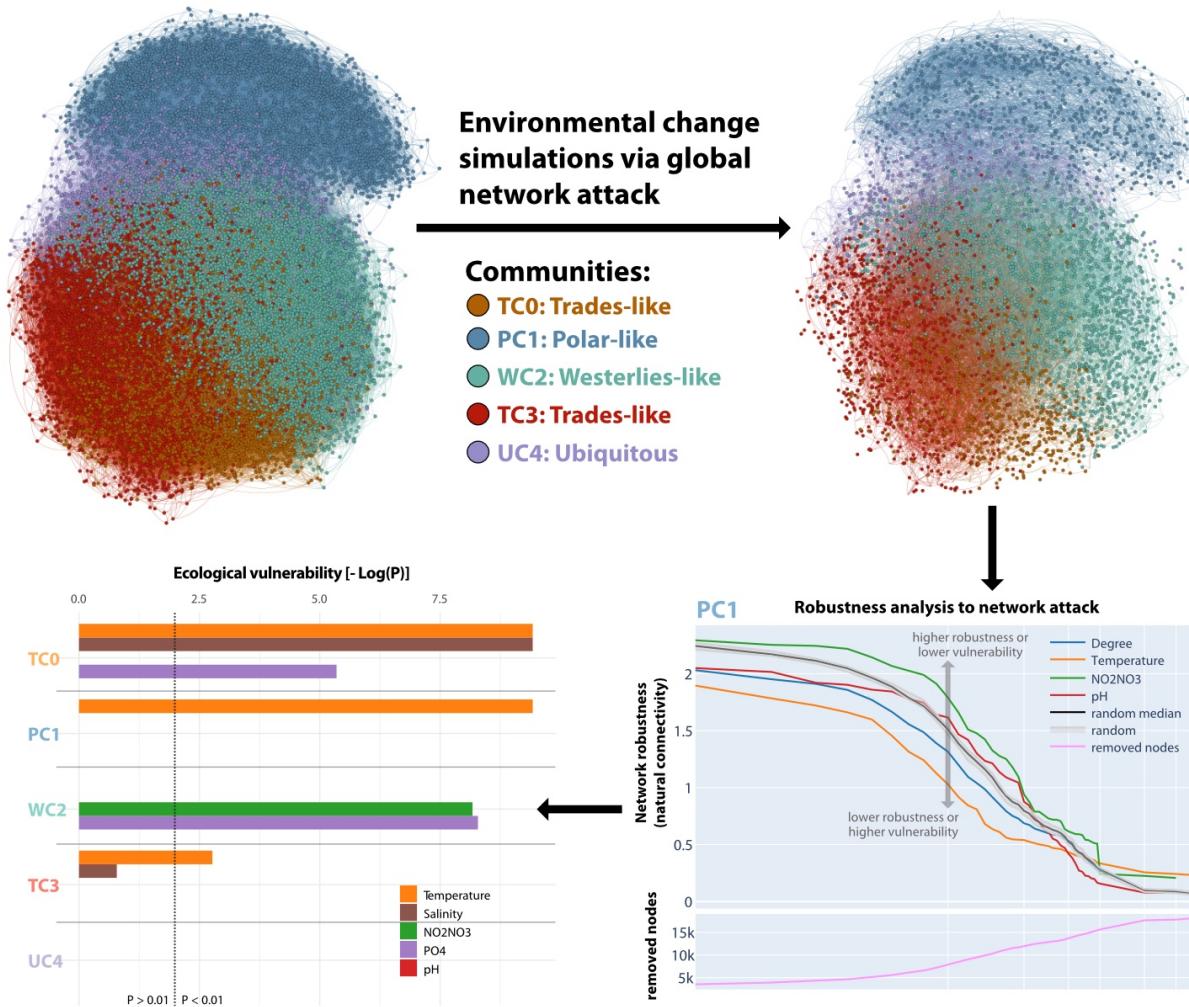
# Realized niche width inference



Cristóbal et al. 2014

- Pole-to-pole sampling enables ecological optima and realized niche width (i.e. estimated tolerance range) inference

