

Model Commissioning Walkthrough

BuildingMOTIF Model Commissioning Workflow Tutorial

This web application is a tutorial tool for the BuildingMOTIF software development kit (SDK). The goal of this tutorial is to demonstrate some key parts of the BuildingMOTIF model commissioning workflow.

1. Define a [naming convention](#) for the building's point labels, or upload an existing CSV
2. Upload point schedules create [templates](#) which will be used to create a [metadata model](#) of the building
3. Upload a point list to create a model

Proceed by clicking on each of the links below, in order. Start with [Load Point Schedules](#).

Setup [Start Here](#)

[Define Naming Convention](#) (Currently Selected)

[Create Templates from Point Schedules](#)

Setup (Advanced)

[Configure Point Label Parser](#)

[Check Point Label Parse](#)

Create Metadata Model

[From Existing TTL file](#)

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Model Validation

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If the UI is bugged, hit this button: Clear Demo State

Mappings

This page is for managing mappings from point abbreviations and descriptions to Brick classes. You can add new mappings manually by clicking "Add Row", or upload a CSV file of existing mappings. The "Suggest" buttons (the lightbulb icon) will use a machine learning model to guess the appropriate Brick classes for a given description. Click "Suggest for Blanks" to fill in all missing point and equipment classes. When you are finished, click "Save Mappings" to save your work.

Demo: We recommend uploading the `finished_mapping.csv` file provided with this release as an example.

[Add Row](#)[Upload CSV](#)[Download CSV](#)[Save Mappings](#)[Suggest for Blanks](#)

Upload the “`finished_mapping.csv`” file we provide

Abbreviation

Description

Brick Point Class

Brick Equip Class

Brick Location Class

Mappings

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Demo: We recommend uploading the `finished_mapping.csv` file provided with this release as an example.

[Add Row](#) [Upload CSV](#) [Download CSV](#) [Save Mappings](#) [Suggest for Blanks](#)

Abbreviation	Description	Brick Point Class	Brick Equip Class	Brick Location Class	
HTG-O	heating coil output	 Heating Command	Heating Coil	Select Location Class	
VAV	variable air volume box	 Select Point Class	Variable Air Volume Box	Select Location Class	
AHU	air handling unit	 Select Point Class	Air Handling Unit	Select Location Class	
HW-VLV	Heating Command	 Heating Command	Select Equip Class	Select Location Class	
DA-T	discharge air temperature sensor	 Discharge Air Temperature Sensor	Select Equip Class	Select Location Class	
OCC-CMD	Occupancy Command	 Occupancy Command	Select Equip Class	Select Location Class	
ZN-T	Zone Temperature Sensor	 Zone Air Temperature Sensor	Select Equip Class	Select Location Class	

Add/edit mappings as needed. Some abbreviations imply equipment, and some don't

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We can now convert point schedules to templates

Setup

[Define Naming Convention](#)

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Point Schedule to Template

This tool converts a **point schedule** CSV file into a BuildingMOTIF [template](#). Templates help generate semantic models by eliminating manual data entry when creating many similar points or equipment in the model. We generate the template in this step, and we will use the template later to help us build the model.

Upload the point schedule CSV file below. The point schedule CSV file should have the following columns:

- **point**: contains the point abbreviation (e.g. SA_T)
- **description**: contains the point description (e.g. Supply Air Temperature)

explanatory image goes here

Now, click the **Generate** button below to generate the template. The template will be generated using an *offline large* / Brick classes. The template will be displayed below. If you are not satisfied with the template, you can regenerate it by

Template Name:

Target Brick Class
Variable Air Volume Box

Upload Point Schedule CSV:

point	description
HW-VLV	Heating Command
DA-T	Discharge Air Temp Sensor
OCC-CMD	Occupancy Command
ZN-T	Zone Temperature Sensor
ZN-H	Zone Humidity Sensor
OCC-CLG-SP	Occupied Cooling Air Temp Setpoint
OCC-HTG-SP	Occupied Heating Air Temp Setpoint
UNOCC-CLG-SP	Unoccupied Cooling Air Temp Setpoint
UNOCC-HTG-SP	Unoccupied Heating Air Temp Setpoint
EFFCLG-SP	Effective Cooling Air Temp Setpoint
EFFHTG-SP	Effective Heating Air Temp Setpoint

Give the template a name, and upload the **Point Schedule CSV**
Pay attention to the column names!

