Module 2: Exploratory Data Analysis

Part 2: Two Dimensional Data

The Data Frame

Create a Pandas dataframe

```
df = pd.DataFrame( <data>, <index>, <column_names> )
```

Read in a CSV

```
df = pd.read_csv(<file>)
df = pd.read_csv(<url>)
```

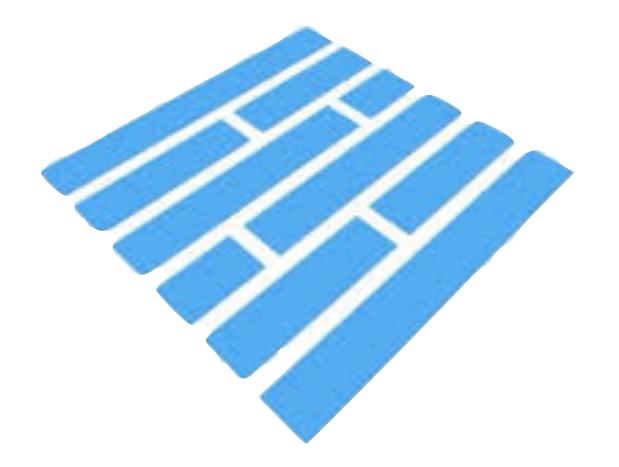
Excel

```
df = pd.read_excel(<file>, sheetname=<sheetname>)
```

From a Database

```
df = pd.read_sql(<query>, <connection>)
```

Parquet



XML

```
import requests
```

```
user_agent_url = 'http://www.user-agents.org/allagents.xml'
xml_data = requests.get(user_agent_url).content
```

http://www.austintaylor.io/lxml/python/pandas/xml/dataframe/2016/07/08/convert-xml-to-pandas-dataframe/



```
195.154.46.135 - - [25/Oct/2015:04:11:25 +0100] "GET / linux/doing-pxe-without-dhcp-control HTTP/1.1" 200 24323 "http://howto.basjes.nl/" "Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 5.1; rv:35.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/35.0"
```

```
linux/doing-pxe-without-dhcp-control HTTP/1.1" 200 24323
"http://howto.basjes.nl/" "Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 5.1;
rv:35.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/35.0"

from apachelogs import LogParser
line_parser = LogParser("%h %l %u %t \"%r\" %>s %b \"{Referer}
i\" \"%{User-agent}i\"")
```

195.154.46.135 - - [25/Oct/2015:04:11:25 +0100] "GET /

_	II [43].					
er	request_first_line	request_header_referer	request_header_user_agent	request_http_ver	request_method	request_url
	GET /linux/doing-pxe-without-dhcp-control HTTP	http://howto.basjes.nl/	Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 5.1; rv:35.0) Gecko/20	1.1	GET	/linux/doing-pxe-
	GET /join_form HTTP/1.0	http://howto.basjes.nl/	Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 5.1; rv:35.0) Gecko/20	1.0	GET	/join_form
	POST /join_form HTTP/1.1	http://howto.basjes.nl/join_form	Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 5.1; rv:35.0) Gecko/20	1.1	POST	/join_form
	GET /join_form HTTP/1.0	http://howto.basjes.nl/	Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 6.3; WOW64; rv:34.0) G	1.0	GET	/join_form
	POST /join_form HTTP/1.1	http://howto.basjes.nl/join_form	Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 6.3; WOW64; rv:34.0) G	1.1	POST	/join_form
	GET /acl_users/credentials_cookie_auth/require	http://howto.basjes.nl/join_form	Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 6.3; WOW64; rv:34.0) G	1.1	GET	/acl_users/creder

Nested Data?



Nested Data?

```
{"time": 1084443427.311224,
"timestamp": "2004-05-13T10:17:07.311224",
"IP": {
  "version": 4,
  "ttl": 128,
  "proto": 6,
  "options": [],
  "len": 48,
  "dst": "65.208.228.223",
  "frag": 0,
  "flags": 2, "src": "145.254.160.237",
  "chksum": 37355
  "Ethernet": { "src": "00:00:01:00:00", "type": 2048, "dst": "fe:ff:20:00:01:00"},
```

Nested Data

```
pd.read_json('nested_data.json')
```

pd.read_json('nested_data.json')

	DNS	Ethernet	IP	TCP	UDP	time	timestamp
0	NaN	{'type': 2048, 'dst': 'fe:ff:20:00:01:00', 'sr	{'dst': '65.208.228.223', 'len': 48, 'version'	('window': 8760, 'chksum': 49932, 'sport': 337	NaN	1.084443e+09	2004-05-13 10:17:07.311224
1	NaN	{'type': 2048, 'dst': '00:00:01:00:00:00', 'sr	('dst': '145.254.160.237', 'len': 48, 'version	('window': 5840, 'chksum': 23516, 'sport': 80,	NaN	1.084443e+09	2004-05-13 10:17:08.222534
2	NaN	{'type': 2048, 'dst': 'fe:ff:20:00:01:00', 'sr	{'dst': '65.208.228.223', 'len': 40, 'version'	('window': 9660, 'chksum': 31076, 'sport': 337	NaN	1.084443e+09	2004-05-13 10:17:08.222534
3	NaN	{'type': 2048, 'dst': 'fe:ff:20:00:01:00', 'sr	{'dst': '65.208.228.223', 'len': 519, 'version	('window': 9660, 'chksum': 43352, 'sport': 337	NaN	1.084443e+09	2004-05-13 10:17:08.222534
4	NaN	{'type': 2048, 'dst': '00:00:01:00:00:00', 'sr	{'dst': '145.254.160.237', 'len': 40, 'version	('window': 6432, 'chksum': 33825, 'sport': 80,	NaN	1.084443e+09	2004-05-13 10:17:08.783340

