# DQF Unsupervised

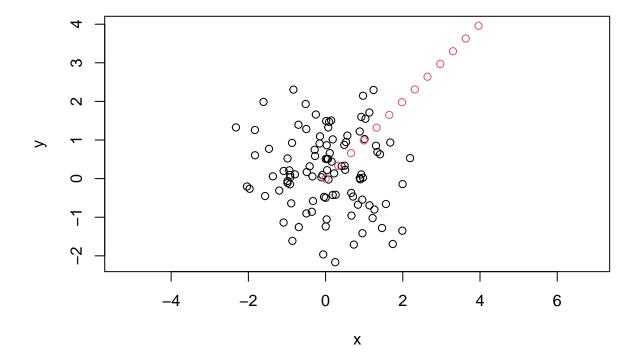
2022-11-10

#### Test Dataset

```
set.seed(47)

x <- rnorm(100)
y <- rnorm(100)
data1 <- cbind(x,y)
x.anomaly1 <- seq(0,4,.33)
y.anomaly1 <- seq(0,4,.33)
data1.anomaly <- cbind(x.anomaly1,y.anomaly1)
labels1 <- c(rep(1,length(data1[,1])),rep(2,length(data1.anomaly[,1])))
data1 <- rbind(data1,data1.anomaly)

plot(data1,col=labels1,asp=1)</pre>
```



#### Functions and tests

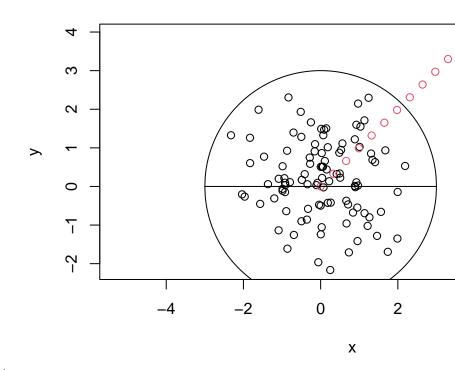
```
draw.circle <- function(center.x,center.y,radius){
    x <- center.x
    y <- center.y
    r <- radius

    circle.x <- seq(x-r,x+r,.01)
    upper.circle.y <- y+sqrt(r^2-(circle.x-x)^2)
    lower.circle.y <- y-sqrt(r^2-(circle.x-x)^2)

    upper.circle <- cbind(circle.x,upper.circle.y)
    lower.circle <- cbind(circle.x,lower.circle.y)
    circle <- rbind(upper.circle,lower.circle)

    lines(circle)
}

plot(data1,col=labels1,asp=1)
draw.circle(0,0,3)</pre>
```



draw.circle draws a circle on existing plot

```
require(dqfAnomaly)
```

dqf.outlier Gabe Chandler's DQF Anomaly Github

## Loading required package: dqfAnomaly

```
dqfs1 <- dqf.outlier(data1)

dqf1.1 <- dqfs1$dqf1

dqf1.2 <- dqfs1$dqf2
dqf1.3 <- dqfs1$dqf3</pre>
```

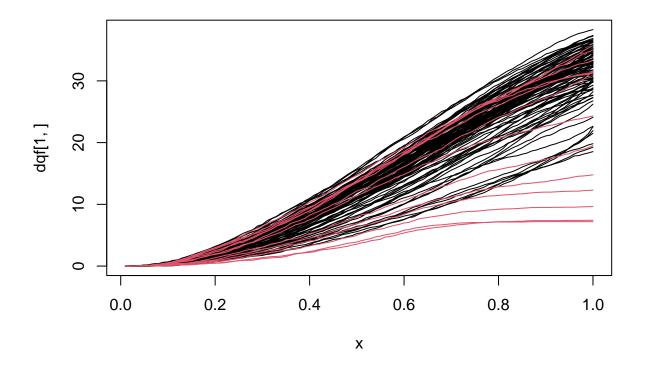
plot.dqf: Given a data frame of dqfs, where rows and columns are functions' x and y values respectively, plot them.

```
plot.dqf <- function(dqf,labels){
    x <- seq(.01,1,.01)

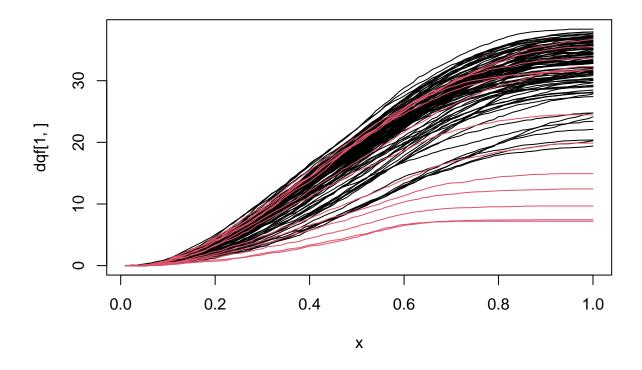
    n.functions <- length(dqf[,1])

    plot(x,dqf[1,],t='l',ylim=c(0,max(dqf)))
    for(i in 2:n.functions){
        lines(x,dqf[i,],col=labels[i])
    }
}</pre>
```

