

flashSequence.c

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1 /*
2  * flashSequence.c
3  *
4  * Created on: Jun 4, 2015
5  * Author: Taylor Cowley
6  */
7
8 #include "flashSequence.h"
9
10
11 //The flag that shows whether we are enabled or not
12 bool flashSequence_enable_flag = false;
13
14 //The flag that shows whether we have completed the flash sequence
15 bool flashSequence_completed_flag = false;
16
17 // Turns on the state machine. Part of the interlock.
18 void flashSequence_enable(){
19     flashSequence_enable_flag = true;    //enable = true the flag!
20 }
21
22 // Turns off the state machine. Part of the interlock.
23 void flashSequence_disable(){
24     flashSequence_enable_flag = false;    //disable = false the flag!
25 }
26
27 // Other state machines can call this to determine if this state machine is finished.
28 bool flashSequence_completed(){
29     return flashSequence_completed_flag;    //so we return the flag.
30 }
31
32 // Standard tick function.
33 void flashSequence_tick(){
34     //Stores the current state of the state machine
35     static flashSequence_st_t currentState = flashSequence_init_st;
36
37     //This is the timer to delay for displaying/blanking the squares
38     static int16_t delay_timer = 0;
39
40     //this is the length of the sequence we are currently flashing
41     static int16_t sequence_length = 0;
42
43     //this is the index where we currently are flashing
44     static int16_t current_index = 0;
45
46     //first we do the state actions
47     switch(currentState){
48     case flashSequence_init_st:                //Init anything
49         current_index = 0;                    //we are displaying the sequence starting at 0
50         //we need to know the current sequence length.
51
52         flashSequence_completed_flag = false;    //we have not completed a sequence
53         break;
54
55     case wait_for_enable:                //we can't do anything unless enabled
56         //The iteration length might be changed right before we are enabled, so check it here.
57         sequence_length = globals_getSequenceIterationLength();
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58     break;
59
60     case display_current_square:    //flash the current square of the sequence
61         delay_timer--;            //we chill here until the delay timer is gone
62         break;
63
64     case blank:                    //a blank in between every flash
65         delay_timer--;            //we also chill here a while
66         break;
67
68     case end_flash_sequence:        //we have ended the flash sequence
69         flashSequence_completed_flag = true;    //record that we have completed it
70         break;
71
72     case wait_for_disable:          //chill here until disabled
73         //which means we do nothing.
74         break;
75
76     default:                        //this is an error
77         printf("Invalid state!");
78         break;
79 }
80
81 //and lastly we do the state change
82 switch(currentState){
83     case flashSequence_init_st:    //Init anything (like the screen)
84         currentState = wait_for_enable;    //chill in init only one tick
85         break;
86
87     case wait_for_enable:          //we can't do anything unless enabled
88         if(flashSequence_enable_flag){    //we are enabled; move to next state
89             delay_timer = FLASHSEQUENCE_BLINK_SPEED;    //start the countdown for the blink
90             currentState = display_current_square;    //and move to displaying
91             //we also display the current square on the screen during this time.
92             simonDisplay_drawSquare(globals_getSequenceValue(current_index), false);
93         }
94         break;
95
96     case display_current_square:    //flash the current square of the sequence
97         if(delay_timer <= 0){        //Have we reached our countdown?
98             delay_timer = FLASHSEQUENCE_BLANK_SPEED;    //yes! time to do blank countdown!
99             currentState = blank;    //move to the blank in between blinks
100
101             //we also need to draw a blank where we were drawing a square before
102             simonDisplay_drawSquare(globals_getSequenceValue(current_index), true);
103         }
104         break;
105
106     case blank:                    //a blank in between every flash
107         if(delay_timer <= 0){        //have we reached our countdown?
108             if(current_index < sequence_length - 1){ //have we finished the sequence yet?
109                 current_index++;    //we have not! increment the index
110
111                 //display the next square
112                 simonDisplay_drawSquare(globals_getSequenceValue(current_index), false);
113                 delay_timer = FLASHSEQUENCE_BLINK_SPEED; //and set the countdown for the next
square

