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#04

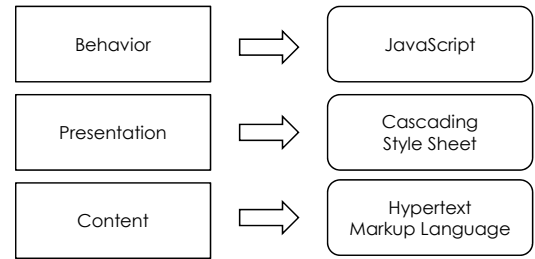
# Web Client

(HTML5, React.js)

CLIENT/SERVER COMPUTING AND WEB TECHNOLOGIES

## Web Page Layers

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## HTML

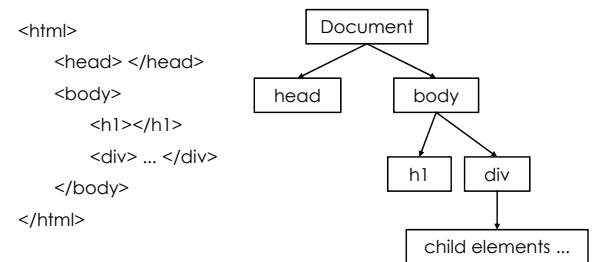
3



- ▶ **Hypertext:** A software system that links topics on the screen to related information and graphics, which are typically accessed by a point-and-click method.
- ▶ **Markup Language:** A set of markup tags for grouping and describing page content.

## Document Object Model

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 Document Hierarchy: Parents, children and siblings

## HTML Elements

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`<tag>Content</tag>`

- ▶ An HTML element includes both the HTML tag and everything between the tag (the content).
- ▶ Tags normally come in pairs. The first tag is the start tag, and the second tag is the end tag.
- ▶ HTML has a defined set of tag names (also called keywords) that the browser understands.
- ▶ Most elements can have attributes, which provides additional information about the element.
  - ▶ `<div class="left-nav"></div>`

## Essential Element Tags

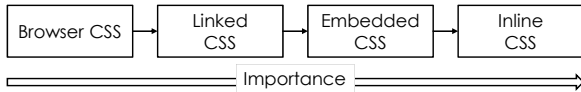
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Primary Structure	Structural Elements (block)	Formatting Elements (inline)
html	p	em
head	br	i
body	h1 - h6	strong
	ul	b
Head Elements	ol	q
title	a	blockquote (span)
meta	img (div)	
link		

## CSS

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- ▶ Stylesheet
  - ▶ Rules defining how an html element will be "presented" in the browser.
  - ▶ Targeted to specific elements in the html document.
- ▶ Cascading
  - ▶ Rules for resolving conflicts with multiple CSS rules applied to the same elements.
  - ▶ For example, if there are two rules defining the color or your h1 elements, the rule that comes last in the cascade order will "trump" the other.



## CSS Syntax

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selector {property: value;}

Declaration

- ▶ Every style is defined by a selector and a declaration. The declaration contains at least one property/value pair.
  - ▶ Together they are called a CSS Rule.

```
body {font-family: Arial, Helvetica}
p {color: #666666}
h1 {font-size: 24px}
a {color: blue}
```

## CSS Selector

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- ▶ Type Selector
  - ▶ targets an html element by name
- ▶ Id Selector
  - ▶ An ID is an html attribute added to a html markup.
  - ▶ Reference that ID with a hash (#)
    - ▶ #logo { declaration }
    - ▶ <img id="logo" src="" alt="">
- ▶ Class Selector
  - ▶ A class is an html attribute added to a html markup.
  - ▶ Reference that ID with a period (.)
    - ▶ .ingredients {declaration}
    - ▶ <ul class="ingredients">

p

#

.

## JavaScript

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- ▶ JavaScript as HTML element

```
<script type="text/javascript">
...
</script>
```

*Refer to Chapter #03 for syntaxes.*
- ▶ JavaScript as external resources

```
<script type="text/javascript" src="e.js"></script>
```
- ▶ Purposes
  - ▶ Manipulate HTML DOM via document object

```
document.getElementById("logo")...
```
  - ▶ Handle Event from HTML element

```
<p onclick="do_smth()"> ... </p>
```
  - ▶ Implement application logics, e.g., form validations

## Libraries

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- ▶ CSS Framework
  - <http://www.monolinea.com/css-frameworks-comparison/>
  - ▶ Heavyweights: Bootstrap, Foundation
  - ▶ Middleweights: Gummy, Groundwork
  - ▶ Lightweight: Pure, Base, Kube CSS
- ▶ JavaScript Library
  - ▶ DOM manipulation, animation, events, HTTP requests
    - ▶ jQuery, minified.js
  - ▶ Supports: underscore.js, moment.js
- ▶ JavaScript Framework
  - ▶ jQuery, Dojo, Ember.js, AngularJS, ReactJS, VueJS

