```
In [1]:
        import pandas as pd
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        import numpy as np
        import seaborn as sns
        import re
        import plotly.graph_objects as go
        import seaborn as sns
        import plotly.express as px
In [2]: # Opens all the csv files for all the schools
In [3]: | ucsc files = open('./184 project/UCSC files.csv')
        df_ucsc = pd.read_csv(ucsc_files)
        uci_files = open('./184_project/UCI/UCI files.csv')
        df_uci = pd.read_csv(uci_files)
        sdsu files = open('./184 project/SDSU/SDSU files.csv')
        df_sdsu = pd.read_csv(sdsu_files)
        chico_files = open('./184_project/CHICO/CHICO files.csv')
        df_chico = pd.read_csv(chico_files)
        sfsu_files = open('./184_project/SF State/SF_State_Data.csv')
        df_sfsu = pd.read_csv(sfsu_files)
        harveymud files = open('./184 project/Harvey files.csv')
        df harvey = pd.read csv(harveymud files)
        panoma files = open('./184 project/Pomona files.csv')
        df_panoma = pd.read_csv(panoma_files)
        rice_files = open('./184_project/RICE/RICE files.csv')
        df rice = pd.read csv(rice files)
```

```
In [4]: #Goes through all the schools and cleans up the term to season + year
```

'professor'l

```
df rice.columns = real cols
        df rice
        for row num,i in enumerate(df rice.iloc[:,3]):
            term split = i.split('2')
            if term split[0] == 'FALL':
                term split[0] = 'Fall'
                 term_split[1] = '2' + term_split[1]
            elif term_split[0] == 'SPRING':
                term split[0] = 'Spring'
                 term_split[1] = '2' + term_split[1]
            if len(term split) == 3:
                term_split = [term_split[0], term_split[1] + '2']
            season year = term split[0] + ' ' + term split[1]
            df_rice.at[row_num, 'term'] = season_year.upper()
In [6]: | for row_num, i in enumerate(df_harvey.iloc[:,3]):
            term_split = i.split(' ')
            if len(term split[1]) < 4:</pre>
                year last = term split[1].split('0')
                term split[1] = '200' + year last[1]
            df harvey.at[row num, 'term'] = term split[0] +' ' + term split[1]
In [7]: | for row_num, i in enumerate(df_panoma.iloc[:,3]):
            term_split = i.split(' ')
            if len(term split[1]) < 4:</pre>
                year last = term split[1].split('0')
                term split[1] = '200' + year last[1]
            df panoma.at[row num, 'term'] = term split[0] + ' ' + term split[1]
In [8]: for row num, i in enumerate(df chico.iloc[:,3]):
            term split = i.split('2')
            if term_split[0] == 'fa':
                term_split[0] = 'Fall'
                term split[1] = '2' + term split[1]
            elif term_split[0] == 'spr':
                term split[0] = 'Spring'
                term_split[1] = '2' + term_split[1]
            if len(term_split) == 3:
                term_split = [term_split[0], term_split[1] + '2']
            season_year = term_split[0] + ' ' + term_split[1]
            df chico.at[row num, 'term'] = season year.upper()
In [9]: for row num, i in enumerate(df sfsu.iloc[:,1]):
            term_split = i.split(' ')
            season_year = term_split[0] + ' ' + term_split[1]
            df_sfsu.at[row_num, 'term'] = season_year.upper()
        for row num, class num in enumerate(df sfsu['class number']):
            class_split = class_num.split(' ')
            df_sfsu.at[row_num, 'class_number'] = class_split[0] + class_split[1]
```

