2. (20 points) Use Laplace transforms to find the solution to the differential equation

$$\frac{dy(t)}{dt} + 2y(t) = e^{-3t}u(t), \text{ with } y(0) = 2$$

$$\mathcal{L} \left\{ \begin{array}{c} dy(t) \\ 0 \neq t \end{array} \right\} = S \left\{ (S) - y(0) \right\} = S \left\{ (S) - 2 \right\}$$

$$\mathcal{L} \left\{ \begin{array}{c} 2y(t) \\ 0 \neq t \end{array} \right\} = 2 \left\{ (S) \right\}$$

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$$y(t) = 3e^{-2t}u(t) - e^{-3t}u(t)$$

- 3. (20 points) Find the transfer function $H(s) = \frac{Y(s)}{X(s)}$ of the following two feedback systems:
- (a) $X(s) \xrightarrow{+} \Sigma \longrightarrow \frac{1}{s+3} \longrightarrow Y(s)$ $(X(s) + 2Y(s)) \xrightarrow{1} = Y(s)$ $(X(s) + 2Y(s)) \xrightarrow{1} = Y(s)$ $\frac{1}{S+3} X(s) = (1 \frac{2}{S+3}) Y(s) = \frac{S+1}{S+3} Y(s)$ X(s) = (S+1) Y(s) $H(s) = \frac{Y(s)}{X(s)} = \frac{1}{S+1}$

(b)
$$x(t) \xrightarrow{+} \Sigma \qquad e^{-t}u(t) \qquad y(t) \qquad 2\delta(t)$$

(Hint: consider the s-domain model of the feedback system)

4. (20 points) Given $x(t)=e^{-3t}u(t)$, find $\mathcal{L}\{t\,x(t)\}$.

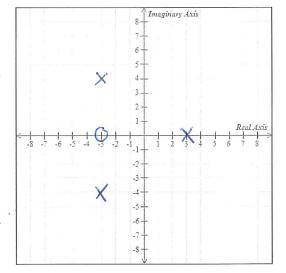
$$X(s) = 2$$
 $X(t)$ $3 = \frac{1}{s+3}$

5. (20 points) Consider
$$X(s) = \frac{s+3}{(s-3)(s^2+6s+25)} = \frac{3+3}{(s-3)(s+3-4)(s+3+4)}$$

- (a) Indicate the poles and zeros for X(s) on the graph provided
- (b) Does the initial value $x(0^+)$ exist? If not, why not?

If so, calculate $x(0^+)$ and record it here:

(c) Does the initial value $x(\infty)$ exist? If not, why not? one pole in right half plane



If so, calculate $x(\infty)$ and record it here:

$$x(\infty) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$S = \frac{-6 \pm \sqrt{36-4 \times 25}}{2} = \frac{-6 \pm \sqrt{-64}}{2}$$

$$X(0^{+}) = \lim_{s \to \infty} sX(s) = \lim_{s \to \infty} \frac{s(s+3)}{(s-3)(s^{2}+6s+25)} = 0$$

6. (20 points) Find the inverse Laplace transform.

$$X(s) = \frac{1}{s+3} + \frac{s+8}{s^2+4s+10}$$

$$X(S) = \frac{1}{S+3} + \frac{S+2}{(S+2)^2 + (J6)^2} + J6 \frac{J6}{(S+2)^2 + (J6)^2}$$

$$X(t) = e^{-3t} U(t) + e^{-2t} \cos(\overline{I6t}) U(t) + \overline{I6} e^{-2t} \sin(\overline{I6t}) U(t)$$

7. (20 points) Determine $v_o(t)$ in the circuit below, given that $v_i(t) = 10u(t)$, R = 3 Ohms, L = 0.5 Henries, and C = 0.25 Farads.

$$V_{i}(s) = \frac{10}{3} V.$$

$$V_{i}(s) = \int_{0}^{1} (s) (R + \frac{1}{5c} + sL)$$

$$V_{0}(s) = \int_{0}^{1} (s) (R + \frac{1}{5c} + sL)$$

$$V_{0}(s) = \int_{0}^{1} (s) (R + \frac{1}{5c} + sL)$$

$$V_{0}(s) = V_{i}(s) \cdot \frac{1}{5c}$$

$$= \frac{10}{5} \cdot \frac{1}{3} + \frac{4}{5} + 0.5 s$$

$$= \frac{40}{5(0.5s^{2} + 3s + 4)}$$

$$= \frac{80}{5(5s^{2} + 6s + 8)}$$

$$= \frac{80}{5(5s^{2} + 6s + 8)} = \frac{10}{5(5s^{2} + 6s + 8)} = \frac{10$$