

1.)	<u>NMOS</u>	<u>PMOS</u>	<u>Min size</u>
	$K_P = 200 \frac{\text{mA}}{\text{V}^2}$	$K_P = 80 \frac{\text{mA}}{\text{V}^2}$	0.5 mm
	$V_{T0} = 0.5 \text{ V}$	$V_{T0} = -0.5 \text{ V}$	$V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V}$

$$R_{on} = \frac{r_p}{1.2C} = \frac{1.5}{1.2(1 \text{ pF})} = 1250 \Omega$$

$$K_{nmos} = \frac{1}{R_{on}(V_{DD} - V_{TN})} = \frac{1}{1250(3.3 - 0.5)} = \boxed{286 \frac{\text{mA}}{\text{V}^2}}$$

$$\frac{K_{nmos}}{K_{Pmos}} \cdot L = W_{nmos} \Rightarrow \frac{286}{200} (0.5) = 0.715 = W_n$$

$$\frac{W_n}{L} \text{ nmos} = \frac{0.715 \text{ mm}}{0.5 \text{ mm}} = \boxed{\frac{1.43}{1}}$$

$$W_P = \frac{286}{80} (0.5) = 1.788 \quad \frac{W}{L} \text{ pmos} = \frac{1.788}{0.5} = \boxed{\frac{3.576}{1}}$$

$$2.) R_{on} = \frac{0.5 \text{ ns}}{2.4(0.25 \text{ pF})} = 833.33 \Omega$$

$$K_{nmos} = K_{Pmos} = \frac{1}{R_{on}(V_{DD} - V_{TN})} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{833.33(3.3 - 0.5)} = \boxed{429 \frac{\text{mA}}{\text{V}^2}}$$

$$W_n = \frac{429}{200} \cdot (0.35) = 0.751 \text{ mm} \quad \frac{W}{L} = \frac{0.751}{0.35} = \boxed{\frac{2.146}{1}}$$