Nested Data

```
from pandas import json_normalize
import json
import pandas as pd

with open('nested.json') as data_file:
    pcap_data = json.load(data_file)

df = pd.DataFrame(json_normalize(pcap_data))
```

df = pd.DataFrame(json_normalize(pcap_data))

 TCP.seq	TCP.sport	TCP.urgptr	TCP.window	ι
 951057939.0	3372.0	0.0	8760.0	
 290218379.0	80.0	0.0	5840.0	
 951057940.0	3372.0	0.0	9660.0	
 951057940.0	3372.0	0.0	9660.0	
 290218380.0	80.0	0.0	6432.0	

Two Ways of Accessing Columns

```
my series = df.loc[:,'column1']
```

```
Don't use the dots!

series = df.column1
```

Return a series

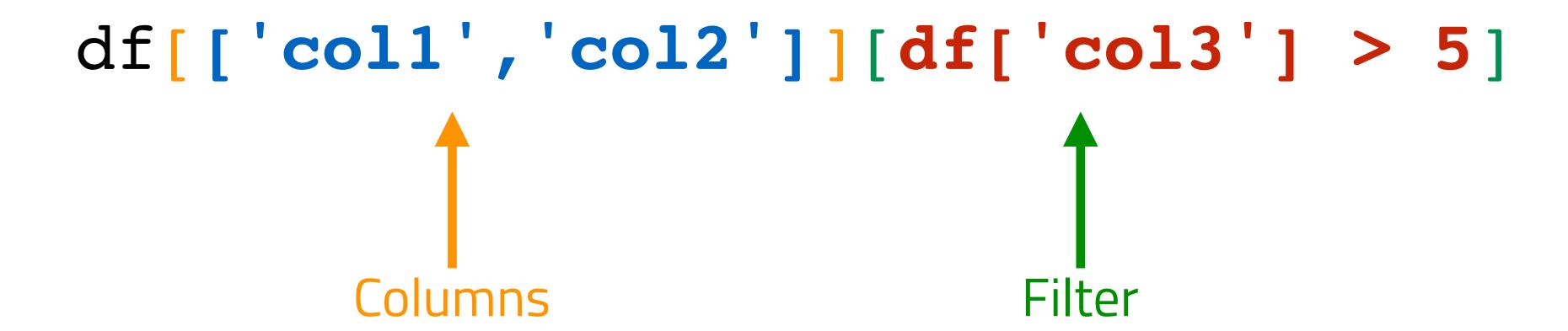
```
my_series = df.loc[:,'column1']
```

Return a dataframe

```
df = df[['column1','column2','column3']]
```

Filtering a DataFrame

```
df[<boolean condition>]
```



In Class Exercise Back at xx:xx

Please complete Exercise 5 in Worksheet 2.1: Exploring Two Dimensional Data

Start on Worksheet 2.2

Aggregations can be done over rows or columns

```
data.sum(axis='index')

OR

data.sum(axis='columns')
```

Common options for Pandas Methods

Merging Data Sets

Joins

pd.merge(leftData, rightData, how="<join type>")

Option	SQL Equivalent	Description
inner	INNER JOIN	Intersection
left	LEFT OUTER JOIN	Returns items in Set A, but not in Set B
right	RIGHT OUTER JOIN	Returns items in Set B, but not in Set A
outer	FULL OUTER JOIN	Returns the union of both sets

In-Class Exercise Back at xx:xx

Please complete Worksheet 2.2: Exploratory Data Analysis

date	src_ip	dst_ip	port
2018-06-21	192.168.20.2	10.10.4.1	80
2018-06-21	192.168.20.1	10.10.4.2	443
2018-06-21	192.168.20.2	10.10.5.1	80
2018-06-22	192.168.20.2	10.10.4.1	80

date	src_ip	dst_ip	port
2018-06-21	192.168.20.2	10.10.4.1	80
2018-06-21	192.168.20.1	10.10.4.2	443
2018-06-21	192.168.20.2	10.10.5.1	80
2018-06-22	192.168.20.2	10.10.4.1	80

src_ip	count
192.168.20.1	1
192.168.20.2	3

date	src_ip	dst_ip	port
2018-06-21	192.168.20.2	10.10.4.1	80
2018-06-21	192.168.20.1	10.10.4.2	443
2018-06-21	192.168.20.2	10.10.5.1	80
2018-06-22	192.168.20.2	10.10.4.1	80

df.groupby(['date','src_ip'])['port'].count()

Multi-Index

	•
src_ip	
192.168.20.1	1
192.168.20.2	2
192.168.20.2	1
	192.168.20.1 192.168.20.2

date	src_ip	dst_ip	port
2018-06-21	192.168.20.2	10.10.4.1	80
2018-06-21	192.168.20.1	10.10.4.2	443
2018-06-21	192.168.20.2	10.10.5.1	80
2018-06-22	192.168.20.2	10.10.4.1	80

df.groupby(['date','src_ip'], as_index=False)['port'].count()

	date	src_ip	port
0	2018-06-21	192.168.20.1	1
1	2018-06-21	192.168.20.2	2
2	2018-06-22	192.168.20.2	1

```
my_series.dropna()
my_series.fillna(value="<value to fill with>")
```

In-Class Exercise Back at xx:xx

Please complete Worksheet 2.2: Exploratory Data Analysis