In [5]: real cols = ['num people enrolled', 'total class size', 'class num', 'term',

```
In [10]: | for row num, i in enumerate(df_sdsu.iloc[:,3]):
             term split = i.split(' ')
             if len(term split[0]) == 1:
                 term split[0] = '200' + term <math>split[0]
             else:
                  term_split[0] = '20' + term_split[0]
             df sdsu.at[row num, 'term'] = (term split[1] + ' ' + term split[0]).upper
          ()
In [11]: | for row num, i in enumerate(df uci.iloc[:,3]):
             term split = i.split(' ')
             df_uci.at[row_num, 'term'] = (term_split[1] + ' ' + term_split[0]).upper()
In [12]: | for row num, i in enumerate(df ucsc.iloc[:, 3]):
             term_split = i.split(' ')
             if len(term split[1]) < 4:</pre>
                 year = term split[1].split('0')
                  new\_year = year[0] + '00' + year[1]
                 term split[1] = new year
             df_ucsc.at[row_num, 'term'] = (term_split[0] + ' ' + term_split[1]).upper
         ()
In [13]: # Goes through all the data and adds the percentages of class to the end of th
         e dataframe
In [14]: | def add_percentage(self, num_enroll, total_size):
             self['Percentage'] = 0.
             for row num, i in enumerate(self.iloc[:, num enroll]):
                      float(self.iloc[row num, total size])
                  except:
                      self.iloc[row num,total size] = self.iloc[row num, total size].spl
         it('W')[0]
                  if float(self.iloc[row num, total size]) == 0:
                      self.iloc[row num, total size] = self.iloc[row num, num enroll]
                  if float(self.iloc[row num, total size]) == 0 and float(self.iloc[row
         num, num enroll]) ==0:
                      self.iloc[row num, total size ] = 1;
                  percentage = float(self.iloc[row_num, num_enroll])/float(self.iloc[row]
          num,total size])
                  if percentage > 1:
                      percentage = 1
                  if percentage <= 0:</pre>
                      percentage = None
                  self.at[row num, 'Percentage'] = percentage
             return self
In [15]: def clean nan(self):
             self = self.replace(0.,np.NaN)
             self = self.dropna()
             return self
```

```
In [16]: def clean class nums(self):
             for row num,i in enumerate(self.iloc[:,2]):
                  cs classes = i.split(' ')
                  self.iloc[row num,2] = cs classes[0].strip()
             return self
In [17]: for num, i in enumerate(df rice.iloc[:,0]):
             df rice.iloc[num, 0] = re.sub('[^0-9]', '', i)
             if df_rice.iloc[num,0] == '500':
                 df rice.iloc[num,0] = 0
             df_{rice.iloc[num, 1]} = re.sub('[^0-9]', '', df_{rice.iloc[num, 1]})
         for num, i in enumerate(df_rice.iloc[:,2]):
             splitted = i.split()
             df rice.iloc[num,2] = splitted[0] + splitted[1]
In [18]:
         add percentage(df chico, 0, 1)
         add percentage(df sfsu, 3, 4)
         add_percentage(df_ucsc, 0, 1)
         add percentage(df sdsu, 0, 1)
         add percentage(df uci, 0, 1)
         add percentage(df harvey, 0, 1)
         add percentage(df panoma,0, 1)
         add_percentage(df_rice, 0, 1)
         col = ['num people enrolled', 'total class size', 'class number', 'term', 'Pro
         f Name', 'Percentage', 'Unnamed: 0']
         df sfsu = df sfsu.loc[:,col]
         df sfsu.drop('Unnamed: 0', axis = 1, inplace = True)
         df sfsu.columns = ['num people enrolled', 'total class size', 'class number',
         'term' ,'professor', 'Percentage']
         df chico = clean nan(df chico)
         df sdsu= clean nan(df sdsu)
         df ucsc = clean nan(df ucsc)
         df uci = clean nan(df uci)
         df sfsu = clean nan(df sfsu)
         df rice = clean nan(df rice)
         df harvey = clean nan(df harvey)
         df_panoma = clean_class_nums(df_panoma)
         df harvey = clean class nums(df harvey)
         # Splits the data into percentages for each term, so it makes it easier to plo
In [19]:
```

```
In [20]: | def getPercentages(self, term location):
             unique vals = []
             newData = []
             newTerm = []
             for i in self.iloc[:,term location]:
                 if i not in unique vals:
                     unique vals.append(i)
             newTerm = list(unique vals)
             for i in newTerm:
                  newData.append(self.Percentage[self.term == i])
             return newData, newTerm
In [21]:
         # Goes through each term and sorts the term with accordance to the data
In [22]:
         def sort_term(term, data):
             to sort = []
             for i in term:
                 if 'FALL' in i:
                     split = i.replace('FALL', '')
                     split = split + '2'
                 if 'SPRING' in i:
                     split = i.replace('SPRING', '')
                     split = split+'3'
                 if 'WINTER' in i:
                     split = i.replace('WINTER', '')
                     split = split + '1'
                 to sort.append((int(int(split)%1000)))
             _, term, data = zip(*sorted(zip(to_sort, term, data)))
             return term, data
In [23]: def term to num(term):
             quant = {'SPRING':.01, 'FALL':.02, 'WINTER':.03}
             df = pd.DataFrame()
             term_split = term.split(' ')
             return quant[term split[0]] + int(term split[1])
In [24]: | df uci['term num'] = df uci['term'].apply(term to num)
         df_ucsc['term_num'] = df_ucsc['term'].apply(term_to_num)
         df_chico['term_num'] = df_chico['term'].apply(term_to_num)
         df_sdsu['term_num'] = df_sdsu['term'].apply(term_to_num)
         df harvey['term num'] = df harvey['term'].apply(term to num)
         df_panoma['term_num'] = df_panoma['term'].apply(term_to_num)
         df_sfsu['term_num'] = df_sfsu['term'].apply(term_to_num)
         df_rice['term_num'] = df_rice['term'].apply(term_to_num)
         df_ucsc = df_ucsc.sort_values(by = ['term_num'])
         df uci = df uci.sort values(by = ['term num'])
         df chico = df chico.sort values(by = ['term num'])
         df_sdsu = df_sdsu.sort_values(by = ['term_num'])
         df harvey = df harvey.sort values(by = ['term num'])
         df_sfsu = df_sfsu.sort_values(by=['term_num'])
         df rice = df sfsu.sort values(by=['term num'])
```

```
over time and how there enrollment has changed
         ## we focused on 6 subjects
         ## databases
         ## computer security
         ## AI
         ## Software Engineering
         ## Web Development
         ## Machine Learning
In [26]: ## index by year
         def add_year(x):
             return int(x)
In [27]: | ## add a column to the data frame to indcate the year
         df rice['year'] = df rice['term num'].apply(add year)
         df sdsu['year'] = df sdsu['term num'].apply(add year)
         df_sfsu['year'] = df_sfsu['term_num'].apply(add_year)
         df ucsc['year'] = df ucsc['term num'].apply(add year)
         df uci['year'] = df uci['term num'].apply(add year)
         df_chico['year'] = df_chico['term_num'].apply(add_year)
         df harvey['year'] = df harvey['term num'].apply(add year)
In [28]:
        ## get class data from dataframes
In [29]: ## data bases
         ucsc db= df ucsc[df ucsc['class number'] == '180']
         sdsu_db = df_sdsu[df_sdsu['class_number'] == 'CS-503']
         uci db = df uci[df uci['class number'] == '']
         sfsu db = df sfsu[df sfsu['class number'] == 'CSC675']
         harvey_db = df_harvey[df_harvey['class_number'] == 'CSCI133']
         chico db = df chico[df chico['class number'] == '370']
         rice db = df rice[df rice['class number']=='CSC430']
```