[http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Comparison\\_of\\_JavaScript\\_frameworks](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Comparison_of_JavaScript_frameworks)

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# ReactJS



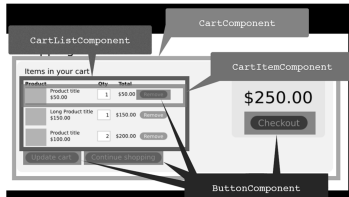
A JAVASCRIPT LIBRARY FOR BUILDING USER INTERFACES

## React features

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- ▶ JSX
  - ▶ JavaScript extension
  - ▶ Try it: <http://babeljs.io/repl>
- ▶ Components
  - ▶ Reusable, Maintainable, Testable

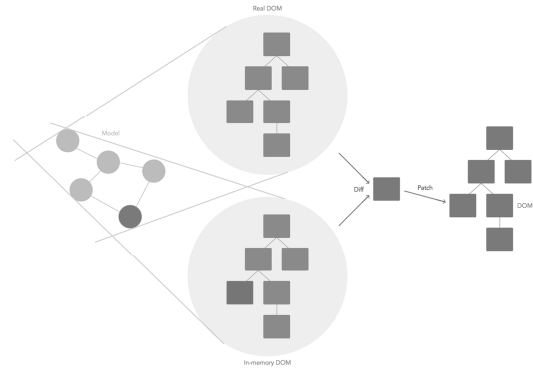
```
1 class Foo extends React.Component {
2   render() {
3     return (
4       <div>Foo Bar</div>
5     )
6   }
7 }
18 }
19 Object.getPrototypeOf(Foo).apply(this, arguments);
20
21 _createClass(Foo, [{
22   key: "render",
23   value: function render() {
24     return React.createElement(
25       "div",
26       null,
27       "Foo Bar"
28     );
29   }
30 }]);
31 return Foo;
32 }(React.Component);
```



- ▶ The virtual DOM

## The virtual DOM

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Reference: <https://stackoverflow.com/questions/21109361/why-is-reacts-concept-of-virtual-dom-said-to-be-more-performant-than-dirty-mode>

## Setup

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- ▶ Softwares
  - ▶ node & npm
  - ▶ IDE: Web storm, VS Code, Atom, Sublime, vi
- ▶ Quick start
  - ▶ npm install -g create-react-app
  - ▶ create-react-app my-app
  - ▶ cd my-app
  - ▶ npm start

Reference: <https://reactjs.org/tutorial/tutorial.html>

## React: Start from scratch

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- ▶ Prepare and create package.json:
  - ▶ npm init -y
- ▶ Install global package:
  - ▶ npm install -g babel babel-cli
  - ▶ npm install -g webpack-dev-server
- ▶ Add dependencies and plugins:
  - ▶ npm install webpack webpack-dev-server --save
  - ▶ npm install react react-dom --save
  - ▶ npm install babel-core babel-loader --save
  - ▶ npm install babel-preset-react babel-preset-es2015 --save

Reference: [https://www.tutorialspoint.com/reactjs/reactjs\\_environment\\_setup.htm](https://www.tutorialspoint.com/reactjs/reactjs_environment_setup.htm)

## Compiler, Server and Loaders

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- ▶ create webpack.config.js

```
var config = {
  entry: './src/index.js',
  output: {
    path: '/',
    filename: 'bundle.js',
  },
  devServer: {
    inline: true,
    port: 8080
  },
  module: {
    loaders: [
      {
        exclude: /node_modules/,
        loader: 'babel-loader',
        query: {
          presets: ['es2015', 'react']
        }
      }
    ]
  }
}
module.exports = config;
```

## Compiler, Server and Loaders

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- ▶ edit package.json
 

```
"scripts": {
  "start": "webpack-dev-server --hot"
  "test": "echo \"Error: no test specified\" && exit 1"
},
```

**index.html**

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <title>React App</title>
</head>
<body>
  <div id="app"></div>
  <script src="index.js"></script>
</body>
</html>
```

**app.jsx**

```
import React from 'react';

class App extends React.Component {
  render() {
    return (
      <div>Hello World!</div>
    );
  }
}

export default App;
```

**main.js**

```
import React from 'react';
import ReactDOM from 'react-dom';
import App from './app.jsx';
ReactDOM.render(
  <App />, document.getElementById('app')
);
```

- ▶ npm start

Try to modify in app.jsx and check result at browser

## Component based

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```
import React from 'react';

class App extends React.Component {
  render() {
    return (
      <div>
        <Header>
        <Content>
      </div>
    );
  }
}

class Header extends React.Component {
  render() {
    return (
      <div> <h1>Header</h1> </div>
    );
  }
}

class Content extends React.Component {
  render() {
    return (
      <div>
        <h2>Content</h2> <p>The content text!!!</p>
      </div>
    );
  }
}

export default App;
```

In practical, Header and Content should be separately created and exported.