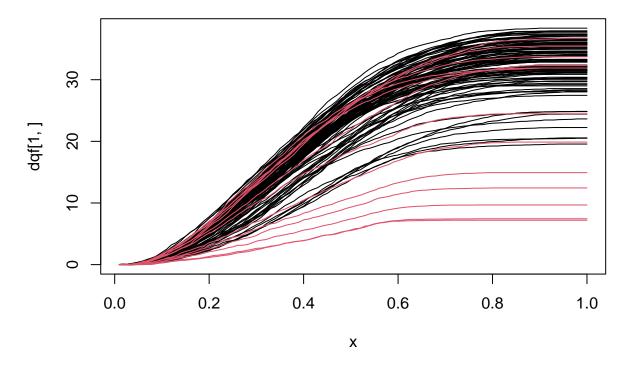
plot.dqf(dqf1.1,labels1)



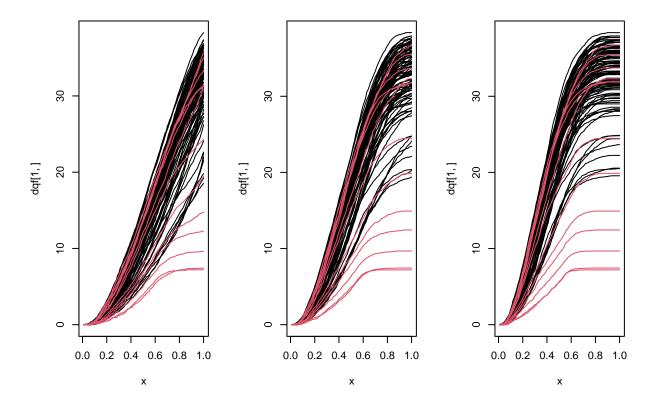
plot.dqf(dqf1.2,labels1)



plot.dqf(dqf1.3,labels1)



```
par(mfrow=c(1,3))
plot.dqf(dqf1.1,labels1)
plot.dqf(dqf1.2,labels1)
plot.dqf(dqf1.3,labels1)
```



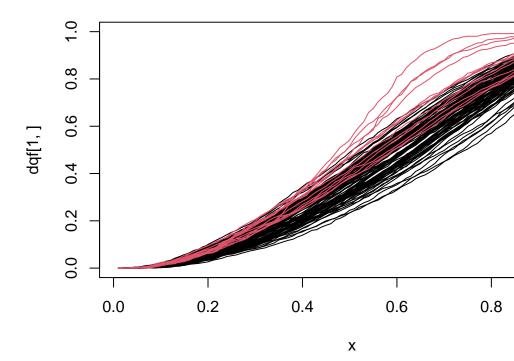
### Scale functions (function specific)

```
scale.dqf.max <- function(dqf){
    n.functions <- length(dqf[,1])
    ret <- dqf

for(i in 1:n.functions){
    func.max <- max(dqf[i,])
    for(j in 1:length(dqf[i,])){
        ret[i,j] <- dqf[i,j]/func.max
    }
}

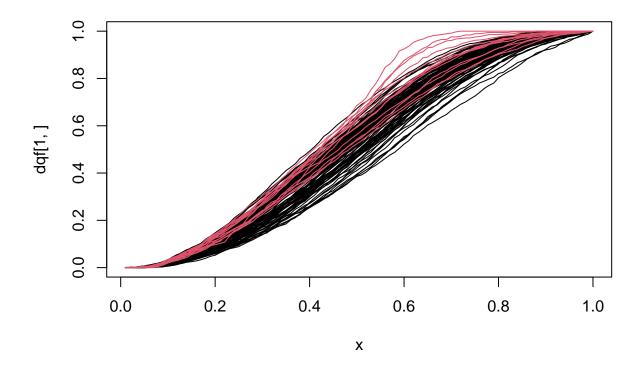
return(ret)
}</pre>
```

scale.dqf.max: Given dqfs, where rows and columns are functions' x and y values, scale each

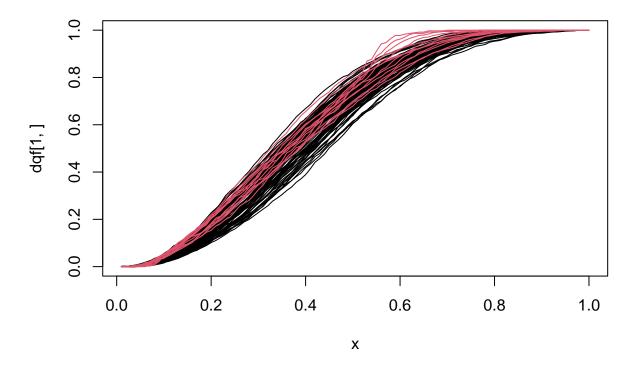


function to have min=0, max=1.

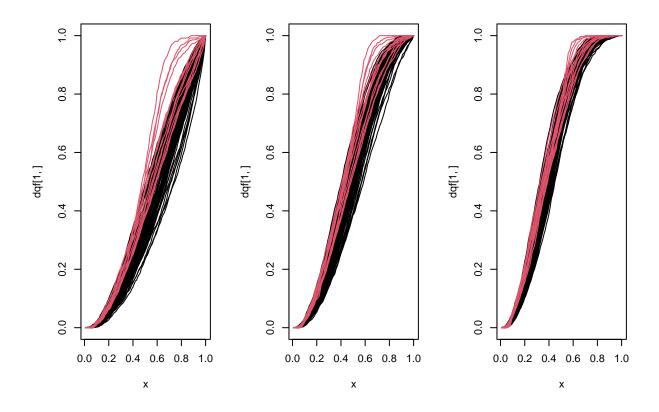
plot.dqf(scale.dqf.max(dqf1.2),labels1)



plot.dqf(scale.dqf.max(dqf1.3),labels1)



```
par(mfrow=c(1,3))
plot.dqf(scale.dqf.max(dqf1.1),labels1)
plot.dqf(scale.dqf.max(dqf1.2),labels1)
plot.dqf(scale.dqf.max(dqf1.3),labels1)
```

