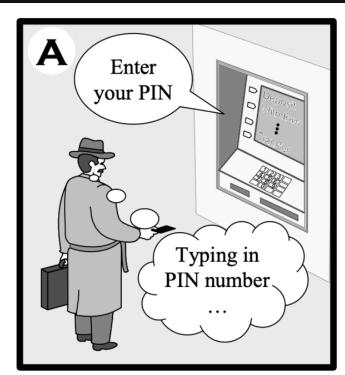
COMP1531

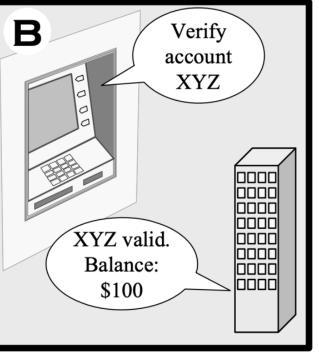
3.6 - SDLC Requirements - Use Cases

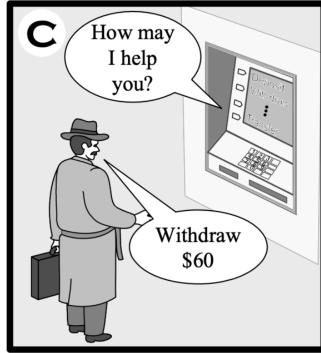
Use cases

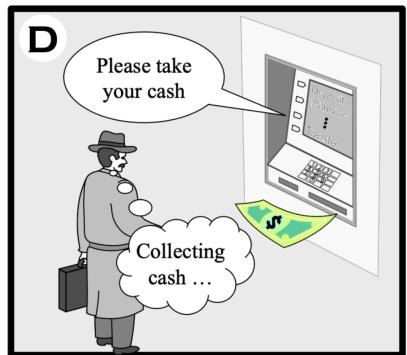
- Represent a dialogue between the user and the system,
 with the aim of helping the user achieve a business goal
- The user initiates actions and the system responds with reactions
- They consider the system a black box

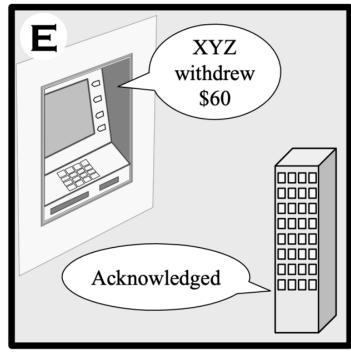
Example











Representations

- Informal list of steps
- Use-Case diagrams
- Cockburn style (not required reading)

Initial template

- Use Case: <the name should be the goal as a short active verb phrase>
- **Goal in Context**: <a longer statement of the goal, if needed>
- Scope: <what system is being considered black-box under design>
- Level: <one of: Summary, Primary task, Subfunction>
- **Preconditions**: <what we expect is already the state of the world>
- Success End Condition: <the state of the world upon successful completion>
- Failed End Condition: <the state of the world if goal abandoned>
- **Primary Actor**: <a role name for the primary actor, or description>
- **Trigger**: <the action upon the system that starts the use case, may be time event>

ATM Example

- Use Case: Withdraw Money
- Goal in Context: Customers need to withdraw money from their accounts without entering the bank
- Scope: ATM, banking infrastructure
- Level: Primary Task
- **Preconditions**: The customer has an account with the bank
- Success End Condition: The customer has the money they needed to withdraw
- Failed End Condition: The customer has no money
- Primary Actor: Customer
- **Trigger**: Customer puts card into ATM

Steps taken

MAIN SUCCESS SCENARIO

<put here the steps of the scenario from trigger to goal delivery, and any cleanup after>

<step #> <action description>

ATM Example

MAIN SUCCESS SCENARIO

- Step 1. ATM asks customer for pin
- Step 2. Customer enters pin
- Step 3. ATM asks bank to verify pin and account
- Step 4. Bank informs ATM of validity and balænce of account
- Step 5. ATM asks customer what action they wish to take
- Step 6. Customer asks to withdraw an amount of money
- Step 7. ATM Dispenses money to customer
- Step 8. ATM informs bank of withdrawal

In More Depth

- Can be used to model variations in steps (e.g. Insufficient funds)
- If you wish to know more about use cases, see here:
 - Software Engineering Ivan Marsic (Chapter 2, Section 4)
 - http://www.cs.otago.ac.nz/coursework/cosc461/uctempla.
 htm
 - Writing Effective Use Cases Alistair Cockburn