In [25]: ## We took a Look at the differernt types of computer science courses offered

C:\Users\terry\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\pandas\core\ops.py:1649: FutureWar
ning:

elementwise comparison failed; returning scalar instead, but in the future will perform elementwise comparison

```
In [30]: ## computer security
         ## ucsc == 122
         ucsc sec = df ucsc[df ucsc['class number'] == '122']
         ## sdsu == 574
         sdsu sec = df sdsu[df sdsu['class number'] == 'CS-574']
         ## chico == 546
         chico sec = df chico[df chico['class number'] == '546']
         ## harvey == 125
         harvey_sec = df_harvey[df_harvey['class_number'] == 'CSCI125']
         # sf state = 650
         sfsu sec = df sfsu[df sfsu['class number'] == 'CSC650']
         ## rice == 527
         rice sec = df rice[df rice['class number'] == 'CSC527']
         ## uci
         uci_sec = df_uci[df_uci['class_number'] == '']
In [31]: #34340 UCI AI
         #140 UCSC AI
         ucsc_ai = df_ucsc[df_ucsc['class_number'] == '140']
         #8719 CSC 665 [01] SFSU AI
         sfsu ai = df sfsu[df sfsu['class number'] == 'CSC665']
         #CS 151. Artificial Intelligence Harvey Mudd
         harvey ai = df harvey[df harvey['class number'] == 'CSCI151']
         #CS-550 SDSU
         sdsu ai = df sdsu[df sdsu['class number'] == 'CS-550']
         ## chico Ai == 580
         chico ai = df chico[df chico['class number'] == '580']
         ## rice == 440
         rice_ai = df_rice[df_rice['class_number']=='CSC440']
         ##uci
         uci_ai = df_uci[df_uci['class_number'] == '']
In [32]: #software engineering
         #ucsc==115 and 115A
         uscs se classes = ['115', '115A']
         ucsc_se = df_ucsc.loc[df_ucsc['class_number'].isin(uscs_se_classes)]
         #sf state == 413
         sfsu se = df sfsu[df sfsu['class number'] == 'CSC413']
         #chico==430
         chico_se = df_chico[df_chico['class_number'] == '430']
         \#sdsu == 532
         sdsu se = df sdsu[df sdsu['class number'] == 'CS-532']
         #harvey == 121
         harvey se = df harvey[df harvey['class number'] == 'CSCI121']
         ## rice ==410
         rice_se = df_rice[df_rice['class_number']=='CSC410']
         ## uci
```

