# /Sum\_json

接口说明：用于统计指定字段（整形、浮点）合计值

请求方式POST

入参：

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 参数名 | 类型 | 说明 |
| field\_name | String | 需要合计的字段，需为整形、浮点 |

入参示例：{"field\_name": "total\_gmv"}

# /Get\_field

接口说明：返回指定字段，存在list里

请求方式POST

入参：

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 参数名 | 类型 | 说明 |
| field\_name | String | 需要返回统计的字段合集 |
| distinct | Int | 1=去重，0=不去重 |

入参实例：{"field\_name": "product\_cd","distinct": 1}

# /Get\_exp\_field

接口说明：返回指定字段，存在list里

请求方式POST

入参：

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 参数名 | 类型 | 说明 |
| field\_name | String | 需要锚定json层级的字段名 |
| field\_exp\_name | String | 期望统计出field\_name所属层级内的字段 |
| distinct | Int | 1=去重，0=不去重 |

入参实例：{"field\_name": "product\_cd","exp\_field\_name": "pay\_dt" ,"distinct": 1}

场景举例：

需要把下面json中所有product\_cd的关联日期pay\_dt统计出来，则需要入参：

{"field\_name": "product\_cd","exp\_field\_name": "pay\_dt" ,"distinct": 0}

（注意，通常这种场景，不需要对field\_name去重，所以distinct=0）

{

"flow\_source\_nam": "频道及活动页面",

"pay\_dt": "2024-11-08",

"product\_cd": "10000066",

"total\_gmv": 19.22,

"total\_amv": 19.8,

"total\_cost": 3994.374352,

"product\_pay\_cnt": 2,

"pr\_gmv": 19.22,

"pr\_cnt": 2,

"pr\_amv": 19.8,

"etl\_datetime": "2024-11-28 14:01:22"

},

{

"flow\_source\_nam": "商城推荐",

"pay\_dt": "2024-11-04",

"product\_cd": "10000066",

"total\_gmv": 123.29,

"total\_amv": 118.8,

"total\_cost": 5603.716399,

"product\_pay\_cnt": 12,

"pr\_gmv": 123.29,

"pr\_cnt": 13,

"pr\_amv": 118.8,

"etl\_datetime": "2024-11-28 14:01:22"

}

]

# /Get\_json

接口说明：查询指定字段，返回符合条件的完整节点

请求方式POST

入参：

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| 参数名 | 类型 | 说明 |
| field\_name | String | 查询字段名 |
| field\_value | String | 查询字段值 |
| distinct | Int | 1=去重，0=不去重 |

入参实例：{"field\_name": "is\_zy\_tag","field\_value": "合作" ,"distinct": 0}