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Draft pack label

**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING**

Infopest verifies that this label is
consistent with the NRA Approved
Text Label of 4/8/98

SPINNAKER*
Herbicide

Active Constituent: 240 g/L **IMAZETHAPYR**
present as the ammonium salt

GROUP

B

HERBICIDE

For the pre- or post-emergence control of certain weeds in *Centrosema* (Cavalcade), chickpeas, faba beans, field peas, lucerne, mung beans, peanuts, serradella, soybeans and subterranean clover as per the DIRECTIONS FOR USE table.

**DIRECTIONS FOR USE:
READ THE ATTACHED LEAFLET BEFORE USING THIS PRODUCT.**

CYANAMID

10 CYANAMID AGRICULTURE PTY. LIMITED
20
95 5 Gibbon Road, Baulkham Hills NSW 2153

1L

* Registered trademark of American Cyanamid Company

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RESISTANT WEEDS WARNING:

SPINNAKER Herbicide is a member of the Imidazolinone group of herbicides. SPINNAKER has the inhibition of acetolactate synthase (ALS) mode of action. For weed resistance management, SPINNAKER is a group B herbicide. Some naturally-occurring weed biotypes resistant to SPINNAKER and other group B herbicides may exist through normal genetic variability in anyweed population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. These weeds will not be controlled by SPINNAKER or other group B herbicides.

Since the occurrence of resistant weeds is difficult to detect prior to use, Cyanamid Agriculture Pty Limited accepts no liability for any losses that may result from failure of SPINNAKER to control resistant weeds.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL:

Store in original container, tightly closed in a safe, well-ventilated area, as cool as possible. Do NOT store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight

Triple or (preferably) pressure rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. Do NOT dispose of undiluted chemicals on-site.

Break, crush, puncture and bury empty containers in a local authority landfill. If not available, bury the containers below 500mm in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, vegetation and roots. Empty containers and product should NOT be burnt.

SAFETY DIRECTIONS:

Avoid inhaling spray mist. Will irritate the eyes and skin. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. When preparing spray, wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist, washable hat, rubber gloves and face shield or goggles. Wash hands after use. After each day's use, wash gloves, face shield or goggles and contaminated clothing.

FIRST AID:

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre. Telephone 131126 Australia-wide.

MSDS:

Additional information is listed in the Material Safety Data Sheet.

WARRANTY:

This product is designed only to be used in accordance with the label directions which reflect the opinion of experts based on field use and tests. If it is so used, Cyanamid Agriculture Pty. Limited warrants its effectiveness, but takes no responsibility whatsoever for the consequences of the user failing to follow these directions exactly.

THIS PRODUCT IS NOT CONSIDERED TO BE A DANGEROUS GOOD UNDER THE AUSTRALIAN CODE FOR THE TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS BY ROAD AND RAIL.

**FOR SPECIALIST ADVICE IN AN EMERGENCY ONLY
PHONE - 1 800 033 111
TOLL FREE - ALL HOURS - AUSTRALIA WIDE**

Product No.:

Batch No.:

Date of Manufacture:

NRA Approval No.: 45835/0798

Draft label leaflet/booklet

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For the pre- or post-emergence control of certain weeds in *Centrosema* (Cavalcade), chickpeas, faba beans, field peas, lucerne, mung beans, peanuts, serradella, soybeans and subterranean clover as per the DIRECTIONS FOR USE table.

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ANCILLARY PANEL

DIRECTIONS FOR USE:

RESTRAINTS:

Do NOT apply to very wet soils if rain is imminent or to soils prone to waterlogging.

Do NOT apply to soils of very high organic matter content.

Do NOT apply to crops or weeds under stress caused by factors such as root or foliar diseases, nutrient deficiencies, or extremes of temperature or moisture.

CROP	WEEDS CONTROLLED	STATE	RATE PER HA	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Pre-emergence Chickpeas	Deadnettle (<i>Lamium amplexicaule</i>), Indian hedge mustard (<i>Sisymbrium orientale</i>), white ironweed (<i>Buglossoides arvensis</i>), wild radish (<i>Raphanus raphanistrum</i>). wireweed (<i>Polygonum aviculare</i>)	Vic., S.A. only	125mL plus 1.0- 1.5L simazine (500g/L)	<p>Apply to moist, well prepared, clod and weed-free soil after planting and before crop emergence. Sufficient rainfall is required after application and prior to weed emergence to wet soil to a depth of 5cm.</p> <p>Use the higher rate of simazine on heavier soils, or where higher weed pressure is expected, or where wireweed is a problem.</p> <p>Under adverse conditions, weeds may not be totally controlled but populations will be significantly reduced and surviving plants will generally be severely retarded. Good crop growth will aid weed control.</p> <p>Transient yellowing or reddening of the crop may occur. The risk of crop injury may be increased under adverse growing conditions.</p> <p>Do NOT use this mixture on soils, and in areas, ill-suited to growing chickpeas as crop injury will be increased.</p>