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114         currentState = display_current_square; //and display the next square
115     } else {                                     //We have reached the end of the sequence
116         currentState = end_flash_sequence; //We have finished the sequence
117     }
118 }
119 break;
120
121 case end_flash_sequence: //we have ended the flash sequence
122     currentState = wait_for_disable; //we do our things, then wait for disable
123     break;
124
125 case wait_for_disable: //chill here until disabled
126     if(!flashSequence_enable_flag){
127         currentState = flashSequence_init_st; //we are disabled; move to next
state
128     }
129     break;
130
131 default: //this is an error
132     printf("Invalid state!");
133     break;
134 }
135
136 }
137
138
139
140
141 // This will set the sequence to a simple sequential pattern.
142 // It starts by flashing the first color, and then increments the index and flashes the first
143 // two colors and so forth. Along the way it prints info messages to the LCD screen.
144 #define TEST_SEQUENCE_LENGTH 8 // Just use a short test sequence.
145 uint8_t flashSequence_testSequence[TEST_SEQUENCE_LENGTH] = {SIMON_DISPLAY_REGION_0,
146     SIMON_DISPLAY_REGION_1,
147     SIMON_DISPLAY_REGION_2,
148     SIMON_DISPLAY_REGION_3,
149     SIMON_DISPLAY_REGION_3,
150     SIMON_DISPLAY_REGION_2,
151     SIMON_DISPLAY_REGION_1,
152     SIMON_DISPLAY_REGION_0};
153 #define INCREMENTING_SEQUENCE_MESSAGE1 "Incrementing Sequence" // Info message.
154 #define RUN_TEST_COMPLETE_MESSAGE "Runtest() Complete" // Info message.
155 #define MESSAGE_TEXT_SIZE 2 // Make the text easy to see.
156
157 // Print the incrementing sequence message.
158 void flashSequence_printIncrementingMessage() {
159     display_fillScreen(DISPLAY_BLACK); // Otherwise, tell the user that you are incrementing the
sequence.
160     display_setCursor(0, display_height()/2); // Roughly centered.
161     display_println(INCREMENTING_SEQUENCE_MESSAGE1); // Print the message.
162     utils_msDelay(2000); // Hold on for 2 seconds.
163     display_fillScreen(DISPLAY_BLACK); // Clear the screen.
164 }
165
166 void flashSequence_runTest() {
167     display_init(); // We are using the display.
168     display_fillScreen(DISPLAY_BLACK); // Clear the display.

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169 globals_setSequence(flashSequence_testSequence, TEST_SEQUENCE_LENGTH);    // Set the
sequence.
170 flashSequence_enable();                // Enable the flashSequence state machine.
171 int16_t sequenceLength = 1;            // Start out with a sequence of length
1.
172 globals_setSequenceIterationLength(sequenceLength);    // Set the iteration length.
173 display_setTextSize(MESSAGE_TEXT_SIZE);    // Use a standard text size.
174 while (1) {                                // Run forever unless you break.
175     flashSequence_tick();    // tick the state machine.
176     utils_msDelay(1);    // Provide a 1 ms delay.
177     if (flashSequence_completed()) { // When you are done flashing the sequence.
178         flashSequence_disable(); // Interlock by first disabling the state machine.
179         flashSequence_tick(); // tick is necessary to advance the state.
180         utils_msDelay(1);    // don't really need this here, just for completeness.
181         flashSequence_enable(); // Finish the interlock by enabling the state machine.
182         utils_msDelay(1); // Wait 1 ms for no good reason.
183         sequenceLength++; // Increment the length of the sequence.
184         if (sequenceLength > TEST_SEQUENCE_LENGTH) // Stop if you have done the full sequence.
185             break;
186         flashSequence_printIncrementingMessage(); //Tell the user that you are going to the
next step in the pattern.
187         globals_setSequenceIterationLength(sequenceLength);    // Set the length of the pattern.
188     }
189 }
190 // Let the user know that you are finished.
191 display_fillScreen(DISPLAY_BLACK);
192 display_setCursor(0, display_height()/2);
193 display_println(RUN_TEST_COMPLETE_MESSAGE);
194 }
195
```