

미니 3회-02 다음 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 어법상 틀린 것은? [2015 사관학교 12]

The quest of science has seen many triumphs and agonies. They usually went hand in hand and ① evidenced equally well the role of faith for science. The first major triumph was Copernicus' outline of the planetary order. He was far from proving definitely the heliocentric proposition. But he supplemented ② what he lacked in physical proofs with his faith in nature. From his belief ③ that nature was the handiwork of the Creator, he readily concluded that nature was simple. His system of the planets gave no better prediction of the motion of planets than did ④ Ptolemy's; the most attractive proof of Copernicus lay in the geometrical simplicity of the new ordering of the planets. It was a bold view, and he clung to it though people shook their heads in disbelief. But Galileo, whom people consider the father of the experimental method, ⑤ to praise Copernicus precisely for what he did: for staying with his belief.