Point Schedule to Template

This tool converts a **point schedule** CSV file into a BuildingMOTIF [template](#). Templates help generate semantic models by eliminating manual data entry when creating many similar points or equipment in the model. We generate the template in this step, and we will use the template later to help us build the model itself.

Upload the point schedule CSV file below. The point schedule CSV file should have the following columns:

- **point**: contains the point abbreviation (e.g. SA_T)
- **description**: contains the point description (e.g. Supply Air Temperature)

explanatory image goes here

Now, click the **Generate** button below to generate the template. The template will be generated using an *offline large language embedding model* to map the point descriptions in the schedule to Brick classes. The template will be displayed below. If you are not satisfied with the template, you can regenerate it by clicking the **Regenerate** button.

Template Name:

Target Brick Class
Variable Air Volume Box

Upload Point Schedule CSV: vav_point_list.csv

After a little bit (<1 minute) it should appear in this list.

Click for more details

Existing Templates

[ahu-variant-1](#)

[ahu-variant-2](#)

[vav-with-damper](#)

[damper](#)

[vav-with-humidification](#)

[vav-with-reheat](#)

[reheat_valve](#)

[humidifier](#)

[my_vav_template](#)

Template: my_vav_template

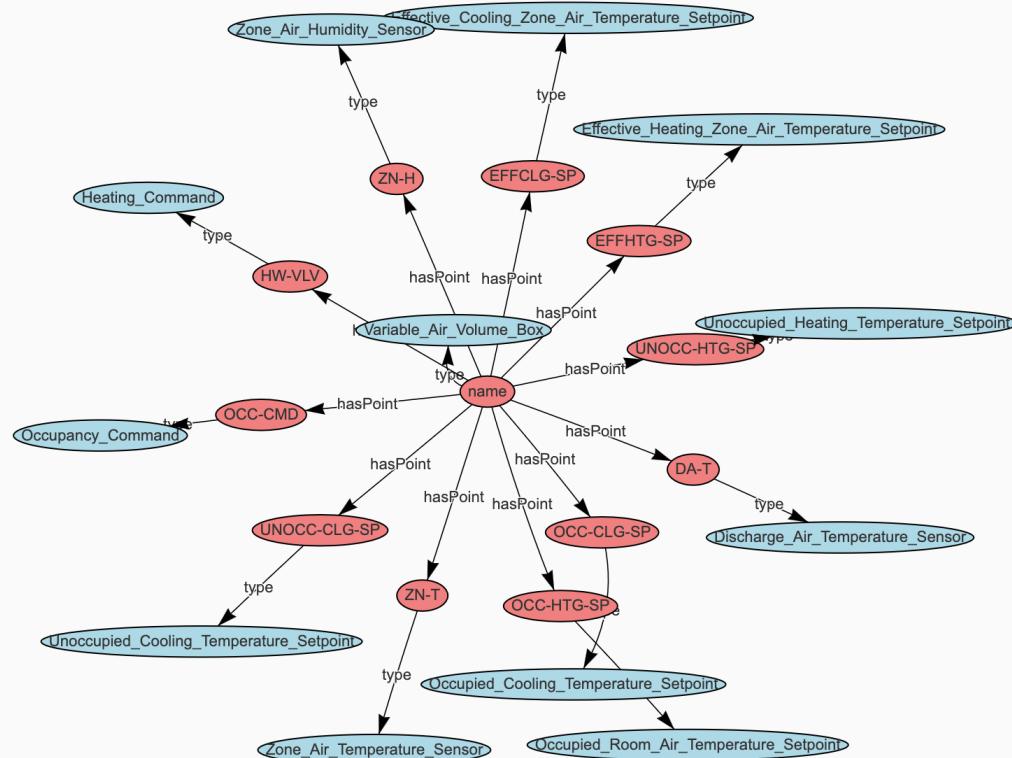
A template is a reusable function which automates creating parts of a metadata model. It has a set of parameters (red nodes, or those that begin with `urn:__param__`) that can be "bound" to values provided from BMS points, user input, or other sources. "Evaluating" a template creates a new graph that is a copy of the template, but with the parameters replaced with the bound values. The template is not modified by this process.

[Inline dependencies](#)

Inspect the generated template for correctness.

You may need to adjust the "mapping"/naming convention and try again.

Scroll down for a textual view of the same template



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Setup

[Define Naming Convention](#)
[Create Templates from Point Schedules](#)

Setup (Advanced)

[Configure Point Label Parser](#)
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Repeat this process for all other point schedules you have.
Make sure to change the “target equipment” in the form.

