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1 REF Manager v2.0 - Technical Documentation

Developer and System Administrator Reference

Version: 2.0.0

Last Updated: November 3, 2025

For: Developers, System Administrators, Technical Staff

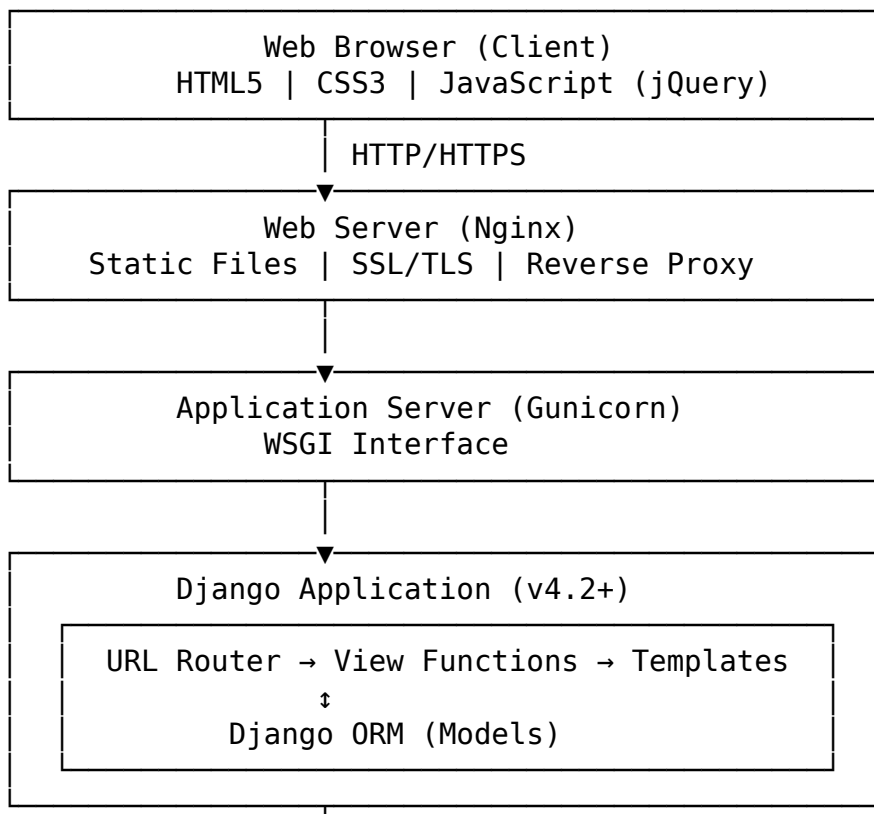
1.1 📄 Table of Contents

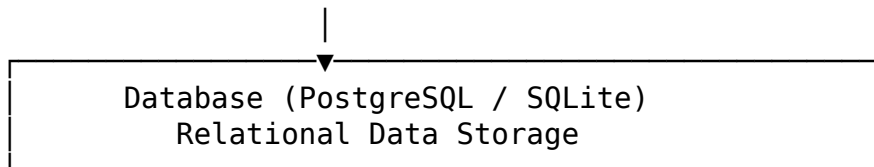
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1.2 📄 Architecture Overview

REF Manager follows Django's MTV (Model-Template-View) architecture pattern with a clear separation of concerns.

1.2.1 System Architecture





1.2.2 Application Flow

User Request
↓
Nginx (port 80/443)
↓
Gunicorn (port 8000)
↓
Django URL Dispatcher (urls.py)
↓
View Function (views.py)
↓
Model Query (models.py via ORM)
↓
Database (PostgreSQL/SQLite)
↓
Template Rendering (templates/)
↓
HTTP Response
↓
User Browser

1.3 ☐ Technology Stack

1.3.1 Backend

Core Framework: - **Django 4.2+**: Web framework - **Python 3.10+**: Programming language (tested up to 3.13)

Key Libraries: - `django-crispy-forms`: Form rendering - `crispy-bootstrap4`: Bootstrap 4 integration - `openpyxl`: Excel file handling - `python-dotenv`: Environment management - `gunicorn`: WSGI HTTP server - `psycopg2-binary`: PostgreSQL adapter

Python Standard Library Used: - `datetime`, `timezone`: Date/time handling - `decimal.Decimal`: Precise calculations - `json`: JSON processing - `csv`: CSV file handling - `io.BytesIO`: In-memory file operations - `collections.defaultdict`: Data structures

1.3.2 Frontend

UI Framework: - **Bootstrap 4.6**: Responsive design - **Font Awesome 5**: Icons - **jQuery 3.6**: DOM manipulation

Styling: - Custom CSS for REF Manager branding - Bootstrap utilities - Responsive layouts

1.3.3 Database

Development: - **SQLite 3**: File-based database - Zero configuration - Perfect for development

Production: - **PostgreSQL 12+**: Robust relational database - ACID compliance - Advanced features

1.3.4 Server Infrastructure

Production Stack: - **Nginx**: Web server and reverse proxy - **Gunicorn**: Python WSGI HTTP server - **Ubuntu 20.04+**: Operating system - **systemd**: Service management

1.3.5 Development Tools

- **Git**: Version control
 - **pip**: Package management
 - **venv**: Virtual environments
 - **Django Debug Toolbar**: Development debugging (optional)
-