uci se = df uci[df uci['class number'] == '']

```
In [33]: #web dev
         ## harvey == 121
         harvey web = df harvey[df harvey['class number'] == 'CSCI121']
         ## rice == 431
         rice_web = df_rice[df_rice['class_number'] == 'CSC431']
         ## sf state == 317
         sfsu web = df sfsu[df sfsu['class number'] == 'CSC317']
         ##ucsc == 183
         ucsc_web = df_ucsc[df_ucsc['class_number'] == '183']
         ##sdsu == none
         sdsu_web = df_sdsu[df_sdsu['class_number'] == '']
         ## chico == 465
         chico web = df chico[df chico['class number'] == '465']
         ##uci
         uci_web = df_uci[df_uci['class_number'] == '']
In [34]: | ## machine Learning
```

```
## rice == 502, 540, 542
rice ml classes = ['CSC502', 'CSC540', 'CSC540']
rice_ml = df_rice[df_rice['class_number'].isin(rice_ml_classes)]
## ucsc == 142 and 143
ucsc_ml_classes = ['142', '143']
ucsc_ml = df_ucsc[df_ucsc['class_number'].isin(ucsc_ml_classes)]
##harvey == 158
harvey ml = df harvey[df harvey['class number'] == 'CSCI121']
##sfsu == none
sfsu_ml = df_harvey[df_harvey['class_number'] == '']
## chico == 585
chico ml = df chico[df chico['class number'] == 'CSCI121']
## sdsu == none
sdsu ml = df harvey[df harvey['class number'] == '']
## uci
uci_ml = df_uci[df_uci['class_number'] == '']
```

```
In [35]: ### Total Enrollment ###
```

```
In [36]: def merge data totals(sfsu, sdsu, chico, ucsc, harvey, rice, uci):
             df = pd.DataFrame({"sfsu": sfsu['num_people_enrolled'] })
             df2 = pd.DataFrame({"sdsu": sdsu['num people enrolled'] })
             df3 = pd.DataFrame({"chico": chico['num people enrolled'] })
             df4 = pd.DataFrame({"ucsc": ucsc['num_people_enrolled'] })
             df5 = pd.DataFrame({"harvey": harvey['num_people_enrolled'] })
             df6 = pd.DataFrame({"rice": rice['num_people_enrolled'] })
             df7 = pd.DataFrame({"uci": uci['num people enrolled'] })
             df 8 = df.merge(df2, right index = True, left index = True, how="outer")
             df_9 =df_8.merge(df3, right_index = True, left_index = True, how="outer")
             df 10 =df 9.merge(df4, right index = True, left index = True, how="outer")
             df 11 =df 10.merge(df5, right index = True, left index = True, how="outer"
         )
             df 12 =df 11.merge(df6, right index = True, left index = True, how="outer"
         )
             data =df_12.merge(df7, right_index = True, left_index = True, how="outer")
             data =data.transpose()
             return data
In [37]: ## data bases total sums
         ## aggregate by years
         sfsu db sum = sfsu db.groupby(['year']).sum()
         sdsu db sum = sdsu db.groupby(['year']).sum()
         chico db sum = chico db.groupby(['year']).sum()
         harvey_db_sum = harvey_db.groupby(['year']).sum()
         ucsc_db_sum = ucsc_db.groupby(['year']).sum()
         rice db sum = rice db.groupby(['year']).sum()
         uci db sum = uci db.groupby(['year']).sum()
         ## merge data to one frame
         data_bases = merge_data_totals(sfsu_db_sum, sdsu_db_sum, chico_db_sum, ucsc_db
         _sum, harvey_db_sum, rice_db_sum, uci_db_sum)
In [38]: ## AI
         ## aggregate by years total sums
         sfsu_ai_sum= sfsu_ai.groupby(['year']).sum()
         sdsu ai sum = sdsu ai.groupby(['year']).sum()
         chico_ai_sum = chico_ai.groupby(['year']).sum()
         harvey_ai_sum = harvey_ai.groupby(['year']).sum()
         ucsc_ai_sum = ucsc_ai.groupby(['year']).sum()
         rice_ai_sum = rice_ai.groupby(['year']).sum()
         uci ai sum = uci ai.groupby(['year']).sum()
         ## merge data to one frame
```