# Distinct vulnerabilities of plankton communities to environmental change

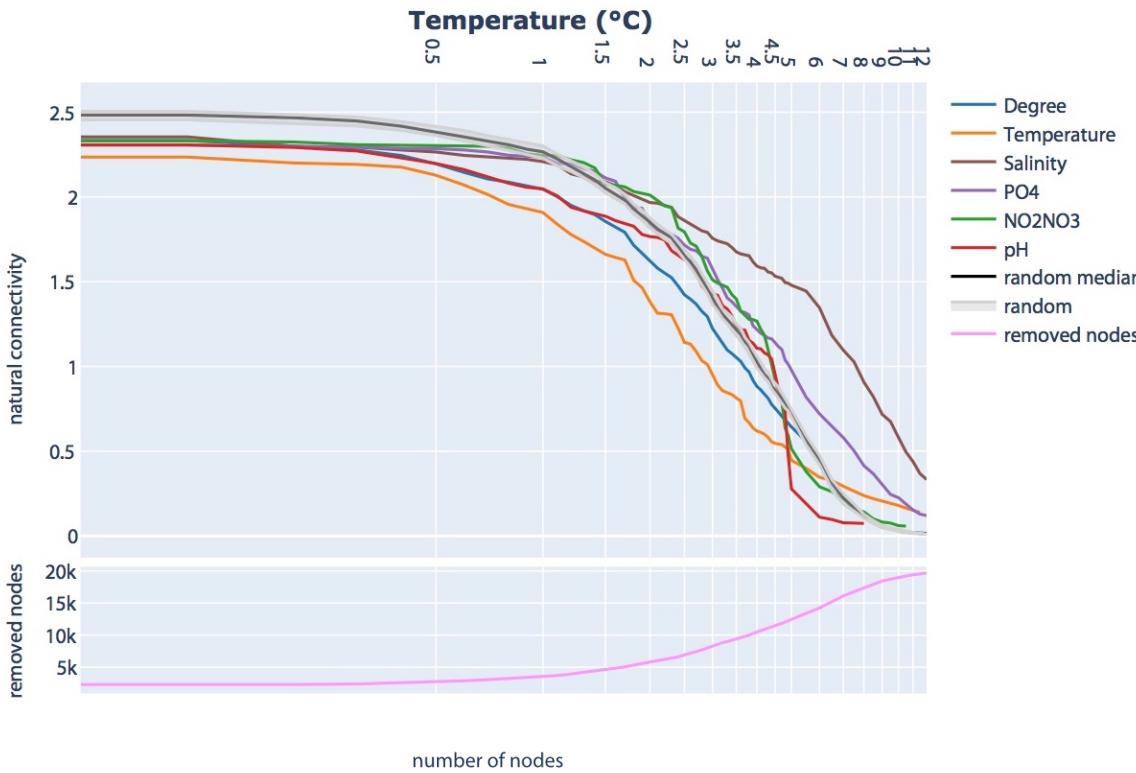


## Network robustness analysis:

- Natural connectivity:** redundancy of alternative paths in a network based on evaluating the weighted number of closed walks.
- Randic's index:** A degree-based topological index measuring the process of connecting various parts of a network.

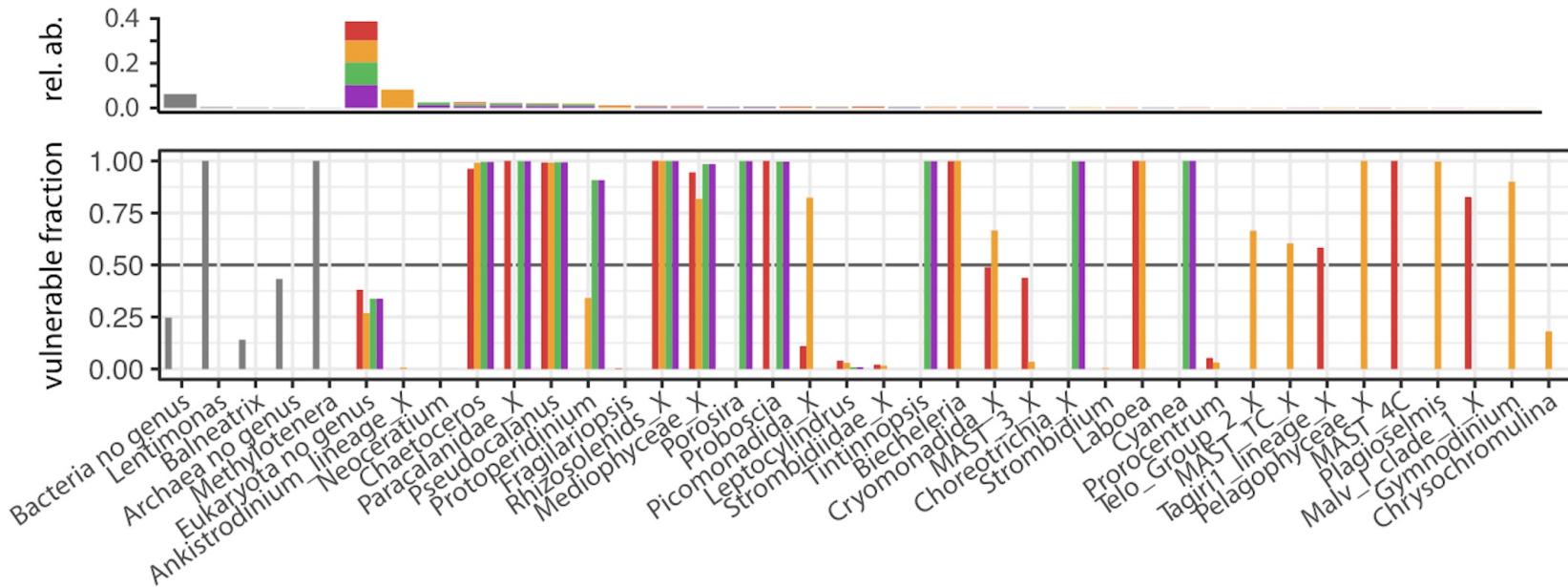
# Community-specific vulnerabilities of the *interactome*

Community 1 (Polar-like)



- Graph-based perturbations reveal *interactome global robustness*
- Trades vulnerability to temperature and salinity
- Westerlies vulnerability to nutrients conc. changes
- Polar vulnerability to temperature changes

# Polar lineages potentially most impacted by temperature change



- *Lentimonas* and *Methylotenera*, and several uncharacterized OTUs
- Several abundant diatom genera: *Chaetoceros*, *Porosira* and *Proboscia*
- Copepods genera: *Pseudocalanus* and genera from the family Paracalanidae
- **Potential species indicators of polar ecosystem change in response to ocean warming**

# Take-home messages



- A cross-domains of life plankton interactome from **pole to pole**
- Higher interactome connectivity and “**stability**” at the poles
- Temperature, salinity and nutrient concentrations shape the plankton interactome structure
- **Biome-specific communities and ecological associations** emerge from the plankton interactome
- Global robustness but **local biome-specific vulnerabilities** of the interactome to environmental changes

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