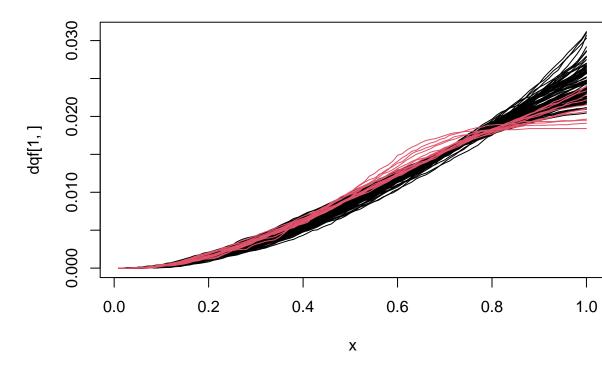


```
scale.dqf.sum <- function(dqf){
    n.functions <- length(dqf[,1])
    ret <- dqf

for(i in 1:n.functions){
    func.sum <- sum(dqf[i,])
    for(j in 1:length(dqf[i,])){
        ret[i,j] <- dqf[i,j]/func.sum
    }
}

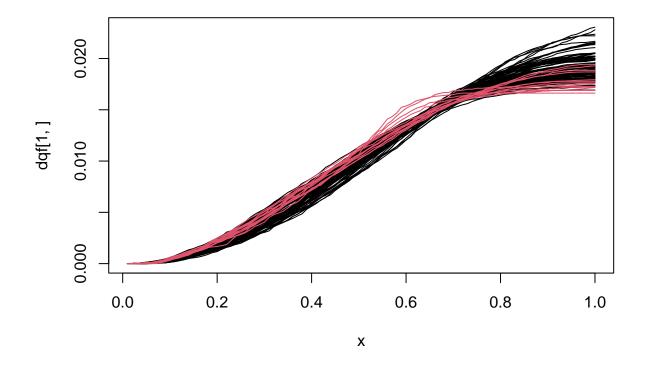
return(ret)
}</pre>
```

scale.dqf.sum: Given dqfs, where rows and columns are functions' x and y values, scale each

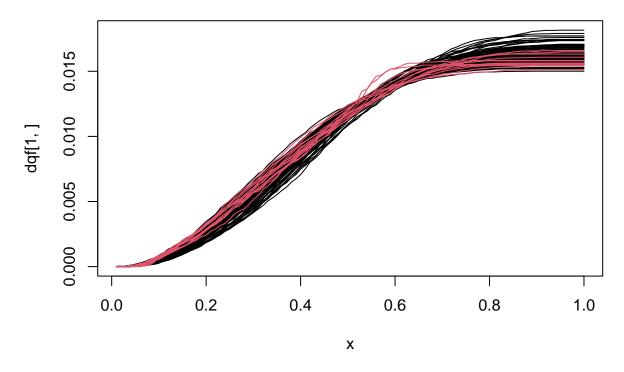


### function to its sum.

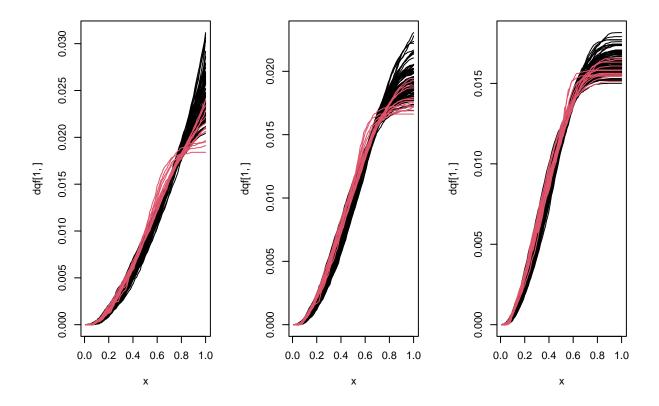
plot.dqf(scale.dqf.sum(dqf1.2),labels1)



plot.dqf(scale.dqf.sum(dqf1.3),labels1)



```
par(mfrow=c(1,3))
plot.dqf(scale.dqf.sum(dqf1.1),labels1)
plot.dqf(scale.dqf.sum(dqf1.2),labels1)
plot.dqf(scale.dqf.sum(dqf1.3),labels1)
```