$$W_P = \frac{429}{80} \cdot (0.35) = 1.877 \text{ mm}$$

$$\frac{W}{L} \text{ pmos} = \frac{1.877}{0.35} = \boxed{\frac{5.363}{1}}$$

$$3.) \frac{1}{5\tau_p} = 400 \text{ MHz}$$

$$\tau_p = \frac{1}{400 \cdot 5} = 0.5 \text{ ns}$$

$$R_{on} = \frac{0.5}{2.4 - 0.25} = 833.33 \Omega$$

$$K_{mos} = 429 \frac{\text{mA}}{\text{V}^2}$$

$$W_n = \frac{429}{200} \cdot (0.35) = 0.751$$

$$\frac{W}{L} = \frac{0.751}{0.35} = \boxed{\frac{2.146}{1}}$$

$$W_p = \frac{429}{80} (0.35) = 1.877$$

$$\frac{W}{L} = \frac{1.877}{0.35} = \boxed{\frac{5.363}{1}}$$

$$4.) T_r = 2 \cdot t_{PLH}$$

$$a.) T_A = T_{r1} = 2 \cdot 2.7628 \times 10^{-10} = 5.5256 \times 10^{-10}$$

$$T_{f2} = T_{r2} = 2 \cdot 5.03244 \times 10^{-10} = 1.006 \times 10^{-9}$$

$$T_{f3} = T_{r3} = 2 \cdot 5.13971 \times 10^{-10} = 1.028 \times 10^{-9}$$

$$T_{f4} = T_{r4} = 2 \cdot 5.14464 \times 10^{-10} = 1.029 \times 10^{-9}$$

$$T_{f5} = T_{r5} = 2 \cdot 5.14512 \times 10^{-10} = 1.0290 \times 10^{-9}$$

$$b.) T_{PLH1} = 2.763 \times 10^{-10}$$

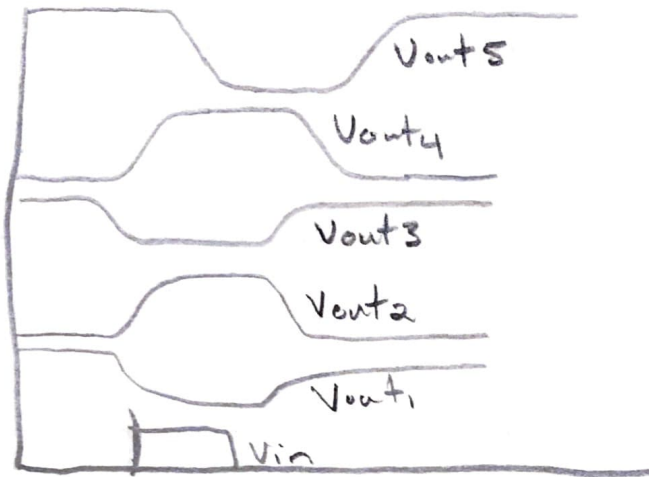
$$T_{PLH2} = 5.032 \times 10^{-10}$$

$$T_{PLH3} = 5.1397 \times 10^{-10}$$

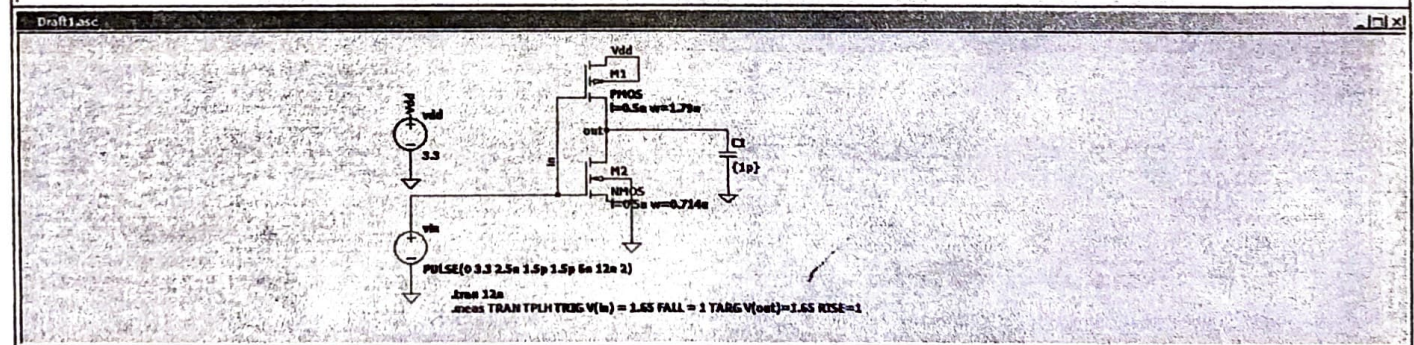
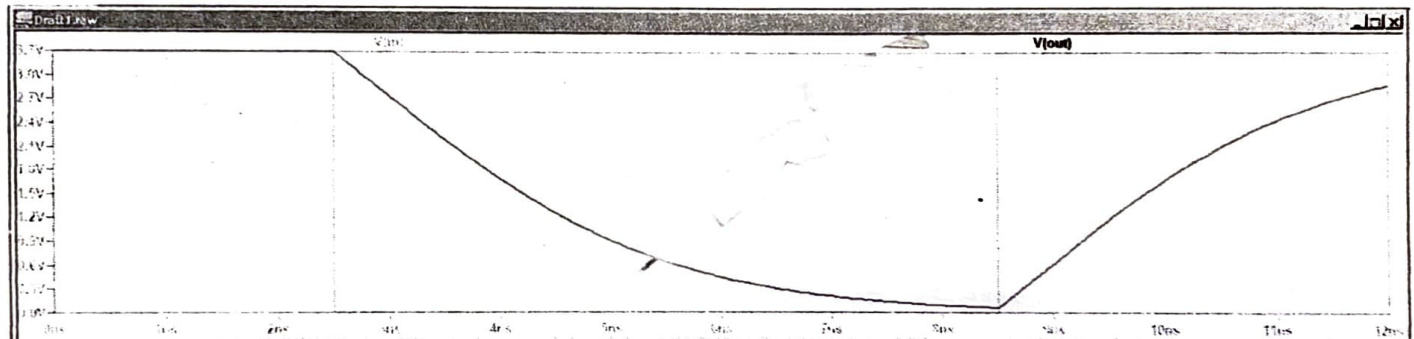
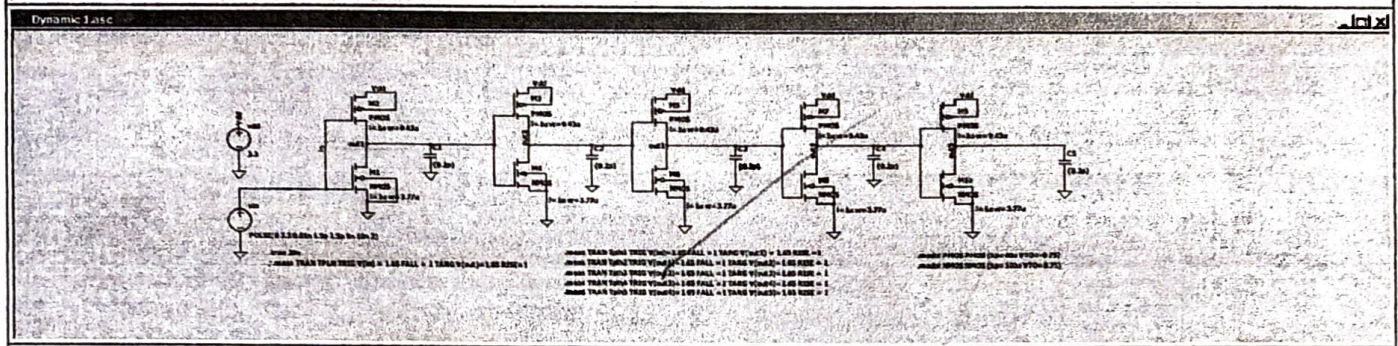
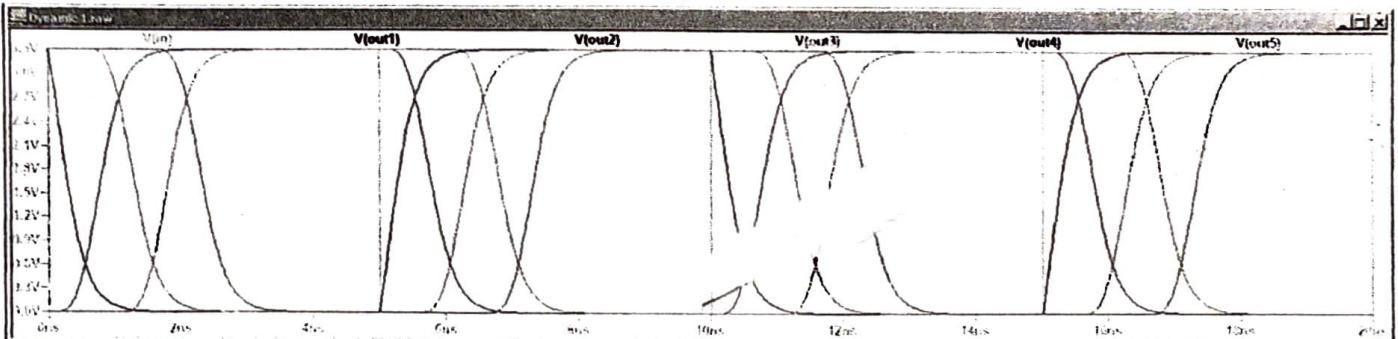
$$T_{PLH4} = 5.1446 \times 10^{-10}$$