## Data passing (props vs. state)

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- ▶ React has 2 objects of data passing in order to control data into a component

- ▶ Props

- ▶ Pass from parent to child components
- ▶ Immutable
  - ▶ Props **CANNOT** be **CHANGED** inside a component
  - ▶ Single source of the truth
  - ▶ Fixed throughout the component

- ▶ State

- ▶ Reside within component
- ▶ Mutable
  - ▶ State **CAN** be **CHANGED**

## Props: pass to a component

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```
import React, { Component } from 'react';
class Foo extends Component {
  render() {
    return (
      <div> <h1> Foo: {this.props.name} </h1></div>
    )
  }
}

class App extends Component {
  render() {
    return (
      <div>
        <div>
          <Foo name="FooName" />
        </div>
      </div>
    );
  }
}

export default App;
```

Define a new property 'name'

## State: initial and update

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```
class App extends Component {
  constructor(props) {
    super(props)
    this.state = { fooState: "Foo State" }
  }

  render() {
    return (
      <div>
        Message: {this.state.fooState} <br/>
      </div>
    );
  }
}
```

Initial state object

Read state object

## State: bind method to context

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```
class App extends Component {
  constructor(props) {
    super(props)
    this.state = { fooState: "Foo State" }
    this.updateMessage = this.updateMessage.bind(this)
  }

  updateMessage(e) {
    this.setState( {fooState: "New Foo State: " + e.target.value } )
  }

  render() {
    return (
      <div>
        <div>
          Message:
          <input type='text' onChange={this.updateMessage}/> <br/>
          {this.state.fooState} <br/>
        </div>
      </div>
    );
  }
}
```

Define the method to update state

Have to bind method to 'App' context, otherwise a new method will not be known

Trig the method

## State: automatically bind

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```
class App extends Component {
  constructor(props) {
    super(props)
    this.state = { fooState: "Foo State" }
  }

  updateMessage = (e) => {
    this.setState( {fooState: "New Foo State: " + e.target.value } )
  }

  render() {
    return (
      <div>
        <div>
          Message:
          <input type='text' onChange={this.updateMessage}/> <br/>
          {this.state.fooState} <br/>
        </div>
      </div>
    );
  }
}
```

Arrow function binds a method automatically

## State: Parent and child component

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```
class Foo extends Component {
  render() {
    return (
      <div>
        <h3> Foo: {this.props.name} </h3>
        {this.props.fooState}
      </div>
    )
  }
}

class App extends Component {
  ...
  render() {
    return (
      <div>
        Message:
        <input type="text" onChange={this.updateMessage}/> <br/>
        {this.state.fooState} <br/>
      </div>
      <Foo
        name="FooName" fooState={this.state.fooState}
        updateMessage={this.updateMessage.bind(this)}
      />
    )
  }
}
```

Read 'state' as 'props'

Pass 'state' as 'props'

Update 'state' from parent but it affects to child component

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## React – AJAX Request

PROMISES: AXIOS LIBRARY

## HTTP Library: Axios

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- ▶ Target API: <https://api.github.com/users/wwarodom>
- ▶ Example: axios
  - ▶ npm install axios --save

```
import React, { Component } from 'react';
import axios from 'axios';

const USER = 'wwarodom';

class Profile extends Component {
  constructor(props) {
    super(props)
    this.state = { data: {} }
  }

  componentDidMount() {
    axios.get('https://api.github.com/users/${USER}')
      .then(response => {
        this.setState({data: response.data})
        console.log(response.data)
      })
  }
}
```

Send Http request

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```
render() {
  const dataOption = Object.keys(this.state.data)
    .map((key, index) =>
      <option value={index}>
        {index+1 + '. ' +key+ ': ' + this.state.data[key]}
      </option>
    )

  return (
    <div>
      <h2> Github Profile</h2>
      <ul>
        <li>{this.state.data.url}</li>
        <li>{this.state.data.login}</li>
        <li>{this.state.data['blog']}</li>
      </ul>
      <dd><select>{dataOption}</select></dd>
    </div>
  );
}
```

Read object

Pick a value

export default Profile;