1.4 📁 Project Structure

```
ref-manager/
├── ref_manager/                                # Project configuration
│   ├── __init__.py
│   ├── settings.py                            # Django settings
│   ├── urls.py                                # Root URL configuration
│   ├── wsgi.py                                # WSGI application
│   └── asgi.py                                # ASGI application (future)
├── core/                                       # Main application
│   ├── migrations/                           # Database migrations
│   │   ├── __init__.py
│   │   ├── 0001_initial.py
│   │   ├── 0002_employment_status.py         # v2.0
│   │   └── 0003_colleague_categories.py      # v2.0
```

```

├── 0004_internal_panel.py          # v2.0
├── 0005_tasks.py                  # v2.0
├── templatetags/                  # Custom template filters
│   ├── __init__.py
│   └── custom_filters.py          # Custom filters for templates
├── __init__.py
├── models.py                      # Data models (1000+ lines)
├── views.py                       # View functions (2000+ lines)
├── views_export.py                # Export views (v2.0, 500+ lines)
├── forms.py                       # Form definitions (800+ lines)
├── urls.py                        # URL patterns (150+ lines)
├── admin.py                       # Admin configuration (300+ lines)
├── tests.py                       # Test cases
├── apps.py                        # App configuration
├── templates/                     # HTML templates
│   ├── base.html                  # Base template with navigation
│   ├── registration/              # Authentication templates
│   │   ├── login.html
│   │   └── password_reset.html
│   └── core/                      # App-specific templates
│       ├── dashboard.html
│       ├── colleague_list.html
│       ├── colleague_detail.html
│       ├── colleague_form.html
│       ├── colleague_confirm_delete.html
│       ├── output_list.html
│       ├── output_detail.html
│       ├── output_form.html
│       ├── output_import.html      # v2.0
│       ├── criticalfriend_list.html
│       ├── criticalfriend_detail.html
│       ├── criticalfriend_form.html
│       ├── internalpanel_list.html # v2.0
│       ├── internalpanel_detail.html # v2.0
│       ├── internalpanel_form.html  # v2.0
│       ├── task_list.html           # v2.0
│       ├── task_detail.html         # v2.0
│       ├── task_form.html           # v2.0
│       ├── request_list.html
│       ├── request_detail.html
│       └── request_form.html

```

request_confirm_complete.html	# v2.0
request_confirm_delete.html	# v2.0
export_assignments.html	# v2.0
report_generate.html	
static/	# Static files
css/	
style.css	# Custom styles
js/	
script.js	# Custom JavaScript
img/	
logo.png	# REF Manager logo
staticfiles/	# Collected static files (production)
media/	# User-uploaded files
pdfs/	# Research paper PDFs
logs/	# Application logs
django.log	
gunicorn-access.log	
gunicorn-error.log	
backups/	# Database backups
documentation/	# Generated documentation
pdf/	# PDF files
latex/	# LaTeX sources
venv/	# Virtual environment
manage.py	# Django management script
requirements.txt	# Python dependencies
.env	# Environment variables (not in git)
.env.example	# Environment template
.gitignore	# Git ignore rules
gunicorn_config.py	# Gunicorn configuration
README.md	# Main documentation
build_docs.sh	# Documentation build script

1.4.1 Key Files Explained

settings.py: Django configuration - Database settings - Installed apps - Middleware - Static/media file paths - Security settings

urls.py: URL routing - Root URL patterns - Include app URLs - Admin URLs

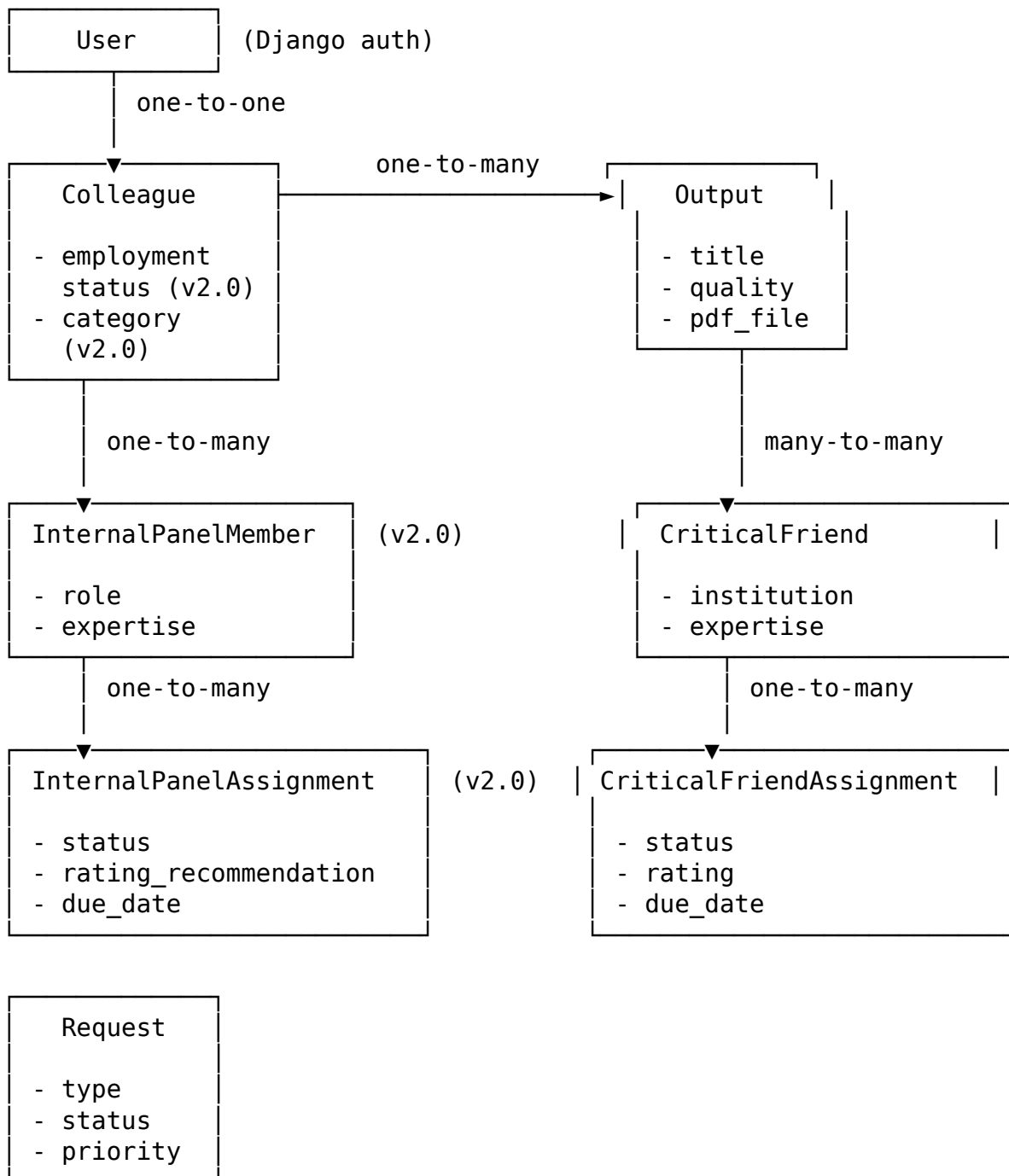
models.py: Data models - Colleague - Output - CriticalFriend, CriticalFriendAssignment - InternalPanelMember, InternalPanelAssignment (v2.0) - Request - Task (v2.0)

views.py: Business logic - Dashboard - CRUD operations - List/detail views - Form processing

views_export.py (v2.0): Export functionality - Excel export with links - CSV export - Assignment filtering