### Scale functions (global)

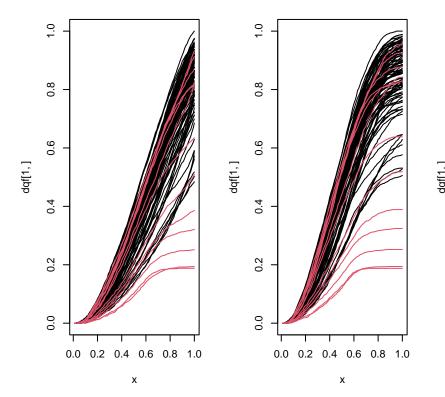
```
scale.dqf.globalmax <- function(dqf){
    n.functions <- length(dqf[,1])
    globalmax <- max(dqf)

    ret <- dqf

    for(i in 1:n.functions){
        for(j in 1:length(dqf[i,])){
            ret[i,j] <- dqf[i,j]/globalmax
        }
    }

    return(ret)
}

par(mfrow=c(1,3))
plot.dqf(scale.dqf.globalmax(dqf1.1),labels1)
plot.dqf(scale.dqf.globalmax(dqf1.2),labels1)
plot.dqf(scale.dqf.globalmax(dqf1.3),labels1)
plot.dqf(scale.dqf.globalmax(dqf1.3),labels1)</pre>
```



each function to relative to global max.

```
scale.dqf.globalsum <- function(dqf){
    n.functions <- length(dqf[,1])
    globalsum <- sum(dqf)

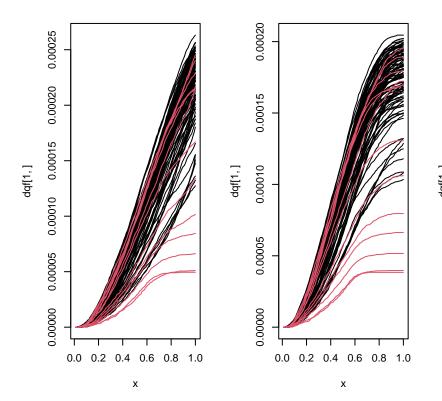
    ret <- dqf

    for(i in 1:n.functions){

        for(j in 1:length(dqf[i,])){
            ret[i,j] <- dqf[i,j]/globalsum
        }
    }

    return(ret)
}

par(mfrow=c(1,3))
plot.dqf(scale.dqf.globalsum(dqf1.1),labels1)
plot.dqf(scale.dqf.globalsum(dqf1.2),labels1)
plot.dqf(scale.dqf.globalsum(dqf1.3),labels1)</pre>
```



each function to relative to global sum.

#### Summary DQF (means and standard deviations)

```
dqf.mean <- function(dqf){
    means <- c()

for(i in 1:length(dqf[1,])){
    means <- c(means, mean(dqf[,i]))
}

    return(means)
}

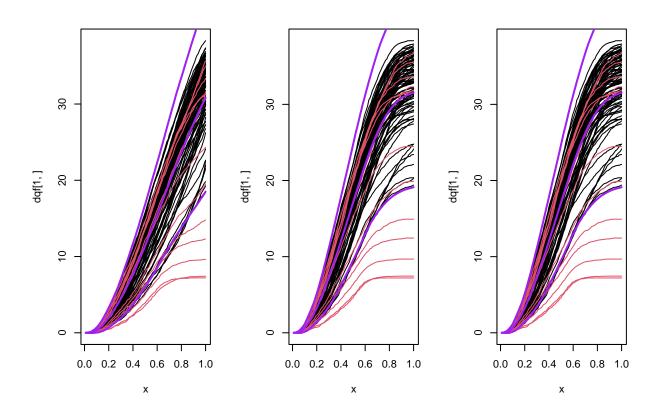
dqf.sd <- function(dqf){
    sds <- c()

for(i in 1:length(dqf[1,])){
        sds <- c(sds, sd(dqf[,i]))
    }

    return(sds)
}

dqf.upperbound <- function(mean,sd,n.sd=2){
    return(mean+n.sd*sd)
}</pre>
```

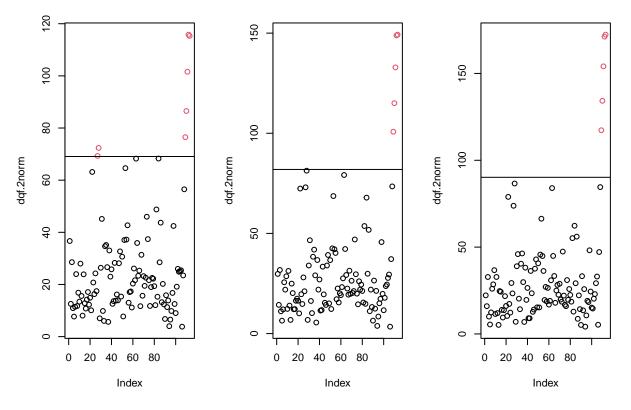
```
dqf.lowerbound <- function(mean,sd,n.sd=2){</pre>
  return(mean-n.sd*sd)
}
draw.mean.bounds <- function(mean, sd, n.sd=2){</pre>
  x \leftarrow seq(.01,1,.01)
  lines(x, mean, col='purple', lwd=2.0)
  lines(x,dqf.lowerbound(mean,sd),col='purple',lwd=2.0)
  lines(x,dqf.upperbound(mean,sd),col='purple',lwd=2.0)
}
test
par(mfrow = c(1,3))
plot.dqf(dqf1.1,labels1)
draw.mean.bounds(dqf.mean(dqf1.1),dqf.sd(dqf1.1),2)
plot.dqf(dqf1.2,labels1)
draw.mean.bounds(dqf.mean(dqf1.2),dqf.sd(dqf1.2),2)
plot.dqf(dqf1.2,labels1)
draw.mean.bounds(dqf.mean(dqf1.2),dqf.sd(dqf1.2),2)
```