AI = merge_data_totals(sfsu_ai_sum, sdsu_ai_sum, chico_ai_sum, ucsc_ai_sum, ha

rvey_ai_sum, rice_ai_sum, uci_ai_sum)

```
In [39]: ## Software Engineering
         ## aggregate by years total sum
         sfsu se sum = sfsu se.groupby(['year']).sum()
         sdsu_se_sum = sdsu_se.groupby(['year']).sum()
         chico_se_sum = ucsc_se.groupby(['year']).sum()
         harvey_se_sum = harvey_se.groupby(['year']).sum()
         ucsc se sum = ucsc se.groupby(['year']).sum()
         rice_se_sum = rice_se.groupby(['year']).sum()
         uci_se_sum = uci_se.groupby(['year']).sum()
         ## merge data to one frame
         s_eng = merge_data_totals(sfsu_se_sum, sdsu_se_sum, chico_se_sum, ucsc_se_sum,
         harvey se sum, rice se sum, uci se sum)
In [40]: | ## Machine Learning
         ## aggregate by years total sum
         chico_ml_sum = chico_ml.groupby(['year']).sum()
         harvey ml sum = harvey ml.groupby(['year']).sum()
         ucsc_ml_sum = ucsc_ml.groupby(['year']).sum()
         rice_ml_sum = rice_ml.groupby(['year']).sum()
         sfsu_ml_sum = sfsu_ml.groupby(['year']).sum()
         sdsu_ml_sum = sdsu_ml.groupby(['year']).sum()
         uci ml sum = uci ml.groupby(['year']).sum()
         ## merge data to one frame
         ML = merge data totals(sfsu ml sum, sdsu ml sum, chico ml sum, ucsc ml sum, ha
         rvey ml sum, rice ml sum, uci ml sum)
In [41]: ## Computer Security
         ## aggregate by years total sum
         sfsu_sec_sum = sfsu_sec.groupby(['year']).sum()
         sdsu sec sum = sdsu sec.groupby(['year']).sum()
         chico_sec_sum = chico_sec.groupby(['year']).sum()
         harvey sec sum = harvey sec.groupby(['year']).sum()
         ucsc_sec_sum = ucsc_sec.groupby(['year']).sum()
         rice_sec_sum = rice_sec.groupby(['year']).sum()
         uci sec sum = uci sec.groupby(['year']).sum()
         ## merge data to one frame
```

SEC = merge data totals(sfsu sec sum, sdsu sec sum, chico sec sum, ucsc sec su

m, harvey_sec_sum, rice_sec_sum, uci_sec_sum)

```
In [42]: ## Web Development
         ## aggregate by years total sum
         sfsu web sum = sfsu web.groupby(['year']).sum()
         sdsu_web_sum = sdsu_web.groupby(['year']).sum()
         chico_web_sum = chico_web.groupby(['year']).sum()
         harvey_web_sum = harvey_web.groupby(['year']).sum()
         ucsc web sum = ucsc web.groupby(['year']).sum()
         rice_web_sum = rice_web.groupby(['year']).sum()
         uci_web_sum = uci_web.groupby(['year']).sum()
         ## merge data to one frame
         web = merge_data_totals(sfsu_sec_sum, sdsu_sec_sum, chico_sec_sum, ucsc_sec_su
         m, harvey sec sum, rice sec sum, uci sec sum)
In [43]:
         ## merge totals
         db_sum = pd.DataFrame({"data base":data_bases.sum()})
         sec sum = pd.DataFrame({"computer Security": SEC.sum()})
         AI sum = pd.DataFrame({"AI":AI.sum()})
         s_eng_sum = pd.DataFrame({"Software Engineering":s_eng.sum()})
         mL sum = pd.DataFrame({"Machine Learning":ML.sum()})
         web sum = pd.DataFrame({"Web Developement":web.sum()})
         df = db sum.merge(sec sum, right index = True, left index = True, how="outer")
         df1 = df.merge(s eng sum, right index = True, left index = True, how="outer")
         df2 = df1.merge(web sum, right index = True, left index = True, how="outer")
         df3 = df2.merge(mL_sum, right_index = True, left_index = True, how="outer")
         out = df3.merge(AI sum, right index = True, left index = True, how="outer")
         out = out.fillna(0)
In [44]: | ## bar graph and heat map of the total class enrolments from 2005 to 2019
         ## this shows how the popularity of computer science clases have changed over
          time
         ## from these visualizatons we conclude the subjests that have grown the most
          in popularity are
         ## Software Engineering
```

one thing we found surprising is that artificial intellicence showed very l

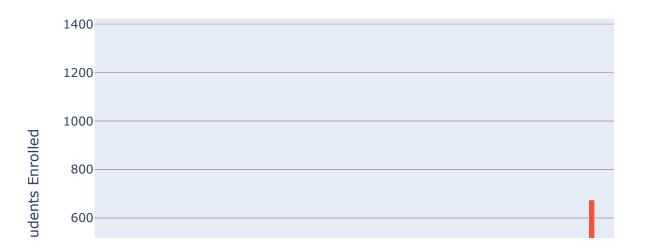
Machine Learning

Databases

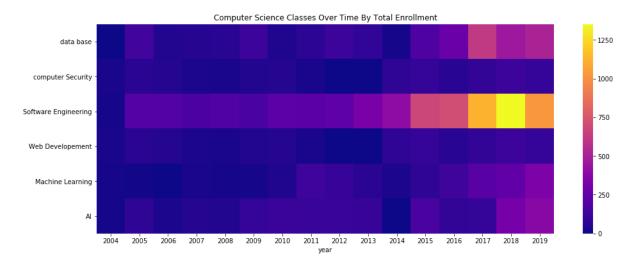
ittle growth

```
In [45]:
         ## bar grpah of total class enrolment
         fig = go.Figure(data=[
             go.Bar(name='AI', x= out.index, y=out['AI']),
             go.Bar(name='Software Engineering',x= out.index, y=out['Software Engineeri
         ng']),
             go.Bar(name='Data Bases', x= out.index,y=out['data base']),
             go.Bar(name='computer Security',x= out.index, y=out['computer Security']),
             go.Bar(name='Web Development ', x= out.index,y=out['Web Developement']),
             go.Bar(name='Machine Learning', x= out.index, y=out['Machine Learning'])
         ],)
         fig.update layout(barmode='group', title="Computer Science Classes Over Time
          By Total Enrollment",
             xaxis_title="Year",
             yaxis title="Students Enrolled")
         fig.show()
```