Pre-emergence	Indian hedge mustard (<i>Sisymbrium orientale</i>), shepherd's purse (<i>Capsella bursa-pastoris</i>), stinging nettle (<i>Urtica urens</i>) (N.S.W., Vic. only), toad rush (<i>Juncus bufonius</i>), turnip weed (<i>Rapistrum rugosum</i>), * deadnettle (<i>Lamium amplexicaule</i>), * doublegee (<i>Emex australis</i>), * Paterson's curse (<i>Echium plantagineum</i>), * wireweed (<i>Polygonum aviculare</i>), ** wild oats (<i>Avena fatua</i>)	N.S.W., Vic., S.A., W.A. only	200mL	Apply to moist, well prepared, clod and weed-free soil after planting and before crop emergence. Sufficient rainfall is required after application and prior to weed emergence to wet soil to a depth of 5cm. Under adverse conditions, weeds may not be totally controlled but populations will be significantly reduced and surviving plants will generally be severely retarded. Good crop growth will aid weed control. * Surviving plants will generally be retarded and will not compete with the crop. A follow-up spray with another product may be required for control of wild radish under high weed pressure or high rainfall conditions.
	* Wild radish (<i>Raphanus raphanistrum</i>), ** annual ryegrass (<i>Lolium rigidum</i>), ** barley grass (<i>Hordeum leporinum</i>)	N.S.W., W.A. only		** Competition from grass weeds will be significantly reduced for at least 8 weeks. A post-emergence grass herbicide application may be required. (Refer to COMPATIBILITY section of label).
	Storksbill (<i>Erodium spp.</i>)	S.A., W.A. only		*** Populations will not be reduced but plants will generally be significantly stunted. Seed set will also be reduced.
	Mouse-ear chickweed (<i>Cerastium glomeratum</i>), * capeweed (<i>Arctotheca calendula</i>), * prickly lettuce (<i>Lactuca serriola</i>), * yellow burrweed (<i>Amsinckia intermedia</i>)	N.S.W. only	200- 300mL	Use the higher rates under anticipated high weed pressure and in high winter rainfall areas.
	* Ivy leaf speedwell (<i>Veronica hederifolia</i>) *** bifora (<i>Bifora testiculata</i>),	S.A. only		Do NOT use on faba beans on light, sandy soils.
	* Threehorn bedstraw (<i>Galium tricornutum</i>), * wild radish (<i>Raphanus raphanistrum</i>), * yellow burrweed (<i>Amsinckia intermedia</i>)	Vic., S.A. only		On alkaline soils, the risk of crop damage to faba beans may be increased under adverse growth conditions.

	* Lesser loosestrife (<i>Lythrum hyssopifolia</i>), * prickly lettuce (<i>Lactuca serriola</i>), ** annual ryegrass (<i>Lolium rigidum</i>), ** barley grass (<i>Hordeum leporinum</i>)		300mL	Refer to the Crop Safety and Follow Crop sections of this label regarding varietal selectivity and follow crops.
Post-emergence Field peas (Following varieties only : Alma, Dun, Dundale, Early Dun, Wirrega).	Deadnettle (<i>Lamium amplexicaule</i>), hare's ear (<i>Conringia orientalis</i>), Indian hedge mustard (<i>Sisymbrium orientale</i>), toadrush (<i>Juncus bufonius</i>), * wireweed (<i>Polygonum aviculare</i>)	N.S.W., Vic., S.A., only	200mL plus a non-ionic surfactant at 200mL/ 100L	<p>Apply to actively growing weeds in the cotyledon to 3 leaf stage.</p> <p>Weeds may not be totally controlled but populations will be significantly reduced and surviving plants will generally be severely retarded. Good crop growth will aid weed control.</p> <p>* Surviving plants will generally be retarded and will not compete with the crop.</p>
	* Threehorn bedstraw (<i>Galium tricornutum</i>)	Vic., S.A. only	200 - 300 mL plus a non- ionic surfactant at 200mL/ 100L	<p>Use the higher rate under high weed pressure.</p> <p>Refer to the Follow Crop section of this label regarding follow crops.</p>