#### Function norms and operations

```
func.2norm <- function(dqf1,dqf2){
  sqrt(sum((dqf1-dqf2)^2))</pre>
```

```
dqf.2norm <- function(dqf){</pre>
  dqf.2norm <- c()</pre>
  mean <- dqf.mean(dqf)</pre>
  sd <- dqf.sd(dqf)</pre>
  for(i in 1:length(dqf[,1])){
    norm <- func.2norm(mean,dqf[i,])</pre>
    dqf.2norm <- c(dqf.2norm, norm)</pre>
  return(dqf.2norm)
plot.dqf.2norm <- function(dqf, n.sd=2){</pre>
  dqf.2norm <- c()</pre>
  labels <- c()
  mean <- dqf.mean(dqf)</pre>
  sd <- dqf.sd(dqf)</pre>
  bound.dqf.2norm <- func.2norm(dqf.upperbound(mean,sd,n.sd),mean)</pre>
  for(i in 1:length(dqf[,1])){
    norm <- func.2norm(mean,dqf[i,])</pre>
    dqf.2norm <- c(dqf.2norm, norm)</pre>
    if(norm < bound.dqf.2norm) labels[i] <- 1</pre>
    else labels[i] <- 2</pre>
  plot(dqf.2norm,col=labels)
  abline(h=bound.dqf.2norm)
par(mfrow=c(1,3))
plot.dqf.2norm(dqf1.1)
plot.dqf.2norm(dqf1.2)
plot.dqf.2norm(dqf1.3)
```

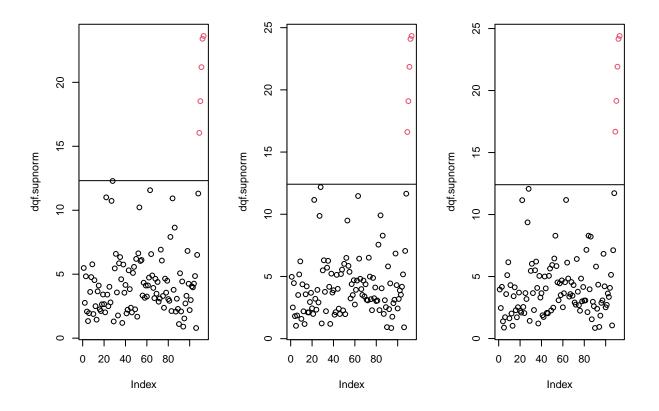


```
func.supnorm <- function(dqf1,dqf2){</pre>
  sqrt(max((dqf1-dqf2)^2))
dqf.supnorm <- function(dqf){</pre>
  dqf.supnorm <- c()</pre>
  mean <- dqf.mean(dqf)</pre>
  sd <- dqf.sd(dqf)</pre>
  for(i in 1:length(dqf[,1])){
    norm <- func.supnorm(mean,dqf[i,])</pre>
    dqf.2norm <- c(dqf.supnorm, norm)</pre>
  return(dqf.supnorm)
}
plot.dqf.supnorm <- function(dqf, n.sd=2){</pre>
  dqf.supnorm <- c()</pre>
  labels <- c()
  mean <- dqf.mean(dqf)</pre>
  sd <- dqf.sd(dqf)</pre>
  bound.dqf.supnorm <- func.supnorm(dqf.upperbound(mean,sd,n.sd),mean)</pre>
```

```
for(i in 1:length(dqf[,1])){
   norm <- func.supnorm(mean,dqf[i,])
   dqf.supnorm <- c(dqf.supnorm, norm)
   if(norm < bound.dqf.supnorm) labels[i] <- 1
   else labels[i] <- 2
}

plot(dqf.supnorm,col=labels)
   abline(h=bound.dqf.supnorm)
}

par(mfrow=c(1,3))
plot.dqf.supnorm(dqf1.1)
plot.dqf.supnorm(dqf1.2)
plot.dqf.supnorm(dqf1.3)</pre>
```