1.5 Database Models

1.5.1 Model Relationships Diagram



Task	(v2.0)
- category	
- priority	
- status	
- due_date	

1.5.2 Core Models

1.5.2.1 Colleague Model

```
class Colleague(models.Model):
    """Staff member information"""

    user = models.OneToOneField(User, on_delete=models.CASCADE)
    title = models.CharField(max_length=50, blank=True)

    # Employment tracking (v2.0)
    employment_status = models.CharField(
        max_length=20,
        choices=[
            ('current', 'Current'),
            ('former', 'Former'),
        ],
        default='current'
    )
    employment_end_date = models.DateField(null=True, blank=True)

    # Category classification (v2.0)
    colleague_category = models.CharField(
        max_length=30,
        choices=[
            ('independent', 'Independent Researcher'),
            ('non_independent', 'Non-Independent Researcher'),
            ('postdoc', 'Post-Doctoral Researcher'),
            ('research_assistant', 'Research Assistant'),
            ('academic', 'Academic Staff'),
            ('support', 'Support Staff'),
            ('employee', 'Current Employee'),
            ('former', 'Former Employee'),
            ('coauthor', 'Co-author (External)'),
        ],
        default='employee'
    )

    fte = models.DecimalField(max_digits=3, decimal_places=2, default=1.0)
    unit_of_assessment = models.CharField(max_length=100, blank=True)
    office = models.CharField(max_length=100, blank=True)
```

```

phone = models.CharField(max_length=20, blank=True)
research_interests = models.TextField(blank=True)

@property
def required_outputs(self):
    """Calculate required outputs (FTE × 2.5)"""
    if self.employment_status == 'current':
        return float(self.fte) * 2.5 # Python 3.13 compatibility
    return 0

def __str__(self):
    return self.user.get_full_name()

```

1.5.2.2 Output Model

```

class Output(models.Model):
    """Research output/publication"""

    title = models.CharField(max_length=500)
    all_authors = models.TextField()
    publication_venue = models.CharField(max_length=300)

    PUBLICATION_TYPES = [
        ('article', 'Journal Article'),
        ('conference', 'Conference Paper'),
        ('book', 'Book'),
        ('chapter', 'Book Chapter'),
        ('monograph', 'Monograph'),
        ('report', 'Report'),
        ('other', 'Other'),
    ]
    publication_type = models.CharField(max_length=20, choices=PUBLICATION_TYPES)

    publication_date = models.DateField()
    volume = models.CharField(max_length=50, blank=True)
    issue = models.CharField(max_length=50, blank=True)
    pages = models.CharField(max_length=50, blank=True)
    doi = models.CharField(max_length=200, blank=True)
    url = models.URLField(max_length=500, blank=True)

    pdf_file = models.FileField(upload_to='pdfs/', null=True, blank=True)

    # REF specifics
    colleague = models.ForeignKey(
        Colleague,
        on_delete=models.CASCADE,
        related_name='outputs'
    )
    unit_of_assessment = models.CharField(max_length=100)

    QUALITY_CHOICES = [

```

```

        (4, '4* World-Leading'),
        (3, '3* Internationally Excellent'),
        (2, '2* Recognized Internationally'),
        (1, '1* Recognized Nationally'),
        (0, 'Unclassified'),
    ]
    quality_rating = models.IntegerField(choices=QUALITY_CHOICES, default=0)

    ref_eligible = models.BooleanField(default=True)

    STATUS_CHOICES = [
        ('draft', 'Draft'),
        ('under_review', 'Under Review'),
        ('accepted', 'Accepted'),
        ('published', 'Published'),
    ]
    status = models.CharField(max_length=20, choices=STATUS_CHOICES, default='draft')

    keywords = models.CharField(max_length=500, blank=True)
    abstract = models.TextField(blank=True)
    notes = models.TextField(blank=True)

    created_at = models.DateTimeField(auto_now_add=True)
    updated_at = models.DateTimeField(auto_now=True)

    def __str__(self):
        return self.title

```

1.5.2.3 InternalPanelMember Model (v2.0)

```

class InternalPanelMember(models.Model):
    """Internal panel member for evaluation"""

    colleague = models.ForeignKey(
        Colleague,
        on_delete=models.CASCADE,
        related_name='panel_memberships'
    )

    ROLE_CHOICES = [
        ('chair', 'Chair'),
        ('member', 'Member'),
        ('specialist', 'Specialist'),
        ('external_liaison', 'External Liaison'),
    ]
    role = models.CharField(max_length=20, choices=ROLE_CHOICES, default='member')

    expertise_area = models.CharField(max_length=200, blank=True)
    available = models.BooleanField(default=True)
    max_assignments = models.IntegerField(default=10)
    notes = models.TextField(blank=True)

```

```

created_at = models.DateTimeField(auto_now_add=True)

def __str__(self):
    return f"{self.colleague.user.get_full_name()} ({self.get_role_display()})"

