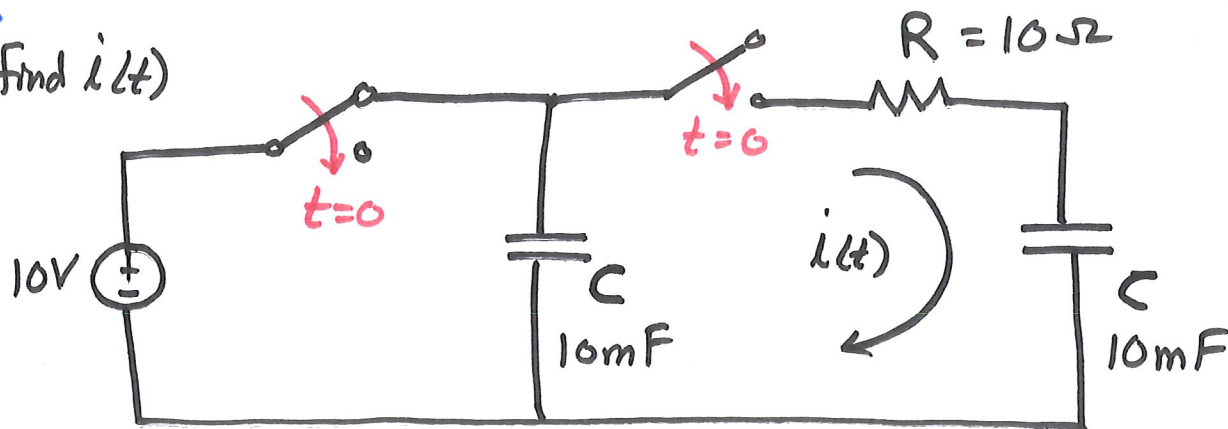


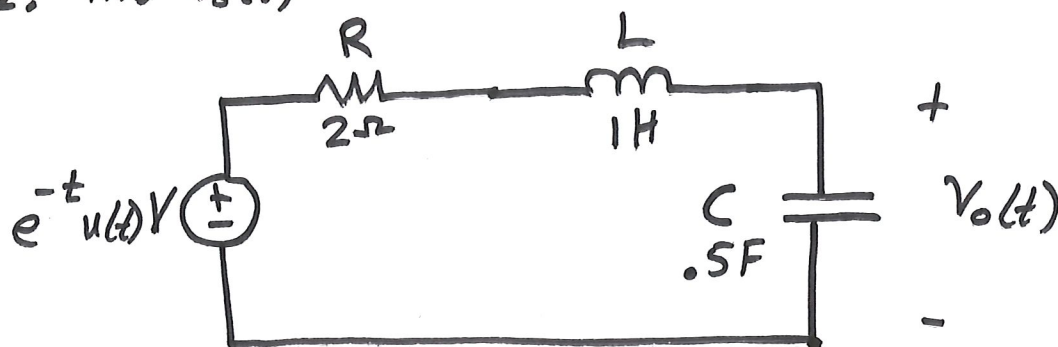
## LT#5

1. find  $i(t)$



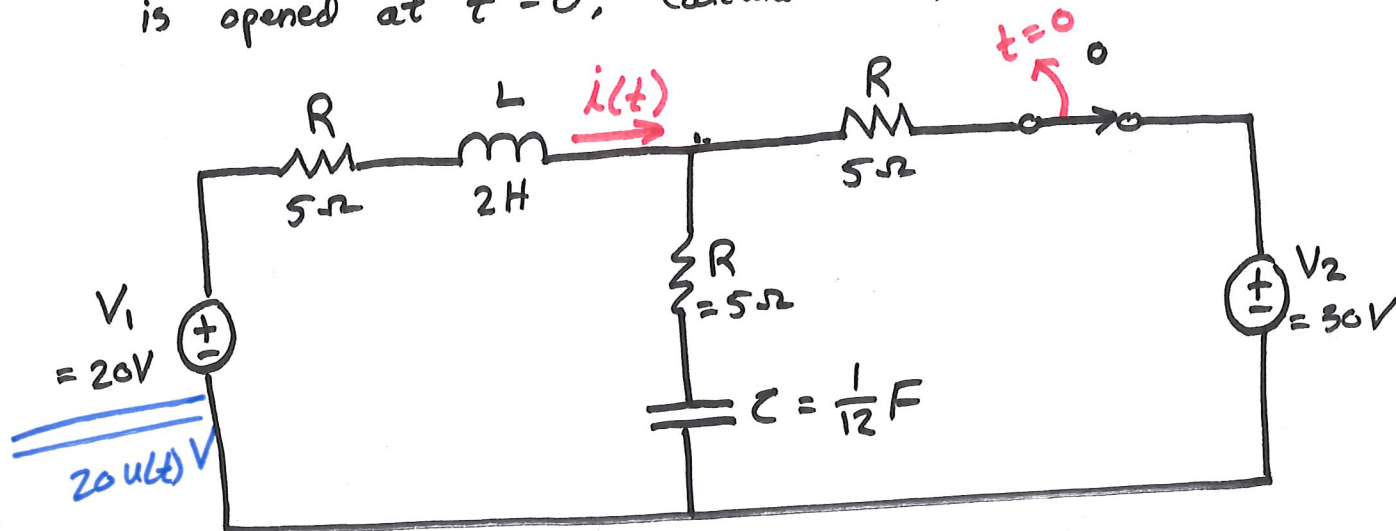
$$i(t) = e^{-20t} u(t) \text{ A}$$

2. find  $V_o(t)$



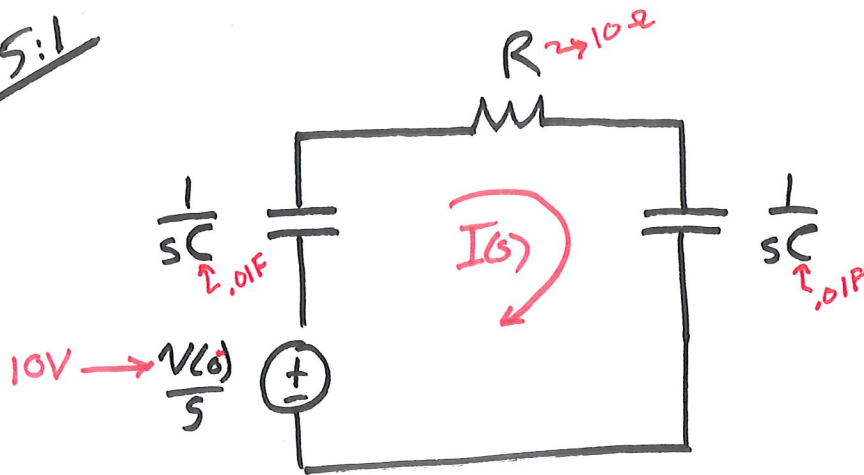
$$V_o(t) = 2e^{-t}(1 - \cos t)u(t) \text{ V}$$

3. The switch in the circuit shown has been closed a long time. It is opened at  $t=0$ , calculate  $i(t)$ .



$$i(t) = -.5u(t)(e^{-3t} + e^{-2t}) \text{ A} \quad \checkmark$$

LT#5:1



$$\frac{10}{s} = I(s) \left( \frac{1}{s \cdot 0.01} + \cancel{R}^{10} + \frac{1}{s \cdot 0.01} \right)$$

