

Primeira linha da instrução é para consulta e alteração

Segunda linha é código de máquina final

0.x -> x zeros seguidos. Ex. 0.5 = 00000

0.x+1 -> x zeros seguidos mais 1. Ex 0.5+1 = 000001

**Marcações relacionam endereços**

### Endereços

%g0 – 00000	%lo – 10000
%l1 – 10001	%l2 – 10010
%l7 – 10111	Dados: 0x0000
Crc: 0x0001	

**dados:** .word 4 !dado de 8bits a ser analisado

**crc:** .word 1 !se dados = 0, crc = 1 e paridade par

main:

**ld crc , %l0** 11(op) 1+0.4(rd) 0.6(op3) 0.5(rs1) 1(i) 0.12+1(simm13)  
11 10000 000000 00000 1 00000000000001

**ld dados , %l1** 11(op) 10001(rd) 0.6(op3) 0.5(rs1) 1(i) 0.13(simm13)  
11 10001 000000 00000 1 00000000000000

**add %g0, 0, %l7** 10(op) 10111(rd) 0.6(op3) 0.5(rs1) 1(i) 0.13(simm13)  
10 10111 000000 00000 1 00000000000000

**for:**

**and %l1, 1, %l2** 10(op) 10010(rd) 010001(op3) 10001(rs1) 1(i) 0.12+1(simm13)

	10 10010 010001 10001 1 00000000000001
<b>xor %l0, %l2, %l0</b>	10(op) 1+0.4(rd) 000111(op3) 1+0.5(rs1) 0(i) 0.8(unused) 10010(rs2) 10 10000 000111 100000 0 00000000 10010
<b>srl %l1, 1, %l1</b>	10(op) 10001(rd) 100110(op3) 10001(rs1) 1(i) 0.8(unused)00001(shcnt) 10 10001 100110 10001 1 00000000 00001
<b>add %l7, 1, %l7</b>	10(op) 10111(rd) 0.6(op3) 10111(rs1) 1(i) 0.12+1(simm13) 10 10111 000000 10111 1 00000000000001
<b>cmp %l7 , 8</b>	10(op) 0.6(rd) 010100(op3) 10111(rs1) 1(i) 0.9+1000(simm13) 10 000000 010100 10111 1 0000000001000
<b>bl for;</b>	00(op) 0(a) 0011(cond) 010(op2) 0.17+11000 &for(dis22) 00 0 0011 010 0000000000000000011000

### Código final

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1110000000000000000100000000000001
1110001000000000000100000000000000
1010111000000000000100000000000000
1010010010001100011000000000000001
1010000000111100000000000000010010
1010001100110100011000000000000001
1010111000000101111000000000000001
100000000101001011110000000001000
00000110100000000000000000011000

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