Pre-emergence Mungbeans, peanuts, soybeans	Common sida (<i>Sida rhombifolia</i>), fat hen (<i>Chenopodium album</i>), green amaranth (<i>Amaranthus viridis</i>), pigweed (<i>Portulaca oleracea</i>), redroot amaranth (<i>Amaranthus retroflexus</i>), wild gooseberry (<i>Physalis minima</i>), * Anoda weed (<i>Anoda cristata</i>), * bellvine (<i>Ipomoea plebeia</i>), * common thornapple (<i>Datura stramonium</i>), * deadnettle (<i>Lamium amplexicaule</i>), * jute (<i>Corchorus olitorius</i>), * mintweed (<i>Salvia reflexa</i>), * starburr (<i>Acanthospermum hispidum</i>), * wild radish (<i>Raphanus raphanistrum</i>)	Qld., N.S.W., Vic., N.T. only	300mL	<p>Apply to moist, well prepared, clod and weed-free soil after planting and before crop emergence. Sufficient rainfall or irrigation is required after application and prior to weed emergence to wet soil to a depth of 5cm.</p> <p>Where soil crusting is likely, apply post-emergence. (Not mung beans).</p> <p>Under adverse conditions, weeds may not be totally controlled but populations will be significantly reduced and surviving plants will generally be severely retarded. Good crop growth will aid weed control.</p>
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	Above weeds plus Bladder ketmia (<i>Hibiscus trionum</i>), * awnless barnyard grass (<i>Echinochloa colona</i>), * apple-of-Peru (<i>Nicandra physalodes</i>), * Noogoora burr (<i>Xanthium pungens</i>), * nutgrass (<i>Cyperus rotundus</i>)	400mL	* Surviving plants will generally be retarded and will not compete with the crop.
Post-emergence Peanuts, soybeans	Common sida (<i>Sida rhombifolia</i>), wild gooseberry (<i>Physalis minima</i>), * Anoda weed (<i>Anoda cristata</i>), * Bathurst burr (<i>Xanthium spinosum</i>), * bellvine (<i>Ipomoea plebeia</i>), * common thornapple (<i>Datura stramonium</i>), * deadnettle (<i>Lamium amplexicaule</i>), * jute (<i>Corchorus olitorius</i>), * fierce thornapple (<i>Datura ferox</i>),	300mL plus a non- ionic surfactant at 200mL/ 100L or Hasten™ or Kwickin at 500 mL/100L	Apply to actively growing weeds in the 2 to 4 leaf stage. Weeds may not be totally controlled but populations will be significantly reduced and surviving plants will generally be severely retarded. Good crop growth will aid weed control. * Surviving plants will generally be retarded and will not compete with the crop. For grass weeds, a follow-up spray with a selective grass herbicide may be required.
	Above weeds plus Apple-of-Peru (<i>Nicandra physalodes</i>), fat hen (<i>Chenopodium album</i>), * awnless barnyard grass (<i>Echinochloa colona</i>), * barnyard grass (<i>Echinochloa crus-galli</i>), * nutgrass (<i>Cyperus rotundus</i>)	400mL plus a non- ionic surfactant at 200mL/ 100L or Hasten or Kwickin at 500 mL/100L	

Pre-emergence to weeds Lucerne (established), serradella (established)	As for pre-emergence use in faba beans and field peas (winter weeds) and in soybeans (summer weeds)	Qld., N.S.W., Vic., S.A., W.A. only	200 - 400mL	Use pre-emergence to weeds in established lucerne only . Apply following cutting or grazing, if necessary in mixtures with registered knock-down products. Apply at rates as per pre-emergence use in faba beans and field peas (winter weeds) and soybeans (summer weeds). Note CRITICAL COMMENTS applying to weed control in those crops.
<i>Centrosema</i> (Cavalcade) (pre-emergence to crop)		N.T. only		
Post-emergence Lucerne, serradella	As for post-emergence use in field peas (winter weeds) and in soybeans (summer weeds)	Qld., N.S.W., Vic., S.A., W.A. only	200mL to 400mL plus a non-ionic surfactant at 200mL/100L	Apply to actively growing weeds in the cotyledon to 3 leaf stage (winter weeds) and 2-4 leaf stage (summer weeds). Apply at rates as per post-emergence use in field peas (winter weeds) and soybeans (summer weeds). Note CRITICAL COMMENTS applying to weed control in those crops. <u>Seedling</u> : Apply when crop is at the first trifoliolate leaf stage or later (Spring sown) and the 2 trifoliolate leaf stage or later (Autumn sown). Serradella varieties on which SPINNAKER has been tested and found to be selective are: Avila, Elgara, Tauro. <u>Established</u> : Apply as above following cutting or grazing.