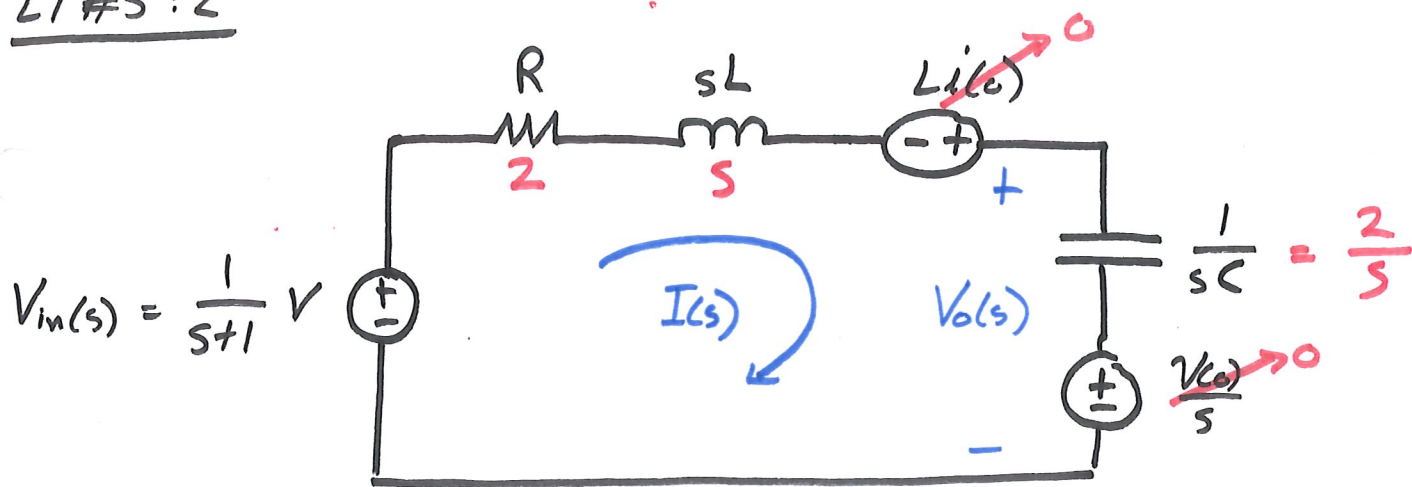
$$= I(s) \left( \frac{100}{s} + 10 + \frac{100}{s} \right) = I(s) \left( \frac{200}{s} + 10 \right)$$

$$I(s) = \frac{10}{s} \cdot \frac{1}{\frac{200}{s} + 10} = \frac{10}{10s + 200} = \underline{\underline{\frac{1}{s + 20}}}$$

$$\underline{\underline{i(t) = e^{-20t} u(t) \text{ A}}}$$

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LT#5:2



$$V_{in}(s) = I(s) \left( 2 + s + \frac{2}{s} \right)$$

$$I(s) = \frac{V_{in}(s)}{2 + s + \frac{2}{s}}$$

$$V_o(s) = \frac{1}{sC} I(s) = \frac{2}{s} \frac{1}{2 + s + \frac{2}{s}} \frac{1}{s+1}$$

$$V_o(s) = \frac{2}{(s+1)(s^2 + 2s + 2)}$$

$s = \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{2^2 - 4(2)}}{2} = -1 \pm \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{-4} = -1 \pm j$

$$V_o(s) = \frac{2}{(s+1)(s+1-j)(s+1+j)} = \frac{C_1}{s+1} + \frac{C_2}{s+1-j} + \frac{C_3}{s+1+j}$$

$$C_1 = \frac{2}{s^2 + 2s + 2} \Big|_{s=-1} = \frac{2}{1 - 2 + 2} = \underline{2}$$

$$C_2 = \frac{2}{(s+1)(s+1+j)} \bigg|_{s=-1+j} = \frac{2}{(j)(+j2)} = \underline{-1}$$

$$C_3 = \frac{2}{(s+1)(s+1-j)} \bigg|_{s=-1-j} = \frac{2}{(-j)(-j2)} = \underline{-1}$$


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$$V_o(s) = \frac{2}{s+1} + \frac{-1}{s+1-j} + \frac{-1}{s+1+j}$$

$$V_o(t) = \left( \begin{array}{ccc} \Downarrow & \Downarrow & \Downarrow \\ 2e^{-t} & -1e^{-(1-j)t} & -1e^{-(1+j)t} \end{array} \right) u(t)$$

