

Chapter 4 Exercise Lab – Self-Learning User Guide

1. What this lab is for

This Exercise Lab is designed for **knowledge workers**, not engineers.

Chapter 4 is about **ethics, safety, and governance**. The exercises help you move from “I’ve read about these risks” to “I can spot and shape them in real situations,” especially around:

- Over-trusting fluent AI answers
- Governance and accountability for real use cases
- Logging and the privacy paradox
- Alignment, fairness, and refusals
- Architecture choices for high-stakes scenarios (RAG, legal/medical, multi-agent)

You’ll use simple interactive tools to **practice judgment, not coding**.

2. Getting started

1. Open the lab

- Open Chapter4_Exercise_Lab.html in your browser (Chrome, Edge, etc.).

2. Understand the layout

- **Left side:** Buttons for **Exercise 1–5**.
- **Right side:** The selected exercise, with instructions, controls, and a reflection prompt.

3. How to move around

- Click an exercise on the left to switch views.
- Each exercise is self-contained; you can work through them in order (**1 → 5**) or jump to the one that fits a current project.

3. Exercise 1 – Trust Calibration Flight Deck

Theme: Illusion of confidence & human–AI trust

In the app:

Exercise 1 – Trust Calibration Flight Deck

What you’ll practice

You’ll practice **judging AI answers**, not just reading them.

- See multiple AI answers that all sound polished and confident.
- Decide how much you’d trust each answer and what you’d do with it.
- Discover which ones are actually **dangerous, incomplete, or responsible**.

You move from:

- “Fluent output = probably correct”
to
- “I know where I must be skeptical, verify, or escalate.”

How to use it

1. Pick a scenario

- Use the **Scenario** dropdown:
 - Customer policy question
 - Internal financial summary
 - Health & wellness FAQ

2. Read the three answers

- In **AI answers (A, B, C)**, click each answer card to expand it.
- Read all three carefully. They all sound confident on purpose.

3. Select an active answer

- Use the **Active answer** dropdown to choose **A, B, or C**.
- Alternatively, click a card – it will become the active one.

4. Set your trust level

- Move the **Trust level** slider from low to high.

- The label shows a simple description (Very low / Low / Medium / High / Very high).

5. Choose a planned action

- Select one of:
 - Send as-is
 - Light edit
 - Deep verification
 - Escalate to expert

6. Save your decision

- Click **Save decision for this answer.**
- Repeat for all three answers (A, B, and C).

7. Reveal reality

- Once you've rated all answers, click **Reveal answer quality.**
- The feedback explains:
 - Which answers are **dangerous, cautious, or responsible.**
 - Where you **over-trusted** or **under-trusted.**
 - How your chosen action (send, verify, escalate) compares to the risk.

8. Reflect

- Use the reflection text at the bottom:
 - "Which answer would I have sent before this exercise?"
 - "In my real work, where am I at risk of over-trusting fluent but wrong answers?"

How to get value from it

- Apply this to **your real prompts**:
 - Imagine the AI answers are for your customers, leaders, or regulators.
 - Ask yourself: "Would I still send this as-is?"
- Use insights to create **simple internal rules**, for example:

- “We never send health-related guidance without human review.”
- “We always verify numbers from AI against source systems.”

4. Exercise 2 – Governance Triage Board

Theme: Risk, accountability, transparency

In the app:

Exercise 2 – Governance Triage Board

What you’ll practice

You’ll practice mapping **real AI uses** to the three pillars of governance:

- **Risk** – what could go wrong?
- **Accountability** – who owns it?
- **Transparency & Evidence** – how do we prove what happened?

You move from:

- “Governance is a checklist somewhere in Legal/Compliance”
to
- “I can design a minimal governance plan for a specific AI use case.”

How to use it

1. Choose a scenario

- Use the **Scenario** dropdown:
 - AI drafting HR policies
 - Customer-facing pricing assistant
 - Internal legal research bot

2. Review the governance cards

- In **Governance cards**, you’ll see items such as:
 - Unlogged decisions flagged
 - Bias & unfair outcomes monitored
 - Named system owner

- Risk committee review
- Prompt & output logging
- Source citations / RAG trace
- Versioned model & config

3. Cycle each card through the board

- Click a card to cycle it through:
 - Palette → **Risk** → **Accountability** → **Transparency & evidence** → back to palette.
- As you click, the card “jumps” between the palette area and the three canvases.

4. Build your governance layout

- For the chosen scenario, place cards in the columns where you think they belong.
- Aim to have **at least one card** in each column.

5. Check your governance plan

- Click **Check governance plan**.
- The feedback explains:
 - Governance elements you placed well.
 - Important pieces you **missed** for this scenario (e.g., no named owner or no logging).
 - Whether you’re over-focusing on one pillar (e.g., lots of transparency, zero accountability).

