### Solution Bank



#### **Exercise 4D**

1 a 
$$(3+x)^5$$
  
 $x^3 \text{ term} = {5 \choose 3} 3^2 (x)^3 = 10 \times 9x^3 = 90x^3$   
Coefficient = 90

**b** 
$$(1+2x)^5$$
  
 $x^3 \text{ term} = {5 \choose 3} 1^2 (2x)^3 = 10 \times 8x^3 = 80x^3$   
Coefficient = 80

c 
$$(1-x)^6$$
  
 $x^3 \text{ term} = {6 \choose 3} (1)^3 (-x)^3 = 20 \times (-x^3) = -20x^3$   
Coefficient = -20

**d** 
$$(3x+2)^5$$
  
 $x^3 \text{ term} = {5 \choose 2} (3x)^3 2^2 = 10 \times 108x^3 = 1080x^3$   
Coefficient = 1080

e 
$$(1+x)^{10}$$
  
 $x^3 \text{ term} = {10 \choose 3} 1^7 (x)^3 = 120 \times 1x^3 = 120x^3$   
Coefficient = 120

**f** 
$$(3-2x)^6$$
  
 $x^3 \text{ term} = \binom{6}{3} 3^3 (-2x)^3 = 20 \times (-216x^3) = -4320x^3$   
Coefficient =  $-4320$ 

g 
$$(1+x)^{20}$$
  
 $x^3 \text{ term} = {20 \choose 3} 1^{17} x^3 = 1140 \times x^3 = 1140 x^3$   
Coefficient = 1140

**h** 
$$(4-3x)^7$$
  
 $x^3 \text{ term} = {7 \choose 3} 4^4 (-3x)^3 = 35 \times (-6912x^3) = -241920x^3$   
Coefficient = -241920

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1 i 
$$\left(1 - \frac{1}{2}x\right)^{6}$$
  
 $x^{3} \text{ term} = {6 \choose 3} 1^{3} \left(-\frac{1}{2}x\right)^{3} = 20 \times -\frac{1}{8}x^{3} = -2.5x^{3} \text{ or } -\frac{5}{2}x^{3}$   
Coefficient = -2.5 or  $-\frac{5}{2}$ 

$$\mathbf{j} \quad \left(3 + \frac{1}{2}x\right)^{7}$$

$$x^{3} \text{ term} = {7 \choose 3} 3^{4} \left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)^{3} = 35 \times 81 \times \frac{1}{8}x^{3} = 354.375x^{3} \text{ or } \frac{2835}{8}x^{3}$$
Coefficient = 354.375 or  $\frac{2835}{8}$ 

$$k \left(2 - \frac{1}{2}x\right)^{8}$$

$$x^{3} \text{ term} = {8 \choose 3} 2^{5} \left(-\frac{1}{2}x\right)^{3} = 56 \times 32 \times -\frac{1}{8}x^{3} = -224x^{3}$$
Coefficient = -224

$$1 \quad \left(5 + \frac{1}{4}x\right)^{5}$$

$$x^{3} \text{ term} = {5 \choose 3} 5^{2} \left(\frac{1}{4}x\right)^{3} = 10 \times 25 \times \frac{1}{64}x^{3} = 3.90625x^{3} \text{ or } \frac{125}{32}$$

$$\text{Coefficient} = 3.90625 \text{ or } \frac{125}{32}$$

2 
$$(2 + ax)^6$$
  
 $x^2 \text{ term} = \binom{6}{2} 2^4 (ax)^2 = 15 \times 16a^2 x^2 = 240a^2 x^2$   
 $240a^2 = 60$   
 $a^2 = \frac{1}{4}$   
 $a = \pm \frac{1}{2}$ 

3 
$$(3 + bx)^5$$
  
 $x^3 \text{ term} = {5 \choose 3} 3^2 (bx)^3 = 10 \times 9b^3 x^3 = 90b^3 x^3$   
 $90b^3 = -720$   
 $b^3 = -8$   
 $b = -2$ 

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4 
$$(3-ax)^4 = 3^4 + {4 \choose 1} 3^3 (-ax) + {4 \choose 2} 3^2 (-ax)^2 + {4 \choose 3} 3^1 (-ax)^3 + (-ax)^4$$
  
=  $81 + 4 \times (-27ax) + 6 \times 9a^2x^2 + 4 \times (-3a^3x^3) + a^4x^4$   
=  $81 - 108ax + 54a^2x^2 - 12a^3x^3 + a^4x^4$ 

$$(2+x)(3-ax)^4 = (2+x)(81+108ax+54a^2x^2-12a^3x^3+a^4x^4)$$

$$x^{3} \text{ term} = 2 \times (-12a^{3}x^{3}) + x \times 54a^{2}x^{2}$$

$$= -24a^{3}x^{3} + 54a^{2}x^{3}$$

$$-24a^{3} + 54a^{2} = 30$$

$$-4a^{3} + 9a^{2} = 5$$

$$0 = 4a^{3} - 9a^{2} + 5$$

$$0 = (a - 1)(4a^{2} - 5a - 5)$$

Either 
$$a = 1$$
 or  $4a^2 - 5a - 5 = 0 \Rightarrow a = \frac{5 \pm \sqrt{25 + 80}}{8} = \frac{5 \pm \sqrt{105}}{8}$ 

Possible values of a are 1,  $\frac{5+\sqrt{105}}{8}$  and  $\frac{5-\sqrt{105}}{8}$ 