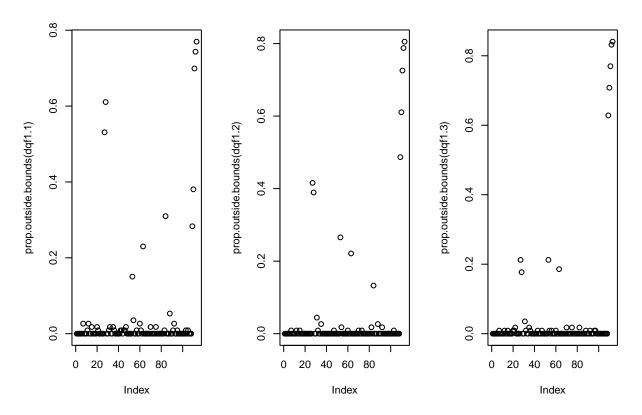


```
prop.outside.bounds <- function(dqf, n.sd=2){
    n <- length(dqf[,1])
    count <- rep(0,n)

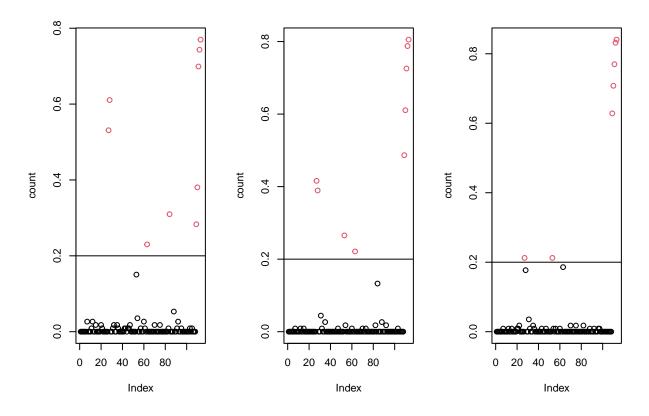
mean <- dqf.mean(dqf)
    sd <- dqf.sd(dqf)

lower.bound <- dqf.lowerbound(mean,sd,n.sd)
    upper.bound <- dqf.upperbound(mean,sd,n.sd)</pre>
```

```
for(i in 1:n){
    for(j in 1:length(dqf[i,])){
      if(dqf[i,j] < lower.bound[j] | dqf[i,j] > upper.bound[j]){
         count[i] <- count[i]+1</pre>
      }
    }
  }
  return(count/n)
plot.prop.outside.bounds <- function(dqf,threshold=.2,n.sd=2){</pre>
  n <- length(dqf[,1])</pre>
  count \leftarrow rep(0,n)
  labels <- rep(1,n)</pre>
  mean <- dqf.mean(dqf)</pre>
  sd <- dqf.sd(dqf)</pre>
  lower.bound <- dqf.lowerbound(mean,sd,n.sd)</pre>
  upper.bound <- dqf.upperbound(mean,sd,n.sd)</pre>
  for(i in 1:n){
    for(j in 1:length(dqf[i,])){
      if(dqf[i,j] < lower.bound[j] | dqf[i,j] > upper.bound[j])count[i] <- count[i]+1</pre>
    count[i] <- count[i]/n</pre>
    if(count[i] > threshold) labels[i] <- 2</pre>
  plot(count,col=labels)
  abline(h=.2)
}
par(mfrow=c(1,3))
plot(prop.outside.bounds(dqf1.1))
plot(prop.outside.bounds(dqf1.2))
plot(prop.outside.bounds(dqf1.3))
```



```
par(mfrow=c(1,3))
plot.prop.outside.bounds(dqf1.1)
plot.prop.outside.bounds(dqf1.2)
plot.prop.outside.bounds(dqf1.3)
```



```
dqf.zscore <- function(dqf){
    return(abs(scale(dqf)))
}

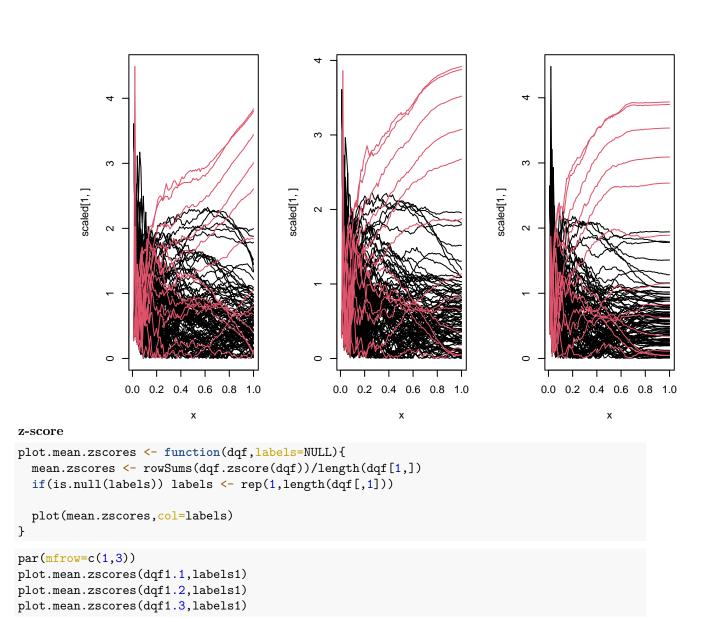
dqf.mean.zscore <- function(dqf){
    return(rowSums(dqf.zscore(dqf))/length(dqf[,1]))
}

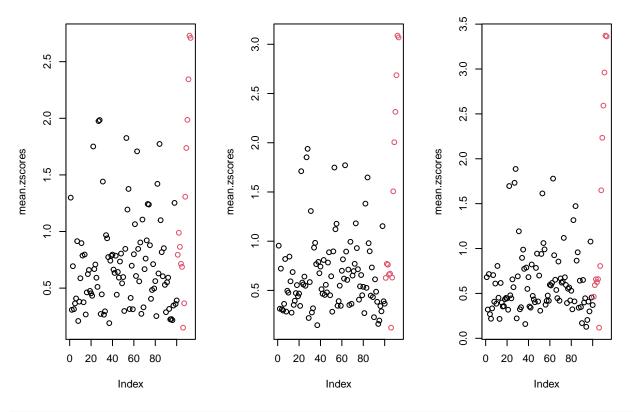
plot.zscore.dqf <- function(dqf,labels=NULL){
    scaled <- abs(scale(dqf))

    if(is.null(labels)) labels <- rep(1,length(dqf[,1]))

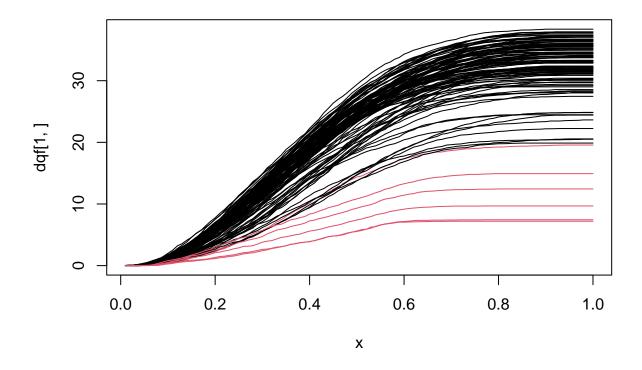
    x <- seq(.01,1,.01)
    plot(x,scaled[i,],t='l',col=labels[i],ylim=c(min(scaled),max(scaled)))
    for(i in 2:length(scaled[,1])){
        lines(x,scaled[i,],col=labels[i])
    }
}

par(mfrow=c(1,3))
plot.zscore.dqf(dqf1.1,labels1)
plot.zscore.dqf(dqf1.2,labels1)</pre>
```