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Optional: check the point label naming convention to help with parsing

(You do not need to do this for the demo)

```

1  from buildingmotif.namespaces import BRICK
2  from buildingmotif.label_parsing.combinators import abbreviations, sequence, string, regex, wrap, constant
3  from buildingmotif.label_parsing.tokens import Delimiter, Identifier, Constant
4
5
6  # YOU HAVE ACCESS TO 'point_mappings' AND 'equipment_mappings' VARIABLES
7  # from the /mappings endpoint
8
9  short_equip_id = regex(r"\d+", Identifier)
10 building_id = sequence(
11     constant(Constant(BRICK.Building)),
12     regex(r"\d+", Identifier),
13 )
14
15 my_parser = sequence(
16     building_id,
17     string("_", Delimiter),
18     equipment_mappings,
19     string("_", Delimiter),
20     short_equip_id,
21     string("/", Delimiter),
22     point_mappings
23 )
24

```

label
DEMO_VAV_01/DA-T
DEMO_VAV_01/DPR-O
DEMO_VAV_01/EFFCLG-SP
DEMO_VAV_01/EFFHTG-SP
DEMO_VAV_01/HTG-O
DEMO_VAV_01/SA-F
DEMO_VAV_01/SAFLOW-SP
DEMO_VAV_01/ZN-H
DEMO_VAV_01/ZN-T
DEMO_VAV_02/DA-T
DEMO_VAV_02/DPR-O
DEMO_VAV_02/EFFCLG-SP
DEMO_VAV_02/EFFHTG-SP
DEMO_VAV_02/HTG-O
DEMO_VAV_02/SA-F
DEMO_VAV_02/SAFLOW-SP
DEMO_VAV_02/ZN-H

- Check that the “my_parser” naming convention matches the naming convention of your point labels
- See <https://gtf.fyi/files/2025-ASHRAE-Brownfield-Fierro.pdf> for some more detailed slides on how this parser works
- [Click here](#) for docs on the parser module

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3. Upload a point list to create a model

Proceed by clicking on each of the links below, in order. Start with the [Setup](#) link.

Setup	Define Naming Convention
	Create Templates from Point Schedules
Setup (Advanced)	Configure Point Label Parser
	Check Point Label Parse

Errors

Error: Expected HTG-O, got CLGOC Expected HW-VLV, got CLGOCC Expected DA-T, got CLGO Expected OCC-CMD, g... (1 labels)

Parse Error:

```
Expected HTG-0, got CLGOC
Expected HW-VLV, got CLGOCC
Expected DA-T, got CLGO
Expected OCC-CMD, got CLGOCC-
Expected ZN-T, got CLGO
Expected ZN-H, got CLGO
Expected ZN-SP, got CLGOC
Expected OCC-CLG-SP, got CLGOCC-SP
Expected OCC-HTG-SP, got CLGOCC-SP
Expected UNOCC-CLG-SP, got CLGOCC-SP
```

Optional: check the error log from parsing your points

to see if anything went wrong

- Typos
- Missing abbreviations

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Now, we can create a metadata model!

After this process is complete, the user can edit and validate the model. We recommend going to the [Point I](#)

Model Information	Give the model a name (no spaces)
	<input type="text" value="my_demo_building"/>
This is my demo building	Optionally assign it a description, too <input type="text" value="This is my demo building"/>
Method 1: Upload a Turtle (.ttl) file If you have an existing model in Turtle, upload it here. We will try to extract the model name from the owl:Ontology declaration and fill it in above. Upload Model TTL <input type="button" value="Browse..."/> No file selected.	
Method 2: Upload a point list (CSV) If you don't have a Turtle file, you can upload a point dump CSV and let BuildingMOTIF generate a model. Upload Point List <input type="button" value="Browse..."/> t.csv	
<input type="button" value="Create Model"/>	

label
DEMO_VAV_01/DA-T
DEMO_VAV_01/DPR-O
DEMO_VAV_01/EFFCLG-SP
DEMO_VAV_01/EFFHTG-SP
DEMO_VAV_01/HTG-O
DEMO_VAV_01/SA-F
DEMO_VAV_01/SAFLOW-SP
DEMO_VAV_01/ZN-H
DEMO_VAV_01/ZN-T
DEMO_VAV_02/DA-T
DEMO_VAV_02/DPR-O
DEMO_VAV_02/EFFCLG-SP
DEMO_VAV_02/EFFHTG-SP
DEMO_VAV_02/HTG-O
DEMO_VAV_02/SA-F
DEMO_VAV_02/SAFLOW-SP
DEMO_VAV_02/ZN-H