6. Reset if needed

- Click **Clear board** to return all cards to the palette and try a new scenario or new layout.

7. Reflect

- Use the reflection prompt:

- “Which cards would I insist on before approving a similar AI tool in my organization?”
- “Who would I name as the owner, and how would we track risk over time?”

How to get value from it

- Treat this as a **rehearsal** for real design or vendor discussions.
- For each AI idea in your environment, ask:
 - “What’s the **Risk** column? The **Accountability** column? The **Transparency** column?”
- Capture your final layout as a **lightweight governance checklist** you can reuse.

5. Exercise 3 – Logging & Privacy Paradox Simulator

Theme: Auditability vs privacy and regulatory risk

In the app:

Exercise 3 – Logging & Privacy Paradox Simulator

What you’ll practice

You’ll practice tuning **logging settings** for different assistants and seeing the trade-offs between:

- Ability to reconstruct what happened (audit trail)
- Privacy and regulatory risk (PII, sensitive data, access)

You move from:

- “Logs are just an IT detail”
to
- “I understand what we keep, why we keep it, and what makes it risky.”

How to use it

1. **Select an assistant type**
 - Use **Assistant type**:
 - Customer support bot

- Internal HR assistant
- Medical triage support

2. Set logging options

- Toggle options such as:
 - Store full prompt text
 - Mask PII (names, emails, IDs)
 - Store only document IDs (no raw content)
 - Store full model outputs
 - Hash user ID instead of storing it directly
 - Restrict log access to compliance / security

3. Recalculate scores

- Click **Recalculate scores**.
- You'll see two ratings:
 - **Audit & safety** (Low / Medium / High)
 - **Privacy & compliance risk** (Low / Medium / High)
- The explanations describe:
 - How easy it would be to investigate incidents.
 - How much privacy/regulatory exposure you're creating.

4. View a sample log entry

- Scroll to **Sample log snippet**.
- The log format changes to reflect:
 - Whether prompts are stored or masked.
 - Whether outputs and document IDs are logged.
 - Whether the user ID is hashed or raw.

5. Try the balanced suggestion

- Click **Suggest balanced settings**.

- The app picks a recommended combination for the scenario and updates the scores and snippet.
- Compare the recommended setup to your initial instinct.

6. Reflect

- Use the reflection question:
 - “If I had to defend these logging choices to a regulator, what would I say?”
 - “In my real environment, where are we over-logging or under-logging?”

How to get value from it

- Use this to **prepare questions** for your IT, security, or vendor teams:
 - “Do we store full prompts?”
 - “Is PII masked in logs?”
 - “Who has access to the logs?”
- Aim for a configuration that is:
 - **Auditable enough** to investigate incidents
 - **Not so invasive** that it creates unnecessary risk

6. Exercise 4 – Alignment & Fairness Testbed

Theme: Helpful, Honest, Harmless (HHH), fairness, refusals, determinism

In the app:

Exercise 4 – Alignment & Fairness Testbed

What you’ll practice

You’ll learn to think like an **evaluation designer**, not just an end-user:

- Create a small test set for a realistic scenario.
- See hypothetical model behaviors.
- Decide if each outcome is acceptable, needs mitigation, or unacceptable.
- Pick mitigations that match the problems.

You move from:

- “Alignment, bias, and refusals are abstract”
to
- “I know how to test them in my own context.”

How to use it

1. Choose a scenario

- Use **Scenario**:
 - Loan pre-qualification email
 - Internal promotion justification
 - Cybersecurity awareness message

2. Choose an alignment focus

- Use **Alignment focus**:
 - Fairness across demographic variants
 - Excessive refusals vs legitimate requests
 - Deterministic vs varied outputs

3. Select test cases

- In **Test cases**, check the boxes for the tests you want to include, such as:
 - Two applicants with identical profiles but different names
 - Same decision, but tone differs
 - Same input, different decisions on different runs
- These are pre-built examples that mirror real equity and safety concerns.

4. Run the simulation

- Click **Run simulation**.
- For each selected test case, the app shows:
 - A short description of **simulated model behavior**.
 - A dropdown for your rating:

- Acceptable
- Needs mitigation
- Unacceptable

5. Rate each outcome

- For every test block, select the rating that matches your judgment.
- Think about:
 - Would this be okay in your organization?
 - Would this raise a red flag with Legal, HR, or Risk?

6. Select mitigations

- In **Mitigation choices**, click chips such as:
 - Add fairness constraints to prompt
 - Add human review for borderline cases
 - Lower temperature / narrow sampling
 - Expand and balance training examples
 - Log flagged decisions for audit
- Active mitigations are highlighted.