$$-1e^{-t}e^{jt} - 1e^{-t}e^{-jt}$$

$$-e^{-t}(e^{jt} + e^{-jt})$$

$$-e^{-t}(2 \cos t)$$

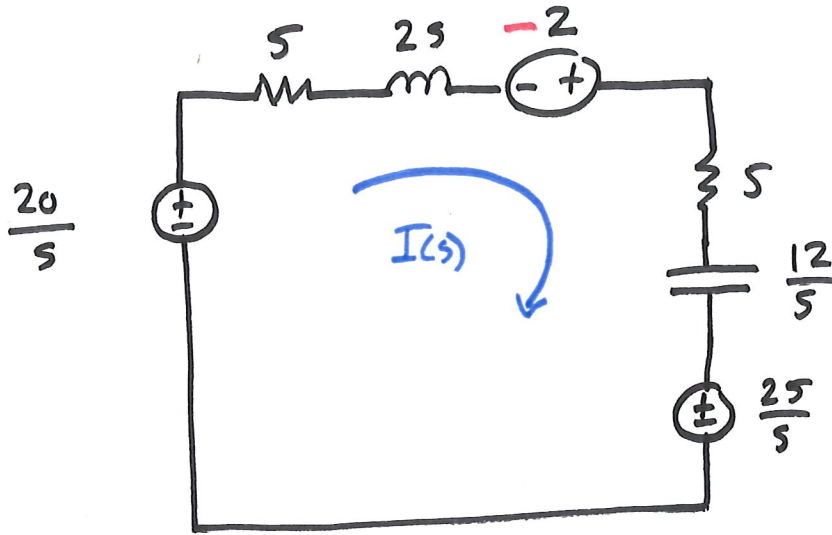
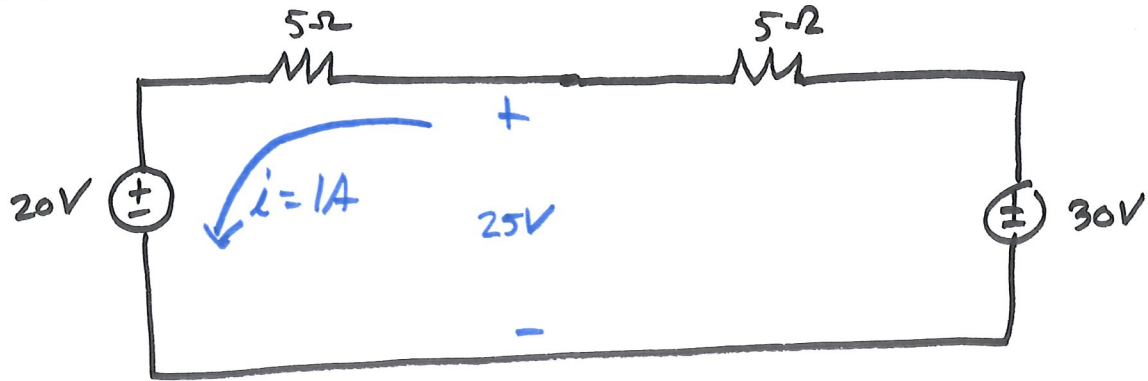

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$$\therefore \underline{V_o(t) = 2e^{-t}(1 - \cos t) u(t) \text{ V}}$$


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LT#5:3

initial conditions:



$$\frac{20}{s} + 2 - \frac{25}{s} = I(s) \left( 5 + 2s + 5 + \frac{12}{s} \right)$$

$$I(s) = \frac{2 - \frac{5}{s}}{2s + 10 + \frac{12}{s}} = \frac{2s - 5}{2s^2 + 10s + 12}$$

$$I(s) = \frac{s - 2.5}{s^2 + 5s + 6} = \frac{s - 2.5}{(s+3)(s+2)} = \frac{C_1}{s+3} + \frac{C_2}{s+2}$$

$$C_1 = \left. \frac{s-2.5}{s+2} \right|_{s=-3} = \frac{-5.5}{-1} = +5.5$$

$$C_2 = \left. \frac{s-2.5}{s+3} \right|_{s=-2} = \frac{-4.5}{1} = -4.5$$

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$$I(s) = \frac{5.5}{s+3} + \frac{-4.5}{s+2}$$

$$i(t) = (5.5 e^{-3t} - 4.5 e^{-2t}) u(t)$$


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