Subterranean clover <i>(Trifolium subterraneum)</i>	Doublegee (<i>Emex australis</i>)	W.A. only	150mL plus 300mL diuron (500g/L) plus BOOST® at 2L per 100L water	Apply to actively growing weeds up to the 4 leaf stage and when the sub-clover is at the 3 leaf stage or later. This treatment should only be used in the first year of a pasture phase to aid sub-clover establishment. Weed numbers will be reduced and survivors will be stunted. Seed set will also be reduced. Sub-clover biomass may be reduced by this treatment. Varieties on which SPINNAKER has been tested are Dalkeith and Nungarin. Other weeds may also be affected, thereby reducing the total pasture biomass.
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NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION.

WITHHOLDING PERIOD:

DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 14 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION.

ANCILLARY PANEL 2

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:

This product can be used for either pre- or post-emergence weed control depending on the crop and weeds to be controlled. When the product is applied pre-emergence, susceptible weeds may emerge but growth will be retarded and weeds will either die or remain stunted and will not compete with the crop. Adequate soil moisture is important for optimum activity. When applied post-emergence, weeds will either die or remain stunted and will not compete with the crop.

A non-ionic surfactant must be added to SPINNAKER for post-emergence weed control. The addition of BOOST liquid ammonium sulphate at a rate of 2L/100L water may assist in post-emergence control of summer growing weeds.

MIXING:

This product mixes readily with both hard and soft water. Fill the spray tank one half to three quarters full with clean water and then, with the agitator running, add the required amount of this product and then fill the tank with water. When tank mixing this product with other recommended compatible products, first add the other product to the tank and mix thoroughly before adding this product.

APPLICATION:

Ground Application

Avoid overlaps when spraying. Apply in 50 to 100L/ha water using flat fan nozzles. The product may be applied in a band over the row in row crops. This will assist in minimising soil residue carry-over.

Aerial Application (Pre-emergence only)

Avoid overlaps when spraying. Apply in a minimum 20L/ha water in a maximum swath width of 18m using a droplet VMD of 230 - 280 microns.

Do NOT apply SPINNAKER under conditions (eg dead calm, excessive wind and/or small droplets) likely to cause spray drift onto wetlands or waterways, natural vegetation, crops other than specified on label or land to be planted with susceptible crops.

EQUIPMENT CLEAN-UP:

Thoroughly flush all spray equipment with water following use of SPINNAKER and before use with other products.

Rinse water should NOT be discharged where it will reach streams, waterbodies or natural vegetation.

COMPATIBILITY:

This product is compatible with STOMP*, FASTAC*, trifluralin, metribuzin, cyanazine, diuron, glyphosate, paraquat plus diquat, diquat, simazine, diflufenican, dimethoate, omethoate and endosulfan.

Do NOT tank mix with selective post-emergence grass herbicides. Do NOT apply these herbicides following use of SPINNAKER until grasses have resumed active growth.

RESISTANT WEEDS WARNING:

SPINNAKER Herbicide is a member of the Imidazolinone group of herbicides and has the ALS mode of action.

Some naturally-occurring weed biotypes resistant to SPINNAKER and other ALS herbicides may exist through normal genetic variability in any weed population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. These resistant weeds will not be controlled by SPINNAKER or other ALS herbicides.

Since the occurrence of resistant weeds is difficult to detect prior to use, Cyanamid accepts no liability for any losses that may result from failure of SPINNAKER to control resistant weeds.

PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND OTHER NON-TARGET PLANTS:

Do NOT allow spray drift to contact desirable vegetation or crops other than specified on label.
Do NOT spray within 50m of wetlands or waterways.

Crop Safety:

This product may cause slight shortening of plant internodes and may in some circumstances lead to transient crop yellowing but plants soon recover and yield is unaffected. This effect may be more pronounced when the product is used post-emergence or under poor growth conditions.

Do NOT use this product pre-emergence on Collegian and Cressy Blue field pea varieties. Do NOT use this product post-emergence on field pea varieties other than Alma, Dun, Dundale, Early Dun and Wirrega.

Do NOT use pre-emergence on serradella, seedling lucerne or subterranean clover.

Do NOT use post-emergence on chickpeas, faba beans or mung beans.

Should re-sowing of chickpeas, faba beans, field peas, lucerne, mung beans, peanuts, serradella, soybeans or subterranean clover be necessary, do NOT reapply SPINNAKER.