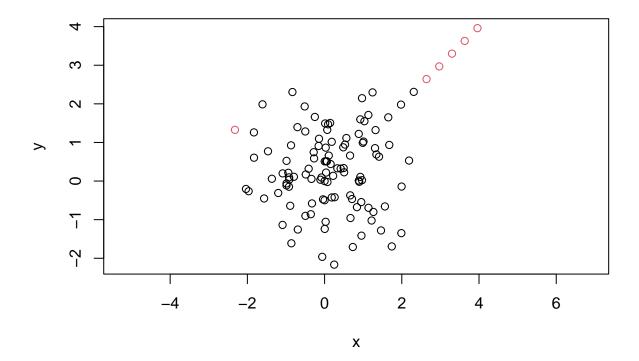




```
1 <- rep(1,length(dqf1.1))
1[which(dqf.mean.zscore(dqf1.3) > 1.6)] <- 2
plot.dqf(dqf1.3,1)</pre>
```



plot(data1,col=1,asp=1)



computation - store q\_ij - average over different subsets/groups

data - half moon - circles

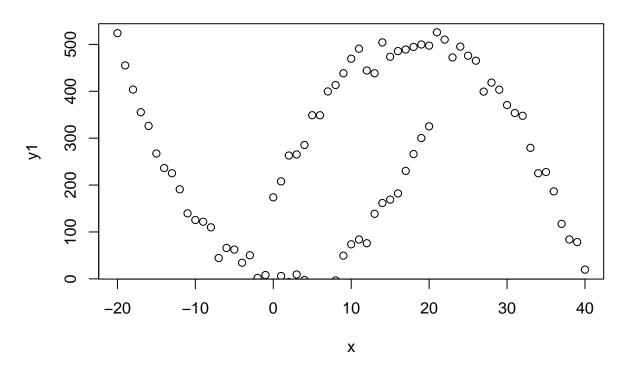
- others
- fuzzy 1,2-manifold in high dimensions

literature - using anomaly detection for unsupervised clustering - clustering for anomaly detection

```
set.seed(47)
x <- seq(-20,20,1)
x1 <- x+20
y1 <- (x-2)^2 + rnorm(length(x),0,20)
y2 <- -(x+2)^2 + 500 + rnorm(length(x),0,20)

data1 <- cbind(x,y1)
data1 <- rbind(data1,cbind(x1[1],y2[1]))
data2 <- cbind(x1,y2)

plot(x,y1,xlim=c(-20,40),ylim=c(min(y2),max(y1)))
points(x1,y2)</pre>
```