Computer Science Classes Over Time By Total Enrollment



Out[46]: Text(0.5, 1, 'Computer Science Classes Over Time By Total Enrollment')



In [47]: ### percentages

```
In [48]:
         def merge_data_perc(sfsu, sdsu, chico, ucsc, harvey, rice, uci):
             df = pd.DataFrame({"sfsu": sfsu['Percentage'] })
             df2 = pd.DataFrame({"sdsu": sdsu['Percentage'] })
             df3 = pd.DataFrame({"chico": chico['Percentage'] })
             df4 = pd.DataFrame({"ucsc": ucsc['Percentage'] })
             df5 = pd.DataFrame({"harvey": harvey['Percentage'] })
             df6 = pd.DataFrame({"rice": rice['Percentage'] })
             df7 = pd.DataFrame({"uci": uci['Percentage'] })
             df 8 = df.merge(df2, right index = True, left index = True, how="outer")
             df 9 =df 8.merge(df3, right index = True, left index = True, how="outer")
             df_10 =df_9.merge(df4, right_index = True, left_index = True, how="outer")
             df 11 =df 10.merge(df5, right index = True, left index = True, how="outer"
         )
             df 12 =df 11.merge(df6, right index = True, left index = True, how="outer"
         )
             data =df 12.merge(df7, right index = True, left index = True, how="outer")
             data =data.transpose()
             return data
```

```
In [49]: ## Software Developemnt
         ## aggregate by years means
         sfsu se mean= sfsu se.groupby(['year']).mean()
         sdsu_se_mean = sdsu_se.groupby(['year']).mean()
         chico_se_mean = chico_se.groupby(['year']).mean()
         harvey_se_mean = harvey_se.groupby(['year']).mean()
         ucsc se mean = ucsc se.groupby(['year']).mean()
         rice_se_mean = rice_se.groupby(['year']).mean()
         uci_se_mean = uci_se.groupby(['year']).mean()
         ## merge data to one frame
         s_eng_per = merge_data_perc(sfsu_se_mean, sdsu_se_mean, chico_se_mean, ucsc_se
         _mean, harvey_se_mean, rice_se_mean, uci_se_mean)
In [50]: ## AI
         ## aggregate by years means
         sfsu_ai_mean= sfsu_ai.groupby(['year']).mean()
         sdsu ai mean = sdsu ai.groupby(['year']).mean()
         chico ai mean = chico ai.groupby(['year']).mean()
         harvey_ai_mean = harvey_ai.groupby(['year']).mean()
         ucsc_ai_mean = ucsc_ai.groupby(['year']).mean()
         rice_ai_mean = rice_ai.groupby(['year']).mean()
         uci ai mean = uci ai.groupby(['year']).mean()
         ## merge data to one frame
         AI_per = merge_data_perc(sfsu_ai_mean, sdsu_ai_mean, chico_ai_mean, ucsc_ai_me
         an, harvey_ai_mean, rice_ai_mean, uci_ai_mean)
In [51]:
         ## Computer Secuirty
         ## aggregate by years means
         sfsu_sec_mean= sfsu_sec.groupby(['year']).mean()
         sdsu_sec_mean = sdsu_sec.groupby(['year']).mean()
         chico_sec_mean = chico_sec.groupby(['year']).mean()
         harvey_sec_mean = harvey_sec.groupby(['year']).mean()
         ucsc_sec_mean = ucsc_sec.groupby(['year']).mean()
         rice sec mean = rice sec.groupby(['year']).mean()
         uci_sec_mean = uci_sec.groupby(['year']).mean()
         ## merge data to one frame
         SEC_per = merge_data_perc(sfsu_sec_mean, sdsu_sec_mean, chico_sec_mean, ucsc_s
         ec mean, harvey sec mean, rice sec mean, uci sec mean)
```