Follow Crops:

Under conditions which do not favour breakdown of this product, carry-over soil residues can affect susceptible follow crops. As environmental and agronomic factors make it impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product, rotational crop injury is always possible.

The following minimum re-cropping intervals (months after application) should be observed.

Following use in winter crops :-

MONTHS AFTER APPLICATION			
0	10	22	34
IR/IT maize varieties	lucerne	oats	all other crops
ONLY:	lupins	safflower	including canola
-Pacific Hycorn 62IT	pasture legumes		
-Pacific PAC 338	vetch		
-Pioneer 3395IR	*triticale		
-Pioneer 3245IR	*barley		
faba beans	*wheat		
field peas			
chickpeas			

- * The following additional requirements apply if it is intended to sow WHEAT, BARLEY or TRITICALE during the next winter season.
- Do NOT apply SPINNAKER pre-emergence later than the end of June and post-emergence later than the end of July.
 - Do NOT use SPINNAKER in areas where rainfall from spraying to sowing of cereals is expected to be below 300mm.

Furthermore:

- In **S.A.** and **W.A.** do NOT use on soils of pH 5.5 (Ca Cl_2) or less in areas where rainfall from spraying to sowing of cereals is expected to be below 400mm.
- In **N.S.W.**, **Vic.** and **S.A.** do NOT use the 300mL/ha rate in areas where rainfall from spraying to sowing of cereals is expected to be below 400mm.

If expected rainfall is not received following use of SPINNAKER, consult your local Cyanamid representative before planting wheat, barley or triticale. (In calculating rainfall actually received, exclude single isolated heavy summer and autumn falls above 100mm).

Following use in summer crops :-

Irrigated only:

MONTHS AFTER APPLICATION			
0	5	10	18
IR/IT maize varieties	chick peas	** maize	all other crops
ONLY:	lucerne	(except for IR/IT maize; see 0 months)	(providing rainfall and irrigation exceeds 2000mm)
-Pacific Hycorn 62IT	lupins		
-Pacific PAC 338	pasture legumes	** sorghum	
-Pioneer 3395IR	* barley		
-Pioneer 3245IR	* wheat		
mung beans			
peanuts			
soybeans			

- * Do NOT plant these crops unless interim moisture (rainfall plus irrigation) from application to sowing is at least 500mm.
- ** Do NOT plant these crops unless interim moisture (rainfall plus irrigation) from application to sowing is at least 800mm. Do NOT plant sorghum if SPINNAKER rates higher than 300mL/ha were used in the previous crop.

Dryland only:

Do NOT use the 400mL rate in dryland soybeans, mung beans or peanuts unless it is intended to recrop with a leguminous crop or IR/IT maize varieties.

MONTHS AFTER APPLICATION				
0	10	15	22	27
IR/IT maize varieties	** maize	chick peas	cotton	all other crops
ONLY:	(except for IR/IT maize; see 0 months)	lucerne	maize	(providing rainfall exceeds 2000mm)
-Pacific Hycorn 62IT	maize; see 0 months)	lupins	(except for IR/IT maize; see 0 months)	
-Pacific PAC 338	** sorghum	pasture legumes	maize; see 0 months)	
-Pioneer 3395IR		* barley	sorghum	
-Pioneer 3245IR		* wheat	sunflower	
mung beans				
peanuts				
soybeans				

- * Do NOT plant these crops unless interim rainfall from application to sowing is at least 500mm.
- ** Do NOT plant these crops unless interim rainfall from application to sowing is at least 800mm. Do NOT plant sorghum if SPINNAKER rates higher than 300mL/ha were used in the previous crop.

PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEA AND THE ENVIRONMENT:

Do NOT contaminate dams, waterways or drains with this product or used containers.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL:

Store in original container, tightly closed in a safe, well-ventilated area, as cool as possible. Do NOT store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight.

Triple or (preferably) pressure rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. Do NOT dispose of undiluted chemicals on-site.

Break, crush, puncture and bury empty containers in a local authority landfill. If not available, bury the containers below 500mm in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, vegetation and roots. Empty containers and product should NOT be burnt.

SAFETY DIRECTIONS:

Avoid inhaling spray mist. Will irritate the eyes and skin. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. When preparing spray, wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist, washable hat, rubber gloves and face shield or goggles. Wash hands after use. After each day's use, wash gloves, face shield or goggles and contaminated clothing.

FIRST AID:

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre. Telephone 131126 Australia-wide.

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- ™ Trademark of Victorian Chemicals Company Pty Limited
- (C) Copyright, Cyanamid Agriculture Pty. Limited, 1999

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