```

1.5.2.4 Task Model (v2.0)

```

class Task(models.Model):
    """General task tracking"""

    title = models.CharField(max_length=200)
    description = models.TextField()

    CATEGORY_CHOICES = [
        ('administrative', 'Administrative'),
        ('submission', 'Submission'),
        ('review', 'Review'),
        ('meeting', 'Meeting'),
        ('documentation', 'Documentation'),
        ('deadline', 'Deadline'),
        ('other', 'Other'),
    ]
    category = models.CharField(max_length=20, choices=CATEGORY_CHOICES)

    PRIORITY_CHOICES = [
        ('low', 'Low'),
        ('medium', 'Medium'),
        ('high', 'High'),
        ('urgent', 'Urgent'),
    ]
    priority = models.CharField(max_length=10, choices=PRIORITY_CHOICES, default='medium')

    STATUS_CHOICES = [
        ('pending', 'Pending'),
        ('in_progress', 'In Progress'),
        ('completed', 'Completed'),
        ('cancelled', 'Cancelled'),
    ]
    status = models.CharField(max_length=15, choices=STATUS_CHOICES, default='pending')

    assigned_to = models.ForeignKey(
        User,
        on_delete=models.SET_NULL,
        null=True,
        blank=True,
        related_name='assigned_tasks'
    )
    created_by = models.ForeignKey(
        User,
        on_delete=models.CASCADE,

```

```

        related_name='created_tasks'
    )

    start_date = models.DateField(null=True, blank=True)
    due_date = models.DateField()
    completed_at = models.DateTimeField(null=True, blank=True)

    created_at = models.DateTimeField(auto_now_add=True)
    updated_at = models.DateTimeField(auto_now=True)

    @property
    def is_overdue(self):
        """Check if task is overdue"""
        if self.status in ['completed', 'cancelled']:
            return False
        return timezone.now().date() > self.due_date

    def __str__(self):
        return self.title

```

1.5.3 Database Queries Optimization

Best Practices:

```

# Use select_related() for foreign keys (one-to-one, many-to-one)
colleagues = Colleague.objects.select_related('user').all()

# Use prefetch_related() for reverse foreign keys and many-to-many
colleagues = Colleague.objects.prefetch_related('outputs').all()

# Combine for complex queries
outputs = Output.objects.select_related(
    'colleague',
    'colleague__user'
).prefetch_related(
    'internal_assignments',
    'critical_friend_assignments'
).all()

# Annotate for counts
from django.db.models import Count
colleagues = Colleague.objects.annotate(
    output_count=Count('outputs')
).all()

# Filter efficiently
current_colleagues = Colleague.objects.filter(
    employment_status='current'
).select_related('user')

```

1.6 □ URL Configuration

1.6.1 Root URLs (ref_manager/urls.py)

```
from django.contrib import admin
from django.urls import path, include
from django.conf import settings
from django.conf.urls.static import static

urlpatterns = [
    path('admin/', admin.site.urls),
    path('', include('core.urls')),
    path('accounts/', include('django.contrib.auth.urls')),
]

# Serve media files in development
if settings.DEBUG:
    urlpatterns += static(settings.MEDIA_URL, document_root=settings.MEDIA_ROOT)
```

1.6.2 App URLs (core/urls.py)

```
from django.urls import path
from . import views
from . import views_export # v2.0

app_name = 'core'

urlpatterns = [
    # Dashboard
    path('', views.dashboard, name='dashboard'),

    # Colleagues
    path('colleagues/', views.colleague_list, name='colleague_list'),
    path('colleagues/<int:pk>/', views.colleague_detail, name='colleague_detail'),
    path('colleagues/add/', views.colleague_create, name='colleague_create'),
    path('colleagues/<int:pk>/edit/', views.colleague_update, name='colleague_update'),
    path('colleagues/<int:pk>/delete/', views.colleague_delete, name='colleague_delete'),

    # Outputs
    path('outputs/', views.output_list, name='output_list'),
    path('outputs/<int:pk>/', views.output_detail, name='output_detail'),
    path('outputs/add/', views.output_create, name='output_create'),
    path('outputs/<int:pk>/edit/', views.output_update, name='output_update'),
    path('outputs/<int:pk>/delete/', views.output_delete, name='output_delete'),
    path('outputs/import/', views.output_import, name='output_import'), # v2.0

    # Internal Panel (v2.0)
    path('internal-panel/', views.internal_panel_list, name='internal_panel_list'),
    path('internal-panel/<int:pk>/', views.internal_panel_detail, name='internal_panel_detail'),
    path('internal-panel/add/', views.internal_panel_create, name='internal_panel_create'),
```

```

path('internal-panel/<int:pk>/edit/', views.internal_panel_update, name='inter
path('internal-panel/<int:pk>/delete/', views.internal_panel_delete, name='int
path('internal-panel/<int:pk>/assign/<int:output_id>/', views.internal_panel_a

# Tasks (v2.0)
path('tasks/', views.task_list, name='task_list'),
path('tasks/<int:pk>/', views.task_detail, name='task_detail'),
path('tasks/create/', views.task_create, name='task_create'),
path('tasks/<int:pk>/edit/', views.task_update, name='task_update'),
path('tasks/<int:pk>/delete/', views.task_delete, name='task_delete'),
path('tasks/<int:pk>/complete/', views.task_complete, name='task_complete'),

# Requests
path('requests/', views.request_list, name='request_list'),
path('requests/<int:pk>/', views.request_detail, name='request_detail'),
path('requests/create/', views.request_create, name='request_create'),
path('requests/<int:pk>/edit/', views.request_update, name='request_update'),
path('requests/<int:pk>/complete/', views.request_complete, name='request_comp
path('requests/<int:pk>/delete/', views.request_delete, name='request_delete')

# Export (v2.0)
path('export/assignments/', views_export.export_assignments_view, name='export
path('export/assignments/excel/', views_export.export_assignments_excel, name=
path('export/assignments/csv/', views_export.export_assignments_csv, name='exp

# Reports
path('reports/', views.report_generate, name='report_generate'),
]

```

1.6.3 URL Pattern Naming Convention

- List views: {model}_list
- Detail views: {model}_detail
- Create views: {model}_create
- Update views: {model}_update
- Delete views: {model}_delete
- Custom actions: {model}_{action}

1.7 Views and Business Logic

1.7.1 View Structure

REF Manager uses function-based views (FBVs) for clarity and simplicity.