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```
Data_Subjects
In [52]:
         ## Data Bases
         ## aggregate by years means
         sfsu db mean= sfsu db.groupby(['year']).mean()
         sdsu_db_mean = sdsu_db.groupby(['year']).mean()
         chico_db_mean = chico_db.groupby(['year']).mean()
         harvey_db_mean = harvey_db.groupby(['year']).mean()
         ucsc db mean = ucsc db.groupby(['year']).mean()
         rice_db_mean = rice_db.groupby(['year']).mean()
         uci_db_mean = uci_db.groupby(['year']).mean()
         ## merge data to one frame
         data_bases_per = merge_data_perc(sfsu_db_mean, sdsu_db_mean, chico_db_mean, uc
         sc db mean, harvey db mean, rice db mean, uci db mean)
In [53]: ## Machine Learning
         ## aggregate by years means
         sfsu_ml_mean= sfsu_ml.groupby(['year']).mean()
         sdsu ml mean = sdsu ml.groupby(['year']).mean()
         chico_ml_mean = chico_ml.groupby(['year']).mean()
         harvey_ml_mean = harvey_ml.groupby(['year']).mean()
         ucsc ml mean = ucsc ml.groupby(['year']).mean()
         rice_ml_mean = rice_ml.groupby(['year']).mean()
         uci_ml_mean = uci_ml.groupby(['year']).mean()
         ## merge data to one frame
         ML per = merge data perc(sfsu ml mean, sdsu ml mean, chico ml mean, ucsc ml me
         an, harvey ml mean, rice ml mean, uci ml mean)
```

```
In [54]:
         ## Web Development
         ## aggregate by years means
         sfsu_web_mean= sfsu_web.groupby(['year']).mean()
         sdsu web mean = sdsu web.groupby(['year']).mean()
         chico web mean = chico web.groupby(['year']).mean()
         harvey_web_mean = harvey_web.groupby(['year']).mean()
         ucsc web mean = ucsc web.groupby(['year']).mean()
         rice_web_mean = rice_web.groupby(['year']).mean()
         uci_web_mean = uci_web.groupby(['year']).mean()
         ## merge data to one frame
         web_per = merge_data_perc(sfsu_web_mean, sdsu_web_mean, chico_web_mean, ucsc_w
         eb_mean, harvey_web_mean, rice_web_mean, uci_web_mean)
```

```
In [55]: ## aggregate percentages

db_mean = pd.DataFrame({"data base":data_bases_per.mean()})
sec_mean = pd.DataFrame({"computer Security": SEC_per.mean()})
AI_mean = pd.DataFrame({"AI":AI_per.mean()})
s_eng_mean = pd.DataFrame({"Software Engineering":s_eng_per.mean()})
ML_mean = pd.DataFrame({"Machine Leanring":ML_per.mean()})
web_mean = pd.DataFrame({"Web Development":web_per.mean()})

df = db_mean.merge(sec_mean, right_index = True, left_index = True, how="outer")
df1 = df.merge(s_eng_mean, right_index = True, left_index = True, how="outer")
df2 = df1.merge(ML_mean, right_index = True, left_index = True, how="outer")
df3 = df2.merge(web_mean, right_index = True, left_index = True, how="outer")
out = df3.merge(AI_mean, right_index = True, left_index = True, how="outer")
out_per= out.fillna(0)
```

```
In [56]: ## this bar chart and heat map show the average fullness of a class per a give n year

## from this we can see this the distribution of how full classes are over tim

e

## the most highly enrolled classea are generally not the most filled classes

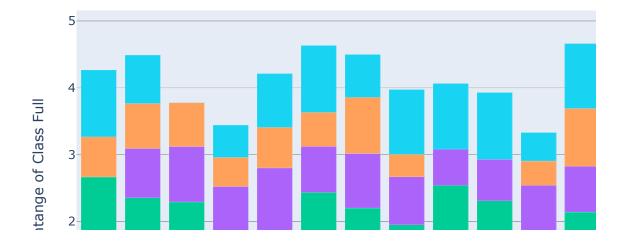
## this implys that colleges are not always supplying the right number of seats in the right courses