5 **a** 
$$(1-2x)^p = 1^p + \binom{p}{1} 1^{p-1} (-2x) + \binom{p}{2} 1^{p-2} (-2x)^2 + \dots$$

$$\binom{p}{1} = \frac{p!}{1!(p-1)!} = p$$
$$\binom{p}{2} = \frac{p!}{2!(p-2)!} = \frac{p(p-1)}{2}$$

So 
$$(1-2x)^p = 1 + p(-2x) + \frac{p(p-1)}{2}(-2x)^2 + \dots$$
  
=  $1 - 2px + 2p(p-1)x^2 + \dots$ 

$$= 1 - 2px + 2p(p-1)x^{2} + \dots$$

$$x^{2} \text{ term} = 2p(p-1)x^{2}$$

$$2p(p-1) = 40$$

$$p^{2} - p - 20 = 0$$

$$(p-5)(p+4) = 0$$

$$p > 0, \text{ so } p = 5$$

**b** Coefficient of 
$$x = -2p = -10$$

$$\mathbf{c} \quad x^{3} \text{ term} = \binom{p}{3} 1^{p-3} (-2x)^{3}$$

$$= \frac{p(p-1)(p-2)}{3!} (-2x)^{3}$$

$$= \frac{5 \times 4 \times 3}{3!} (-8x^{3})$$

$$= -80x^{3}$$

Coefficient of 
$$x^3 = -80$$

**6 a** 
$$(5+px)^{30} = 5^{30} + {30 \choose 1} 5^{29} (px) + {30 \choose 2} 5^{28} (px)^2 + \dots$$
  
=  $5^{30} + 5^{29} (30px) + 5^{28} (435p^2x^2) + \dots$ 

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6 **b** 
$$5^{28}(435p^2) = 29 \times 5^{29}(30p)$$
  
 $435p^2 = 29 \times 5(30p)$   
 $435p^2 = 4350p$   
 $p^2 = 10p$   
 $p^2 - 10p = 0$   
 $p(p-10) = 0$   
 $p = 0$  or  $p = 10$   
 $p$  is a non-zero constant, so  $p = 10$ 

7 **a** 
$$(1+qx)^{10} = 1^{10} + {10 \choose 1} 1^9 (qx) + {10 \choose 2} 1^8 (qx)^2 + {10 \choose 3} 1^7 (qx)^3 + \dots$$
  
=  $1 + 10qx + 45q^2x^2 + 120q^3x^3 + \dots$ 

**b** Coefficient of 
$$x^3$$
 is  $120q^3$   
Coefficient of  $x$  is  $10q$   
So  $120q^3 = 108 \times 10q$   
 $\Rightarrow 120q^3 - 1080q = 0$   
 $\Rightarrow 120q(q^2 - 9) = 0$   
 $\Rightarrow 120q(q + 3)(q - 3) = 0$   
 $q = 0, q = -3 \text{ or } q = 3$   
But as  $q$  is non-zero,  $q = \pm 3$ .

**8 a** 
$$(1+px)^{11} = 1^{11} + {11 \choose 1} 1^{10} (px) + {11 \choose 2} 1^9 (px)^2 + \dots$$
  
=  $1 + 11px + 55p^2x^2 + \dots$ 

**b** 
$$11p = 77$$
 and  $55p^2 = q$   
 $p = 7$   
 $q = 55 \times 7^2 = 2695$   
 $p = 7, q = 2695$ 

9 **a** 
$$(1+px)^{15} = 1^{15} + {15 \choose 1} 1^{14} (px)^1 + {15 \choose 2} 1^{13} (px)^2 + \dots$$
  
=  $1 + 15px + 105p^2x^2 + \dots$ 

**b** 
$$15p = -q$$
 and  $105p^2 = 5q$   
 $21p^2 = q$   
Substituting  $15p = -q$  into  $21p^2 = q$ :  
 $21p^2 = -15p$   
 $21p^2 + 15p = 0$   
 $3p(7p + 5) = 0$   
 $p = 0$  or  $-\frac{5}{7}$   
 $p$  is a non-zero constant, so  $p = -\frac{5}{7}$   
 $q = -15 \times -\frac{5}{7} = \frac{75}{7} = 10\frac{5}{7}$   
 $p = -\frac{5}{7}, q = 10\frac{5}{7}$ 

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10 
$$(1+x)^{30}$$
  
 $x^9 \text{ term} = {30 \choose 9} 1^{21} x^9 = 14\,307\,150 x^9$   
 $x^{10} \text{ term} = {30 \choose 10} 1^{20} x^{10} = 30\,045\,015 x^{10}$   
 $p = 14\,307\,150 \text{ and } q = 30\,045\,015$   
 $\frac{q}{p} = \frac{30\,045\,015}{14\,307\,150} = 2.1 \text{ (to 2 s.f.)}$ 

#### Challenge

a 
$$(3-2x^2)^9$$
  
 $x^4 \text{ term} = {9 \choose 2} 3^7 (-2x^2)^2$   
 $= 36 \times 2187 \times 4x^4$   
 $= 314928x^4$ 

The coefficient of  $x^4$  in the binomial expansion of  $(3 - 2x^2)^9$  is 314 928.

$$\mathbf{b} \qquad \left(\frac{5}{x} + x^2\right)^8$$

$$x^4 \text{ term} = \binom{8}{4} \left(\frac{5}{x}\right)^4 \left(x^2\right)^4$$

$$= 70 \times \left(\frac{625}{x^4}\right) \times x^8$$

$$= 43750x^4$$

The coefficient of  $x^4$  in the binomial expansion of  $\left(\frac{5}{x} + x^2\right)^8$  is 43 750.