1.7.2 Common View Patterns

1.7.2.1 List View Pattern

```

@login_required
def model_list(request):
    """List all instances with filtering"""

    # Get query parameters
    filter_param = request.GET.get('filter', 'all')
    search_query = request.GET.get('q', '')

    # Base queryset with optimization
    queryset = Model.objects.select_related('foreign_key').all()

    # Apply filters
    if filter_param != 'all':
        queryset = queryset.filter(field=filter_param)

    # Apply search
    if search_query:
        queryset = queryset.filter(
            Q(field1__icontains=search_query) |
            Q(field2__icontains=search_query)
        )

    # Pagination
    paginator = Paginator(queryset, 25)
    page_number = request.GET.get('page')
    page_obj = paginator.get_page(page_number)

    context = {
        'page_obj': page_obj,
        'filter_param': filter_param,
        'search_query': search_query,
    }

    return render(request, 'app/model_list.html', context)

```

1.7.2.2 Create/Update View Pattern

```

@login_required
def model_create(request):
    """Create new instance"""

    if request.method == 'POST':
        form = ModelForm(request.POST, request.FILES)
        if form.is_valid():
            instance = form.save(commit=False)
            instance.created_by = request.user
            instance.save()
            messages.success(request, 'Created successfully!')
            return redirect('app:model_detail', pk=instance.pk)
    else:
        form = ModelForm()

```



```

        return render(request, 'app/model_form.html', {'form': form})

@login_required
def model_update(request, pk):
    """Update existing instance"""

    instance = get_object_or_404(Model, pk=pk)

    if request.method == 'POST':
        form = ModelForm(request.POST, request.FILES, instance=instance)
        if form.is_valid():
            form.save()
            messages.success(request, 'Updated successfully!')
            return redirect('app:model_detail', pk=instance.pk)
    else:
        form = ModelForm(instance=instance)

    return render(request, 'app/model_form.html', {
        'form': form,
        'instance': instance
    })

```

1.7.3 Export Views (v2.0)

1.7.3.1 Excel Export with Links

```

from openpyxl import Workbook
from openpyxl.styles import Font, PatternFill, Alignment, Border, Side
from django.http import HttpResponse
from io.BytesIO import BytesIO

@login_required
def export_assignments_excel(request):
    """Export assignments to Excel with clickable PDF links"""

    # Get filter parameters
    reviewer_type = request.GET.get('reviewer_type', 'all')

    # Create workbook
    wb = Workbook()
    ws = wb.active
    ws.title = "Review Assignments"

    # Headers
    headers = [
        'Reviewer Name', 'Email', 'Output Title',
        'Author', 'Quality', 'Status', 'Due Date',
        'Priority', 'PDF Link', 'Notes'
    ]

```

```

# Style headers
header_fill = PatternFill(start_color="4472C4", end_color="4472C4", fill_type='solid')
header_font = Font(bold=True, color="FFFFFF")

for col_num, header in enumerate(headers, 1):
    cell = ws.cell(row=1, column=col_num)
    cell.value = header
    cell.fill = header_fill
    cell.font = header_font

# Query data
assignments = get_filtered_assignments(request)

# Add data rows
for row_num, assignment in enumerate(assignments, 2):
    # Color coding based on type
    if assignment.is_internal:
        fill = PatternFill(start_color="D9E1F2", fill_type="solid") # Light blue
    else:
        fill = PatternFill(start_color="FFF2CC", fill_type="solid") # Light yellow

    # Add data
    data = [
        assignment.reviewer_name,
        assignment.reviewer_email,
        assignment.output.title,
        assignment.output.colleague.user.get_full_name(),
        assignment.output.get_quality_rating_display(),
        assignment.get_status_display(),
        assignment.due_date.strftime('%Y-%m-%d') if assignment.due_date else '',
        assignment.get_priority_display(),
        'View PDF',
        assignment.notes
    ]

    for col_num, value in enumerate(data, 1):
        cell = ws.cell(row=row_num, column=col_num)
        cell.value = value
        cell.fill = fill

        # Make PDF link clickable
        if col_num == 9 and assignment.output.pdf_file:
            full_url = request.build_absolute_uri(assignment.output.pdf_file.url)
            cell.hyperlink = full_url
            cell.font = Font(color="0563C1", underline="single")

# Adjust column widths
column_widths = {'A': 20, 'B': 25, 'C': 40, 'D': 20, 'E': 15,
                  'F': 15, 'G': 12, 'H': 12, 'I': 15, 'J': 30}
for col, width in column_widths.items():

```

```

        ws.column_dimensions[col].width = width

# Freeze header
ws.freeze_panes = 'A2'

# Create response
output_buffer = BytesIO()
wb.save(output_buffer)
output_buffer.seek(0)

# Generate filename
timestamp = datetime.now().strftime('%Y%m%d_%H%M%S')
filename = f'review_assignments_{timestamp}.xlsx'

response = HttpResponse(
    output_buffer.read(),
    content_type='application/vnd.openxmlformats-officedocument.spreadsheetml.sheet'
)
response['Content-Disposition'] = f'attachment; filename="{filename}"'

return response

```

1.8 Forms and Validation

1.8.1 Form Classes

Forms use django-crispy-forms for Bootstrap styling.

1.8.1.1 Model Form Example

```

from django import forms
from crispy_forms.helper import FormHelper
from crispy_forms.layout import Layout, Submit, Div, Field
from .models import Colleague

class ColleagueForm(forms.ModelForm):
    """Form for creating/updating colleagues"""

    class Meta:
        model = Colleague
        fields = [
            'title', 'fte', 'unit_of_assessment',
            'employment_status', 'employment_end_date', # v2.0
            'colleague_category', # v2.0
            'office', 'phone', 'research_interests'
        ]
        widgets = {
            'employment_end_date': forms.DateInput(attrs={'type': 'date'}),