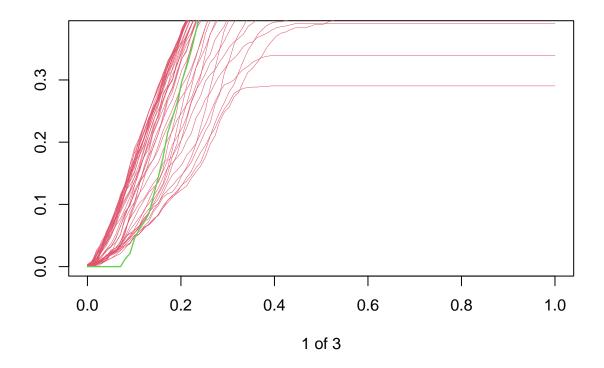


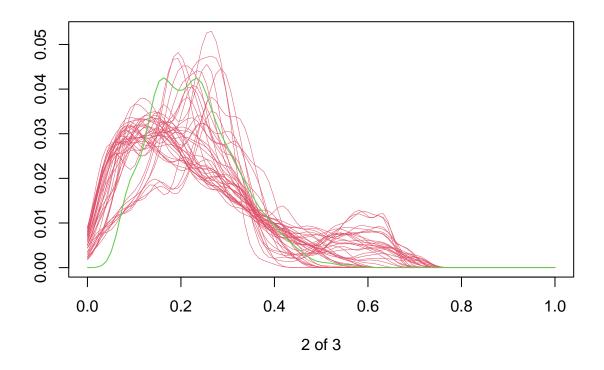
```
dqfs2 <- dqf.outlier(data1,g.scale=5)

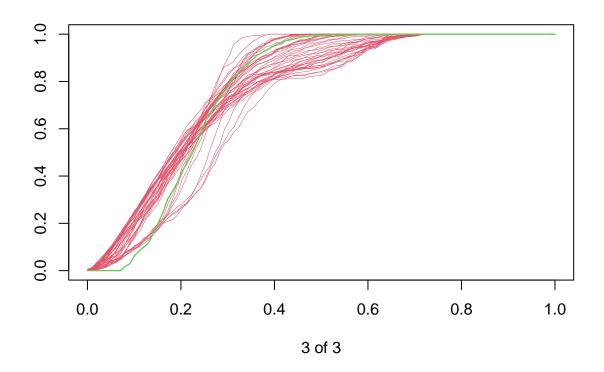
dqfs3 <- dqf.outlier(data2,g.scale=5)

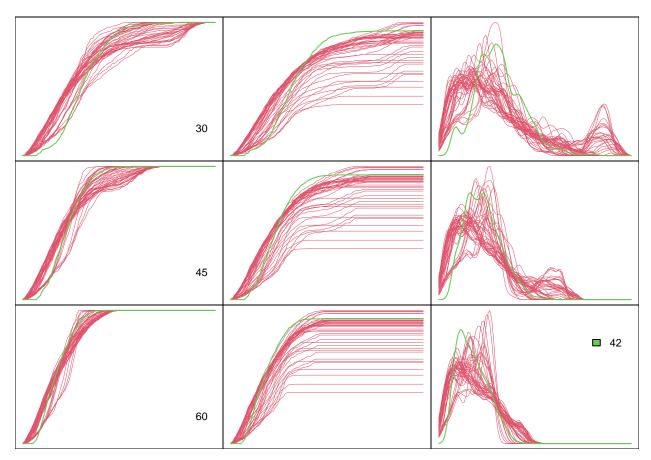
dqfs2.1 <- dqfs2$dqf1
dqfs2.2 <- dqfs2$dqf2
dqfs2.3 <- dqfs2$dqf3

dqfs3.1 <- dqfs3$dqf1
dqfs3.2 <- dqfs3$dqf2
dqfs3.3 <- dqfs3$dqf2
dqfs3.3 <- dqfs3$dqf3</pre>
```

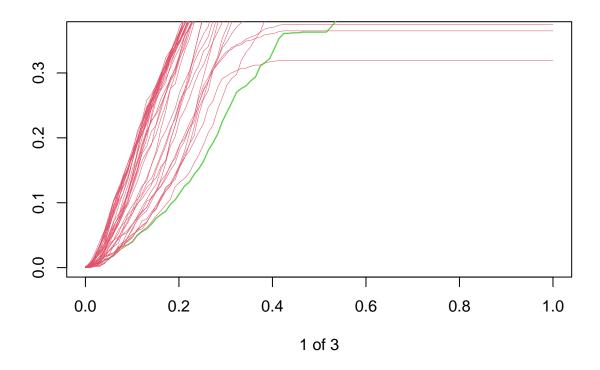


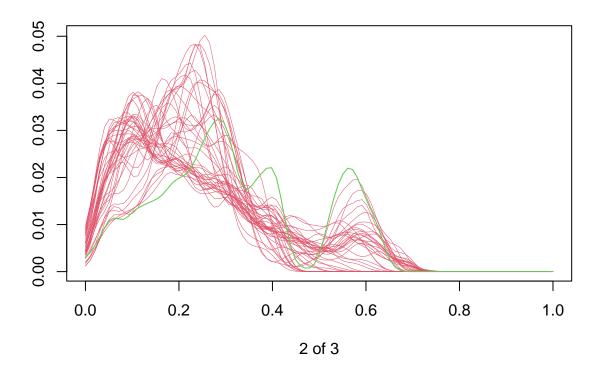


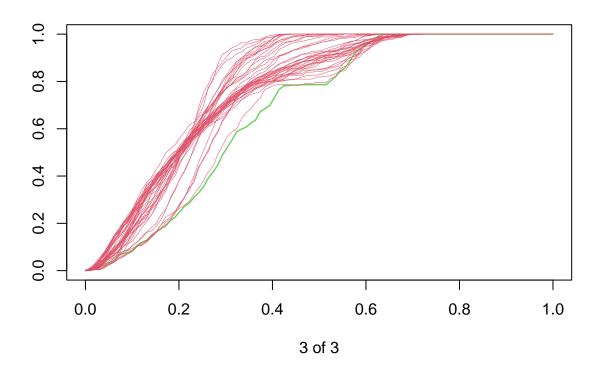


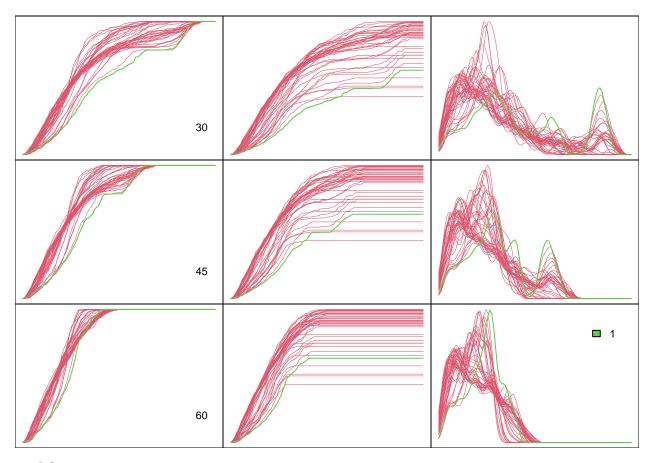


## [1] 42
dqf.explore(dqfs3,1)









## [1] 1