## One thing that stands out about this chart is that web development classe a re almost always full

## this subject might be more popular if there were more seats in the classes
```

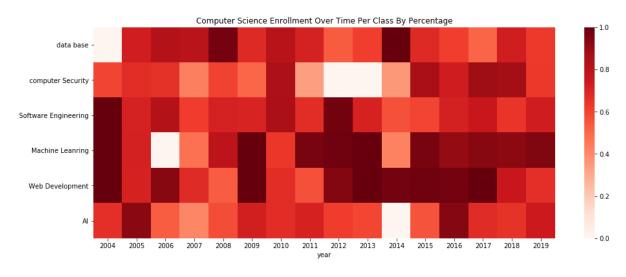
```
In [57]: ## bar chart for percentage
         fig = go.Figure(data=[
             go.Bar(name='AI', x= out.index, y=out['AI']),
             go.Bar(name='Software Engineering',x= out_per.index, y=out_per['Software E
         ngineering']),
             go.Bar(name='Web Development', x= out per.index,y=out per['Web Developmen
         t']),
             go.Bar(name='Data Bases', x= out_per.index,y=out_per['data base']),
             go.Bar(name='computer Security',x= out_per.index, y=out_per['computer Secu
         rity']),
             go.Bar(name='Machine Learing',x= out_per.index, y=out_per['Machine Leanrin
         g']),
         ],)
         fig.update_layout(barmode='stack', title="Computer Science Enrollment Over Tim
         e Per Class By Percentage",
             xaxis title="Year",
             yaxis_title="Pecentange of Class Full")
         fig.show()
```

Computer Science Enrollment Over Time Per Class By Percentag



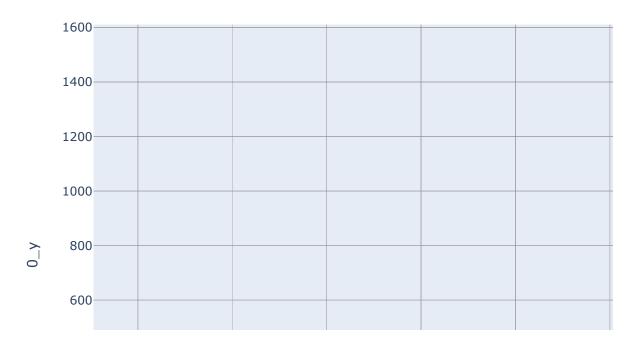
```
In [58]: ## heat map for percentage
  out_per = out_per.transpose()
  plt.figure(figsize=(16, 6))
  sns.heatmap(out_per, cmap = 'Reds').set_title('Computer Science Enrollment Ove
  r Time Per Class By Percentage')
```

Out[58]: Text(0.5, 1, 'Computer Science Enrollment Over Time Per Class By Percentage')



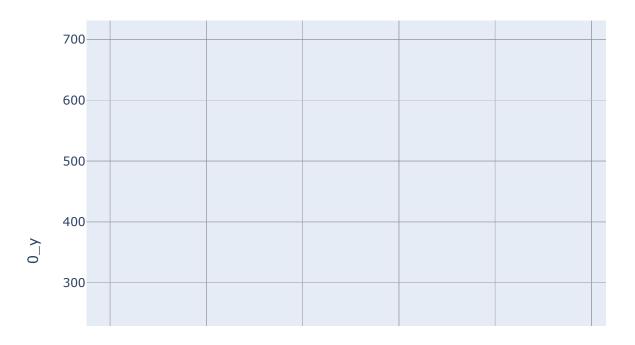
```
In [60]: ## software engineering
s_eng_var = pd.DataFrame(s_eng.var())
s_eng_totals = pd.DataFrame(s_eng.sum())
s_eng_var = s_eng_var.merge(s_eng_totals, left_index =True, right_index= True)
s_eng_var = s_eng_var.fillna(0)
s_eng_var = s_eng_var.reset_index()
```

```
In [61]: fig = px.scatter(s_eng_var,x='year', y= '0_y', size='0_x', size_max=60)
fig.show()
```



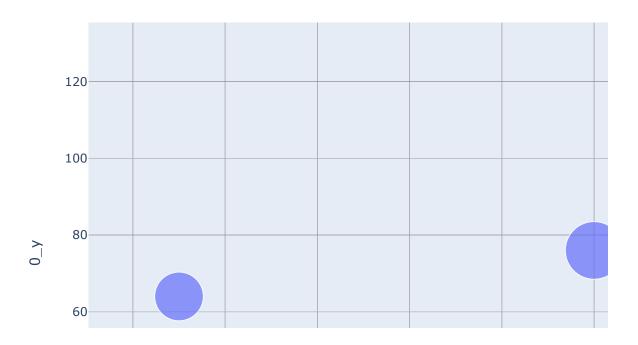
```
In [62]: ## database
    db_sd = pd.DataFrame(data_bases.std())
    db_totals = pd.DataFrame(data_bases.sum())
    db_sd = db_sd.merge(db_totals, left_index =True, right_index= True)
    db_sd = db_sd.fillna(0)
    db_sd = db_sd.reset_index()
```

```
In [63]: fig = px.scatter(db_sd,x='year', y= '0_y', size='0_x', size_max=60)
fig.show()
```



```
In [64]: ## Computer Security
    sec_sd = pd.DataFrame(SEC.std())
    sec_totals = pd.DataFrame(SEC.sum())
    sec_sd = sec_sd.merge(sec_totals, left_index =True, right_index= True)
    sec_sd = sec_sd.fillna(0)
    sec_sd = sec_sd.reset_index()
```

```
In [65]: fig = px.scatter(sec_sd,x='year', y= '0_y', size='0_x', size_max=60)
fig.show()
```



In []:	
In []:	