```

```

        'research_interests': forms.Textarea(attrs={'rows': 4}),
    }

def __init__(self, *args, **kwargs):
    super().__init__(*args, **kwargs)

    # Crispy forms helper
    self.helper = FormHelper()
    self.helper.form_method = 'post'
    self.helper.add_input(Submit('submit', 'Save'))

    # Custom field attributes
    self.fields['fte'].widget.attrs['step'] = '0.1'
    self.fields['fte'].widget.attrs['min'] = '0.1'
    self.fields['fte'].widget.attrs['max'] = '1.0'

def clean_employment_end_date(self):
    """Validate employment end date"""
    status = self.cleaned_data.get('employment_status')
    end_date = self.cleaned_data.get('employment_end_date')

    if status == 'former' and not end_date:
        raise forms.ValidationError(
            "Employment end date required for former staff"
        )

    if status == 'current' and end_date:
        raise forms.ValidationError(
            "Current staff should not have an end date"
        )

    return end_date

```

1.8.2 Custom Validation

```

def clean(self):
    """Cross-field validation"""
    cleaned_data = super().clean()

    start_date = cleaned_data.get('start_date')
    end_date = cleaned_data.get('end_date')

    if start_date and end_date:
        if end_date < start_date:
            raise forms.ValidationError(
                "End date must be after start date"
            )

    return cleaned_data

```

1.9 □ Templates and Frontend

1.9.1 Template Inheritance

```
base.html                                # Base template
├── registration/
│   ├── login.html                      # Auth templates
│   └── password_reset.html
└── core/
    ├── dashboard.html                 # Extends base
    ├── colleague_list.html            # Extends base
    └── ...
```

1.9.2 Base Template (base.html)

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
    <meta charset="UTF-8">
    <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-
scale=1.0">
    <title>{% block title %}REF Manager{% endblock %}</title>

    <!-- Bootstrap CSS -->
    <link rel="stylesheet" href="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap@4.6.0/dist

    <!-- Font Awesome -->
    <link rel="stylesheet" href="https://cdnjs.cloudflare.com/ajax/libs/font-
awesome/5.15.4/css/all.min.css">

    <!-- Custom CSS -->
    {% load static %}
    <link rel="stylesheet" href="{% static 'css/style.css' %}">

    {% block extra_css %}{% endblock %}
</head>
<body>
    <!-- Navigation -->
    <nav class="navbar navbar-expand-lg navbar-dark bg-primary">
        <a class="navbar-brand" href="{% url 'core:dashboard' %}">
            <i class="fas fa-graduation-cap"></i> REF Manager
        </a>

        <button class="navbar-toggler" type="button" data-
toggle="collapse" data-target="#navbarNav">
            <span class="navbar-toggler-icon"></span>
        </button>

        <div class="collapse navbar-collapse" id="navbarNav">
            <ul class="navbar-nav mr-auto">
```

```

        <li class="nav-item">
        <a class="nav-link" href="{% url 'core:colleague_list' %}">
            <i class="fas fa-users"></i> Colleagues
        </a>
        </li>
        <li class="nav-item">
        <a class="nav-link" href="{% url 'core:output_list' %}">
            <i class="fas fa-book"></i> Outputs
        </a>
        </li>
        <!-- v2.0 additions -->
        <li class="nav-item">
        <a class="nav-link" href="{% url 'core:internal_panel_list' %}">
            <i class="fas fa-user-shield"></i> Internal Panel
        </a>
        </li>
        <li class="nav-item">
        <a class="nav-link" href="{% url 'core:task_list' %}">
            <i class="fas fa-tasks"></i> Tasks
        </a>
        </li>
        <li class="nav-item">
        <a class="nav-link" href="{% url 'core:export_assignments' %}">
            <i class="fas fa-download"></i> Export
        </a>
        </li>
    </ul>

    <ul class="navbar-nav">
        {% if user.is_authenticated %}
        <li class="nav-item dropdown">
            <a class="nav-link dropdown-toggle" href="#" id="userDropdown" data-
toggle="dropdown">
                <i class="fas fa-user"></i> {{ user.username }}
            </a>
            <div class="dropdown-menu dropdown-menu-right">
                <a class="dropdown-item" href="{% url 'admin:index' %}">
                    <i class="fas fa-cog"></i> Admin
                </a>
                <div class="dropdown-divider"></div>
                <a class="dropdown-item" href="{% url 'logout' %}">
                    <i class="fas fa-sign-out-alt"></i> Logout
                </a>
            </div>
        </li>
        {% else %}
        <li class="nav-item">
            <a class="nav-link" href="{% url 'login' %}">
                <i class="fas fa-sign-in-alt"></i> Login
            </a>
        </li>
    </ul>

```

```

        {% endif %}
    </ul>
</div>
</nav>

<!-- Messages -->
{% if messages %}
<div class="container mt-3">
    {% for message in messages %}
        <div class="alert alert-{{ message.tags }} alert-
dismissible fade show" role="alert">
            {{ message }}
            <button type="button" class="close" data-dismiss="alert">
                <span>&times;</span>
            </button>
        </div>
    {% endfor %}
</div>
{% endif %}

<!-- Content -->
<div class="container mt-4">
    {% block content %}{% endblock %}
</div>

<!-- Footer -->
<footer class="mt-5 py-4 bg-light">
    <div class="container text-center">
        <p class="text-muted mb-0">
            REF Manager v2.0 &copy; 2025 University of York
        </p>
    </div>
</footer>

<!-- jQuery -->
<script src="https://code.jquery.com/jquery-3.6.0.min.js"></script>

<!-- Bootstrap JS -->
<script src="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/bootstrap@4.6.0/dist/js/bootstrap.bu

<!-- Custom JS -->
<script src="{% static 'js/script.js' %}"></script>

{% block extra_js %}{% endblock %}
</body>
</html>

```

1.9.3 Template Tags and Filters

1.9.3.1 Custom Template Filters (core/templatetags/custom_filters.py)

```

from django import template

register = template.Library()

@register.filter
def get_item(dictionary, key):
    """Get item from dictionary"""
    return dictionary.get(key)

@register.filter
def multiply(value, arg):
    """Multiply value by arg"""
    try:
        return float(value) * float(arg)
    except (ValueError, TypeError):
        return ''