urn:my_demo_building

Click Graph Summary to
see an overview of the model

[Edit Graph](#)[Graph Summary](#)[Manifest](#)[Validate \(needs manifest\)](#)[Templates](#)[Full Graph \(slow\)](#)

```
1 @prefix brick: <https://brickschema.org/schema/Brick#> .
2 @prefix owl: <http://www.w3.org/2002/07/owl#> .
3
4 <http://example.org/building#01> a brick:Variable_Air_Volume_Box ;
5   brick:hasPoint <http://example.org/building#DEMO_VAV_01/DA-T>,
6     <http://example.org/building#DEMO_VAV_01/EFFCLG-SP>,
7     <http://example.org/building#DEMO_VAV_01/EFFHTG-SP>,
8     <http://example.org/building#DEMO_VAV_01/HTG-0>,
9     <http://example.org/building#DEMO_VAV_01/ZN-H>,
10    <http://example.org/building#DEMO_VAV_01/ZN-T> .
11
12 <http://example.org/building#02> a brick:Variable_Air_Volume_Box ;
13   brick:hasPoint <http://example.org/building#DEMO_VAV_02/DA-T>,
14     <http://example.org/building#DEMO_VAV_02/EFFCLG-SP>,
15     <http://example.org/building#DEMO_VAV_02/EFFHTG-SP>,
16     <http://example.org/building#DEMO_VAV_02/HTG-0>,
17     <http://example.org/building#DEMO_VAV_02/ZN-H>,
18     <http://example.org/building#DEMO_VAV_02/ZN-T> .
19
20 <http://example.org/building#03> a brick:Variable_Air_Volume_Box ;
21   brick:hasPoint <http://example.org/building#DEMO_VAV_03/DA-T>,
22     <http://example.org/building#DEMO_VAV_03/EFFCLG-SP>,
23     <http://example.org/building#DEMO_VAV_03/EFFHTG-SP>,
24     <http://example.org/building#DEMO_VAV_03/HTG-0>,
25     <http://example.org/building#DEMO_VAV_03/ZN-H>,
26     <http://example.org/building#DEMO_VAV_03/ZN-T> .
27
28 <http://example.org/building#04> a brick:Variable_Air_Volume_Box ;
29   brick:hasPoint <http://example.org/building#DEMO_VAV_04/DA-T>,
30     <http://example.org/building#DEMO_VAV_04/EFFHTG-SP>,
31     <http://example.org/building#DEMO_VAV_04/HTG-0>,
32     <http://example.org/building#DEMO_VAV_04/ZN-H>,
33     <http://example.org/building#DEMO_VAV_04/ZN-T> .
34
35 <http://example.org/building#05> a brick:Variable_Air_Volume_Box ;
36   brick:hasPoint <http://example.org/building#DEMO_VAV_05/DA-T>,
37     <http://example.org/building#DEMO_VAV_05/EFFCLG-SP>,
38     <http://example.org/building#DEMO_VAV_05/HTG-0>,
39     <http://example.org/building#DEMO_VAV_05/ZN-H>,
```

[Save](#)[Undo](#)[Update with file](#)[Download TTL](#)

After a couple of minutes, the
initial model will be ready!

Now that the initial model is
done, let's start validating

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Libraries

Search library by name or id



Create a new Library.
This will hold the metadata
requirements for our FDD rules

New Library

<https://brickschema.org/schema/1.4/Brick>

Library #1

<http://qudt.org/3.1.0/vocab/unit>

Library #2

<http://qudt.org/3.1.0/vocab/dimensionvector>

Library #3

<http://qudt.org/3.1.0/schema/qudt>

Library #4

<http://qudt.org/3.1.0/vocab/sou>

Library #5

Create New Library

From TTL

Upload a Turtle (.ttl) file describing your library. We'll try to infer a name automatically.

[Choose TTL File](#)

Library Name

[Create Library](#)

From Rules JSON

Upload a rules.json file; the backend will transform it into a SHACL library.