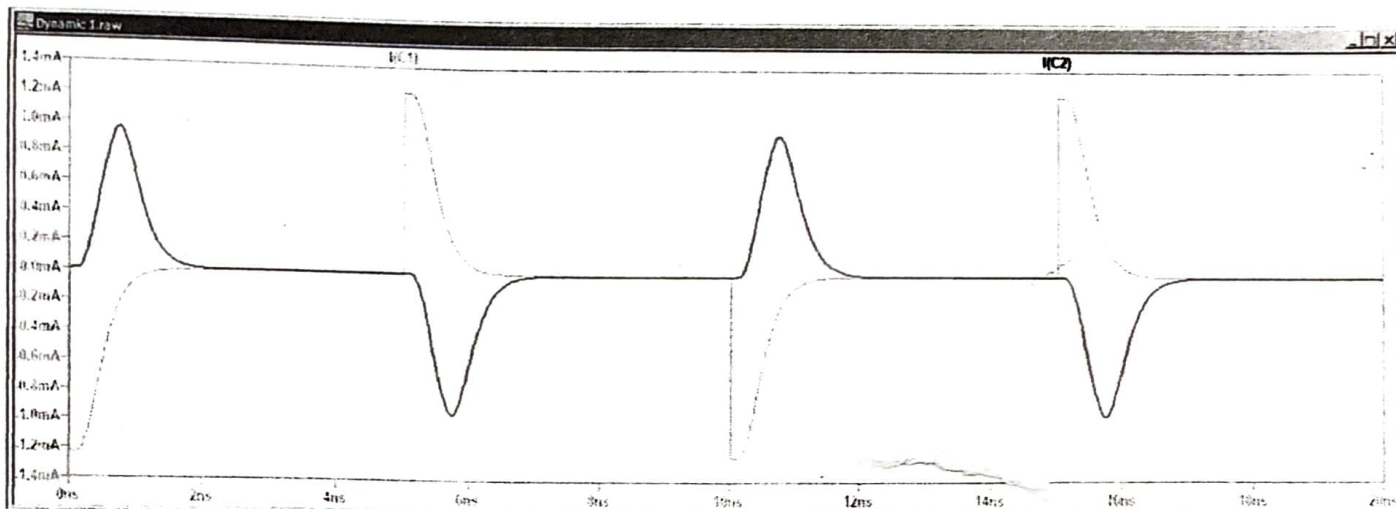
$$T_{PLH5} = 5.1451 \times 10^{-10}$$

c.) They are offset by different delay times and the peak values are different. This is due to a lower amount of voltage reaching the last inverter.



c.) The second stage has to wait for the first capacitor to begin discharging.





SPICE Error Log: G:\ELEC 2210\Homework\Dynamic\Dynamic 1.log

Instance "m5": Width narrower than recommended for a level 1 MOSFET.
 Instance "m3": Length shorter than recommended for a level 1 MOSFET.
 Instance "m3": Width narrower than recommended for a level 1 MOSFET.
 Direct Newton iteration for .op point succeeded.

tph1=2.7628e-010 FROM 5.01225e-009 TO 5.28853e-009
 tph2=5.03244e-010 FROM 2.8719e-010 TO 7.90435e-010
 tph3=5.13971e-010 FROM 5.79185e-009 TO 6.30582e-009
 tph4=5.14464e-010 FROM 1.30449e-009 TO 1.81896e-009
 tph5=5.14512e-010 FROM 6.82039e-009 TO 7.33491e-009

Date: Wed Mar 06 10:46:04 2019
 Total elapsed time: 0.564 seconds.

tnom = 27
 temp = 27
 method = modified trap
 totiter = 2339
 traniter = 2299
 tranpoints = 1149
 accept = 1127
 rejected = 22
 matrix size = 9
 fillins = 0
 solver = Normal
 Matrix Compiler1: 24 opcodes 1.4/[0.3]/0.4
 Matrix Compiler2: off [0.2]/0.4/0.2