@register.filter
def badge_class(status):
    """Return Bootstrap badge class for status"""
    badges = {
        'pending': 'badge-warning',
        'in_progress': 'badge-info',
        'completed': 'badge-success',
        'cancelled': 'badge-secondary',
    }
    return badges.get(status, 'badge-secondary')

Usage in templates:

{% load custom_filters %}

<span class="badge {{ task.status|badge_class }}">
    {{ task.get_status_display }}
</span>

```

1.10 □ Static Files and Media

1.10.1 Static Files Structure

```

static/
├── css/
│   └── style.css           # Custom styles
├── js/
│   └── script.js          # Custom JavaScript
├── img/
│   └── logo.png           # Application logo

```


1.10.2 Media Files

```
media/
├── pdfs/                                # Uploaded research papers
│   ├── output_1_paper.pdf
│   ├── output_2_paper.pdf
│   └── ...
```

1.10.3 Static Files Configuration

```
# settings.py

STATIC_URL = '/static/'
STATIC_ROOT = os.path.join(BASE_DIR, 'staticfiles')
STATICFILES_DIRS = [
    os.path.join(BASE_DIR, 'static'),
]

MEDIA_URL = '/media/'
MEDIA_ROOT = os.path.join(BASE_DIR, 'media')
```

1.10.4 Collecting Static Files

```
# Development
python manage.py collectstatic --noinput

# Production (in deployment script)
python manage.py collectstatic --noinput --clear
```

1.11 Security Considerations

1.11.1 Authentication and Authorization

```
# Use login_required decorator
from django.contrib.auth.decorators import login_required

@login_required
def protected_view(request):
    # Only authenticated users can access
    pass

# Permission checks
from django.contrib.auth.decorators import permission_required

@permission_required('core.add_output')
def create_output(request):
```

pass

1.11.2 CSRF Protection

Django's CSRF protection is enabled by default:

```
<!-- In forms -->
<form method="post">
    {% csrf_token %}
    <!-- form fields -->
</form>
```

1.11.3 SQL Injection Prevention

Django ORM automatically escapes queries:

```
# Safe - parameterized
Colleague.objects.filter(user__username=username)
```

```
# Avoid raw SQL unless necessary
# If using raw SQL, always use parameters
Colleague.objects.raw('SELECT * FROM core_colleague WHERE id = %s', [id])
```

1.11.4 XSS Prevention

Django templates auto-escape by default:

```
<!-- Automatically escaped -->
{{ user_input }}
```



```
<!-- If you need raw HTML (be careful!) -->
{{ trusted_html|safe }}
```

1.11.5 File Upload Security

```
# Validate file types
def validate_pdf(file):
    if not file.name.endswith('.pdf'):
        raise ValidationError('Only PDF files allowed')

    # Check file size (20MB limit)
    if file.size > 20 * 1024 * 1024:
        raise ValidationError('File too large (max 20MB)')

    return file

# In models
pdf_file = models.FileField(
    upload_to='pdfs/',
```

```

        validators=[validate_pdf],
        null=True, blank=True
    )

```

1.11.6 Production Security Settings

```

# settings.py (production)

DEBUG = False
ALLOWED_HOSTS = ['your-domain.com', 'www.your-domain.com']

# HTTPS/Security
SECURE_SSL_REDIRECT = True
SESSION_COOKIE_SECURE = True
CSRF_COOKIE_SECURE = True
SECURE_BROWSER_XSS_FILTER = True
SECURE_CONTENT_TYPE_NOSNIFF = True
X_FRAME_OPTIONS = 'DENY'

# HSTS
SECURE_HSTS_SECONDS = 31536000
SECURE_HSTS_INCLUDE_SUBDOMAINS = True
SECURE_HSTS_PRELOAD = True

```

1.12 Testing

1.12.1 Test Structure

```

# core/tests.py

from django.test import TestCase, Client
from django.contrib.auth.models import User
from .models import Colleague, Output

class ColleagueModelTest(TestCase):
    """Test Colleague model"""

    def setUp(self):
        """Set up test data"""
        self.user = User.objects.create_user(
            username='testuser',
            email='test@example.com',
            password='testpass123'
        )
        self.colleague = Colleague.objects.create(
            user=self.user,
            fte=1.0,
            employment_status='current',

```

```

        colleague_category='independent'
    )

    def test_colleague_creation(self):
        """Test colleague is created correctly"""
        self.assertEqual(self.colleague.user.username, 'testuser')
        self.assertEqual(self.colleague.fte, 1.0)

    def test_required_outputs(self):
        """Test required outputs calculation"""
        self.assertEqual(self.colleague.required_outputs, 2.5)

    def test_string_representation(self):
        """Test __str__ method"""
        self.assertEqual(str(self.colleague), self.user.get_full_name())

class OutputModelTest(TestCase):
    """Test Output model"""

    def setUp(self):
        user = User.objects.create_user('testuser', 'test@example.com', 'pass')
        self.colleague = Colleague.objects.create(user=user, fte=1.0)
        self.output = Output.objects.create(
            title='Test Output',
            all_authors='Author 1, Author 2',
            publication_venue='Test Journal',
            publication_type='article',
            publication_date='2025-01-01',
            colleague=self.colleague,
            unit_of_assessment='UoA 27',
            quality_rating=4
        )

    def test_output_creation(self):
        """Test output is created"""
        self.assertEqual(self.output.title, 'Test Output')
        self.assertEqual(self.output.quality_rating, 4)

class DashboardViewTest(TestCase):
    """Test dashboard view"""

    def setUp(self):
        self.client = Client()
        self.user = User.objects.create_user('testuser', 'test@example.com', 'pass')
        self.client.login(username='testuser', password='pass')

    def test_dashboard_loads(self):
        """Test dashboard page loads"""
        response = self.client.get('/')

```

```

        self.assertEqual(response.status_code, 200)
        self.assertTemplateUsed(response, 'core/dashboard.html')

    def test_dashboard_requires_login(self):
        """Test dashboard requires authentication"""
        self.client.logout()
        response = self.client.get('/')
        self.assertEqual(response.status_code, 302) # Redirect to login

```

1.12.2 Running Tests