[Choose Rules JSON](#)

GL36_FCU.json

Library Name (optional)

GL36_FCU

Upload the rules JSON file

[Create Library](#)

Navigate back to **Models** and click the **Manifest** tab.

urn:def

[Edit Graph](#)[Graph Summary](#)**Manifest**[Validate \(needs manifest\)](#)[Templates](#)[Full Graph \(slow\)](#)

Libraries

[Select All](#) [Save Manifest](#)

Select the libraries to include in this model's manifest. We recommend selecting ALL libraries for the most complete validation and discovery experience. Use "Select All" and then click "Save Manifest". You can also edit the Manifest TTL on the right.

<https://brickschema.org/schema/1.4/Brick>

<http://qudt.org/3.1.0/vocab/unit>

<http://qudt.org/3.1.0/vocab/dimensionvector>

<http://qudt.org/3.1.0/schema/qudt>

<http://qudt.org/3.1.0/vocab/sou>

<http://qudt.org/3.1.0/vocab/prefix>

Manifest TTL

1
2

We can now assign that library to our model for validation purposes.

urn:def

[Edit Graph](#)[Graph Summary](#)[Manifest](#)[Validate \(needs manifest\)](#)[Templates](#)[Full Graph \(slow\)](#)**Libraries**

Click **Select All** and then **Save Manifest** to make sure our model is validated against the Libraries

[Select All](#) [Save Manifest](#)

Select the libraries to include in this model's manifest. We recommend selecting ALL libraries for the most complete validation and discovery experience. Use "Select All" and then click "Save Manifest". You can also edit the Manifest TTL on the right.

<https://brickschema.org/schema/1.4/Brick>

<http://qudt.org/3.1.0/vocab/unit>

<http://qudt.org/3.1.0/vocab/dimensionvector>

<http://qudt.org/3.1.0/schema/qudt>

<http://qudt.org/3.1.0/vocab/sou>

<http://qudt.org/3.1.0/vocab/prefix>

Manifest TTL1
2

urn:my_demo_building

[Edit Graph](#)[Graph Summary](#)[Manifest](#)[Validate \(needs manifest\)](#)[Templates](#)[Full Graph \(slow\)](#)

Libraries

[Select All](#) [Save Manifest](#)

Select the libraries to include in this model's manifest. We recommend selecting ALL libraries for the most complete validation and discovery experience. Use "Select All" and then click "Save Manifest". You can also edit the Manifest TTL on the right.

<https://brickschema.org/schema/1.4/Brick>

<http://qudt.org/3.1.0/schema/extensions/functions>

<http://qudt.org/3.1.0/vocab/quantitykind>

<http://qudt.org/3.1.0/vocab/sou>

<http://qudt.org/3.1.0/schema/facade/qudt>

<http://qudt.org/3.1.0/schema/qudt>

<http://qudt.org/3.1.0/vocab/prefix>

Manifest TTL

```
1 @prefix owl: <http://www.w3.org/2002/07/owl#> .  
2  
3 <urn:my_demo_building> owl:imports <http://qudt.org/3.1.0/schema/extensions/  
functions>,  
4     <http://qudt.org/3.1.0/schema/facade/qudt>,  
5     <http://qudt.org/3.1.0/schema/qudt>,  
6     <http://qudt.org/3.1.0/vocab/dimensionvector>,  
7     <http://qudt.org/3.1.0/vocab/prefix>,  
8     <http://qudt.org/3.1.0/vocab/quantitykind>,  
9     <http://qudt.org/3.1.0/vocab/sou>,  
10    <http://qudt.org/3.1.0/vocab/unit>,  
11    <https://brickschema.org/schema/1.4/Brick>,  
12    <https://nrel.gov/BuildingMOTIF/constraints>,  
13    <urn:GL36_FCU.json>,  
14    <urn:asbuilt-lib> .  
15  
16
```

We can see all of the libraries used to validate our model.

NOW click the “Validate” tab and wait a few minutes for validation to complete.

This only needs to run once every time you change the model

urn:my_demo_building

[Edit Graph](#)[Graph Summary](#)[Manifest](#)[Validate](#)[Templates](#)[Full Graph \(slow\)](#)[Re-run Validation](#)**Valid? 0**

Validation Result

[http://example.org/building#01](#)

- http://example.org/building#01 expected at least 1 instance(s) of brick:Occupancy_Command on path brick:hasPoint
- http://example.org/building#01 expected at least 1 instance(s) of brick:Occupied_Room_Air_Temperature_Setpoint on path brick:hasPoint
- http://example.org/building#01 expected at least 1 instance(s) of brick:Unoccupied_Cooling_Temperature_Setpoint on path brick:hasPoint
- http://example.org/building#01 expected at least 1 instance(s) of brick:Unoccupied_Heating_Temperature_Setpoint on path brick:hasPoint
- http://example.org/building#01 expected at least 1 instance(s) of brick:Occupied_Cooling_Temperature_Setpoint on path brick:hasPoint