7. Evaluate your plan

- Click **Evaluate my plan**.
- The feedback looks at:
 - How often your ratings match the intended alignment category.
 - Whether your mitigations align with the type of risk (fairness, refusals, determinism).

8. Clear and iterate

- Use **Clear plan** to reset.
- Try a different scenario or focus.

How to get value from it

- This mirrors what you might do before deploying an AI tool:
 - Design test cases
 - Decide what's acceptable
 - Define mitigations for bad behaviors
- Use your favorite tests from this exercise as **templates**:
 - “Three fairness checks we run on any hiring-adjacent tool.”
 - “Two determinism checks for financial or safety-critical outputs.”

7. Exercise 5 – High-Stakes Architecture Risk Lab

Theme: RAG privacy leaks, legal/medical workflows, multi-agent risks

In the app:

Exercise 5 – High-Stakes Architecture Risk Lab

What you'll practice

You'll practice designing and critiquing **simple AI architectures** using building blocks like:

- Vanilla LLM
- RAG over internal docs
- Sensitive index (HR, payroll)
- Safety filter
- Human-in-the-loop approval
- Legal reviewer, medical clinician
- Sales / Discount / Referee agents
- Role-based access control

You move from:

- “RAG, tools, and agents are buzzwords”
to
- “I can spot obviously risky designs and propose safer ones.”

How to use it

1. Pick a high-stakes scenario

- Use **Scenario**:
 - Executive compensation Q&A bot
 - Internal legal research assistant
 - Patient education material generator
 - Multi-agent sales & discounting engine

2. Study the baseline architecture

- Read the **Baseline** description at the top of the right card.
- This baseline is intentionally flawed (e.g., RAG over all internal docs with no access control).

3. Examine the current canvas

- In **Architecture canvas**, you'll see the blocks used in the baseline flow, such as:
 - RAG over internal docs
 - Vanilla LLM
 - Sales Agent / Discount Agent

4. Add blocks from the palette

- On the left, **Architecture blocks** includes chips for:
 - Safety filter
 - Human-in-the-loop approval
 - Legal reviewer
 - Medical clinician
 - Sensitive index (payroll/HR)
 - Role-based access control
 - Referee Agent, etc.
- Click a chip to add that block to the canvas.

- Each canvas block has a small “x” button to remove it.

5. Design a safer architecture

- Add blocks that you think **reduce risk**, such as:
 - Role-based access control before a sensitive index
 - Human approval or legal review before final answers
 - Referee Agent for multi-agent setups
- Remove blocks that make no sense for the scenario.

6. Scan the architecture

- Click **Scan architecture**.
- The **Risk heatmap** lists:
 - RAG privacy issues (e.g., RAG plus sensitive index without access control)
 - Missing human approvals in legal/medical contexts
 - Multi-agent collusion risk (e.g., Sales + Discount agents with no referee)
 - Lack of safety filtering

7. Reset if needed

- Click **Reset to baseline** to restore the original flawed design and try again.

8. Reflect

- Use the reflection prompt:
 - “If I had to explain this design to a regulator or risk committee, what safeguards would I highlight?”
 - “Which blocks are non-negotiable for this scenario?”

How to get value from it

- This is a **low-code way** to think like a solution architect:
 - You're not wiring systems; you're thinking about **paths and guardrails**.
- Use the blocks from this exercise as a **vocabulary** in internal conversations:
 - "Where does our RAG index point?"
 - "Do we have a human approval step for medical outputs?"
 - "Who is the referee when multiple agents can change discounts?"

8. Putting Chapter 4 into practice

As you complete the Chapter 4 Exercise Lab:

1. Capture your decisions

- For each exercise, jot down:
 - One lesson about **trust**
 - One lesson about **governance**
 - One lesson about **logging**
 - One lesson about **alignment/fairness**
 - One lesson about **architecture**

2. Connect the dots

- How does:
 - Over-trust in **Exercise 1** interact with poor logging in **Exercise 3**?
 - Governance gaps in **Exercise 2** show up as **architecture problems** in **Exercise 5**?

3. Create simple guardrails for your own work

- Turn your insights into 3–5 practical rules, such as:
 - "For anything legal, medical, or financial, we always check sources or get human approval."

- “Every AI idea gets a governance triage: Risk, Accountability, Transparency.”
- “Logs must be just enough for audit, not a dump of raw PII.”
- “Before deployment, we run at least one fairness or refusal test from Exercise 4.”

Used this way, Chapter 4 stops being just a cautionary chapter and becomes a **playbook** for how you, personally, will work with AI in a safe, aligned, and defensible way.