```

# Run all tests
python manage.py test

# Run specific app tests
python manage.py test core

# Run specific test class
python manage.py test core.tests.ColleagueModelTest

# Run with verbosity
python manage.py test --verbosity=2

# Keep test database
python manage.py test --keepdb

# Run with coverage
coverage run --source='.' manage.py test
coverage report
coverage html

```

1.13 ✂ Performance Optimization

1.13.1 Database Optimization

1. Use `select_related()` and `prefetch_related()`

```

# Without optimization - N+1 queries
colleagues = Colleague.objects.all()
for colleague in colleagues:
    print(colleague.user.username) # Extra query each time

# With optimization - 2 queries total
colleagues = Colleague.objects.select_related('user').all()
for colleague in colleagues:
    print(colleague.user.username) # No extra queries

```

2. Use `annotate()` for aggregations

```

from django.db.models import Count

# Count in Python - many queries
colleagues = Colleague.objects.all()
for colleague in colleagues:
    output_count = colleague.outputs.count() # Query per colleague

# Count in database - single query
colleagues = Colleague.objects.annotate(
    output_count=Count('outputs')
).all()

```

3. Use only() and defer()

```

# Load only needed fields
colleagues = Colleague.objects.only('id', 'user__username', 'fte')

# Defer large fields
colleagues = Colleague.objects.defer('research_interests')

```

4. Database indexing

```

# In models.py
class Output(models.Model):
    title = models.CharField(max_length=500, db_index=True)
    quality_rating = models.IntegerField(db_index=True)

    class Meta:
        indexes = [
            models.Index(fields=['publication_date', 'quality_rating']),
            models.Index(fields=['colleague', 'quality_rating']),
        ]

```

1.13.2 Caching

```

from django.core.cache import cache
from django.views.decorators.cache import cache_page

# Cache view for 15 minutes
@cache_page(60 * 15)
def report_view(request):
    # Expensive computation
    return render(request, 'report.html', context)

# Manual caching
def get_quality_statistics():
    stats = cache.get('quality_stats')
    if stats is None:
        stats = compute_expensive_statistics()
        cache.set('quality_stats', stats, 60 * 60) # 1 hour
    return stats

```

1.13.3 Query Optimization Tips

```
# Bad - loads all into memory
all_outputs = list(Output.objects.all())

# Good - use iterator for large datasets
for output in Output.objects.iterator(chunk_size=100):
    process_output(output)

# Bad - multiple queries
for colleague in Colleague.objects.all():
    if colleague.outputs.filter(quality_rating=4).exists():
        # process

# Good - single query with annotation
colleagues_with_4star = Colleague.objects.annotate(
    has_4star=Count('outputs', filter=Q(outputs__quality_rating=4))
).filter(has_4star__gt=0)
```

1.14 ☐ Deployment Guide

See main README.md for complete deployment instructions.

Quick reference:

```
# 1. Set up environment
python3 -m venv venv
source venv/bin/activate
pip install -r requirements.txt

# 2. Configure settings
cp .env.example .env
# Edit .env with production values

# 3. Database
python manage.py migrate
python manage.py createsuperuser

# 4. Static files
python manage.py collectstatic --noinput

# 5. Run with Gunicorn
gunicorn ref_manager.wsgi:application --bind 0.0.0.0:8000

# 6. Set up Nginx reverse proxy
# (see production deployment section in README)
```

1.15 ☐☐ Development Workflow

1.15.1 Setting Up Development Environment

```
# Clone repository
git clone https://github.com/yourusername/ref-manager.git
cd ref-manager

# Create virtual environment
python3 -m venv venv
source venv/bin/activate

# Install dependencies
pip install -r requirements.txt

# Install development dependencies
pip install django-debug-toolbar coverage black flake8

# Set up database
python manage.py migrate

# Create superuser
python manage.py createsuperuser

# Run development server
python manage.py runserver
```

1.15.2 Code Style

Python: - PEP 8 compliance - Use Black for formatting: `black .` - Use flake8 for linting: `flake8`

JavaScript: - ES6+ syntax - Semicolons required - 2-space indentation

HTML: - Django template syntax - 4-space indentation - Semantic HTML5

1.15.3 Git Workflow

```
# Create feature branch
git checkout -b feature/new-feature

# Make changes and commit
git add .
git commit -m "Add new feature"

# Push to remote
git push origin feature/new-feature

# Create pull request on GitHub
# After review and approval, merge to main
```


1.15.4 Adding New Features

1. Create model (if needed)

```
# models.py
class NewModel(models.Model):
    # fields
    pass
```

2. Create migration

```
python manage.py makemigrations
python manage.py migrate
```

3. Create forms

```
# forms.py
class NewModelForm(forms.ModelForm):
    class Meta:
        model = NewModel
        fields = '__all__'
```

4. Create views

```
# views.py
@login_required
def new_model_list(request):
    # implementation
    pass
```

5. Add URLs

```
# urls.py
path('newmodel/', views.new_model_list, name='new_model_list'),
```

6. Create templates

```
<!-- templates/core/newmodel_list.html -->
{% extends 'base.html' %}
{% block content %}
<!-- content -->
{% endblock %}
```

7. Update navigation

```
<!-- base.html -->
<li class="nav-item">
    <a class="nav-link" href="{% url 'core:new_model_list' %}">
        New Feature
    </a>
</li>
```

8. Write tests

```
# tests.py
class NewModelTest(TestCase):
    def test_creation(self):
        # test code
        pass
```

9. Run tests

`python manage.py test`

10. Update documentation

1.16 □ Additional Resources

Django Documentation: - Official Docs: <https://docs.djangoproject.com/> - Tutorial: <https://docs.djangoproject.com/en/4.2/intro/tutorial01/>

REF Information: - REF 2029: <https://www.ref.ac.uk/>

Python Resources: - PEP 8: <https://pep8.org/> - Python Docs: <https://docs.python.org/3/>

Frontend: - Bootstrap 4: <https://getbootstrap.com/docs/4.6/> - Font Awesome: <https://fontawesome.com/>

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Maintained by: George Tsoulas

Institution: Department of Language and Linguistic Science, University of York

For more information, see the complete documentation suite.