[http://example.org/building#02](#)

The validation results list what is “wrong”/missing about each equipment or point in the model

[http://example.org/building#03](#)[http://example.org/building#04](#)[http://example.org/building#05](#)

urn:my_demo_building

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15

brick:Occupancy_Commandp136 **brick:Occupied_Cooling_Temperature_Setpoint**p134 **brick:Occupied_Room_Air_Temperature_Setpoint**p133 **brick:Unoccupied_Cooling_Temperature_Setpoint**p137 **brick:Unoccupied_Heating_Temperature_Setpoint**p135 [Add](#)

Body (TTL)

09

The **Templates** tab allows you to patch your model with names of missing sensors and equipment

04

02

13

11

When you are ready, click “FDD Rules” to generate rule configs

FDD Rule Configuration Check

This tool takes an uploaded rules JSON file and checks the selected model for its ability to run the FDD rules. It does this by creating a "shape" for each rule, which is a set of required properties and their types. The tool then checks the model for the presence of these properties and their types. It generates a report that shows which rules are applicable to the model and which rules are not (and why).

First, select a model from the list below. Then, upload a rules JSON file.

Select Model
urn:my_demo_building ▾

rules file: GL36_FCU.json 

Select the model you want, and upload the Rules JSON file again

Now click the "Check Model/Compute Report" button to generate a report. This can take a few minutes, depending on the size of the model and the number of rules. This will generate a **report file** which describes which fault rules can run on which equipment/systems. It also reports where equipment and systems do not meet the requirements to run certain FDD rules, and describes the reasons why.

[Check Model and Compute Report](#)

[Download selected rule set](#)

[Clear Results](#)

Click this button to analyze the model for sufficient information to configure the FDD rules. *This can take a few minutes*

Validation Report

No report yet

Please select a model, upload a rules JSON file, then click "Check Model and Compute Report".

FDD Rule Configuration Check

This tool takes an uploaded rules JSON file and checks the selected model for its ability to run the FDD rules. It does this by creating a "shape" for each rule, which is a set of required properties and their types. The tool then checks the model for the presence of these properties and their types. It generates a report that shows which rules are applicable to the model and which rules are not (and why).

First, select a model from the list below. Then, upload a rules JSON file.

Select Model
urn:my_demo_building

rules file: GL36_FCU.json



Check Model and Compute Report

Download selected rule set

Clear Results

Now click the "Check Model/Compute Report" button to generate a report. This can take a few minutes, depending on the size of the model and the number of rules. This will generate a **report file** which describes which fault rules can run on which equipment/systems. It also reports where equipment and systems do not meet the requirements to run certain FDD rules, and describes the reasons why.

Validation Report

By Rule / Application

By Asset

http://example.org/building#G36FCU_SAT_POINTS

http://example.org/building#Guideline_36_-_All_supply_air_temperature_control_points_and_sensors_are_available_for_AFDD

http://example.org/building#var7HPR

http://example.org/building#var882F

http://example.org/building#varE5TY

http://example.org/building#var1VKD

urn:well-known/1c13e0f7

urn:well-known/1ebad89e

urn:well-known/3ee557b2

urn:well-known/3fc0662b

urn:well-known/4c34519e

urn:well-known/50c9d274

This report tells us which FDD rules we can/cannot successfully configure

This report can be used to generate rule implementations for the selected model for various FDD engines. We currently support the following exports:

- PIsoft
- Python-based FDD engine

First, select the rules you want to export. You can select all rules, or only the rules that are applicable to the selected model.

Select All

Deselect All

Select Applicable Only

Click **Select Applicable Only** to select only the rule/equip combos that can be correctly configured

After the report is generated, you can view the report in the browser or download it as a Markdown file.

[View Report](#)

[Download Report](#)

Generate an AFXML export for the uploaded rules file. This produces an Asset Framework XML you can import into PI AF.

PI Server
asdf

PI AF Database
asdf

AFForm.exe Path (optional)

AFImport.exe Path (optional)

[Generate AFXML Export](#)

[Download AFXML](#)

Fill in information about your PI Server and PI AF Database

Then Generate and Download the AFXML to upload into your PI Server