

Unbiased estimator for $\text{Cov}(X, Y)$

This is Exercise 7 of Lecture 10 in MITx: 18.6501x Fundamentals of Statistics.

Let $(X_1, Y_1), (X_2, Y_2), \dots, (X_n, Y_n) \stackrel{iid}{\sim} (X, Y)$, with $\mathbb{E}[X] = \mu_X$, $\mathbb{E}[Y] = \mu_Y$ and $\mathbb{E}[XY] = \mu_{XY}$. That is, each random variable pair (X_i, Y_i) has the same distribution as the random variable pair (X, Y) and the pairs are independent of one another.

Estimating the covariance between X and Y based on observed sequences is useful because non-zero covariance implies dependence between X and Y . In this problem, we study one way to obtain an unbiased estimator for $\text{Cov}(X, Y)$.

Consider the following estimator for the covariance:

$$\tilde{S}_{XY} = \frac{1}{n} \left(\sum_{i=1}^n (X_i - \bar{X}_n) (Y_i - \bar{Y}_n) \right),$$

where \bar{X}_n and \bar{Y}_n are the sample mean estimators of μ_X and μ_Y .

First, we note that

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbb{E} \left[\frac{(\sum_{i=1}^n X_i) (\sum_{j=1}^n Y_j)}{n} \right] &= \frac{1}{n} \mathbb{E} \left[\sum_{i=1}^n X_i Y_i + \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{i \neq j=1}^n X_i Y_j \right] \\ &= \mu_{XY} + (n-1)\mu_X \mu_Y \end{aligned}$$

where we have used the property that X_i and Y_j are independent whenever $i \neq j$. (In the first of the product of sums, we need to divide by n , and we are, but in the second, we need to divide by $(n-1)$, but we are not, so this multiplier needs to appear in the final answer.)

Then,

$$\begin{aligned}
\mathbb{E}[\tilde{S}_{XY}] &= \frac{1}{n} \mathbb{E} \left[\sum_{i=1}^n (X_i - \bar{X}_n) (Y_i - \bar{Y}_n) \right] \\
&= \frac{1}{n} \mathbb{E} \left[\sum_{i=1}^n X_i Y_i - \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n X_i}{n} \sum_{j=1}^n Y_j - \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n Y_i}{n} \sum_{j=1}^n X_j + \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n X_i \sum_{j=1}^n Y_j}{n} \right] \\
&= \frac{1}{n} \mathbb{E} \left[\sum_{i=1}^n X_i Y_i - \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n X_i \sum_{j=1}^n Y_j}{n} \right] \\
&= \frac{1}{n} (n\mu_{XY} - \mu_{XY} + (n-1)\mu_X\mu_Y) \\
&= \frac{n-1}{n} (\mu_{XY} - \mu_X\mu_Y) \\
&= \frac{n-1}{n} \text{Cov}(X, Y)
\end{aligned}$$

Hence, the estimator is biased, since $\mathbb{E}[\tilde{S}_{XY}] \neq \text{Cov}(X, Y)$.

We can fix this by multiplying \tilde{S}_{XY} by $\frac{n}{n-1}$ to obtain the unbiased estimator of $\text{Cov}(X, Y)$:

$$\hat{S}_{XY} = \frac{1}{n-1} \left(\sum_{i=1}^n (X_i - \bar{X}_n)(Y_i - \bar{Y}_n) \right).$$